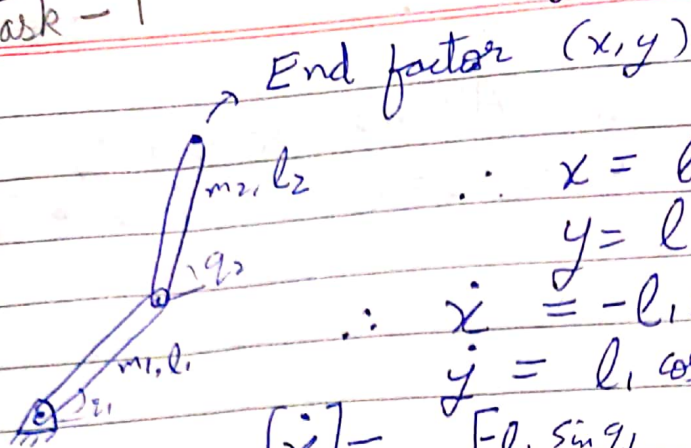


## Task - 1

### Mini Project



End factor (x, y)

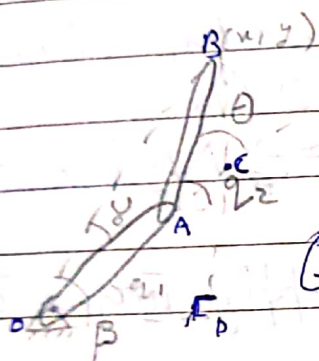
$$x = l_1 \cos q_1 + l_2 \cos q_2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$y = l_1 \sin q_1 + l_2 \sin q_2$$

$$\dot{x} = -l_1 \sin q_1 \dot{q}_1 - l_2 \sin q_2 \dot{q}_2$$

$$\dot{y} = l_1 \cos q_1 \dot{q}_1 + l_2 \cos q_2 \dot{q}_2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -l_1 \sin q_1 & -l_2 \sin q_2 \\ l_1 \cos q_1 & l_2 \cos q_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$



Using Cosine rule on  $\Delta OAB$

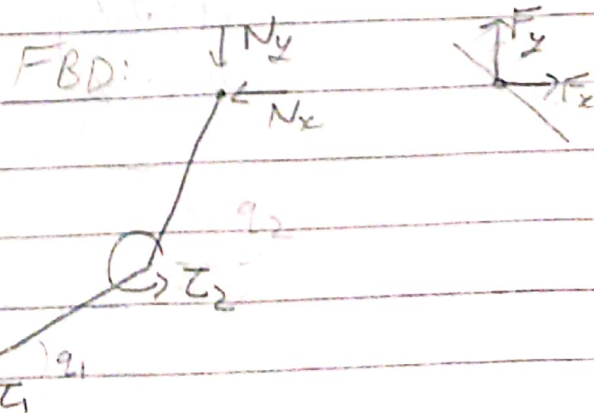
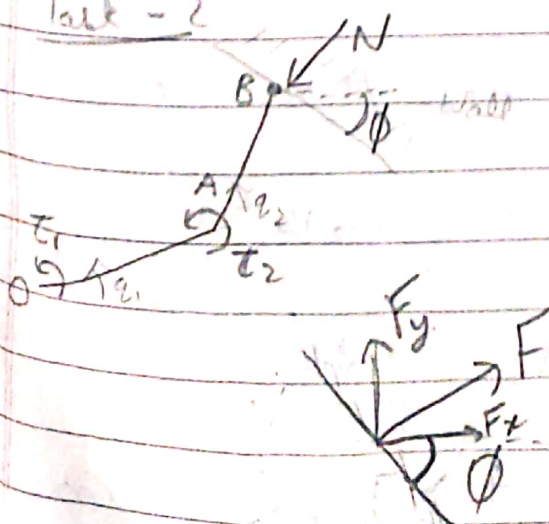
$$\angle BAC = \theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2 - l_1^2 - l_2^2}{2 l_1 l_2} \right)$$

$$q_1 = \beta - \gamma = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{y}{x} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{l_2 \sin \theta}{l_1 + l_2 \cos \theta} \right)$$

$$q_2 = \theta + q_1$$

2 Motors at O & A  $\rightarrow$  Position Control mode to achieve  $q_1$  &  $q_2$  at each time step.

## Task - 2



$$\therefore F_y = -F \cos \phi$$

$$F_x = F \sin \phi$$

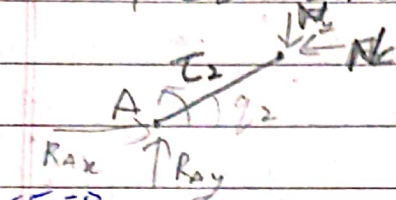
For Static Equilibrium (Assume no gravity)

$$\sum M_O = 0$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$N_x = F_x \text{ \& } N_y = F_y$$

