R Programming Exam

- 1. Why R-programming language?
- 2. What are the applications of R-programming language?
- 3. Explain about data types in R programming. With an examples
- 4. Explain about sub setting methods in R programming
- 5. Write R program to demonstrate working with operators (arithmetic, logical, relational and , assignment operators).
- 6. Compare R programming and Python.
- 7. Write a while control structure in a R programming with an example?
- 8. Write a short notes on built in functions in R programming?
- 9. How to declare the date and time functions in R programming?
- 10. How to find the length of a vector with an example.
- 11. x<- ("A","B","C")

is.numeric

- (x) Write the output with explanation
- 12. How to deleting elements of a matrices and arrays.
- 13. Explain about types of vectors with an examples in R programming.
- 14. Write a program to create a matrix using cbind() and rbind() functions
- 15. Define the list give an examples and How to create the list in R programming?
- 16. How to find the size of a list with an example?
- 17. How to create matrix in R programming?
- 18. Define the factors give an example and How to create and access components of a factor.
- 19. Define Strips Charts with an example
- 20. What is dplyr() function? List out the performance of R -dplyr package.
- 21. a What will be the output of the following R function?

b What will be the output of the following R function?

- 22. What will be the output of the following R function?
 - a. d <- diag(5, nrow=2, ncol=2)
 - b. Sys.Date() and Sys.time()
 - c. > x <- 1:3; > y <- 10:12; > rbind(x, y)

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23.
      What will be the output of the following R code?
         > x <- list(1, "a", TRUE, 1 + 4i); > x
         x \leftarrow vector("list", length = 5); > x
         > x <- factor(c("yes", "yes", "no", "yes", "no"))
         > table(x)
         > m <- matrix(1:4, nrow = 2, ncol = 2)
         > dimnames(m) <- list(c("a", "b"), c("c", "d"))
         > m
24.
      What will be the output of the following R code?
      a > x < -1:4
         > y <- 6:9
         > z < - x + y
         > 7
      b. > x < -1:4
         > x > 2
      c. > x < -matrix(1:4, 2, 2)
         > y < -matrix(rep(10, 4), 2, 2)
         > x * y
      d. > x <- as.Date("2012-03-01")
         > y <- as.Date("2012-02-28")
         > x-y
25.
      What will be the output of the following R code?
      a. > x <- as.POSIXct("2012-10-25 01:00:00")
      b. > y <- as.POSIXct("2012-10-25 06:00:00", tz = "GMT")
      c. > y-x
         result <- hist(temperatures,
         main = "Histogram of Temperature",
         xlab = "Temperature in degrees Fahrenheit",
         col = "red",
         xlim = c(50,100),
         ylim = c(0, 5)
         print(result)
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- 1. Write about Scatter Plot and Histogram with R examples. Explain its importance in graphical display of statistical data. Give appropriate examples
- 2. What is a Box Plot? Describe the components of a Box Plot. Construct Box Plot for the following data with R code 100,95,93, 100,92,95, 99,100, 58, 75,78,45, 66,89,93 Construct the Box Plot components for the above data
- 3. Write a R program to find the maximum and the minimum value of a given vector. Explain the functions with syntax.
- 4. i. Illustrate the usage of all logical operator in R. ii. Explain the use of length () and mean() function
- 5. Perform the following operation in data frame:
 - a. Write a R program to add a new column in a given data frame.
 - b. Write a R program to add new row(s) to an existing data frame.
 - c. Write a R program to drop column(s) by name from a given data frame.
 - d. Write a R program to drop row(s) by number from a given data frame.
 - e Write a R program to create inner, outer, left, right join(merge) from given two data frames
- 6. Write a R program to get the length of the first two vectors of a given list. g1=1:10,g2="R Program",g3="HTML".
- 7. Create the dataframe data <- data.frame(x1 = 1:6, x2 = c(1, 2, 2, 3, 1, 2), x3 = c("F", "B", "C", "E", "A", "D"))

Use the following functions

- a. Arrange function
- b. Filter function
- c. Mutate function

- d. Pull function
- e. Rename function
- f. Sample(n) function

- g. Select function
- 8. What will be the output of the following R code? x<-c(2, 4, 6, 8); y<-c(1, 3, 5, 7); plot(x,y
- 9. Give an example program for two data visualization concepts
- 10. Give an example program for two data structure concepts