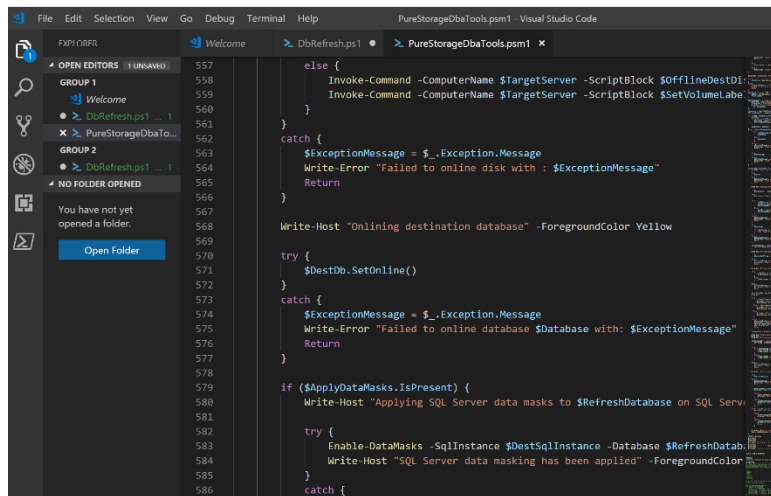


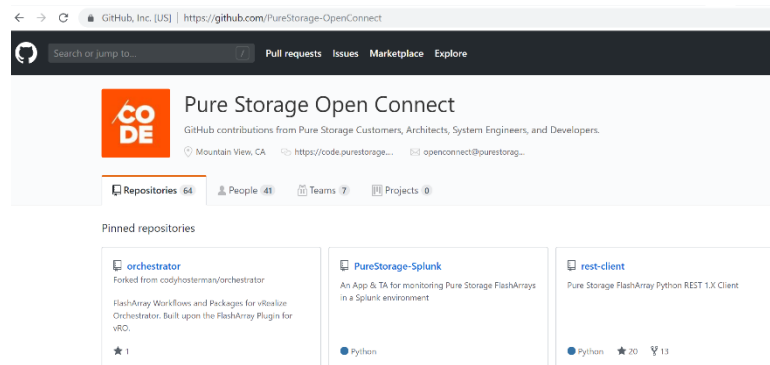
SQL SERVER DATABASE DEVOPS

HOW DEVELOPERS VIEW THE WORLD



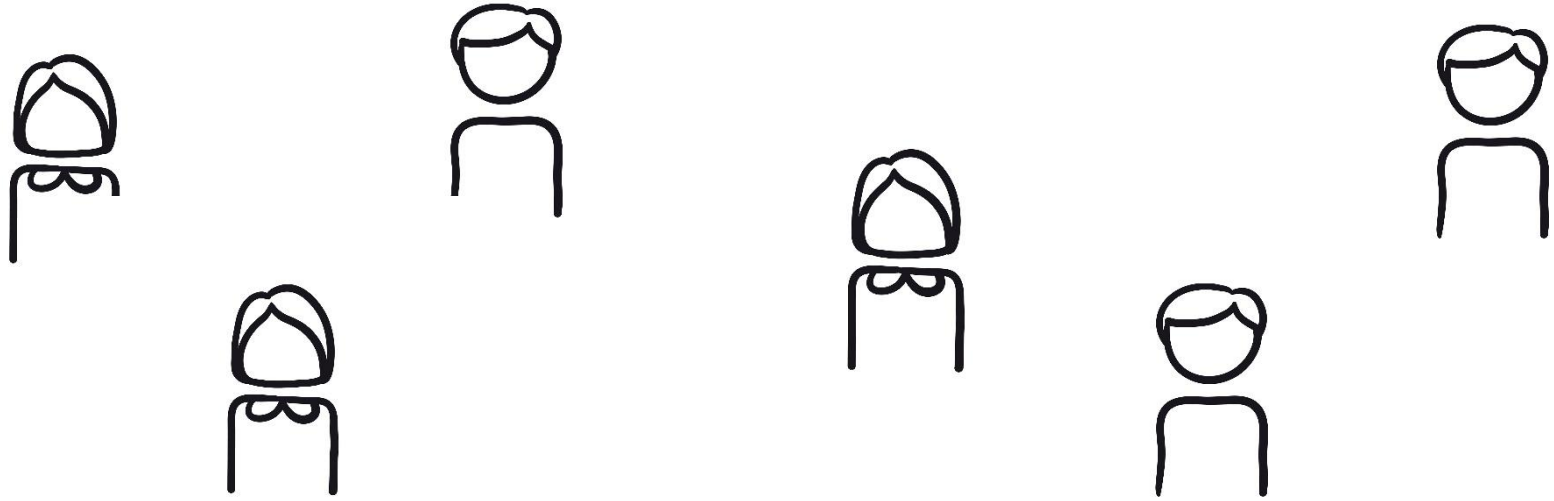
The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with a PowerShell script named `PureStorageDbTools.psm1` open. The script contains logic for connecting to a database, handling exceptions, and applying data masks. The code is as follows:

```
557 else {
558     Invoke-Command -ComputerName $TargetServer -ScriptBlock $OfflineDestDL
559     Invoke-Command -ComputerName $TargetServer -ScriptBlock $SetVolumeLabel
560 }
561 }
562 catch {
563     $ExceptionMessage = $_.Exception.Message
564     Write-Error "Failed to online disk with : $ExceptionMessage"
565     Return
566 }
567 Write-Host "Onlining destination database" -ForegroundColor Yellow
568
569 try {
570     $DestDb.SetOnline()
571 }
572 catch {
573     $ExceptionMessage = $_.Exception.Message
574     Write-Error "Failed to online database $Database with: $ExceptionMessage"
575     Return
576 }
577
578 if ($ApplyDataMasks.IsPresent) {
579     Write-Host "Applying SQL Server data masks to $RefreshDatabase on SQL Serv
580
581     try {
582         Enable-DataMasks -SqlInstance $DestSqlInstance -Database $RefreshDatab
583         Write-Host "SQL Server data masking has been applied" -ForegroundColor
584     }
585     catch {
```



developers also tend to work in teams . . .