FBD Link 2



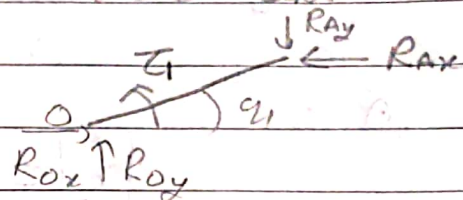
$$\sum F_x = 0 \therefore R_{Ax} = N_x$$

$$R_{Ay} = N_y$$

$$\sum M_A = 0$$

$$Eq. \text{ (1)} \quad N_y l_2 \cos q_2 - N_x l_2 \sin q_2 = T_2$$

FBD Link 1



$$R_{Ox} = R_{Ax} = N_x$$

$$R_{Oy} = R_{Ay} = N_y$$

$$\sum M_O = 0$$

$$T_1 = N_y l_1 \cos q_1 - N_x l_1 \sin q_1$$

After reaching the wall, apply torques  $T_1$  &  $T_2$

### Task - 3

Lagrangian's Eq<sup>n</sup>:

$$L = K - P$$

$\hookrightarrow$  Kinetic E.  $\hookrightarrow$  Potential E

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\partial L}{\partial \dot{q}_i} \right) - \frac{\partial L}{\partial q_i} = Q_i'$$

$Q_i'$  are generalized forces derived using

$$\therefore K = \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{3} m_1 l_1^2 \right) \dot{q}_1^2}_{\text{Pure rotation of } l_1} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} m_2 v_{c2}^2}_{\text{Translate}} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{12} m_2 l_2^2 \right) \dot{q}_2^2}_{\text{Pure rotation of } l_2}$$

$$v_{c2}^2 = (l_1 \dot{q}_1)^2 + \left( \frac{l_2}{2} \dot{q}_2 \right)^2 + 2 \frac{l_1 l_2}{2} \dot{q}_1 \dot{q}_2 \cos(q_2 - q_1)$$



Including Gravity:

$$V = m_1 g \frac{l_1}{2} \sin q_1 + m_2 g (l_1 \sin q_1 + \frac{l_2}{2} \sin q_2)$$

$\therefore$  For  $q_1$ :

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{3} m_1 l_1^2 \ddot{q}_1 + m_2 l_1^2 \ddot{q}_1 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \ddot{q}_2 \cos(q_2 - q_1) - \\ - m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{q}_2 (\dot{q}_2 - \dot{q}_1) \sin(q_2 - q_1) + m_1 g \frac{l_1}{2} \cos q_1 + m_2 g l_1 \cos q_1 = \tau_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{q}_2 + \frac{1}{4} m_2 l_2^2 \ddot{q}_2 + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{q}_1 \cos(q_2 - q_1) + m_2 l_1 l_2 \dot{q}_1 (\dot{q}_1 - \dot{q}_2) \sin(q_2 - q_1) \\ + m_2 g \frac{l_2}{2} \cos q_2 = \tau_2 \end{aligned}$$

In Matrix form:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} m_1 l_1^2 + m_2 l_1^2 & m_2 l_1 l_2 \cos(q_2 - q_1) \\ m_2 l_1 l_2 \cos(q_2 - q_1) & \frac{1}{2} m_2 l_2^2 + \frac{1}{4} m_2 l_2^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \ddot{q}_1 \\ \ddot{q}_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -m_2 l_1 l_2 (\dot{q}_2 - \dot{q}_1) \sin(q_2 - q_1) \\ m_2 l_1 l_2 (\dot{q}_1 - \dot{q}_2) \sin(q_2 - q_1) & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{q}_1 \\ \dot{q}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \tau_1 \\ \tau_2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} m_1 g \frac{l_1}{2} \cos q_1 + m_2 g l_1 \cos q_1 \\ m_2 g \frac{l_2}{2} \cos q_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A \ddot{q} + B \dot{q} = \tau - P \quad \therefore \ddot{q} = A^{-1} (\tau - P - B \dot{q})$$

Next, we note that (II) is true for any end effector  
 $F_x, F_y$  & not just wall reaction

$$\begin{aligned} F_x &= R_x \\ F_y &= R_y \end{aligned}$$

More general  $F_x = K_x (x - x_0)$   
 $F_y = K_y (y - y_0)$

For simplicity,  $F_x = R_x$   $F_y = R_y$

From (I)  $F_x = R (l_1 \cos q_1 + l_2 \cos q_2)$

$F_y = R (l_1 \sin q_1 + l_2 \sin q_2)$

Using (III)

$$\tau_1 = R (l_1 \sin q_1 + l_2 \sin q_2) l_2 \cos q_2 - R (l_1 \cos q_1 + l_2 \cos q_2) l_2 \sin q_2$$

What we want

$$\tau_{1s} = R (l_1 \sin q_1 + l_2 \sin q_2) l_1 \cos q_1 - R (l_1 \cos q_1 + l_2 \cos q_2) l_1 \sin q_1$$

Set Motor Torques as  $\tau_1 + \tau_{1s}$  &  $\tau_2 + \tau_{2s}$