

EXPLICAÇÃO LPROG

GRUPO 2DI2

Temas Abordados:

- Uso das gramáticas no Projeto;
- Gramáticas Utilizadas;
- Uso de Listeners e de Visitors;
- Recuperação e Apresentação de Erros;
- Overview.

Introdução

Este documento tem como objetivo explicar sucintamente as gramáticas criadas e utilizadas por nós no projeto integrador de LAPR4. Também iremos apresentar as nossas razões e o nosso pensamento para explicar o uso de Listeners ou de Visitors nas diferentes funcionalidades.

Linha Cronológica das Gramáticas

As primeiras gramáticas utilizadas pelo nosso grupo foram as gramáticas de importação de questões, sendo a função destas validar ficheiros .csv, .json e .xml. De forma a realizar esta funcionalidade definimos 6 gramáticas, 3 para entrevistas e 3 para requisitos.

De seguida vêm as gramáticas de validação de respostas, sendo que o objetivo destas é validar se os ficheiros mantêm a estrutura e, para o caso das entrevistas, se as respostas seguem o pedido pelo tipo de pergunta (Ex.: Numa pergunta de verdadeiro ou falso, apenas deve ser possível inserir essas duas opções). Para esta funcionalidade, tal como na anterior, existe uma gramática para cada tipo de plugin.

Gramáticas de Exportação de Templates Gramáticas de Validação de Entrevistas/Requisitos Avaliados

Gramáticas de Importação de Questões Gramáticas de Validação de Respostas

As gramáticas que se seguiram foram as de exportação de templates, tendo como objetivo validar que a criação destes templates está a seguir as estruturas definidas tanto para entrevistas como para requisitos. Esta funcionalidade conta com 2 gramáticas, 1 para entrevistas e 1 para requisitos

Estas gramáticas têm como único objetivo validar a estrutura de um ficheiro avaliado, validando os resultados e possíveis justificações para além do resto do conteúdo. Mais uma vez, foram utilizadas 2 gramáticas, 1 para entrevistas e 1 para requisitos.

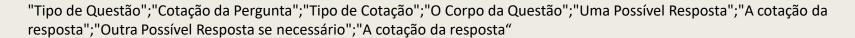
Gramáticas de Importação de Questões

OBJETIVO E UTILIZAÇÃO DAS GRAMÁTICAS:



- Estas gramáticas foram criadas com o objetivo de através de ficheiros de extensão .csv, .json ou .xml verificar se estes seguem a estrutura correta definida entre a equipa e o cliente.
- No âmbito do Projeto Integrador estas gramáticas foram importantes para conseguirmos fazer a importação das questões para os plugins e podermos futuramente carregar os mesmos dinamicamente sempre que necessário.
- Para a parte da importação aproveitamos os Listeners de cada uma das gramáticas, pois, após alguma pesquisa, chegamos à conclusão de que estes são bastante úteis para importação e exportação de dados.
- Sendo assim, percorremos toda a Parse Tree e através dos Listeners obtivemos as informações necessárias para importar as questões para o sistema.
- Estas gramáticas foram concebidas para as User Stories: US-1008, US-1009 (Requisitos) e US-1011 (Entrevistas).

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:



Exemplo:

```
"Choice, with single answer"; "20"; "%"; "What is the primary use of HTML? [1] Styling web pages [2] Structuring web pages [3] Server-side computations"; "2"; "100"

"Choice, with multiple answers"; "20"; "%"; "Which of the following are sorting algorithms? [1] Bubble Sort [2] Quick Sort [3] Binary Search [4] Depth-First Search"; "1"; "50"; "2"; "50"; "1 2"; "100"

"True/False"; "10"; "%"; "Is JavaScript a compiled language?"; "False"; "100"

"Choice, with single answer"; "20"; "%"; "Who created the C programming language? [1] Dennis Ritchie [2] James Gosling [3] Guido van Rossum"; "1"; "100"

"Choice, with multiple answers"; "20"; "%"; "Which of the following are data structures? [1] Array [2] Queue [3] Graph [4] Gradient"; "1"; "20"; "2"; "35"; "4"; "45"; "1 2 4"; "100"

"True/False"; "10"; "%"; "Is Python an object-oriented programming language?"; "True"; "100"
```



ESTRUTURA DESEJADA (CONT.):

- O tipo de questão deve ser um dos seguintes tipos:
 - Verdadeiro Ou Falso;
 - Resposta Curta;
 - Resposta com número inteiro;
 - Resposta com número decimal;
 - Resposta com Data;
 - Resposta com Tempo;
 - Resposta com Escala Numérica;
 - Escolha singular;
 - Escolha Múltipla;
- As cotações das perguntas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo deve ser percentagem, valores ou pontos;
- As cotações das possíveis respostas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo é predefinido como percentagem;



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: question+ EOF;
body:
   '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
        '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ '"' (
            (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+
        ) ;
   )? '"';
questionBody: body;
       TRUE FALSE QUESTION
        | SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION
        | SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION
        | MULTIPLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
        INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION
        DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION
         DATE_QUESTION
        TIME QUESTION
        NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION
questionCotation: cotation;
answer: body;
answerCotation: cotation;
auestion:
   type ';' questionCotation ';' cotationType ';' questionBody (
       ';' answer ';' answerCotation
   )+ (NEWLINE)?;
cotation:
   '"' (TWO DIGIT NUMBER | FRACTIONAL NUMBER | '100') '"';
cotationType: '"' ( '%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES') '"';
```



LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE FALSE QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
    'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL_NUMBER:
    TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t \n\r] + -> skip;
```



ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

```
"type": "Tipo de Questão",
"cotation": "Cotação da Questão",
"cotationType": "Tipo de Cotação",
"body": "Corpo da Questão",
"possibleAnswers": [
    "answer": "Resposta",
    "cotation": "Cotação da Resposta"
"type": "Tipo de Questão",
"cotation": "Cotação da Questão",
"cotationType": "Tipo de Cotação",
"body": "Corpo da Questão",
"possibleAnswers": [
    "answer": "Resposta",
    "cotation": "Cotação da Resposta"
    "answer": "Outra Resposta se necessário",
    "cotation": "Cotação da Resposta"
```

Exemplo:

```
"type": "Choice, with single answer",
       "cotation": "40",
       "cotationType": "%",
       "body": "Which language is primarily used for Android app
development? [1] Swift [2] Kotlin [3] JavaScript",
        "possibleAnswers": [
                "answer": "2",
                "cotation": "100"
        "type": "Choice, with multiple answers",
        "cotation": "30",
       "cotationType": "%",
        "body": "Which of the following are Python libraries for
data analysis? [1] Pandas [2] NumPy [3] Matplotlib [4] Express",
        "possibleAnswers": [
                "answer": "1",
                "cotation": "20"
                "answer": "2",
                "cotation": "30"
```



ESTRUTURA DESEJADA (CONT.):

- O tipo de questão deve ser um dos seguintes tipos:
 - Verdadeiro Ou Falso;
 - Resposta Curta;
 - Resposta com número inteiro;
 - Resposta com número decimal;
 - Resposta com Data;
 - Resposta com Tempo;
 - Resposta com Escala Numérica;
 - Escolha singular;
 - Escolha Múltipla;
- As cotações das perguntas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo deve ser percentagem, valores ou pontos;
- As cotações das possíveis respostas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo é predefinido como percentagem;



