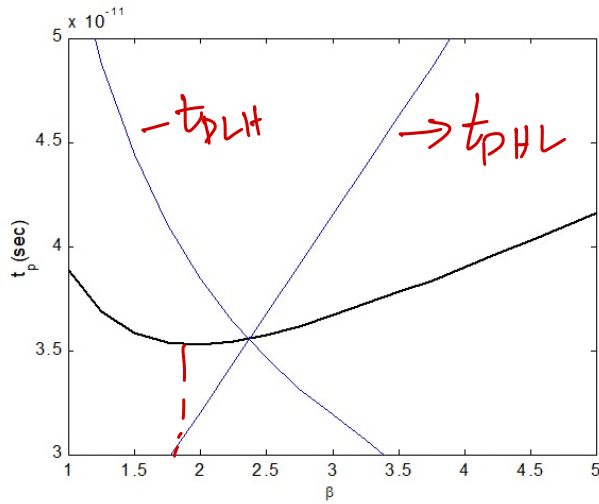
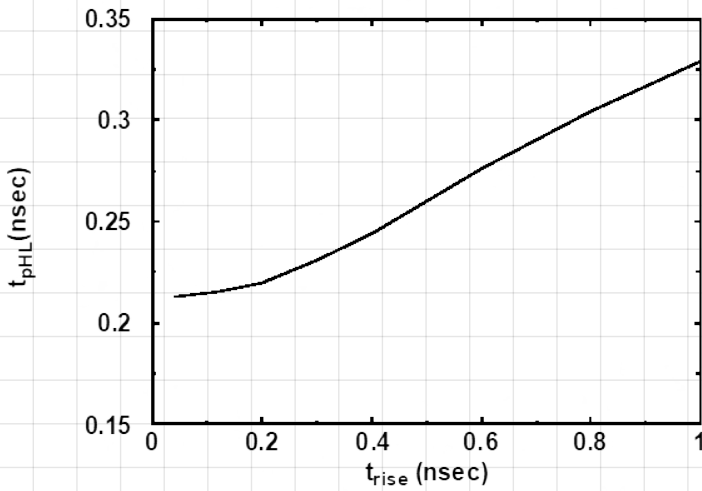


VLSI Design - Lecture 8

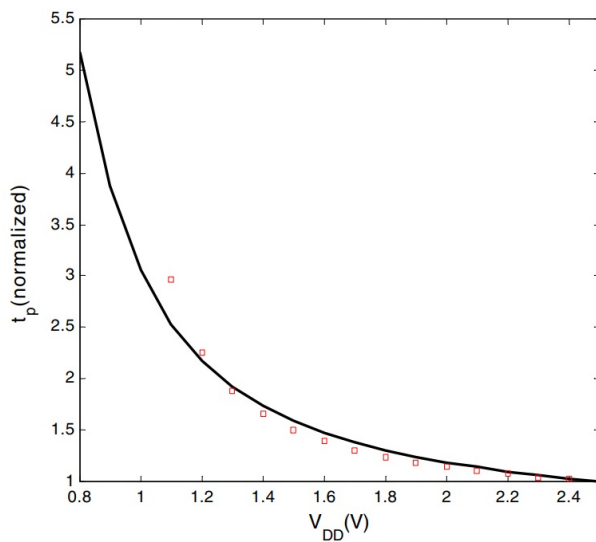
22nd Aug 2022



$$\beta = \sqrt{\lambda \left(1 + \frac{C_w}{C_{dn1} + C_{gn2}} \right)^{1/4}}$$



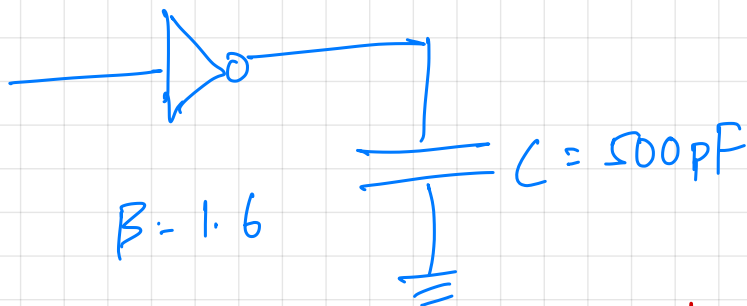
$$t_{pHL} = \sqrt{t_{pHL, impulse}^2 + t_r^2}$$



$$\frac{I_{on}}{I_{off}}$$

$$t_p = \frac{0.69}{2} R_{eq} \left(\underbrace{C_{dn1} + C_{dp1}}_{\text{Intrinsic}} + \underbrace{C_w + C_{gm2} + C_{gp2}}_{\text{Extrinsic}} \right)$$

$$= 0.69 R_{eq} (C_{int} + C_{ext})$$



s-scale factor

$$\beta = \frac{(W/L)_p}{(W/L)_n}$$

$$s = 1 \quad L = 0.25 \quad \omega_n = 0.25 \quad \omega_p = 1.6 \times 0.25$$

$$s = 2$$

"

$$0.5 \quad \omega_p = 0.8 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$s = 3$$

$$s: R_{eq} \rightarrow R_{eq}/s \quad C_{int} \rightarrow s C_{int}$$

$$t_p = 0.69 \frac{R_{eq}}{s} (s C_{int} + C_{ext})$$

$$= 0.69 R_{eq} C_{int} \left(1 + \frac{C_{ext}}{s C_{int}} \right)$$

Intrinsic delay
 t_{p0}