TEAM BASED SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

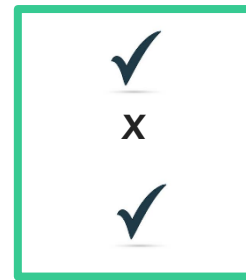


How do you **integrate** changes from multiple developers into a single coherent piece of software that works ?

CONTINUOUS INTEGRATION (CI)

Continuous Integration (CI) is a development practice that requires developers to integrate code into a shared repository several times a day. Each check-in is then verified by an automated build, allowing teams to detect problems early.

CI PIPELINE 101




1. Check out
code

2. Build artifact

3. Deploy artifact
to target

4. Run tests

WHY DO CI PIPELINES MATTER ?




PIPELINE CONF
20 MARCH 2018
LONDON, UK

DAVE FARLEY

OPTIMISING
CONTINUOUS DELIVERY
Play (k)

The Pipeline is a Strategic Resource

- It is the only channel to production
- All change in production flows through it
- So if it breaks or goes slow, the impact is enormous

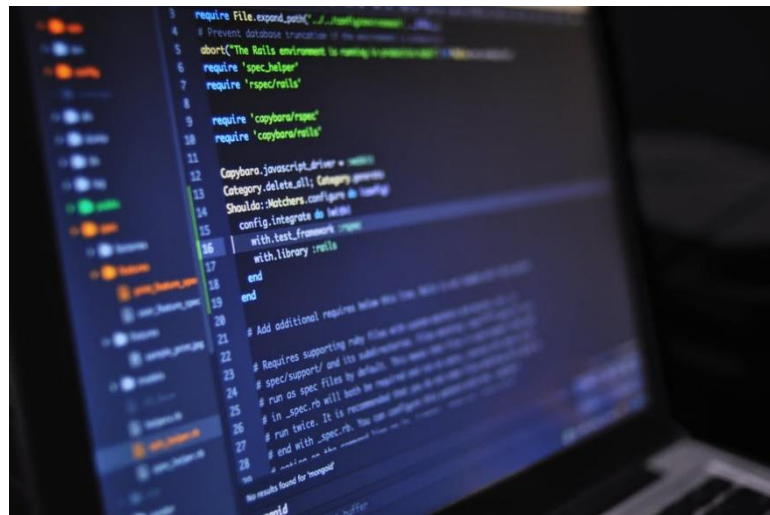


SOMETHING NEEDS TO RUN THE PIPELINE

Continuous integration
engines



PIPELINE AS CODE, BUT WHY ?



Which approach leads to better reusability, extensibility, repeatable results and better automation ?

“TALK IS CHEAP, SHOW ME THE CODE”

LINUS TORVALDS
CREATOR OF LINUX AND GIT



STORING THE PIPELINE WITH THE SOURCE CODE

The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page. At the top, the repository name is 'PureStorage-OpenConnect / Jenkins-Fa-Snapshot-Ci-Pipeline-Adv'. It has 8 watchers, 0 stars, and 0 forks. Below the repository name, there are tabs for 'Code', 'Issues', 'Pull requests', 'Projects', 'Wiki', 'Insights', and 'Settings'. The 'Code' tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a description: 'Jenkins CI pipeline which illustrates testing and database refreshes in parallel'. Below the description, there are statistics: 28 commits, 1 branch, 0 releases, 1 contributor, and Apache-2.0 license. Below the statistics, there are buttons for 'Branch: master', 'New pull request', 'Create new file', 'Upload files', 'Find File', and 'Clone or download'. Below the buttons, there is a list of files and their commit history. The file 'Jenkinsfile' is highlighted with a red box.

PureStorage-OpenConnect / Jenkins-Fa-Snapshot-Ci-Pipeline-Adv

Unwatch 8 Star 0 Fork 0

<> Code Issues 0 Pull requests 0 Projects 0 Wiki Insights Settings

Jenkins CI pipeline which illustrates testing and database refreshes in parallel

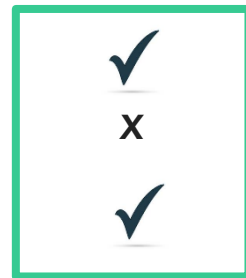
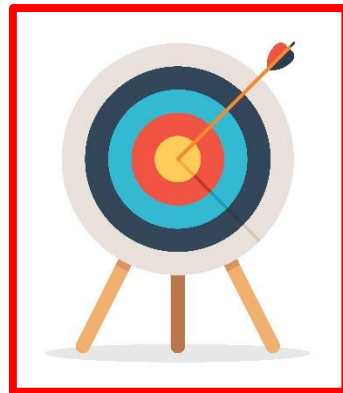
Manage topics


28 commits 1 branch 0 releases 1 contributor Apache-2.0

Branch: master New pull request Create new file Upload files Find File Clone or download