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: '[' question (',' question)+ ']' EOF;
    '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
        '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ '"' (
            (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+
       )?
    )? "";
questionBody: body;
type:
        TRUE FALSE QUESTION
        | SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION
        | SINGLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
        | MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION
        | INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION
        | DECIMAL_NUMBER_QUESTION
        DATE QUESTION
         TIME QUESTION
        | NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION
questionCotation: cotation;
answer: body;
answerCotation: cotation;
auestion:
    '{' '"type"' ':' type ',' '"cotation"' ':' questionCotation ',' '"cotationType"' ':'
        cotationType ',' '"body"' ':' questionBody ',' '"possibleAnswers"' ':' '[' '{' '"answer"'
       ':' answer ',' '"cotation"' ':' answerCotation '}' (
        ',' '{' '"answer"' ':' answer ',' '"cotation"' ':' answerCotation '}'
cotation:
    '"' (TWO DIGIT_NUMBER | FRACTIONAL_NUMBER | '100') '"';
cotationType: '"' ( '%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES') '"';
```



LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE FALSE QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
    'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE_QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO DIGIT NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL NUMBER:
    TWO DIGIT NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO DIGIT NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
WS: \lceil \t \n \r \rceil + ->   skip;
```



ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

```
<Questions>
  <Question>
    <Cotation>Cotação da Pergunta</Cotation>
    <CotationType>Tipo de Cotação</CotationType>
    <Type>Tipo de Questão</Type>
    <Body>Corpo da Questão</Body>
    <PossibleAnswersList>
      <PossibleAnswers>
        <Answer>Uma Possível Resposta</Answer>
        <Cotation>Cotação da Resposta</Cotation>
      </PossibleAnswers>
   </PossibleAnswersList>
  </Question>
  <Question>
    <Cotation> Cotação da Pergunta </Cotation>
    <CotationType> Tipo de Cotação </CotationType>
    <Type> Tipo de Questão </Type>
    <Body>Corpo da Questão</Body>
    <PossibleAnswersList>
      <PossibleAnswers>
        <Answer>Uma Possível Resposta</Answer>
        <Cotation>Cotação da Resposta</Cotation>
      </PossibleAnswers>
      <PossibleAnswers>
        <Answer>Outra Possível Resposta</Answer>
       <Cotation>Cotação da Resposta</Cotation>
      </PossibleAnswers>
   </PossibleAnswersList>
  </Question>
</Questions>
```

Exemplo:

```
<Ouestions>
   <Question>
        <Cotation>40</Cotation>
       <CotationType>%</CotationType>
        <Type>Choice, with single answer</Type>
       <Body>What is the time complexity of binary search? [1] O(1) [2]
O(\log n) [3] O(n) [4] O(n \log n) < /Body>
        <PossibleAnswersList>
            <PossibleAnswers>
                <Answer>4</Answer>
                <Cotation>100</Cotation>
            </PossibleAnswers>
       </PossibleAnswersList>
   </Question>
   <Ouestion>
        <Cotation>30</Cotation>
       <CotationType>%</CotationType>
       <Type>Choice, with multiple answers</Type>
       <Body>Which of the following are not types of inheritance in C++?
[1] Multiple [2] Multilevel [3] Hierarchical [4] Hybrid [5] Parallel</Body>
        <PossibleAnswersList>
            <PossibleAnswers>
                <Answer>5</Answer>
                <Cotation>100</Cotation>
            </PossibleAnswers>
       </PossibleAnswersList>
   </Ouestion>
                                                                       14
</Ouestions>
```



ESTRUTURA DESEJADA (CONT.):

- O tipo de questão deve ser um dos seguintes tipos:
 - Verdadeiro Ou Falso;
 - Resposta Curta;
 - Resposta com número inteiro;
 - Resposta com número decimal;
 - Resposta com Data;
 - Resposta com Tempo;
 - Resposta com Escala Numérica;
 - Escolha singular;
 - Escolha Múltipla;
- As cotações das perguntas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo deve ser percentagem, valores ou pontos;
- As cotações das possíveis respostas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo é predefinido como percentagem;



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: '<Questions>' question+ '</Questions>' EOF;
text: (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+;
question:
    '<Question>' questionCotation cotationType type body possibleAnswersList '</Question>';
cotation:
    '<Cotation>' (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | FRACTIONAL_NUMBER | '100') '</Cotation>';
cotationType:
    '<CotationType>' ('%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES') '</CotationType>';
type:
    '<Type>' (
        TRUE FALSE QUESTION
        | SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION
        | SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION
        | MULTIPLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
        INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION
         DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION
         DATE_QUESTION
        TIME QUESTION
        | NUMERIC_SCALE_QUESTION
    ) '</Type>';
body:
    '<Body>' text (
        ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text (
            ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text
        );
    )? '</Body>';
questionCotation: cotation;
answerCotation: cotation;
possibleAnswersList:
    '<PossibleAnswersList>' possibleAnswers* '</PossibleAnswersList>';
possibleAnswers:
    '<PossibleAnswers>' answer answerCotation '</PossibleAnswers>';
answer: '<Answer>' text '</Answer>';
```



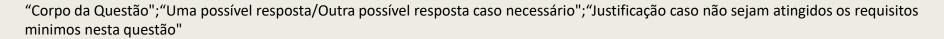
LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE FALSE QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
    'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO DIGIT NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL NUMBER:
    TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
WS: \lceil \langle t \rangle r \rangle + -> skip;
```



Gramática RequirementsCSV.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:



Exemplo:

```
"How long have you been involved in web development? (1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5+ years)"; "1/2/3/4/5+
years"; "Experience in web development is crucial for understanding the complexities of modern web
applications."
Go)"; "Ruby/PHP/TypeScript/Go"; "Knowledge of multiple programming languages shows versatility and
adaptability."
"Have you ever developed a mobile app? (Yes | No)"; "Yes/No"; "Experience in mobile app development is
important for creating responsive, user-friendly applications."
CouchDB)"; "Oracle/Firebase/MariaDB/CouchDB"; "Understanding different databases is key for efficient data
management."
CVS)"; "Perforce/Bazaar/CVS"; "Version control systems are essential for collaborative and error-free
coding."
"Have you ever administered a database? (Yes | No)"; "Yes/No"; "Database administration skills are
important for maintaining data integrity and security."
Heroku)"; "IBM Cloud/DigitalOcean/Heroku"; "Experience with cloud platforms is necessary for modern,
scalable applications."
```

Gramática RequirementsCSV.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: question+ EOF;
body:
    ""' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
            (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ '"' (
            (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+
questionBody: body;
answer: body;
minimumRequirement: body;
question:
    questionBody ';' answer ';' minimumRequirement (NEWLINE)?;
```



Gramática RequirementsCSV.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t\n\r]+ -> skip;
```

Gramática RequirementsJSON.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

```
"body": "Corpo da Questão",
"possibleAnswers": [
  "Uma possível resposta",
  "Outra Possível resposta caso necessário",
"minimumRequirement": "Corpo da Justificação"
"body": "Corpo da Questão",
"possibleAnswers": [
  "Uma possível resposta",
  "Outra Possível resposta caso necessário",
"minimumRequirement": "Corpo da Justificação"
```

