Alexander Ticket

Note: This report has been sanitized for public sharing.

All internal IPs, hostnames, and Splunk URLs have been redacted or replaced with simulated values.

Report was originally prepared for Jira; internal console links are not publicly accessible. Query references shown for context

```
*QRadar ID:* 55269
```

Description

ET WEB_SERVER ColdFusion componentutils access — Probe for /CFIDE/componentutils/ suggesting ColdFusion component reconnaissance/exploitation attempt.

Victim:

[internal web server] - redacted-domain.local

```
* Encoded log: *
```

User Agent: ""Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4606.81
Safari/537.36" — this string is consistent with a desktop Chrome 94 on Windows 10, but User-Agent headers are trivially spoofable. Treat this UA as **not** proof of a human browser; automated scanners and exploit tools commonly impersonate popular browsers to evade detection."

[&]quot;\\/CFIDE\\/componentutils\\/"

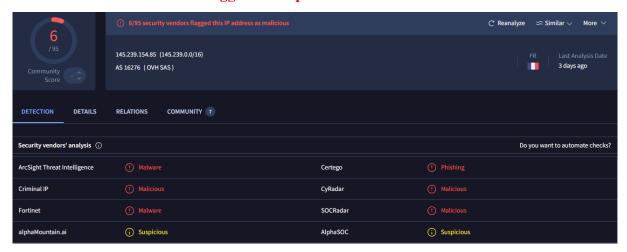
^{*} Decoded log: *

[&]quot;/CFIDE/componentutils/"

^{*}ATTACKER INFO:*

^{*}IP:* 145.239.154.85 on port 49704

- *ANALYST INVESTIGATION:*
- *Virus Total Result:* [here|https://www.virustotal.com/gui/ip-address/145.239.154.85]
- *Security Vendors' Analysis from Virus Total: * 6/95 security vendors flagged this IP address as malicious and 2 flagged as suspicious



Talos Intelligence:

REPUTATION DETAILS:

Email Reputation: *Neutral*

Web Reputation: *Questionable*

BLOCK LISTS:

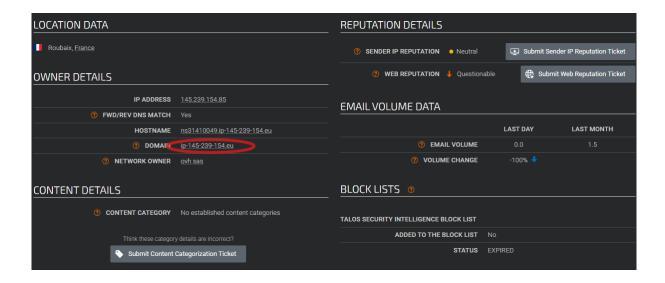
Talos Security Intelligence Block List

Added to the Block List = No

Status = EXPIRED

Talos Result:

[here|https://talosintelligence.com/reputation_center/lookup?search=145.239.154.85]



The source IP **145.239.154.85** was checked in Cisco Talos, which resolved to the domain **ip-145-239-154.eu**.

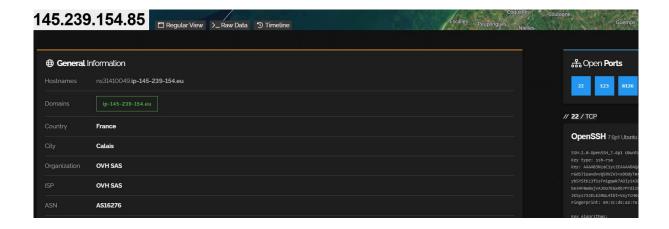
A lookup of this domain in VirusTotal showed **0/94 security vendors flagged it as malicious**, but Trustwave flagged as "suspicious"

[here|https://www.virustotal.com/gui/domain/ip-145-239-154.eu]



^{*}ShodanResult:* [here|https://www.shodan.io/host/145.239.154.85]

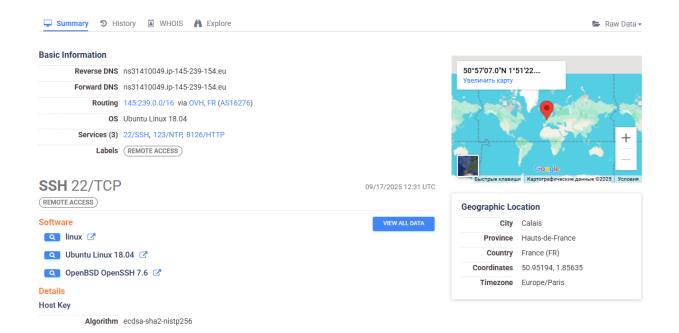
^{*}Open Ports: * 22, 123, 8126



CensysResult: [here|https://search.censys.io/hosts/145.239.154.85]

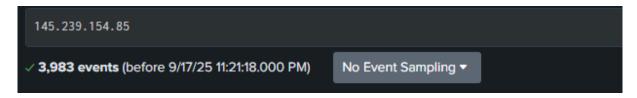
145.239.154.85

As of: Sep 17, 2025 12:32pm UTC | Latest



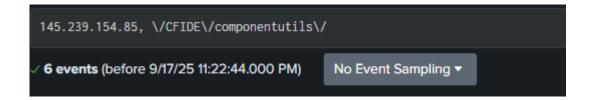
*Splunk Investigation: * A total of 3,983 events were identified for IP 145.239.154.85.

