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### • Arithmetic Progression:

- If quantities increase or decrease by a common difference then they are said to be in AP e.g. 3, 5, 7, 9,11,....
- If a is first term, d is the common difference, I is the last term then
- General form: a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d,...,a+(n-1)d
- $n^{th}$  term Tn = a + (n-1)d, n = 1, 2, ...
- Sum of n terms Sn =  $\frac{n}{2}$  [2a + (n-1)d]

$$Sn = \frac{n}{2}(a + I)$$



- Prove that the sum Sn of n terms of an Arithmetic Progress (A.P.) whose first term 'a' and common difference 'd' is
- S = n/2[2a + (n 1)d]
- Or, S = n/2[a + l], where l = last term = a + (n 1)d
- Proof:
- a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d,...., a(n-2)d, a(n-1)d, as I = last term
- a, a+d, a+2d, a+3d,...., I-d, I
- $S = a + a + d + a + 2d + a + 3d + \dots + I d + I \dots + I d + I$
- Writing equation 1 in reverse order(sum remains same even if we write in reverse order)
- S = I + I-d + I-2d + I-3d + ...... + a+d + a-----2
- Adding equation 1 and 2
- 2S = (a + I) + (a + I) + (a + I) + ----- + (a + I) + (a + I)
- So for n terms,
- 2S = n(a + I)
- $S = \frac{n}{2} (a + 1)$



Q. The sum of all two digit numbers divisible by 3 is

A. 550

B. 1550

C. 1665

D. 1680

Soln

Two digit numbers divisible by 3 are:

12, 15, 18, 21, ....., 96, 99.

This is an A.P. with a = 12, d = 3, l = 99

Let n be the number of terms.

Last term = a + (n-1)d

99 = 12 + (n-1)x3

3n = 90 , n = 30

Sum = n/2 (a + I) = 30/2 x (12+99)

= 1665

Ans: C



#### Q. Find the sum of all natural numbers between 10 and 200 which are divisible by 7

OR

A. 2835

B. 2865

C. 2678

D. 2646

#### Soln:

Two digit numbers divisible by 7 are:

14, 21, 28, 35, ....., , 196.

This is an A.P. with a = 14, d = 7, l=196

Last term = a + (n-1)d

196 = 14 + (n-1)x7

196-14 = (n-1)x7

n-1 = 26

n = 27

Sum = n/2 (a + I)

 $= 27/2 \times (14+196)$ 

 $= 27 \times 210 / 2$ 

 $= 27 \times 105$ 

= 2835

$$n = \frac{LastTerm - FirstTerm}{d} + 1$$

# **Progression(Assignment)**

Q. Find the sum of the series 3,8,13,18, .....,93

A. 912

B. 925

C. 998

D. 936



### • Geometric Progression :

- If quantities increase or decrease by a constant factor then they are said to be in GP e.g. 4, 8, 16, 32, .....
- If a is first term, r is the common ratio, then
- General form: a, ar, ar<sup>2</sup>, ar<sup>3</sup>,....., ar<sup>n-1</sup>
- $n^{th}$  term  $Tn = ar^{(n-1)}$
- Sum of n terms  $\mathbf{Sn} = \frac{\mathbf{a}(\mathbf{r}^{n}-1)}{(\mathbf{r}-1)}$



## **Geometric Progression of n terms:**

- To prove that the sum of first n terms of the Geometric Progression whose first term 'a' and common ratio 'r' is given by-
- $S = a + ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + ar^4 + \dots + ar^{n-1}$  ------
- Multiply both sides of this equation by r
- $Sr = ar + ar^2 + ar^3 + ar^4 + \dots + ar^{n-1} + ar^n$  ----- 2
- Eq 2 Eq 1
- $Sr S = ar^n a$
- $S(r-1) = a(r^n 1)$
- $S = \frac{a(r^{n}-1)}{(r-1)}$



# **Geometric Progression**

Q. Find the 10<sup>th</sup> term of the series: 4,16, 64, 256, 1024, ....

A. 4<sup>10</sup>

B. 48

C. 4<sup>9</sup>

D. 1022480

#### Soln:

The given series is in geometric progression

Where a = 4, r = 4

So T10 = 
$$a \times r^{(10-1)}$$
  
=  $4 \times 4^{(10-1)}$   
=  $4^{10}$ 

- What is the difference between arithmetic progression and geometric progression?
- A sequence is a set of numbers, called terms, arranged in some particular order. An arithmetic sequence is a sequence with the difference between two consecutive terms constant. The difference is called the common difference. A geometric sequence is a sequence with the ratio between two consecutive terms constant.



### Simple Average :

- An average of a set of values is the sum of values divided by the total number of values.
- Average of 'n' values = (Sum of the 'n' values)/n
- This is also called as Arithmetic Mean.
- Average (A) = Sum (S)/ Number(n)
- $S = A \times n$
- Weighted Average :
- When all values whose average we want to find do not have uniform occurrences we calculate the weighted average.
- If values y1, y2, y3...occur w1, w2, w3... times then
- Weighted Avg = (w1y1+w2y2+w3y3+ ..)(w1+w2+w3..)



Q. In a class of 50 students, 24 secured 60 in Physics, 16 secured 70 marks and the rest secured 80. What is the average score for Physics in the class?