Exemplo:

```
"body": "Which of the following languages are
vou proficient in? (Python | JavaScript | C#)",
        "possibleAnswers": [
            "Python",
            "JavaScript",
        "minimumRequirement": "A minimum proficiency in
Python is required for the job position."
        "body": "Which of the following databases have
you used in your projects? (MySQL | PostgreSQL |
MongoDB)",
        "possibleAnswers": [
            "MySQL",
            "PostgreSQL",
            "MongoDB"
        "minimumRequirement": "Experience with MySQL is
a minimum requirement for the job position."
```



Gramática RequirementsJSON.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: '[' question (',' question)+ ']' EOF;
body:
    '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
        '"' (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ '"' (
            (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+
questionBody: body;
answer: body;
minimumRequirement: body;
question:
    '{' '"body"' ':' questionBody ',' '"possibleAnswers"' ':' '[' answer (
     ',' answer
    )* ']' ',' '"minimumRequirement"' ':' minimumRequirement '}';
```



Gramática RequirementsJSON.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)(] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
WS: [ \t\n\r]+ -> skip;
```

Gramática RequirementsXML.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

```
<Questions>
  <Question>
    <Body>Corpo da Questão</Body>
   <PossibleAnswersList>
      <PossibleAnswers>Uma possível resposta</PossibleAnswers>
      <PossibleAnswers>Outra possível resposta caso necessário</PossibleAnswers>
    </PossibleAnswersList>
   <MinimumRequirement>Corpo da Justificação</MinimumRequirement>
 </Question>
 <Question>
    <Body>Corpo da Questão</Body>
    <PossibleAnswersList>
      <PossibleAnswers>Uma possível resposta</PossibleAnswers>
      <PossibleAnswers>Outra possível resposta caso necessário</PossibleAnswers>
    </PossibleAnswersList>
   <MinimumRequirement>Corpo da Justificação</MinimumRequirement>
  </Question>
</Questions>
```



Exemplo:

```
<Ouestions>
    <Ouestion>
        <Body>What is your proficiency level in Unix/Linux?
(Beginner | Intermediate | Advanced)</Body>
        <PossibleAnswersList>
            <PossibleAnswers>Beginner</PossibleAnswers>
            <PossibleAnswers>Intermediate</PossibleAnswers>
            <PossibleAnswers>Advanced</PossibleAnswers>
        </PossibleAnswersList>
        <MinimumRequirement>A minimum proficiency level of
Intermediate in Unix/Linux is required for the job
position.</MinimumRequirement>
    </Ouestion>
    <Ouestion>
        <Body>Which of the following HTTP methods are you
familiar with? (GET | POST | PUT | DELETE)</Body>
        <PossibleAnswersList>
            <PossibleAnswers>GET</PossibleAnswers>
            <PossibleAnswers>POST</PossibleAnswers>
            <PossibleAnswers>PUT</PossibleAnswers>
            <PossibleAnswers>DELETE</PossibleAnswers>
        </PossibleAnswersList>
        <MinimumRequirement>Familiarity with at least two
HTTP methods is required for the job
position.</MinimumRequirement>
    </Ouestion>
</Ouestions>
```

Gramática RequirementsXML.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
questions: '<Questions>' question+ '</Questions>' EOF;
text: (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+;
question:
    '<Question>' body possibleAnswersList minimumRequirement '</Question>';
body:
    '<Body>' text (
        ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text (
    )? '</Body>':
possibleAnswersList:
    '<PossibleAnswersList>' possibleAnswers* '</PossibleAnswersList>';
possibleAnswers:
    '<PossibleAnswers>' text (
        ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text (
            ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text
        );
   )? '</PossibleAnswers>';
minimumRequirement:
    '<MinimumRequirement>' text (
        ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text (
            ('<' | '/' | '>' | '</') text
        ) ;
    )? '</MinimumRequirement>';
```



Gramática RequirementsXML.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:



```
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?@*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL_NUMBER: TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
WS: [ \t\n\r]+ -> skip;
```

Listeners Utilizados







```
Listener RequirementsCSV

polic class ReculrementsCaviliterer extends ReculrementsCrobsveliations (
    private faul introduction private Reculrements(and the converse)

power/de
polic vide determination(from positions = now Armylisto());

power/de
polic vide determination(from ReculrementsCoronave, QuestionContext cto) (
    corrent = now ReculrementsQuestion(from ReculrementsCoronave, QuestionContext cto) (
    power/de
polic vide determination(from ReculrementsCoronave, QuestionContext cto) (
    power/de
polic vide start(pustion(final ReculrementsCoronave, QuestionContext cto) (
    power/de
```

```
Listener RequirementsJSON

polic (las Replreent)onition esteds Replreent)onbaseliner (
prices (las ListCondementparticOTD parties and repulsion);
prices (lastCondementparticOTD parties and repulsion);
prices (lastCondementparticOTD parties and repulsion);
prices (lastCondementparticOTD parties and repulsion);
provide public oil energiastic(final Repulreent)obbrase-QuestionContext (to) (
prices (lastCondementparticOTD);
}
porties
polic oil energiastic(final Repulreent)obbrase-QuestionContext (to) (
prices (lastCondementparticOTD);
porties polic oil energiastic(final Repulreent)obbrase-QuestionContext (to) (
porties polic oil energiastic(final Repulreent)obbrase-Assortcontext (to) (
porties (lastCondement)obbrase-Assortcontext (to) (
price (lastCondement)obbrase-Assortcontext (to) (
pr
```



Listener InterviewCSV

```
public class InterviewCsvListener extends InterviewCsvBaseListener {
   private final List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
    private InterviewQuestionDTO current;
    private List<InterviewAnswer> answers;
    private Answer answer;
    @Override
    public void enterQuestion(final InterviewCsvParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       answers = new ArrayList<>();
       current = new InterviewQuestionDTO();
    @Override
    public void exitQuestion(final InterviewCsvParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       questions.add(current);
    @Override
    public void enterQuestionBody(final InterviewCsvParser.QuestionBodyContext ctx) {
       current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
    @Override
    public void enterQuestionCotation(final InterviewCsvParser.QuestionCotationContext ctx) {
        current.setCotation(extractValue(ctx));
    @Override
   public void enterCotationType(final InterviewCsvParser.CotationTypeContext ctx) {
        current.setCotationType(extractValue(ctx));
```

```
@Override
public void enterType(final InterviewCsvParser.TypeContext ctx) {
    current.setType(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswer(final InterviewCsvParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
    answer = Answer.valueOf(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswerCotation(final InterviewCsvParser.AnswerCotationContext ctx) {
    answers.add(new InterviewAnswer(answer, Cotation.valueOf(extractValue(ctx))));
    current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.substring(beginIndex:1, intervalText.length() - 1);
public List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
```

Listener InterviewJSON