To focus the investigation, the key URI \/CFIDE/componentutils\/ was applied, which reduced the dataset to 6 events.



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Result 1: Splunk search – internal link (not accessible)



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Result 2: Splunk search – internal link (not accessible)



HTTP response status for all events: 404 (Not Found) – no successful exploitation observed.

Result 3: Splunk search – internal link (not accessible)

```
index=YOUR_INDEX src_ip=145.239.154.85
| stats count by http.url
| sort - count

✓ O events (before 9/17/25 11:30:25.000 PM)
No Event Sampling ▼
```

 $\uparrow\uparrow\uparrow$

No additional URIs were found for IP 145.239.154.85.

This indicates the attacker focused only on /CFIDE/componentutils/ and did not attempt other paths.

Result 4: Splunk search – internal link (not accessible)

```
index=YOUR_INDEX src_ip=145.239.154.85 http.url="/CFIDE/componentutils/"
| where _time >= relative_time(how(), "-30m")

✓ O events (before 9/17/25 11:31:20.000 PM)

No Event Sampling ▼
```

 $\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow$

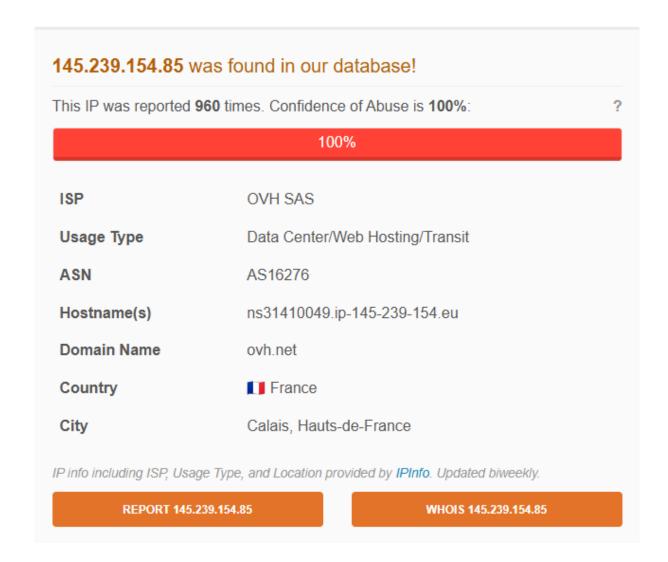
No recent activity in the last 30 minutes, suggesting no ongoing attack.

Result 5: Splunk search – internal link (not accessible)

Raw Data:

<168>suricata[8969]: {"timestamp":"2025-08-16T06:42:18.8791290400","flow_id":826671155015547,"in_jface":"eth0","event_type":"alert","src_ip":"145.239.154.85","src_port":49704,"d
est_ip":"38.242.128.144","dest_port":80,"proto":"TCP","tx_id":0,"alert":{"action":"allowed","gid":1,"signature_id":2016
182,"rev":6,"signature":"ET WEB_SERVER ColdFusion componentutils access","category":"Web Application
Attack","severity":1},"http":{"hostname":" [redacted-hostname]","url":"VCFIDE\/componentutils\/","http_user_agent":"Mozilla\/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
AppleWebKit\/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome\/94.0.4606.81
Safari\/537.36","http_content_type":"text\/html","http_method":"GET","protocol":"HTTP\/1.1","status":404,"length":289}
}

Additional Findings:



This IP address has been reported a total of **960** times from 312 distinct sources. 145.239.154.85 was first reported on July 27th 2024, and the most recent report was **42 minutes ago**.

ResultAbuselPDB: [here|https://www.abuseipdb.com/check/145.239.154.85]

Summary:

Suricata detected ET WEB_SERVER ColdFusion componentutils access from source IP **145.239.154.85** against [internal web server] - redacted-domain.local. Splunk shows **3,983** total events from this IP; filtering to the ColdFusion path

/CFIDE/componentutils/ reduced the set to 6 events. All six returned HTTP 404 (Not Found). No other URIs or non-404 responses were observed. Overall, activity is consistent with automated reconnaissance rather than a successful exploit.

Attack details:

- **Source:** 145.239.154.85 (src port 49704) → **Destination:** 38.242.128.144:80
- Targeted path: /CFIDE/componentutils/ (Adobe ColdFusion component probe)
- Events: 6 requests to that path (subset of 3,983 total events from this IP)
- HTTP status: 404 for all observed attempts no successful response recorded
- Suricata signature: ET WEB_SERVER ColdFusion componentutils access (sid: 2016182 rev:6)

Path breakdown / what it means:

- /CFIDE/ ColdFusion administrative/utility components commonly probed by attackers.
- componentutils frequently targeted ColdFusion component; existence may allow remote actions or information disclosure if vulnerable.
- Observed requests appear to be **probes** to detect presence of ColdFusion endpoints; 404 responses indicate the path was not present/accessible.