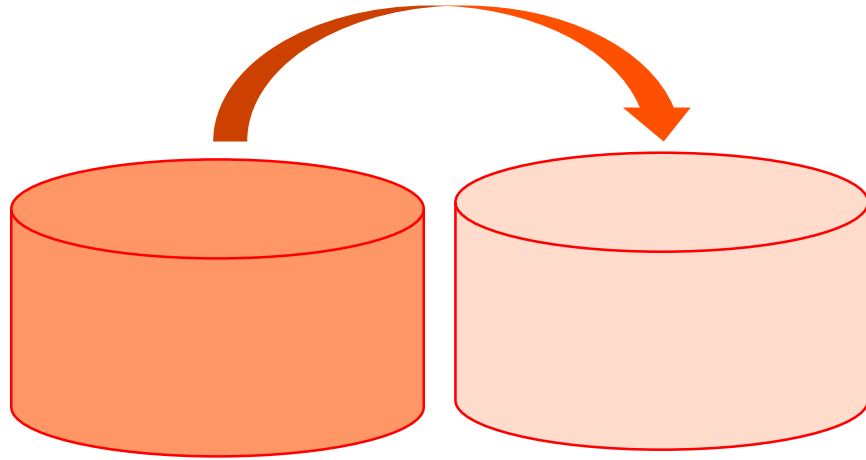
File	Commit	Time
.vs/Jenkins-Fa-Snapshot-Ci-Pipeline-Adv/v15	Initial commit	a day ago
Jenkins-Fa-Snapshot-Ci-Pipeline-Adv	sqlproj file correction	a day ago
Jenkins-Fa-Snapshot-Ci-Pipeline-Adv.sln	Initial commit	a day ago
Jenkinsfile	Update Jenkinsfile	18 hours ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	a day ago
README.md	Initial commit	a day ago

A COMMON PROBLEM



- 
- Deployment target data differs from production data
 - Deployment target is slow and cumbersome to provision or refresh

A SOLUTION



Use a snapshot based database refresh to refresh the target

WRITING SCRIPTS, A GOOD ANALOGY



A MODULE TO DO THE HEAVY LIFTING

```
Install-Module -Name PureStorageDbTools
```

```
Get-Command -Module PureStorageDbTools
```

Command Type	Name
-----	-----
Function	Invoke-DynamicDataMasking
Function	Invoke-PfaDbRefresh
Function	Invoke-StaticDataMasking
Function	Invoke-PfaDbSnapshot

FULLY SELF DOCUMENTED

```
Get-Help [Function]
```

```
Get-Help [Function] -Detailed
```

```
Get-Help [Function] -Full
```

```
Get-Help [Function] -Examples
```

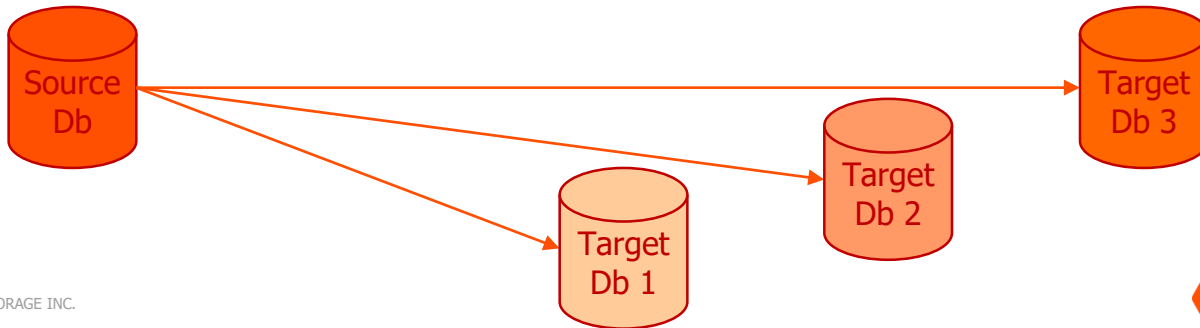
SECURITY

```
$Pwd = Get-Content 'C:\Temp\Secure-Credentials.txt' | ConvertTo-SecureString  
$Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential("pureuser", $pwd)  
Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase tpch-no-compression `  
                    -RefreshSource    Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSPRD `  
                    -DestSqlInstance  Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSIAT `  
                    -PfaEndpoint      10.225.112.10 `  
                    -PfaCredentials  $Creds
```



1:M DATABASE REFRESHES

```
$Pwd = Get-Content 'C:\Temp\Secure-Credentials.txt' | ConvertTo-SecureString
$Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential("pureuser", `
                                                                $pwd)
$Targets = @( 'Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSDEV1', `
              'Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSDEV2', `
              'Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSDEV3' )
Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase tpch-no-compression `
                   -RefreshSource Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSPRD `
                   -DestSqlInstance $Targets `
                   -PfaEndpoint 10.225.112.10 `
                   -PfaCredentials $Creds
```



SNAPSHOT A DATABASE

```
$Pwd = Get-Content 'C:\Temp\Secure-Credentials.txt' | ConvertTo-SecureString  
$Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential("pureuser", ` $pwd)  
  
New-PfaDbRefresh -Database      tpch-no-compression `   
                -SqlInstance   Z-STN-WIN2016-A\DEVOPSPRD `   
                -PfaEndpoint    10.225.112.10 `   
                -PfaCredentials $Creds
```

DATA MASKING: STATIC

```
New-DbadbMaskingConfig -SqlInstance z-sql-prd `
                        -Database tpch-no-compression `
                        -Path D:\apps\datamasks\z-sql-prd.tpch-no-compression.tables.json

StaticDataMaskFile = "D:\apps\datamasks\z-sql-prd.tpch-no-compression.tables.json"
$Targets = @("z-sql2016-devops-tst", "z-sql2016-devops-dev")
Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase      tpch-no-compression `
                    -RefreshSource        z-sql-prd `
                    -DestSqlInstance      $Targets `
                    -PfaEndpoint          10.225.112.10 `
                    -PfaCredentials       $Creds `
                    -StaticDataMasksFile  $StaticDataMaskFile
```