```
public class InterviewJsonListener extends InterviewJsonBaseListener {
   private final List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
   private InterviewQuestionDTO current;
   private List<InterviewAnswer> answers;
   private Answer answer;
   @Override
   public void enterQuestion(final InterviewJsonParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        answers = new ArrayList<>();
        current = new InterviewQuestionDTO();
   @Override
   public void exitQuestion(final InterviewJsonParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
        answers = new ArrayList<>();
       questions.add(current);
   @Override
   public void enterQuestionBody(final InterviewJsonParser.QuestionBodyContext ctx) {
        current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
   @Override
   public void enterQuestionCotation(final InterviewJsonParser.QuestionCotationContext ctx) {
        current.setCotation(extractValue(ctx));
   @Override
   public void enterCotationType(final InterviewJsonParser.CotationTypeContext ctx) {
        current.setCotationType(extractValue(ctx));
```

```
@Override
public void enterType(final InterviewJsonParser.TypeContext ctx) {
    current.setType(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswer(final InterviewJsonParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
    answer = Answer.valueOf(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswerCotation(final InterviewJsonParser.AnswerCotationContext ctx) {
    answers.add(new InterviewAnswer(answer, Cotation.valueOf(extractValue(ctx))));
    current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.substring(beginIndex:1, intervalText.length() - 1);
public List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
```

Listener InterviewXML

```
public class InterviewXmlListener extends InterviewXmlBaseListener {
    private final List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
    private InterviewQuestionDTO current;
    private List<InterviewAnswer> answers;
    private Answer answer;
    @Override
    public void enterQuestion(final InterviewXmlParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       answers = new ArrayList<>();
       current = new InterviewQuestionDTO();
    @Override
    public void exitQuestion(final InterviewXmlParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        questions.add(current);
    @Override
    public void enterBody(final InterviewXmlParser.BodyContext ctx) {
        current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
    @Override
    public void enterQuestionCotation(final InterviewXmlParser.QuestionCotationContext ctx) {
       current.setCotation(extractValue(ctx));
    @Override
    public void enterCotationType(final InterviewXmlParser.CotationTypeContext ctx) {
        current.setCotationType(extractValue(ctx));
```

```
@Override
public void enterType(final InterviewXmlParser.TypeContext ctx) {
    current.setType(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswer(final InterviewXmlParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
    answer = Answer.valueOf(extractValue(ctx));
@Override
public void enterAnswerCotation(final InterviewXmlParser.AnswerCotationContext ctx) {
    answers.add(new InterviewAnswer(answer, Cotation.valueOf(extractValue(ctx))));
    current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.replaceAll(regex:"<[^>]+>", replacement:"").trim();
public List<InterviewQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
```

Listener RequirementsCSV

```
public class RequirementsCsvListener extends RequirementsCsvBaseListener {
   private final List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
   private RequirementsQuestionDTO current;
   @Override
   public void enterQuestion(final RequirementsCsvParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       current = new RequirementsQuestionDTO();
   @Override
   public void exitQuestion(final RequirementsCsvParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       questions.add(current);
   @Override
   public void enterQuestionBody(final RequirementsCsvParser.QuestionBodyContext ctx) {
       current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
   @Override
   public void enterAnswer(final RequirementsCsvParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
       final String value = extractValue(ctx);
       final String[] answer = value.split(regex:"/");
       final List<Answer> answers = new ArrayList<>();
       for (String ans : answer) {
           answers.add(Answer.valueOf(ans));
        current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
```

```
@Override
public void enterMinimumRequirement(final RequirementsCsvParser.MinimumRequirementContext ctx) {
    current.setMinimumRequirement(extractValue(ctx));
}

private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.substring(beginIndex:1, intervalText.length() - 1);
}

public List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
}
```

Listener RequirementsJSON

```
public class RequirementsJsonListener extends RequirementsJsonBaseListener {
   private final List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
   private RequirementsQuestionDTO current;
   private List<Answer> answers = new ArrayList<>();
   @Override
   public void enterQuestion(final RequirementsJsonParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        current = new RequirementsQuestionDTO();
   @Override
   public void exitQuestion(final RequirementsJsonParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
       answers = new ArrayList<>();
       questions.add(current);
   @Override
   public void enterQuestionBody(final RequirementsJsonParser.QuestionBodyContext ctx) {
       current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
   @Override
   public void enterAnswer(final RequirementsJsonParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
       final String value = extractValue(ctx);
        answers.add(Answer.valueOf(value));
```

```
@Override
public void enterMinimumRequirement(final RequirementsJsonParser.MinimumRequirementContext ctx) {
    current.setMinimumRequirement(extractValue(ctx));
}

private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.substring(beginIndex:1, intervalText.length() - 1);
}

public List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
}
```

Listener RequirementsXML

```
public class RequirementsXmlListener extends RequirementsXmlBaseListener {
   private final List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions = new ArrayList<>();
   private RequirementsQuestionDTO current;
   @Override
   public void enterQuestion(final RequirementsXmlParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
        current = new RequirementsQuestionDTO();
   @Override
   public void exitQuestion(final RequirementsXmlParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
       questions.add(current);
    @Override
   public void enterBody(final RequirementsXmlParser.BodyContext ctx) {
        current.setBody(extractValue(ctx));
   @Override
   public void enterPossibleAnswersList(final RequirementsXmlParser.PossibleAnswersListContext ctx) {
       List<Answer> answers = new ArrayList<>();
       for (RequirementsXmlParser.PossibleAnswersContext answerContext : ctx.possibleAnswers()) {
           String value = extractValue(answerContext);
            answers.add(Answer.valueOf(value));
        current.setPossibleAnswers(answers);
```

```
@Override
public void enterMinimumRequirement(final RequirementsXmlParser.MinimumRequirementContext ctx) {
    current.setMinimumRequirement(extractValue(ctx));
}

private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText.replaceAll(regex:"<[^>]+>", replacement:"").trim();
}

public List<RequirementsQuestionDTO> questions() {
    return questions;
}
```

Gramáticas de Exportação de Templates

OBJETIVO E UTILIZAÇÃO DAS GRAMÁTICAS:



- Estas gramáticas foram criadas com o objetivo de validar que ficheiros de entrevistas ou de requisitos seguem a estrutura definida.
- No âmbito do Projeto Integrador estas gramáticas foram usadas de forma a conseguirmos validar que os templates gerados pelo programa estavam a ser gerados de forma correta e seguindo os requisitos do cliente.
- Para estas funcionalidades não foram utilizados nem Listeners nem Visitors e apenas percorremos as Parse Trees de forma a verificar se existiam ou não erros de sintaxe.
- Estas gramáticas foram concebida para as User Stories: US-1012 (Entrevistas) e US-2003 (Requisitos)

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Software Engineer Interview

NAME: EMAIL:

COTATION: 30%

QUESTION TYPE: Choice, with single answer QUESTION: What is the capital of France?

[1] London [2] Paris [3] Berlin ANSWER:

COTATION: 30%

QUESTION TYPE: True/False

QUESTION: Python is a statically typed language.

ANSWER:

COTATION: 40%

QUESTION TYPE: Short text answer

QUESTION: What is the name of the process to find bugs in software?

ANSWER:

COTATION: 30%

QUESTION TYPE: True/False

QUESTION: Python is a statically typed language.

ANSWER:

Requisitos:

- Para além dos requisitos já mencionados na parte das gramáticas de importação, nesta gramática é exigido que exista um campo para: o titulo do Template, o nome do candidato, email do mesmo e para as respostas do candidato para cada uma das perguntas.
- O corpo da questão pode conter opções dependo do tipo e caso contenha o mesmo deve ter o identificador da opção e o texto da opção (Ex.: [1] Texto da Opção).



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
start: 'TITLE:' text NEWLINE 'NAME:' NEWLINE 'EMAIL:' NEWLINE content+ EOF;
content:
   cotation cotationType NEWLINE 'QUESTION TYPE:' type 'ANSWER:' NEWLINE;
cotation:
    'COTATION:' (TWO DIGIT NUMBER | FRACTIONAL NUMBER | '100');
cotationType: ( '%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES');
choice: option NEWLINE (option NEWLINE)+;
option: '[' (TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER) ']' text;
text: (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (('[' text? ']')+ text?)?;
type: (
            TRUE FALSE QUESTION
             SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION
             INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION
             DECIMAL_NUMBER_QUESTION
             DATE_QUESTION
              TIME QUESTION
            NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION
        ) NEWLINE 'QUESTION:' text NEWLINE
           SINGLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
            | MULTIPLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
        ) NEWLINE 'QUESTION:' text NEWLINE choice
   );
```



