FORMS OF MATTER

- 1. In which of the following conditions, the distance between the molecules of hydrogen gas would increase?
- (i) Increasing pressure on hydrogen contained in a closed container
- (ii) Some hydrogen gas leaking out of the container
- (iii) Increasing the volume of the container of hydrogen gas
- (iv) Adding more hydrogen gas to the container without increasing the volume of the container
- (a) (i) and (iii)
- (b) (i) and (iv)
- (c) (ii) and (iii)
- (d) (ii) and (iv)

Answer: (c) (ii) and (iii)

- 3. A form of matter has no fixed shape but it has a fixed volume. An example of this form of matter is
- (a) Krypton
- (b) Kerosene
- (c) Carbon steel
- (d) Carbon dioxide

Answer: (b) Kerosene

- 5. The correct procedure of heating iron-sulphur mixture to prepare iron sulphide is::
- (a) Heat the powder mixture at the base of the test tube using a blue flame throughout.
- (b) Heat the iron filings and sulphur mixture in the middle of the test tube using yellow flame throughout.
- (c) Heat the powder mixture at the top of the test tube using an orange flame throughout.
- (d) Heat the iron filings-sulphur mixture at 3/4 quarters of the test tube using a red flame throughout.

Answer: (a) Heat the powder mixture at the base of the test tube using a blue flame throughout.

- 12. Which of the following cannot be considered a form of matter?
- (a) Atom
- (b) Water
- (c) Humidity

(d) Electron
Answer: (c) Humidity
2.The products of neutralization reactions are
Salt and water
Acid and base
Base and salt
Salt and acid
ANSWER : Salt and water
Explanation :
4.The common element present in all the acids is
Hydrogen
Nitrogen
Oxygen
Carbon
ANSWER : Hydrogen
Explanation:
3.Proteins are body builders and they contain
amino acids
nucleic acids
fatty acids

organic acids
ANSWER : amino acids
Explanation :
4.Alkalis
have a sour taste
turn blue litmus into red
turn phenolphthalein pink
turn methyl orange solution pink
ANSWER : turn phenolphthalein pink
Explanation :
5. Soluble bases are called
A sixta
Acids
Salts
Alkalis
All the above
ANSWER : Alkalis
2.The compounds that are responsible for the bright colours and aroma in fruits are
phonolic compounds
phenolic compounds
melanin
organic acids

indicators
ANSWER : phenolic compounds
Explanation:
2.Lichens are the source of
phenolphthalein
methyl orange
dye
litmus
ANSWER : litmus
Explanation:
3.Caustic soda is
Sodium hydroxide
Potassium hydroxide
Calcium hydroxide
Ammonium hydroxide
ANSWER : Sodium hydroxide
Explanation:
4.Cells in the human body contain acids. They are
deoxy ribonucleic acid
amino acids

both (Opt1) and (Opt2)
mineral acids
ANSWER : both (Opt1) and (Opt2)
2.The size of the atom is measured in
kilometre
millimetre
nanometre
micrometre

ANSWER: nanometre