DATA MASKING: DYNAMIC

```
$Targets = @("z-sql2016-devops-tst", "z-sql2016-devops-dev")
Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase tpch-no-compression `
                  -RefreshSource      z-sql-prd `
                  -DestSqlInstance    $Targets `
                  -PfaEndpoint        10.225.112.10 `
                  -PfaCredentials     $Creds `
                  -ApplyDataMasks
```

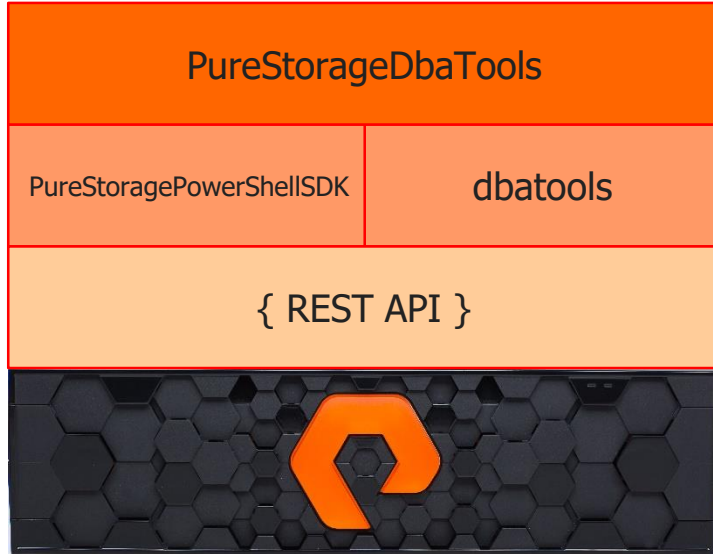
Leverages SQL Server dynamic data masking

DB REFRESH ORCHESTRATION VIA ANSIBLE

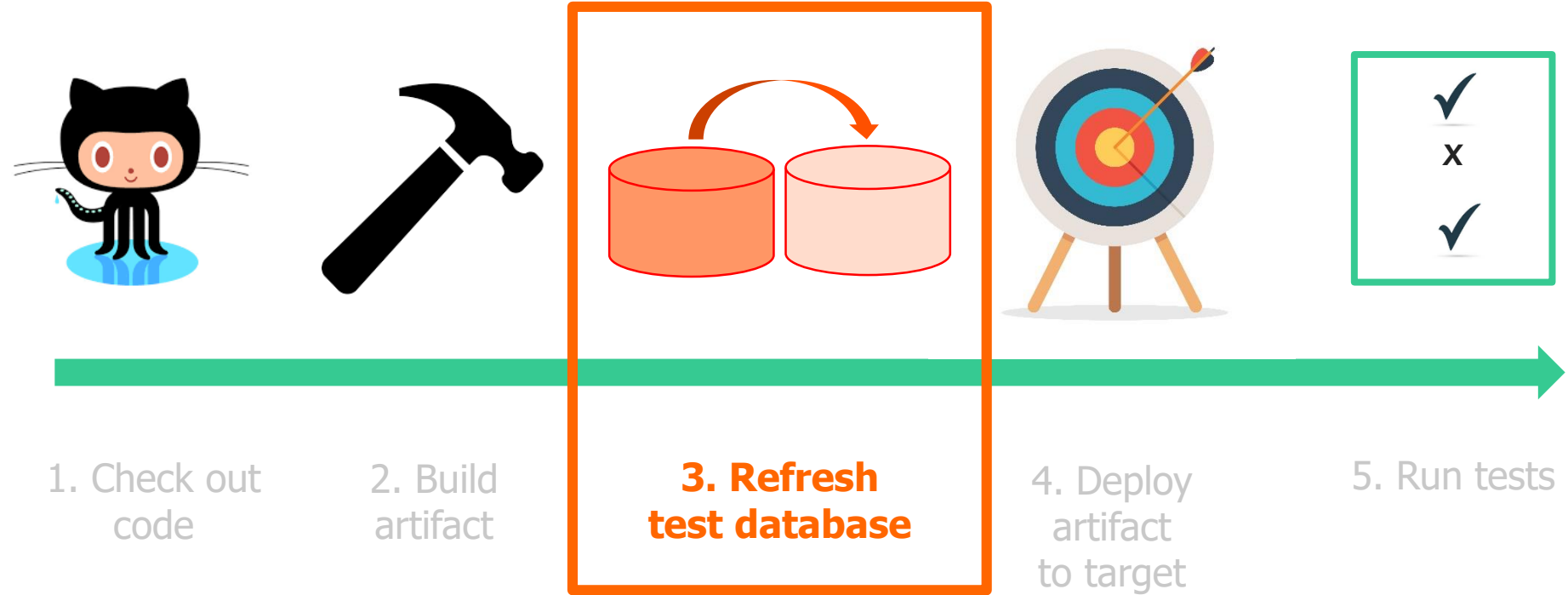
[BLOG POST LINK](#)

```
3 - name: PowerShell MS SQL Database refresh
4 hosts: z-stn-win2016-a
5 gather_facts: no
6 vars_files:
7 - vars/ps.yaml
8
9 tasks:
10
11 # Include Pure Storage PowerShell DBA tools
12 - include: tasks/setupPS.yaml
13
14 # PowerShell database refresh
15 - name: PowerShell Database Snapshot
16 win_shell: |
17 $Pwd = Get-Content 'C:\Temp\Secure-Credentials.txt' | ConvertTo-SecureString
18 $Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential ("pureuser", $pwd)
19 New-PfaDbSnapshot -Database tpch-no-compression `
20                 -SqlInstance {{ dbSource }} `
21                 -PfaEndpoint {{ pEndpoint }} `
22                 -PfaCredentials $Creds
23
24 args:
25 chg_dir: "{{ tgt_dir }}"
26 register: snapshot
27
28 # - debug:
29 # msg: "Refreshing database using snapshot name {{ snapshot }}"
30
31 - set_fact:
32 sName: "{{ snapshot.stdout_lines | select('match','name.*') | list | first }}"
33
34 - set_fact:
35 snapName: "{{ sName[10:] }}"
36
37 # - debug:
38 # msg: "Refreshing database using snapshot name {{ snapName }}"
39
40 - name: PowerShell Database Refresh
41 win_shell: |
42 $Pwd = Get-Content 'C:\Temp\Secure-Credentials.txt' | ConvertTo-SecureString
43 $Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential ("pureuser", $pwd)
44 Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase tpch-no-compression `
45                   -RefreshSource {{ snapName }} `
46                   -DestSqlInstance {{ dbTarget }} `
47                   -PfaEndpoint {{ pEndpoint }} `
48                   -PfaCredentials $Creds `
49                   -RefreshFromSnapshot
50
51 register: refresh
52
53 - debug: msg="{{ refresh.stdout_lines }}"
```