Gramática Interview.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE FALSE QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
    'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO DIGIT NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?*)(] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL NUMBER:
    TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t \n\r] + \rightarrow skip;
```



Gramática Requirements.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Data Scientist

NAME: EMAIL:

Enter the number of years of experience (integer)

ANSWER:

Select one Degree (none | bachelor | master | phD)

ANSWER:

Select one or more Programming Languages (python| java | javascript | scala | swift | ruby | r | sql)

ANSWER:

Requisitos:

- Para além dos requisitos já mencionados na parte das gramáticas de importação, nesta gramática é exigido que exista um campo para: o titulo do Template, o nome do candidato, email do mesmo e para as respostas do candidato para cada um dos requisitos;
- As questões devem começar com um #;
- As opções devem ser mostradas entre parenteses e separadas por um separador "|".



Gramática Requirements.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
start: 'TITLE:' text NEWLINE 'NAME:' NEWLINE 'EMAIL:' NEWLINE content+ EOF;
text: (TEXT | LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+ ('#'+ text?)?;
content: '#' text NEWLINE 'ANSWER:' NEWLINE?;
```



Gramática Requirements.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/+!?*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t\r\n]+ -> skip;
```



Gramáticas de Validação de Respostas

OBJETIVO E UTILIZAÇÃO DAS GRAMÁTICAS:



- Estas gramáticas foram criadas com o objetivo de validar as respostas contidas nos ficheiros preenchidos pelos candidatos.
- No âmbito do Projeto Integrador estas gramáticas foram usadas de forma a podermos validar o tipo de input esperado e o tipo de input recebido e também para verificar se o ficheiro não foi retornado com uma estrutura errada antes do ficheiro ser carregado para o sistema.
- Para estas funcionalidades foram utilizados Visitors de forma a podermos verificar se o email do ficheiro que está a ser carregado para o sistema e associado a um candidato corresponde ao email desse mesmo candidato.
- Foram também utilizados Visitors para avaliar as respostas dos candidatos, percorrendo estes a Parse Tree e coletando as respostas que depois irão ser usadas para calcular ou definir um resultado final.
- Estas gramáticas foram concebida para as User Stories: US-1017 (Entrevistas), US-2004 (Requisitos), US-1018 (Entrevistas) e US-1015 (Requisitos).

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Software Engineer Interview

NAME: Paulo

EMAIL: micro@email.com

COTATION: 20%

QUESTION TYPE: Choice, with single answer QUESTION: What is the primary use of HTML?

[1] Styling web pages

[2] Structuring web pages

[3] Server-side computations

ANSWER: 2

COTATION: 20%

QUESTION TYPE: Choice, with multiple answers

QUESTION: Which of the following are sorting algorithms?

[1] Bubble Sort

[2] Quick Sort

[3] Binary Search

[4] Depth-First Search

ANSWER: 12

COTATION: 10%

QUESTION TYPE: True/False

QUESTION: Is JavaScript a compiled language?

ANSWER: False

Requisitos:

- Os mesmos requisitos herdados das gramáticas anteriores;
- Os tipos de questão aceitam os seguintes inputs de resposta:
 - Verdadeiro Ou Falso -> "True" ou "False";
 - Resposta Curta -> Qualquer tipo de texto;
 - Resposta com número inteiro -> Números Inteiros;
 - Resposta com número decimal -> Números Decimais;
 - Resposta com Data -> Datas com o formato dd/mm/aaaa;
 - Resposta com Tempo -> Tempos com o formatos hh:mm(:ss)*;
 - Resposta com Escala Numérica -> Números no formato n ou n-n;
 - Escolha singular -> Um caractere ou um número;
 - Escolha Múltipla -> Uma sequência de caracteres ou de números sendo cada número ou caractere separado por um espaço;
- O email deve ter o formato texto@texto.



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
start:
    'TITLE:' text NEWLINE 'NAME:' text NEWLINE 'EMAIL:' email NEWLINE content+ EOF;
content:
    cotation cotationType NEWLINE 'QUESTION TYPE:' type NEWLINE?;
cotation:
    'COTATION:' (TWO DIGIT NUMBER | FRACTIONAL NUMBER | '100');
cotationType: ( '%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES');
choice: option NEWLINE (option NEWLINE)+;
text: (TEXT | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
        ('[' text? ']')+ text?
   )?;
option: '[' (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER) ']' text;
email: TEXT '@' TEXT;
question: 'QUESTION:' text;
type: (
            true false
             | short text answer
             integer number
             decimal number
              date
              time
             numeric_scale
             single_answer_choice
             multiple_answer_choice
    );
```



PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA (CONT.):

```
true false:
    TRUE FALSE QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE true false answer;
short_text_answer:
    SHORT TEXT ANSWER QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE text answer;
single answer choice:
    SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE choice single answer choice answer;
multiple answer choice:
    MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE choice multiple answer_choice_answer;
integer number:
    INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE integer answer;
decimal number:
    DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE decimal answer;
date: DATE_QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE date_answer;
time: TIME QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE time answer;
numeric scale:
    NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION NEWLINE question NEWLINE numeric scale answer;
true false answer:
    'ANSWER:' (
        'True'
         'False'
          'TRUE'
          'FALSE'
          'true'
          'false'
text answer: 'ANSWER:' text;
integer_answer: 'ANSWER:' TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
decimal_answer: 'ANSWER:' FRACTIONAL_NUMBER;
date answer: 'ANSWER:' DATE;
time answer: 'ANSWER:' TIME;
numeric_scale_answer: 'ANSWER:' NUMERIC_SCALE;
single answer choice answer:
    'ANSWER:' (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER);
multiple answer choice answer:
    'ANSWER: ' (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER) (
        TWO DIGIT NUMBER
        LETTER
    )+;
```



LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE_FALSE_QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
   'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER NUMBER QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC_SCALE_QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO DIGIT NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#π+!?*)(] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL_NUMBER:
   TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
NUMERIC SCALE: TWO DIGIT NUMBER ('-' TWO DIGIT NUMBER)?;
DATE: ('0' [1-9] | '1' [0-9] | '2' [0-9] | '3' [0-1]) '/' (
        '0' [1-9]
        | '1' [0-2]
   ) '/' TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER+;
TIME: ('0' [0-9] | '1' [0-9] | '2' [0-3]) ':' (
        '0' [0-9]
        | '1' [0-9]
          '2' [0-9]
          '3' [0-9]
         | '4' [0-9]
        | '5' [0-9]
            '0' [0-9]
            | '1' [0-9]
             '2' [0-9]
             '3' [0-9]
            | '4' [0-9]
            | '5' [0-9]
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO DIGIT NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t \n\r] + \rightarrow skip;
```



Gramática Requirements Answers. g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Software Engineer Requirements

NAME: Paulo

EMAIL: micro@email.com

How long have you been involved in web development? (1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5+ years)

ANSWER: 5+ years

Can you list the programming languages you've utilized in your projects? (Ruby | PHP | TypeScript | Go)

ANSWER: RubyPlus

Have you ever developed a mobile app? (Yes | No)

ANSWER: Yes

Requisitos:

- Os mesmos requisitos herdados das gramáticas anteriores;
- O email deve ter o formato texto@texto.



Gramática RequirementsAnswers.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
'TITLE:' text NEWLINE 'NAME:' text NEWLINE 'EMAIL:' email NEWLINE content+ EOF;
text: (TEXT | LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+ ('#'+ text?)?;
email: TEXT '@' TEXT;
answer: text;
question: text;
content: '#' question NEWLINE 'ANSWER:' answer NEWLINE?;
```

Gramática RequirementsAnswers.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t\n\r]+ -> skip;
```



Visitors Utilizados

50

public class InterviewAnswersVisitor extends InterviewAnswersBaseVisitor(String) { private String email; @Override public String visitStart(final InterviewAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) { visitEmail(ctx.email()); return email; } @Override public String visitEmail(final InterviewAnswersParser.EmailContext ctx) { email = ctx.getText(); return email; } }

```
public class RequirementsAnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersBaseVisitor<String> {
    private String email;
    @Override
    public String visitStart(final RequirementsAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) {
        visitEmail(ctx.email());
        return email;
    }
    @Override
    public String visitEmail(final RequirementsAnswersParser.EmailContext ctx) {
        email = ctx.getText();
        raturn email;
    }
}
```

```
Visitor Evaluate Requirements

**Difficults foliationary insures means = non-negro();
prints foliationary assures assures = non-negro();
prints foliationary assures = non-negro();
prints foliationary descriptionary assures assures = non-negro();
prints foliationary descriptionary de
```

Visitor Interview

```
public class InterviewAnswersVisitor extends InterviewAnswersBaseVisitor<String> {
    private String email;
   @Override
    public String visitStart(final InterviewAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) {
       visitEmail(ctx.email());
       return email;
   @Override
    public String visitEmail(final InterviewAnswersParser.EmailContext ctx) {
       email = ctx.getText();
       return email;
```

Visitor Requirements

```
public class RequirementsAnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersBaseVisitor<String> {
    private String email;
   @Override
    public String visitStart(final RequirementsAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) {
       visitEmail(ctx.email());
       return email;
   @Override
    public String visitEmail(final RequirementsAnswersParser.EmailContext ctx) {
       email = ctx.getText();
       return email;
```

Visitor Evaluate Interview

```
public class EvaluateInterviewAnswersVisitor extends InterviewAnswersBaseVisitor<Map<QuestionBody, Answer>> {
   private Map<QuestionBody, Answer> answers = new HashMap<>();
   private String question;
   @Override
   public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitStart(final InterviewAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) {
       visitChildren(ctx);
       return answers;
   @Override
   public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitContent(final InterviewAnswersParser.ContentContext ctx) {
       visitChildren(ctx);
       return answers;
   @Override
   public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitText(final InterviewAnswersParser.TextContext ctx) {
       question = extractQuestion(ctx);
       return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitType(final InterviewAnswersParser.TypeContext ctx) {
    if (ctx.true_false() != null) {
        visitTrue false(ctx.true false());
   } else if (ctx.short_text_answer() != null) {
        visitShort text answer(ctx.short text answer());
    } else if (ctx.integer_number() != null) {
        visitInteger number(ctx.integer_number());
    } else if (ctx.decimal number() != null) {
        visitDecimal number(ctx.decimal number());
    } else if (ctx.date() != null) {
        visitDate(ctx.date());
   } else if (ctx.time() != null) {
        visitTime(ctx.time());
    } else if (ctx.numeric_scale() != null) {
       visitNumeric_scale(ctx.numeric_scale());
    } else if (ctx.single answer choice() != null) {
        visitSingle answer choice(ctx.single answer choice());
    } else if (ctx.multiple_answer_choice() != null) {
        visitMultiple_answer_choice(ctx.multiple_answer_choice());
    return answers;
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitTrue false(final InterviewAnswersParser.True falseContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
   visitTrue_false_answer(ctx.true_false_answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitShort text answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Short text answerContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
   visitText answer(ctx.text answer());
    return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitInteger_number(final InterviewAnswersParser.Integer numberContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitInteger answer(ctx.integer answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitDecimal_number(final InterviewAnswersParser.Decimal_numberContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitDecimal answer(ctx.decimal answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitDate(final InterviewAnswersParser.DateContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitDate_answer(ctx.date_answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitTime(final InterviewAnswersParser.TimeContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitTime_answer(ctx.time_answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitNumeric scale(final InterviewAnswersParser.Numeric scaleContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitNumeric_scale_answer(ctx.numeric_scale_answer());
    return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitSingle_answer_choice(
        final InterviewAnswersParser.Single answer choiceContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitChoice(ctx.choice());
    visitSingle answer choice answer(ctx.single answer choice answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitMultiple_answer_choice(
        final InterviewAnswersParser.Multiple answer choiceContext ctx) {
    visitQuestion(ctx.question());
    visitChoice(ctx.choice());
    visitMultiple_answer_choice_answer(ctx.multiple_answer_choice_answer());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitQuestion(final InterviewAnswersParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
    visitText(ctx.text());
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitTrue_false_answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.True_false_answerContext ctx) {
    final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
    question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitText_answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Text_answerContext ctx) {
    final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
    question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitSingle_answer_choice_answer(
        final InterviewAnswersParser.Single answer choice answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitMultiple answer choice answer(
        final InterviewAnswersParser.Multiple answer choice answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
    question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitInteger_answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Integer_answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitDecimal answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Decimal answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitDate answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Date answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitTime_answer(final InterviewAnswersParser.Time_answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
   answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitNumeric_scale_answer(
       final InterviewAnswersParser.Numeric scale answerContext ctx) {
   final String answer = extractAnswer(ctx);
   question = question.trim();
   answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
   return answers;
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitChoice(final InterviewAnswersParser.ChoiceContext ctx) {
   if (ctx.getText() != null) {
       question += " " + extractQuestion(ctx).replace(target: "\n", replacement: " ").replace(target: "\r", replacement: "");
   return answers;
private String extractQuestion(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
   final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
   final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
   final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
   final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
   return intervalText;
private String extractAnswer(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
   final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
   final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
   final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
   String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
   intervalText = intervalText.replaceFirst(regex:"ANSWER: ", replacement:"");
   return intervalText;
```

Visitor Evaluate Requirements

