

## EE 6340/3861 Wireless Communications InClass Assignment 2 27/2/2023 due at 1:30 pm

This Assignment is a Matlab exercise for which we will need Matlab. The Institute provides an academic license

We will do simulations for two well-known modulation techniques for BER in Rayleigh and Nakagami- m narrowband fast-fading environments with diversity. The baseband equivalent representation is given by  $y_k = h_k a_k + v_k$ , where  $a_k$  and  $y_k$  are the baseband equivalent transmitted and received signal, with  $v_k$  being noise and  $h_k$  being the fading coefficient.

Do stepwise as follows in Matlab:

- 1. Generate random binary data (of length 2 x100000).
- 2. Map the data to the QPSK signal constellation with Gray Mapping.
- 3. Generate the random fading coefficient for SIMO with two receivers and add AWGN noise to this signal.
- 4. Vary the noise variance to have SNR range between [0 dB, 30 dB].
- 4. Use Selection Combing to get combined noisy signal for each time instant.
- 5. Use the combined noisy signal to detect the transmitted bits per threshold-based rule.
- 6. Compare the detected bits with the transmitted ones and plot the BER.
- 7. Repeat for SIMO with MRC

Generate the following two plots.

- Figure 1
  - 1. BER of SC Rayleigh Fading with QPSK
  - 2. BER of SC Nakagami- m Fading with QPSK
  - 3. BER of SIMO AWGN with QPSK
  - 4. Plot the BER for SIMO with 3 and 4 receive antennas
- Figure 2
  - 1. BER of MRC Rayleigh Fading with QPSK
  - 2. BER of MRC Nakagami- m Fading with QPSK
  - 3. BER of SIMO AWGN with QPSK
  - 4. Plot the BER for SIMO with 3 and 4 receive antennas

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Analyse the Figures, and provide insights and interpretation.