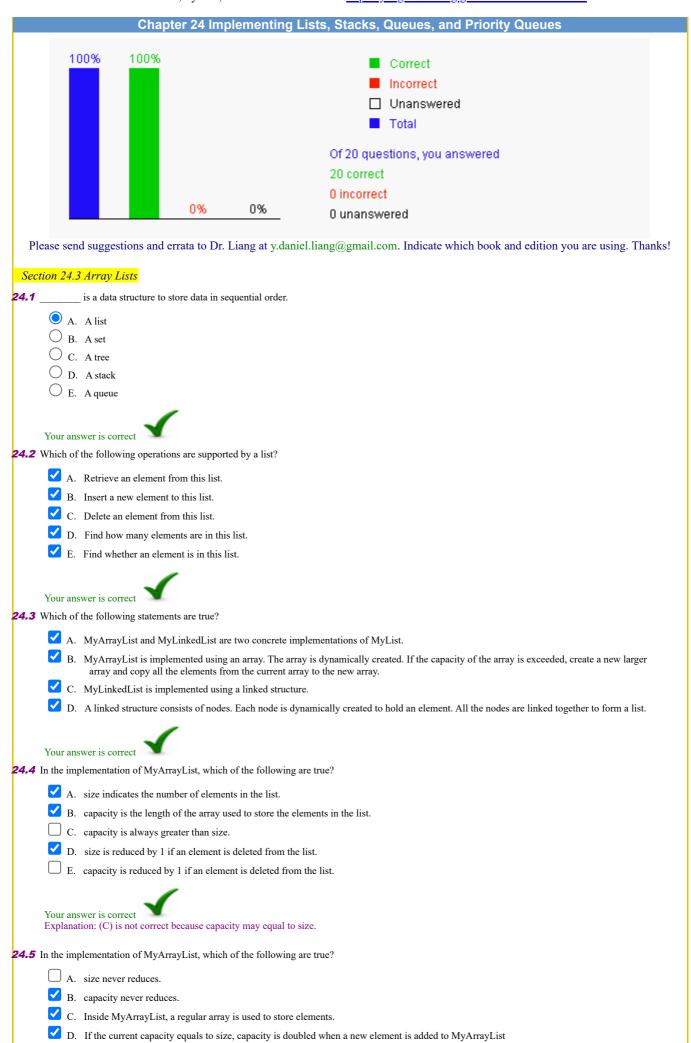
## Introduction to Java Programming, Includes Data Structures, Eleventh Edition, Y. Daniel Liang

This quiz is for students to practice. A large number of additional quiz is available for instructors using Quiz Generator from the Instructor's Resource Website.

Videos for Java, Python, and C++ can be found at <a href="https://yongdanielliang.github.io/revelvideos.html">https://yongdanielliang.github.io/revelvideos.html</a>.



<b>24.6</b> In the implementat	ion of MyLinkedList, which of the following are true?
A. MyLink process	edList contains all the methods defined in MyList. Additionally, MyLinkedList defines several new methods that are appropriate for sing a linked list.
✓ B. MyArra	yList does not introduce new methods. All the methods in MyArrayList are defined in MyList.
C. You can	use a linked list to improve efficiency for adding and removing an element anywhere in a list.
🗸 D. You sho	uld use an array list if your application does not require adding and removing an element anywhere in a list.
Your answer is co	rrect
<b>24.7</b> In the implementat	ion of MyLinkedList, which of the following are true?
✓ A. Node is	defined as an inner class inside MyLinkedList.
✓ B. Node is	defined as a static inner class inside MyLinkedList because it does not reference any instance data fields in MyLinkedList.
_	s a property named next that links to the node after this node.
	is a property named element that stores an element.
Your answer is co	rrect
	ion of MyLinkedList, which of the following are true?
	edList has a capacity property.
	edList has the properties named first and last to point to the nodes in a linked list.
	ed list is empty, first is null and last is null.
	ed list contains one element, first points to the node and last is null.
E. last.next	is always null.
Your answer is co Explanation: (D)	rrect is partially wrong, last and first points to the same node if a linked list contains one node.
<b>24.9</b> MyArrayList is mo	re efficient than MyLinkedList for the following operations:
O A. Insert/de	elete an element in the middle of the list.
O B. Insert/de	elete an element in the beginning of the list.
C. Append	an element at the end of the list.
O D. Retrieve	e an element at given the index.
Your answer is co	rrect
Explanation: See	Fable 24.1.
<b>24.10</b> MyLinkedList is	more efficient than MyArrayList for the following operations:
_	elete an element in the middle of the list.
	elete an element in the beginning of the list
_	an element at the end of the list.
O D. Retrieve	e an element at given the index.
Your answer is co Explanation: See	
<b>24.11</b> Suppose list1 is a	MyArrayList and list2 is a MyLinkedList. Both contains 1 million double values. Analyze the following code:
A: while (list1 list1.remo	
B: while (list2 list2.remo	
O A. Code fra	agment A runs faster than code fragment B.
B. Code fra	agment B runs faster than code fragment A.
C. Code fra	agment A runs as fast as code fragment B.