LAYERS OF THE "SOLUTION STACK"



INTEGRATES EASILY INTO CI PIPELINES



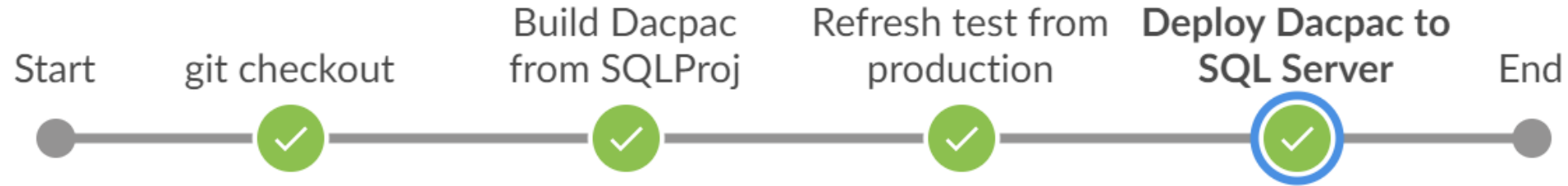
DATABASE REFRESH WITH JENKINS

```
stage('Refresh test from production')
{
    timeout(time:5, unit:'MINUTES') {
        withCredentials([string(credentialsId: 'PfaCredentialsFile', variable: 'PfaCredentialsFile'),
            string(credentialsId: 'PfaUser', variable: 'PfaUser')]) {
            powershell 'Import-Module -Name PureStorageDbTools; ' +
                '\$Pwd = Get-Content ' + "${PfaCredentialsFile}" + ' | ConvertTo-SecureString; ' +
                '\$Creds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential(\' ' + "${PfaUser}" + '\',\$Pwd); ' +
                'Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase ' + "${params.Database}" +
                    ' -RefreshSource ' + "${params.SourceInstance}" +
                    ' -DestSqlInstance ' + "${params.DestInstance}" +
                    ' -PfaEndpoint ' + "${params.PfaEndpoint}" +
                    ' -PfaCredentials \$Creds'
        }
    }
}
```


AZURE PIPELINE DATABASE REFRESH

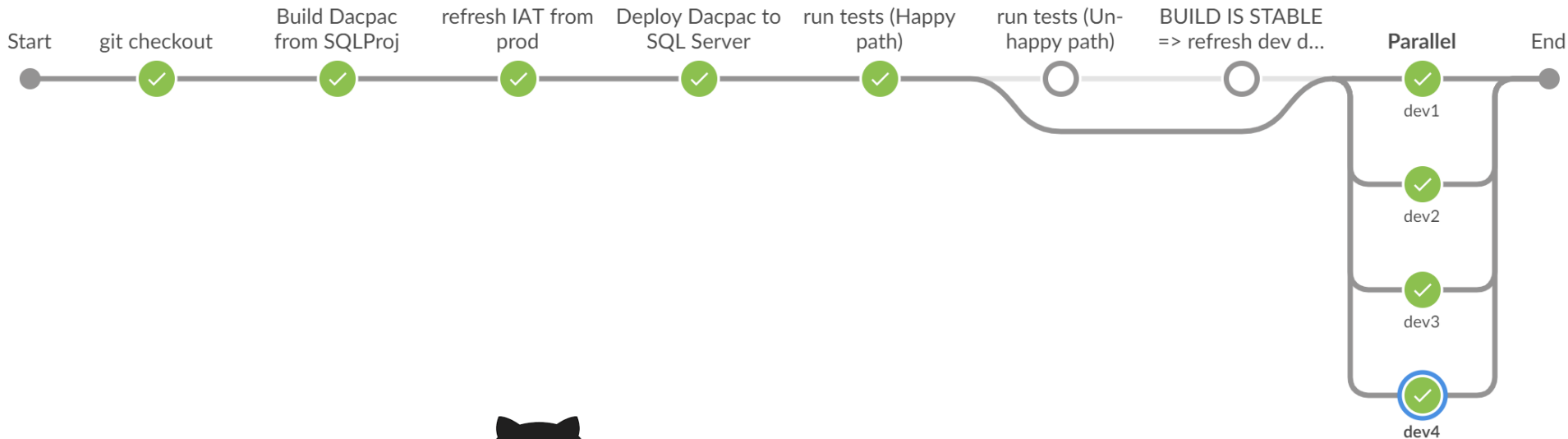
```
1  #
2  # Example Azure DevOps pipeline to:
3  #
4  # 1. Checkout a SQL Server data tools project
5  # 2. Build the project into a DACPAC
6  # 3. Refresh a development database from pseudo production, this is carried out by
7  #    a call to the Invoke-PfaDbRefresh function from the PureStorageDbTools PoSH module
8  # 4. Apply the DACPAC to the development database
9  #
10 trigger:
11   - master
12
13 pool: $(agentPool)
14
15 steps:
16   - task: MSBuild@1
17     displayName: 'Build DACPAC'
18     inputs:
19       solution: 'AzureDevops-Fa-Snapshot-CI-Pipeline.sln'
20       msbuildArguments: '/property:OutDir=bin\Release'
21   # Create a secret variable
22   - powershell: |
23       $securePassword = ConvertTo-SecureString -String '$(pfaPassword)' -AsPlainText -Force
24       $pfaCreds = New-Object System.Management.Automation.PSCredential '$(pfaUsername)', $securePassword
25       Invoke-PfaDbRefresh -RefreshDatabase $(refreshDatabase) `
26                           -RefreshSource $(refreshSource) `
27                           -DestSqlInstance $(refreshTarget) `
28                           -PfaEndpoint $(pfaEndpoint) `
29                           -PfaCredentials $pfaCreds
```

