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Subject: Signals and Systems

Assignment

Question 1



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Q1 $x[n] = \{1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$
 $x[-n] = \{6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0, 1\}$

$x_e[n] = \{2, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 2, 0, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

$x_o[n] = \{3, 5/2, 4/2, 3/2, 2/2, 1/2, 0, 1/2, 2/2, 3/2, 4/2, 5/2, 6\}$
 $x_o[n] = \{1.5, 2.5, 2, 1.5, 1, 0.5, 0, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3\}$

Q2 $x[n] = e^{0.1n} (\mu(n+5) - \mu[n-10])$
 $x[-n] = e^{-0.1n} (\mu[-n+5] - \mu[-n-10])$

$x_e[n] = \frac{e^{0.1n} (\mu(n+5) - \mu[n-10]) + e^{-0.1n} (\mu[-n+5] - \mu[-n-10])}{2}$

$x_o[n] = \frac{e^{0.1n} (\mu(n+5) - \mu[n-10]) - e^{-0.1n} (\mu[-n+5] - \mu[-n-10])}{2}$

Q3 $x[n] = \cos\{0.1\pi n + \pi/4\}$
 $x[-n] = \cos\{-0.1\pi n + \pi/4\}$

$x_e[n] = \frac{2 \cos\{\pi/4\} \cdot \cos\{0.1\pi n\}}{2}$
 $= \frac{\cos\{0.1\pi n\}}{\sqrt{2}}$

$$x_0[n] = \cos - 2\sin \pi/4 \sin 50.1\pi n / 2$$

$$= \frac{-\sin 50.1\pi n}{\sqrt{2}}$$

Q4 $x(t) = \cos(2\pi t) [u(t) - u(t-1)]$

$$x(-t) = -\cos(2\pi t) [u(t) - \cos(2\pi t) u(t-1)]$$

$$y_e(t) = \frac{\cos(2\pi t) (u(t+1) - u(t-1))}{2}$$

$$y_o(t) = \frac{2\cos(2\pi t) u(t) - \cos(2\pi t) u(t-1) - \cos(2\pi t) u(t+1)}{2}$$

Q5 $x(t) = 1 + 1.5 \cos(\pi t/5) - 0.6 \cos(\pi t/5)$

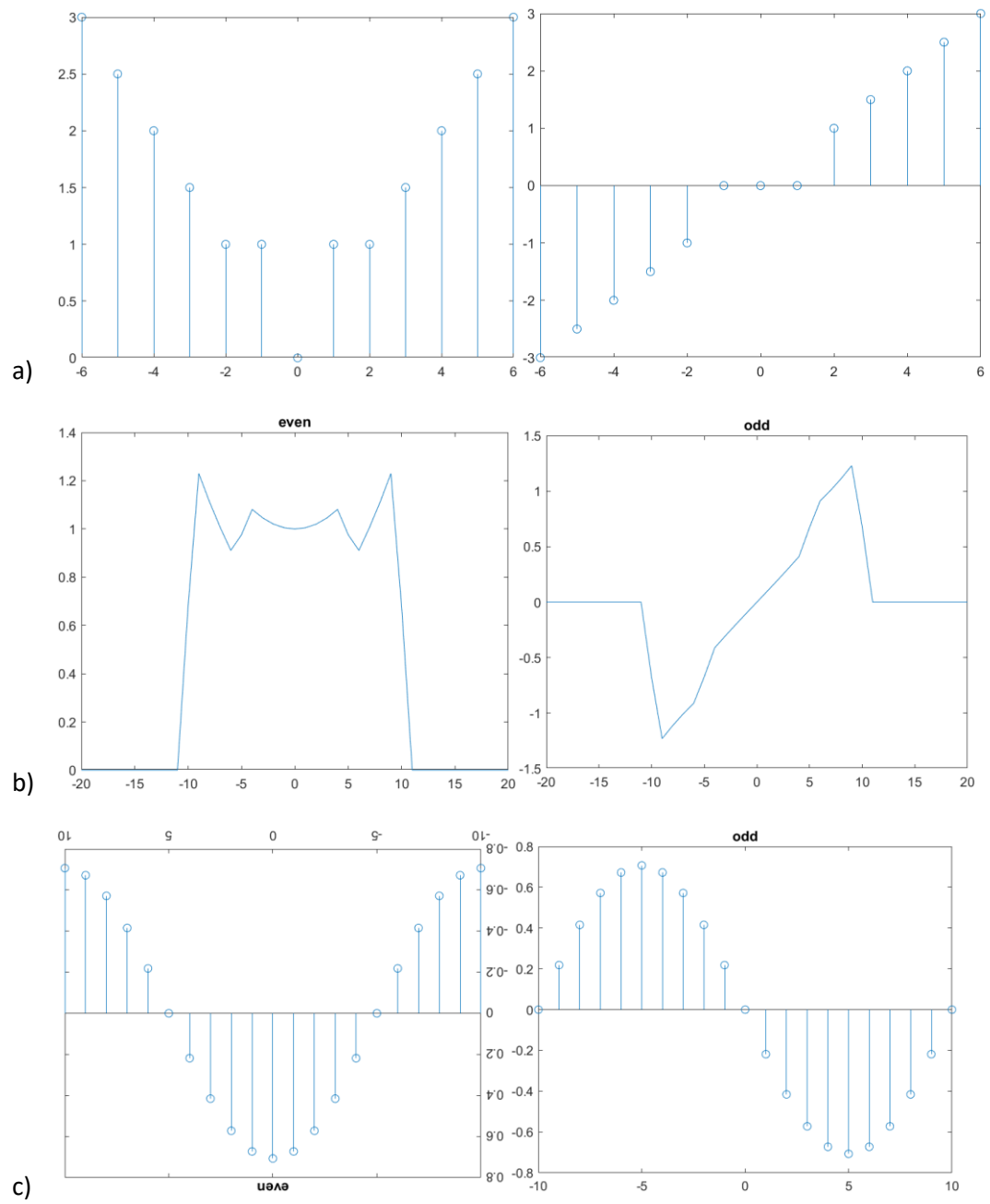
$$y(t) = 1 + 1.5 \cos(\pi t/5) - 0.6 \cos(2\pi t/5)$$