```
public class EvaluateRequirementsAnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersBaseVisitor<a href="Market-Name">Market-Name</a>, AnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersBaseVisitor<a href="Market-Name">Market-Name</a>, AnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersBaseVisitor<a href="Market-Name">Market-Name</a>, AnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersVisitor extends RequirementsAnswersVisitor<a href="Market-Name">Market-Name</a>, AnswersVisitor<a href="Market-Name">Market-Name</a href="M
             private Map<QuestionBody, Answer> answers = new HashMap<>();
             private String question;
             @Override
             public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitStart(final RequirementsAnswersParser.StartContext ctx) {
                          visitChildren(ctx);
                          return answers;
             @Override
             public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitContent(final RequirementsAnswersParser.ContentContext ctx) {
                          visitChildren(ctx);
                          return answers;
             @Override
             public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitQuestion(final RequirementsAnswersParser.QuestionContext ctx) {
                         visitText(ctx.text());
                          return answers;
             @Override
             public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitText(final RequirementsAnswersParser.TextContext ctx) {
                          question = extractValue(ctx);
                          return answers;
```

```
@Override
public Map<QuestionBody, Answer> visitAnswer(final RequirementsAnswersParser.AnswerContext ctx) {
    final String answer = extractValue(ctx);
    question = question.trim();
    answers.put(QuestionBody.valueOf(question), Answer.valueOf(answer));
    return answers;
}

private String extractValue(final ParserRuleContext ctx) {
    final Token startToken = ctx.getStart();
    final Token stopToken = ctx.getStop();
    final Interval interval = new Interval(startToken.getStartIndex(), stopToken.getStopIndex());
    final String intervalText = ctx.start.getInputStream().getText(interval);
    return intervalText;
}
```

Gramáticas de Validação de Entrevistas/Requisitos Avaliados

OBJETIVO E UTILIZAÇÃO DAS GRAMÁTICAS:



- Estas gramáticas foram criadas com o objetivo de validar os ficheiros avaliados com notas e resultados finais.
- No âmbito do Projeto Integrador estas gramáticas foram aplicadas de forma a garantir que os ficheiros gerados depois da avaliação e análise automática feita pelo sistema estão a ser criados sem erros de sintaxe.
- Para estas funcionalidades não foram utilizados nem Listeners nem Visitors e apenas percorremos as Parse
 Trees de forma a verificar se existiam ou não erros de sintaxe.
- Estas gramáticas foram concebida para as User Stories: US-1018 (Entrevistas) e US-1015 (Requisitos).

Gramática EvaluateInterviewAnswers.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Software Engineer Interview

NAME: Paulo

EMAIL: micro@email.com FINAL GRADE: 100%

COTATION: 20%

QUESTION TYPE: Choice, with single answer QUESTION: What is the primary use of HTML?

[1] Styling web pages[2] Structuring web pages

[3] Server-side computations

ANSWER: 2 GRADE: 100%

COTATION: 20%

QUESTION TYPE: Choice, with multiple answers

QUESTION: Which of the following are sorting algorithms?

[1] Bubble Sort [2] Quick Sort

[2] Quick 3011

[3] Binary Search

[4] Depth-First Search

ANSWER: 1 2 GRADE: 100%

COTATION: 10%

QUESTION TYPE: True/False

QUESTION: Is JavaScript a compiled language?

ANSWER: False GRADE: 100%



Requisitos:

- Os mesmos requisitos herdados das gramáticas anteriores;
- As notas devem ser entre 0 e 100 e o seu tipo deve ser percentagem, valores ou pontos;

Gramática EvaluateInterviewAnswers.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
start:
    'TITLE:' text NEWLINE 'NAME:' text NEWLINE 'EMAIL:' email NEWLINE 'FINAL GRADE:' cotation
        NEWLINE content+ EOF:
content:
    'COTATION:' cotation NEWLINE 'QUESTION TYPE:' type 'ANSWER:' answer? NEWLINE 'GRADE:' cotation
       NEWLINE?;
cotationType: ( '%' | 'POINTS' | 'VALUES');
cotation:
    (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | FRACTIONAL_NUMBER | '100') cotationType;
choice: option NEWLINE (option NEWLINE)+;
text: (TEXT | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER | MEMBER)+ (
       ('[' text? ']')+ text?
   );;
answer: text;
option: '[' (TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | LETTER) ']' text;
email: TEXT '@' TEXT;
type: (
            TRUE FALSE QUESTION
            | SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION
            | INTEGER_NUMBER_QUESTION
            | DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION
            DATE_QUESTION
            TIME QUESTION
            | NUMERIC_SCALE_QUESTION
        ) NEWLINE 'QUESTION:' text NEWLINE
            SINGLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
           | MULTIPLE_ANSWER_CHOICE_QUESTION
       ) NEWLINE 'QUESTION:' text NEWLINE choice
    );
```



Gramática EvaluateInterviewAnswers.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
TRUE_FALSE_QUESTION: 'True/False';
SHORT_TEXT_ANSWER_QUESTION: 'Short text answer';
SINGLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION: 'Choice, with single answer';
MULTIPLE ANSWER CHOICE QUESTION:
    'Choice, with multiple answers';
INTEGER_NUMBER_QUESTION: 'Integer Number';
DECIMAL NUMBER QUESTION: 'Decimal Number';
DATE QUESTION: 'Date';
TIME QUESTION: 'Time';
NUMERIC SCALE QUESTION: 'Numeric Scale';
TWO DIGIT NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?*)(] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
FRACTIONAL NUMBER:
    TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER ('.' | ',') TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER;
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: \lceil \langle t \rangle r \rangle + - \rangle skip;
```



Gramática EvaluateRequirementsAnswers.g4

ESTRUTURA DESEJADA:

TITLE: Software Engineer Requirements

NAME: Paulo

EMAIL: micro@email.com

RESULT: REJECTED

How long have you been involved in web development? (1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5+ years)

ANSWER: 5+ years

REQUIREMENT RESULT: MET

Can you list the programming languages you've utilized in your projects? (Ruby | PHP | TypeScript | Go)

ANSWER: RubyPlus

REQUIREMENT RESULT: NOT MET

JUSTIFICATION: Knowledge of multiple programming languages shows versatility and adaptability.

Have you ever developed a mobile app? (Yes | No)

ANSWER: Yes

REQUIREMENT RESULT: MET

Requisitos:

- Os mesmos requisitos herdados das gramáticas anteriores;
- O resultado final deve ser: "APPROVED" ou "REJECTED";
- O resultado de cada requisito deve ser: "MET" ou "NOT MET";
- No caso do resultado de cada requisito ser "NOT MET" deve ser adicionada uma justificação.



Gramática EvaluateRequirementsAnswers.g4

PARSER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:



Gramática EvaluateRequirementsAnswers.g4

LEXER RULES DA GRAMÁTICA:

```
DECISION: 'APPROVED' | 'REJECTED';
TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER: NUMBER NUMBER?;
NUMBER: [0-9];
LETTER: [a-zA-Z];
MEMBER: [.,;:/#+!?*)([\]] | '\'' | '|' | '-';
TEXT: (LETTER | TWO_DIGIT_NUMBER | MEMBER)+;
NEWLINE: ('\r'? '\n')+;
WS: [ \t\n\r]+ -> skip;
```



Recuperação e Apresentação de Erros

Para este tema, conforme solicitado, implementamos funcionalidades de recuperação e apresentação de erros no sistema. Estas funcionalidades foram implementadas numa classe Java que estende a classe "DefaultErrorStrategy" da biblioteca do próprio ANTLR. Esta classe é responsável por recuperar erros nos ficheiros que estão a ser carregados para o sistema. Estas tais mensagens de erro são exibidas para o utilizador e a criação destas mensagens é feita exclusivamente por um Listener implementado por nós que estende a classe "BaseErrorListener".

Recuperação de Erros

Para a parte de recuperação de erros, substituímos o método *recover* da classe "DefaultErrorStrategy" e implementamos as seguintes estratégias de recuperação de erros:

```
public class CustomErrorStrategy extends DefaultErrorStrategy {
   @Override
   public void recover(final Parser recognizer, final RecognitionException e) {
       if (e instanceof InputMismatchException) {
           final TokenStream tokens = recognizer.getInputStream();
           tokens.consume();
       } else if (e instanceof NoViableAltException) {
           final TokenStream tokens = recognizer.getInputStream();
           tokens.consume();
       } else if (e instanceof FailedPredicateException) {
           final TokenStream tokens = recognizer.getInputStream();
           tokens.consume();
       } else if (e instanceof LexerNoViableAltException) {
           final TokenStream tokens = recognizer.getInputStream();
           tokens.consume();
       } else {
           super.recover(recognizer, e);
```

Apresentação de Erros

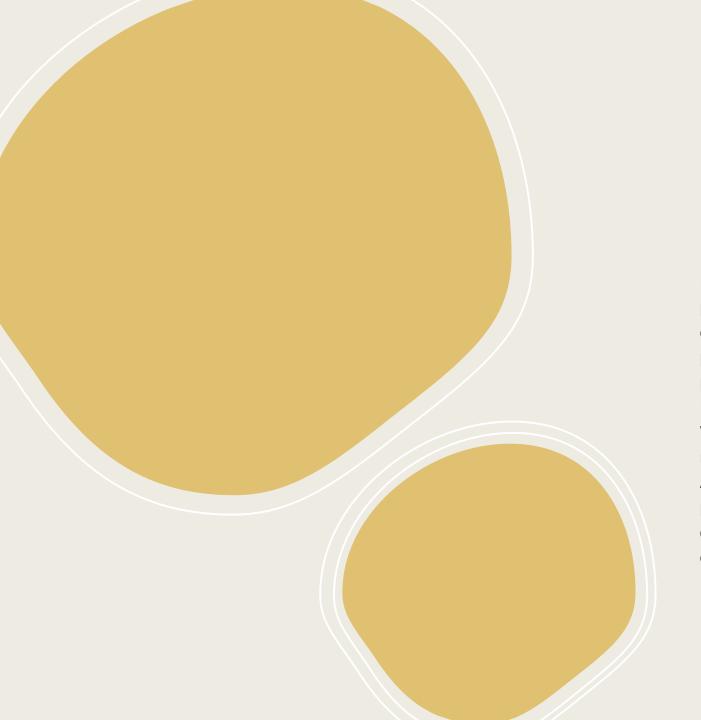
Para a apresentação de erros, implementamos um Listener que estende a classe "BaseErrorListener" e substituímos os seguintes métodos:

```
public class CustomErrorListener extends BaseErrorListener {
   private static final boolean REPORT ERRORS = true;
   public static final CustomErrorListener INSTANCE = new CustomErrorListener();
   @Override
   public void syntaxError(final Recognizer<?, ?> recognizer, final Object offendingSymbol,
           final int line, final int charPositionInLine, final String msg, final RecognitionException e) {
       if (!REPORT_ERRORS) {
           return;
       final String sourceName = recognizer.getInputStream().getSourceName();
       final String fileName = Paths.get(sourceName).getFileName().toString();
       System.out.println("\nSyntax Error in File -> " + fileName + "\nError in Line -> " + line
               + "\nError in Line Char -> " + charPositionInLine + "\nType of Error -> " + msg);
   @Override
   public void reportAmbiguity(final Parser recognizer, final DFA dfa, final int startIndex, final int stopIndex,
           final boolean exact, final BitSet ambigAlts, final ATNConfigSet configs) {
       if (!REPORT_ERRORS) {
           return;
       final String sourceName = recognizer.getInputStream().getSourceName();
       final String fileName = Paths.get(sourceName).getFileName().toString();
       System.out.println("\nAmbiguity in File -> " + fileName + "\nStart Index -> " + startIndex + "\nStop Index -> "
               + stopIndex + "\nAmbiguity Alts -> " + ambigAlts + "\nATN Configs -> " + configs);
```

Apresentação de Erros (Cont.)

Para a apresentação de erros, implementamos um Listener que estende a classe "BaseErrorListener" e substituímos os seguintes métodos:

```
@Override
public void reportAttemptingFullContext(final Parser recognizer, final DFA dfa, final int startIndex,
        final int stopIndex, final BitSet conflictingAlts, final ATNConfigSet configs) {
   if (!REPORT_ERRORS) {
        return;
   final String sourceName = recognizer.getInputStream().getSourceName();
   final String fileName = Paths.get(sourceName).getFileName().toString();
   System.out.println("\nAttempting Full Context in File -> " + fileName + "\nStart Index -> " + startIndex
           + "\nStop Index -> " + stopIndex + "\nConflicting Alts -> " + conflictingAlts + "\nATN Configs -> "
           + configs);
@Override
public void reportContextSensitivity(final Parser recognizer, final DFA dfa, final int startIndex,
       final int stopIndex, final int prediction, final ATNConfigSet configs) {
   if (!REPORT_ERRORS) {
        return;
   final String sourceName = recognizer.getInputStream().getSourceName();
   final String fileName = Paths.get(sourceName).getFileName().toString();
   System.out.println("\nContext Sensitivity in File -> " + fileName + "\nStart Index -> " + startIndex
           + "\nStop Index -> " + stopIndex + "\nPrediction -> " + prediction + "\nATN Configs -> " + configs);
```



Overview

Em suma, foram definidas várias gramáticas para o projeto integrador de LAPR4 e para a unidade curricular de LPROG. Estas gramáticas foram usadas para analisar a estrutura dos ficheiros e para validar perguntas e respostas. Como grupo definimos o uso de Listeners para as funcionalidades de importação e Visitors para as funcionalidades de avaliação de respostas e validação de emails presentes nos ficheiros. Acreditamos que o uso destas ferramentas foi essencial para o sucesso do projeto, pois permitiram-nos desenvolver diferentes funcionalidades de forma mais eficiente e organizada.

Overview (Cont.)

- Pontos positivos:
 - Vasta variedade de gramáticas;
 - > Utilização tanto de Visitors como de Listeners.
- Pontos menos positivos:
 - Organização das regras existentes nas diferentes gramáticas.