A SIMPLE EXAMPLE



GitHub repo

A MORE COMPLEX EXAMPLE



GitHub repo



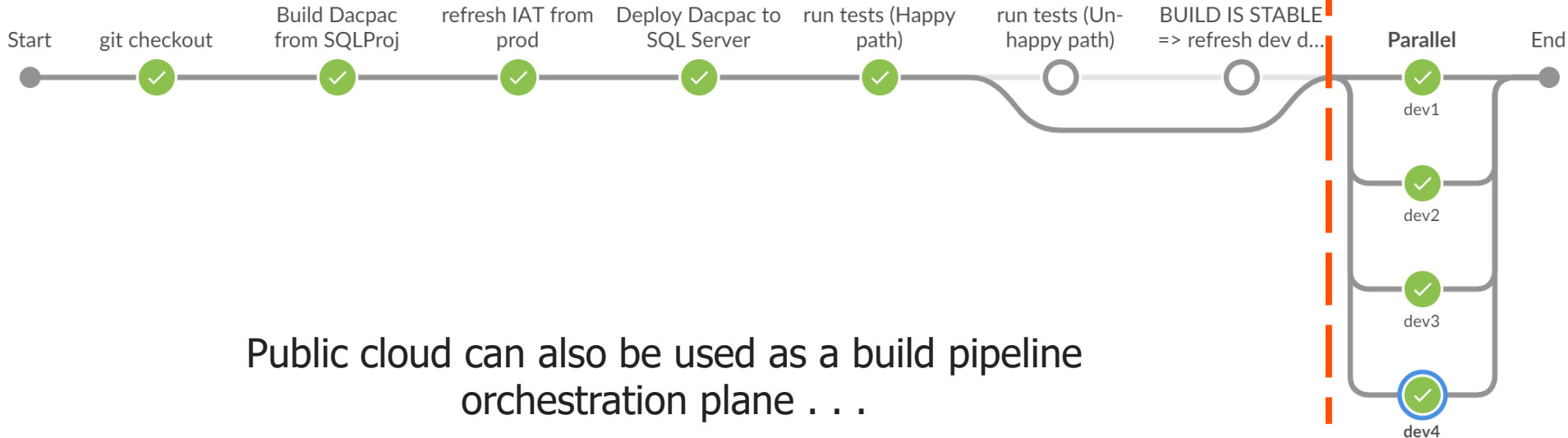
Leveraging The Public Cloud

AN EXAMPLE PIPELINE



DEVELOPMENT DATABASES IN THE CLOUD

On-premises

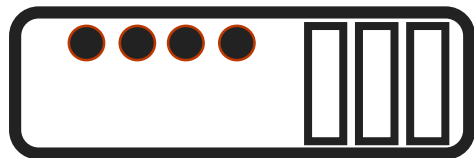


Public cloud can also be used as a build pipeline orchestration plane . . .

ON-PREM PIPELINE ORCHESTRATED IN THE AZURE CLOUD

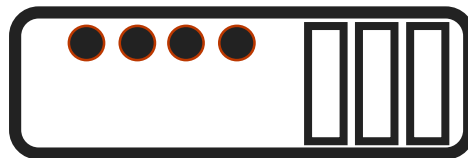


Azure Pipelines



Build agent server

- Azure Pipelines build agent for Windows
- msbuild for SQL Server targets
- SQL Server Data Tools
- PureStorageDbTools PoSH module