Method / Indicators:

- **HTTP method:** GET passive probing to discover endpoint.
- User-Agent: "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
 AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
 Chrome/94.0.4606.81 Safari/537.36" looks like a common browser
 UA but is trivially spoofable; treat as **not** proof of human browsing.

• **Timing/volume:** large number of events from the source overall (3.98k) but only 6 hits to the specific ColdFusion path — typical scanner behavior.

Threat Intelligence enrichment:

- VirusTotal (IP): 6/95 vendors flagged the IP as malicious; 2 vendors flagged as suspicious.
- VirusTotal (domain ip-145-239-154.eu): 0/94 detections for the domain itself, but Trustwave labeled it suspicious.
- **Talos:** reputation lookup shows *no active block list entry / status: EXPIRED* (no current block).
- **Shodan:** host shows open ports including 22, 123, 8126 (note: presence of open services increases attack surface).
- **AbuseIPDB:** IP reported ~960 times from 312 distinct sources (historical abuse reports).
- Censys / other scanners: present (links saved in ticket for analysts to review full host/service fingerprint).

Note: TI sources are discordant — some vendors flag the IP, domain VT shows 0/94 but Trustwave marks suspicious. Treat as **potentially suspicious** and correlate with telemetry.

Detection context:

- Signature-triggered Suricata alert for a web application probe.
- Splunk analysis confirms limited, targeted probing of the ColdFusion path and no evidence of successful exploitation.
- No additional suspicious URIs, no rare/unique User-Agents, and no recent activity in the last 30 minutes.

Impact if successful:

•	Remote Command Execution (RCE) via vulnerable CF components or misconfigured handlers.

• Data disclosure, webshell installation, persistence, lateral movement, or pivoting from a compromised web host.

•	Potential	privi	lege esca	lation	if exec	uted com	ımands r	un with e	elevated r	ights.
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Mini Attack Visualization:

```
Attack)]
           1
[Analyst investigates Suricata alert — source IP 145.239.154.85]

[Connection observed from source port 49704 → destination 38.242.128.144:80]
           1
[HTTP GET requests targeting /CFIDE/componentutils/]
           1
[User-Agent present: "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/94.0.4606.81 Safari/537.36" —
likely spoofable]
           1
[Splunk correlation: 3,983 total events from IP → narrowed to 6 events for
/CFIDE/componentutils/]
          1
[All 6 requests returned HTTP 404 Not Found — no successful response observed]
[Threat intel: VirusTotal flags 6/95 vendors for the IP; Trustwave marks related domain as
suspicious; AbuseIPDB ~960 reports]
         1
[Shodan/Censys show open services (e.g., 22, 123, 8126) — increases attack surface]
         1
```

[Assessment: automated ColdFusion reconnaissance/scanning; no confirmed exploitation]

Suricata detects ET WEB_SERVER ColdFusion componentutils access (Web Application

ACTION

1. Block the Source IP (145.239.154.85)

Block the attacker's IP at the perimeter firewall, IDS/IPS, or WAF to prevent further reconnaissance attempts. Continue to monitor for reappearance from other IPs in the same ASN (ip-145-239-154.eu).

2. Restrict Access to /cgi-bin/

Limit or disable public access to /CFIDE/ directories if ColdFusion is not required. If ColdFusion is in use, restrict access to admin/utility components like /CFIDE/componentutils/ to trusted IPs or internal networks only.

3. Harden Against Path Traversal

Verify that ColdFusion is fully patched. Disable unused components and ensure error pages do not leak stack traces or version information. Confirm directory listing is disabled.

4. Enable or Tune WAF Rules

Configure the Web Application Firewall to detect and block:

- Requests to /CFIDE/* from untrusted sources
- Automated reconnaissance patterns targeting ColdFusion components
- Suspicious or spoofed User-Agent strings that mimic browsers but originate from mass scanners

5. Investigate Suspicious User-Agent (libredtail-http)

Review logs for other requests from IP 145.239.154.85 with the same User-Agent string

```
Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) Chrome/94.0.4606.81.
```

Spoofed UA strings are common in scanning tools — correlate with request frequency and target paths.

6. Expand Threat Hunting via Threat Intelligence

Monitor for related activity from the domain ip-145-239-154. eu and other malicious IPs flagged in VirusTotal or AbuseIPDB. Add these indicators to watchlists for early detection.

7. Correlate in Historical Logs

Search Splunk/QRadar for additional requests to /CFIDE/ or other ColdFusion endpoints in the last 30–60 days. Look for any non-404 responses or POST requests that might indicate exploitation attempts.

8. Validate QRadar SIEM Offense

The detection was initially triggered in **QRadar (Severity 9 offense)**. Verify that correlation rules are tuned to generate alerts for similar exploitation attempts.

9. Continuous Monitoring

Set up alerting for future attempts targeting /CFIDE/componentutils/. Escalate if you observe successful responses (200/500), file uploads, or command execution attempts.