**24.12** Suppose list1 is an MyArrayList and list2 is a MyLinkedList. Both contains 1 million double values. Analyze the following code:

Your answer is correct

while (list1.size() > 0) list1.remove(size() - 1); while (list2.size() > 0) list2.remove(size() - 1); A. Code fragment A runs faster than code fragment B. B. Code fragment B runs faster than code fragment A. C. Code fragment A runs as fast as code fragment B. Your answer is correct 24.13 Suppose list1 is an MyArrayList and list2 is a MyLinkedList. Both contains 1 million double values. Analyze the following code: for (int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)</pre> list1.add(0, i);

for (int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)</pre> list2.add(0, i);

- A. Code fragment A runs faster than code fragment B.
- B. Code fragment B runs faster than code fragment A.
- C. Code fragment A runs as fast as code fragment B.

Your answer is correct

**24.14** Suppose list1 is an MyArrayList and list2 is a MyLinkedList. Both contains 1 million double values. Analyze the following code:

for (int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)</pre> list1.add(i); for (int i = 0; i < 100000; i++)</pre> list2.add(i);

- A. Code fragment A runs faster than code fragment B.
- B. Code fragment B runs faster than code fragment A.
- O. Code fragment A runs as fast as code fragment B.

Your answer is correct

**24.15** Suppose list1 is a MyArrayList and list2 is a MyLinkedList. Both contains 1 million double values. Analyze the following code:

for (int i = 0; i < list1.size(); i++)</pre> sum += list1.get(i); for (int i = 0; i < list2.size(); i++)</pre> sum += list2.get(i);

- A. Code fragment A is more efficient that code fragment B.
- B. Code fragment B is more efficient that code fragment A.
- C. Code fragment A is as efficient as code fragment B.

Your answer is correct



## Section 24.5 Stacks and Queues

**24.16** Which of the following are true?

- A. A stack can be viewed as a special type of list, where the elements are accessed, inserted, and deleted only from the end, called the top, of the
- B. A queue represents a waiting list. A queue can be viewed as a special type of list, where the elements are inserted into the end (tail) of the queue, and are accessed and deleted from the beginning (head) of the queue.
- C. Since the insertion and deletion operations on a stack are made only at the end of the stack, you can use either an ArrayList or a LinkedList. However, ArrayList has less overhead than LinkedList.
- D. Since deletions are made at the beginning of the list, it is more efficient to implement a queue using a LinkedList than an ArrayList.

Your answer is correct Explanation: See the first paragraph.

A. MyStack contains all the methods defined in MyArrayList.	
B. MyQueue contains all the methods defined in MyLinkedList.	
✓ C. MyStack contains an array list for storing elements.	
✓ D. MyQueue contains a linked list for storing elements.	
Your answer is correct	
Section 24.6 Priority Queues	
<b>24.18</b> Which data structure is appropriate to store patients in an emergency room?	
O A. Stack	
O B. Queue	
C. Priority Queue	
O. Linked List	
Your answer is correct	
<b>24.19</b> Which data structure is appropriate to store customers in a clinic for taking flu shots?	
A. Stack	
B. Queue	
C. Priority Queue	
D. Array List	
© E. Linked List	
Your answer is correct	
Your answer is correct  24.20 Suppose the rule of the party is that the participants who arrive later will leave earlier. Which data structure is appropriate to store the participants?	
A. Stack	
O B. Queue	
C. Array List	
O D. Linked List	
Your answer is correct	