SQL Server database server

{ REST }



Self-hosted
build agents
on-premises

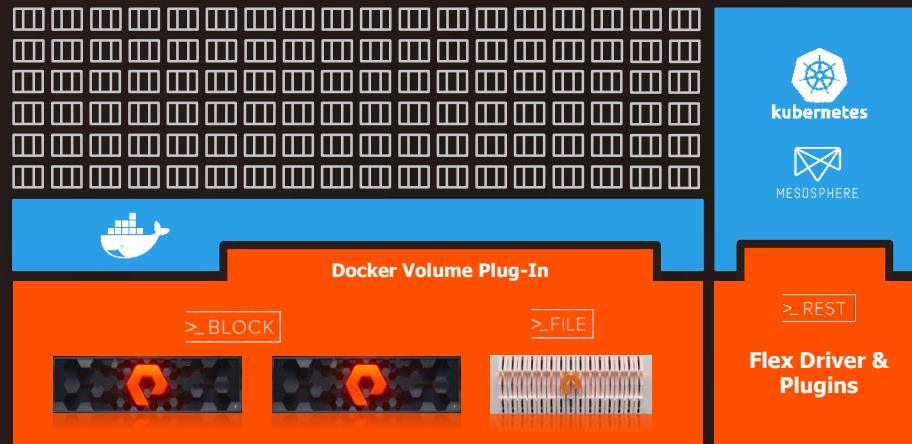
CONTAINERS



A GOOD ANALOGY



PURE SERVICE ORCHESTRATOR



AGENTS

- **“Build agents”**
 - Pull code from repos
 - Turn code into deployable artifacts
 - Run tests
 - Can run in a variety of ways



AGENTS AS CONTAINERS

```
pipeline {  
  agent {  
    docker { image 'node:7-alpine' }  
  }  
  stages {  
    stage('Test') {  
      steps {  
        sh 'node --version'  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}
```

AZURE PIPELINES AGENT POOLS

← → ↺ https://dev.azure.com/cadkin/_settings/agentpools?poolId=9&a=agents ☆ ↻ C ⋮

Azure DevOps cadkin / Organization Settings / Agent pools 🔍 Search ☰ 📁 CA

🔔 **New Organization Permissions Settings Page:** We have updated the Permissions settings user experience. Try out this Preview feature! [Try it!](#) [Not now](#)

Organization Settings

- General
 - Overview
 - Projects
 - Users
 - Billing
 - Global notifications
 - Usage
 - Extensions
 - Azure Active Directory

New agent pool...

- All agent pools
 - Default
 - Hosted
 - Hosted macOS
 - Hosted macOS High Sierra
 - Hosted Ubuntu 1604
 - Hosted VS2017
 - Hosted Windows 2019 with ...
 - Hosted Windows Container
 - Self Hosted Win2016

Agents for pool Self Hosted Win2016

[Download agent](#)

- Agents
- Roles
- Details
- Settings
- Maintenance history

Enabled	Name	State	Current stat	Requests	Capabilities
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Z-SQL-UTIL	Online	Idle		

ID	Type	Pipeline	Name	Date queued
162	Build	chrisadkin.AzureDevO...	20190412.2	4/12/2019 5
161	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.25	2/18/2019 4
160	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.24	2/18/2019 4
159	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.23	2/18/2019 4
158	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.22	2/18/2019 4
157	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.21	2/18/2019 4
156	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.20	2/18/2019 4
155	Build	PureStorage-OpenCon...	20190218.19	2/18/2019 4

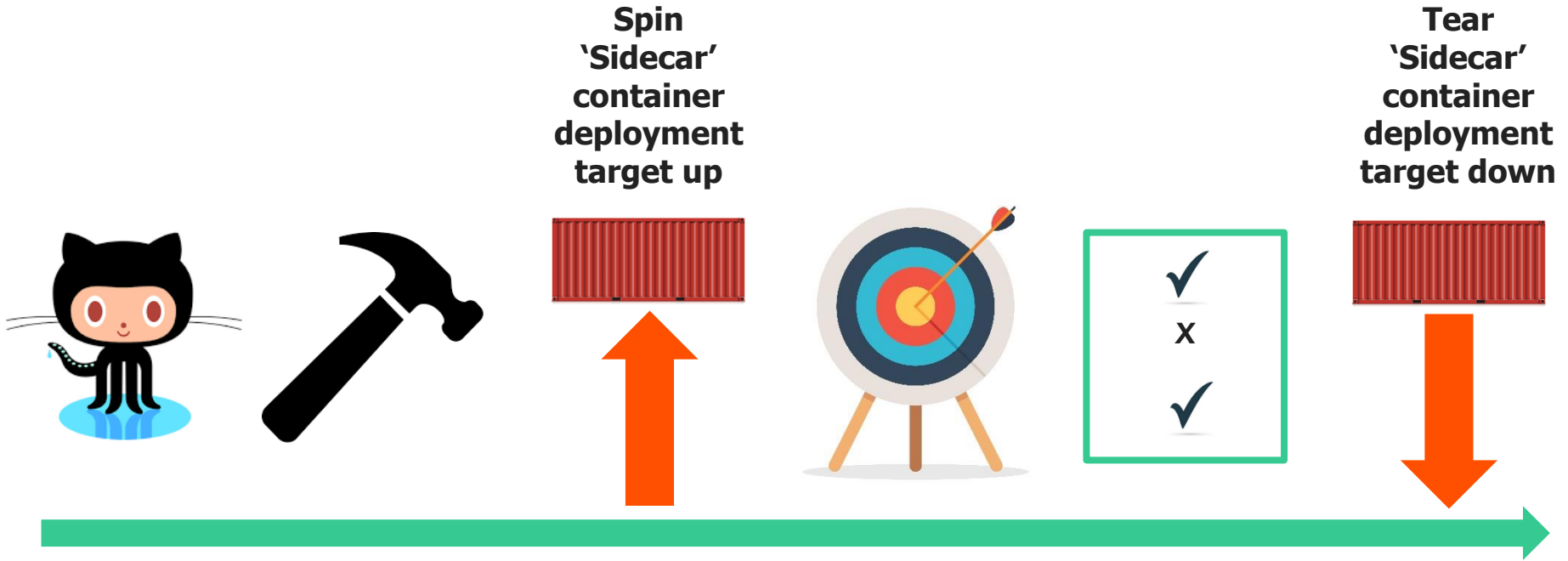
SIDECARS

“This pattern is named *Sidecar* because it resembles a sidecar attached to a motorcycle. In the pattern, the sidecar is attached to a parent application and provides supporting features for the application.”