$$y_e(t) = 1 + 1.5 \cos(\pi t/5) - 0.4 \cos(2\pi t/5)$$

$$y_o(t) = 0$$

Q6 $y = \begin{cases} \frac{t}{-t+2} & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ \frac{t}{-t+2} & 1 < t \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{-t}{t+2} & 0 \geq t \geq -1 \\ \frac{-t}{t+2} & -1 > t \geq -2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$



Question 2

$$b) y(t) = (1+j)e^{j\pi t/2}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 10.$$

$$E = \int_0^{10} |1+j|^2 |e^{j\pi t/2}|^2 dt$$

$$= \int_0^{10} 2 dt = 20$$

\therefore energy signal.

$$c) y(t) = 1, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 100$$

$$E = \int_0^{100} (1)^2 dt$$

$$= \int_0^{100} 1 dt =$$

$$= [t]_0^{100}$$

$$\boxed{E = 100}$$

$$P = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2T} \int_0^{100} 1 dt$$

$$\boxed{P = 0}$$

$$P = 0$$

$$d) x(t) = \begin{cases} 2\cos(4t - \pi/4), & t \geq 0 \\ 0, & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$E = \int_0^{\infty} 4\cos^2(4t - \pi/4) dt$$

$$= 2 \int_0^{\infty} 1 + \sin(8t - \pi/2) da$$

$$E = \infty$$

$$P = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2T} \int_0^{\infty} 2 dt$$

$$= \frac{2}{2T} \int_0^{\infty} 1 dt = \frac{2}{2T} \cdot \infty = \infty$$



$$y_e(t) = \begin{cases} e^{t/2} & -2 \leq t < -1 \\ -t/2 & -1 \leq t < 0 \\ t/2 & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ t+2/2 & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$y_o(t) = \begin{cases} -(t+2)/2 & -2 \leq t < -1 \\ t/2 & -1 \leq t < 0 \\ 1/2 & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ -t/2 & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Q2g) $x(t) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$

$$E = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (\cos^2(\omega t/2 + \pi/4)) dt$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1 + \sin(\pi t)}{2} dt$$

or

$$P = \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{2T} \int_{-T}^T (1 + \sin(\pi t)) dt$$

$$= \lim_{T \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{4T} \left[\int_{-T}^T 1 dt + \int_{-T}^T \sin(\pi t) dt \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow P = 1/2$$

question a)

Energy: 9223372036854775807

Power: 0

question b)

Energy: 0

Power: 0

question c)

Energy: 100

Power: 1

question d)

Energy: 9223372036854775807

Power: 2