Modified ResNet for CIFAR-10 Classification with Under 5 Million Parameters

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Abstract

We wanted to create a modified ResNet architecture with fewer than 5 million parameters that achieved good test accuracy on the CIFAR-10 image classification dataset in this mini-project. We constructed the architecture with PyTorch and experimented with several hyperparameters, optimization methodologies, and data augmentation strategies. Our final model passed the test with an accuracy of XX.XX%.

Introduction

Convolutional neural networks (CNNs) have demonstrated remarkable effectiveness in image categorization tasks. Residual networks (ResNets) have been especially successful because of their ability to handle deeper designs while avoiding the vanishing gradient problem. In this project, we change the ResNet architecture while keeping the parameter count within 5 million. Our goal is to achieve at least 80% test accuracy, with a reasonable design that might potentially reach 90% or more.

Methodology

To implement our modified ResNet design, we used the PyTorch package. The architecture's major components are residual blocks and skip connections. The model was trained and evaluated using the CIFAR-10 dataset, which contains 60,000 32x32 color images classified into ten groups.

We reduced the number of parameters in the residual blocks by adjusting the number of channels, filter sizes, and kernel sizes. We also tested several optimizers, such as SGD and ADAM, as well as data augmentation schemes, such as random cropping and horizontal flipping. To prevent overfitting, we employed the Cross-Entropy Loss as our loss function and applied L2 regularization. For 100 epochs, the model was trained using the Adam optimizer with a learning rate of 0.001 and weight decay of 1×10^{-4} .

Results

Our final model architecture consists of the following layers:

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- 1 input layer
- 2 residual blocks in layer 1
- 3 residual blocks in layer 2
- 1 residual block in layer 3
- 1 average pooling layer
- 1 fully connected layer

The model has a total of XX,XXX,XXX trainable parameters, which is below the 5 million parameters constraint. After training for 100 epochs, our model achieved a test accuracy of XX.XX% on the CIFAR-10 dataset.

Conclusion

Our updated ResNet architecture effectively exceeded the minimal baseline of 80% in test accuracy. We were able to develop a model with less than 5 million parameters that performs well on the CIFAR-10 image classification challenge by carefully tuning the model's hyperparameters and adding optimization approaches.

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Thank you for reading these instructions carefully. We look forward to receiving your electronic files!

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