From Azure architecture patterns

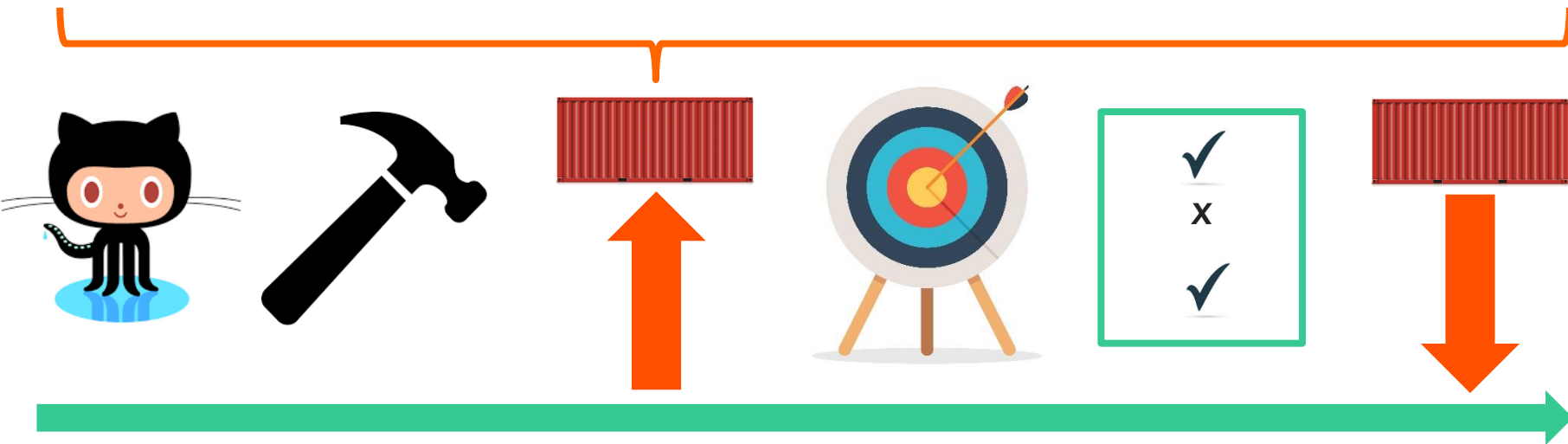


'SIDE CARS' IN A CI PIPELINE

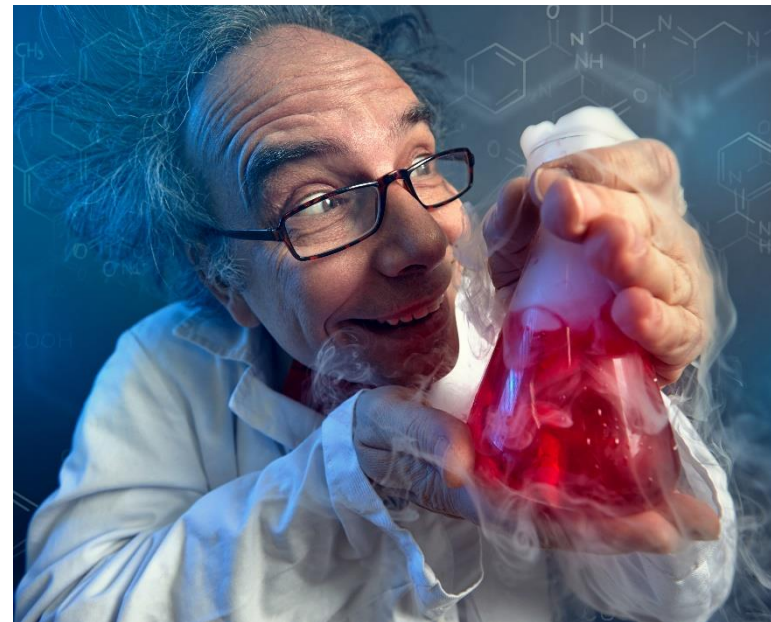


STATEFUL 'SIDECARS' IN A CI PIPELINE

```
docker run -v ${VOLUME_NAME}:/var/opt/mssql -e "ACCEPT_EULA=Y" -e "SA_PASSWORD=P@ssword1"  
--name ${CONTAINER_NAME} -d -i -p ${PORT_NUMBER}:1433 microsoft/mssql-server-linux:2017-GA
```



Demonstrations



Takeaway Points

1. The CI pipeline is the conduit of software delivery from development to production,
2. How FlashArray can be leveraged in CI pipelines,
3. Value of CI-pipelines-as-code,
3. REST API as a starting point for solutions,
4. Patterns for leveraging the public cloud in CI pipelines,
5. Use of containers and PSO in CI pipelines.

USEFUL RESOURCES

- PureStorageDbTools – available from the PowerShell gallery
- [Orchestrating SQL Server Database Refreshes with Ansible](#)
- [Jenkins FlashArray Db Refresh 'Basic' Pipeline](#)
- [Jenkins FlashArray Pipeline with parallel dev database refresh](#)
- [Azure DevOps FlashArray Pipeline](#)
- [Pure Service Orchestrator](#)