A.64.8

B. 65.4

C. 67.2

D. 66.7

Soln:-

Students 24 16

Marks

60

70

80

10.

Average

= 24x60 + 16x70 + 10x80

24 + 16 + 10

= 3360/50

= 67.2

Ans: C



- Only For Consecutive Numbers -
- Whenever, we have consecutive numbers or consecutive odd numbers or consecutive even numbers, then always remember the middle number is the Average.
- Examples-
- A.  $5,6(7)8,9 \rightarrow Avg = 7$
- B. 5,6,7,8  $\rightarrow$  Avg =6.5
- C. 1,3(5)7,9  $\rightarrow$  Avg =5
- D. 21,23,25,27  $\rightarrow$  Avg =24

Q. The average age of a class of 22 students is 21 years. The average increased by 1 when the teacher's age also included. What is the age of the teacher?

A. 48

B. 45

C. 43

D. 44

Ans: D



Q. The average age of a class of 22 students is 21 years. The average increased by 1 when the teacher's age also included. What is the age of the teacher?

#### Solution 1:-

- Before teacher, total age of students = 22x21
- After teacher is added,

Total age of all students + Age of the teacher =  $23 \times 22$ 

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• Age of the teacher =23\times22-22\times21
=22(23-21)
=22\times2
```

=44 years



 The average age of a class of 22 students is 21 years. The average increased by 1 when the teacher's age also included. What is the age of the teacher?

- Solution 2:-
- New value = old avg + (n + 1)(diff)
- Where, n = total no. of students
- New value = 21 + (22+1)(1) = 21 + 23 = 44 years

+ if member added

- If member removed

difference = | Old avg – new avg |

Q. There are 50 students in a class. Their average weight is 45 kg. When one student leaves the class the average weight reduces by 100 g. What is the weight of the student who left the class?

A. 45 kg.

B. 47.9 kg.

C. 49.9 kg.

D. 50.1 kg.

Soln:

New value = old avg + (n + 1)(diff)

=45+(50-1)(0.1)

=45 + 49(0.1)

= 45 + 4.9

= 49.9 kg

Ans: C

( as we convert 100g into kg = 
$$\frac{100}{1000}$$
 = 0.1 kg )

Q. There are 50 students in a class. Their average weight is 45 kg. When one student leaves the class the average weight reduces by 100 g. What is the weight of the student who left the class?

A. 45 kg.

B. 47.9 kg.

C. 49.9 kg.

D. 50.1 kg.

#### Soln:

Total weight of 50 students =  $(45 \times 50)$  kg = 2250 kg

Average weight of 49 students = 45 kg - 100 g = 44.9 kg

So, total weight of 49 students =  $(44.9 \times 49)$ kg = 2200.1kg

Weight of the students who left the class = 2250 - 2200.1 = 49.9 kg

Ans: C



Q. The average age of 16 men increases by 3 years when a person 27 years old is replaced by another. How old is the new person?

A.75

B. 30

C. 48

D. 64

#### Soln:-

Number of men = 16

Let average age be a

→ Total age of 16 men = 16a (Old total)

New average = a+3

→ New total age of 16 men = 16 (a+3) = 16a + 48

New Total - Old Total = 48

 $\rightarrow$  Age of new man = 27 + 48 = 75



Q. The average age of 16 men increases by 3 years when a person 27 years old is replaced by another. How old is the new person?

A.75

B. 30

C. 48

D. 64

#### Soln:-

- Average of 16 men increases by 3 years means,
- total age increases by  $16 \times 3 = 48$
- If the age of new person same as replaced person then there would have been no change in average.
- But average age of 16 men increased by 3 years
- So, total age of the person replacing another person = 27 + 48 = 75years

Q. The average age of 8 men is decreased by 2 years when two of them, whose ages are 22 and 28, are replaced by two new men.. What is the average age of two men?

A. 34years

B. 30years

C. 15years

D. 17years

#### Soln:

- Average of 8 men reduce by 2 years means total age reduces by 16 if two men leave.
- So, the total age of the new men replacing the old men = 22+28–16=34
- => Average = 34/2 = 17 years.

#### <u>OR</u>

- Total age decreased= (8 \* 2) years = 16 years.
- Sum of ages of two new men = (22 + 28 16) years = 34 years
- Average age of two new men = (34/2) years = 17 years.
- · Ans: D



Q. The average age of students is 7 years and average age of 10 teachers is 50 years. If average age of group of all teachers and students is 8 years. Find the number of students?

A. 420

B. 250

C. 300

D. 270

#### Soln:

We know, Total = avg x n

S

No. 10

50 Avg

= (student) x avg + (teacher) x avg (student + teacher)x avg

 $(z + 10) \times 8$ 

8z+80 = 7z + 500

Z=420 students

 $\times 7 + (10)$ 

Q. Find average of all the numbers between 6 and 34 which are divisible by 5.

A. 18

B. 20

C. 34

D. 3

Ans: B



Q. The average weight of 16 boys in a class is 50.25 kg and that of the remaining 8 boys is 45.15 kg. Find the average weights of all the boys in the class.

A. 47.55 kg

B. 48 kg

C. 48.55 kg

D. 49.25 kg

#### Ans: C

$$= 50.25 \times 16 + 45.15 \times 8$$

$$= (804+361.2)/24$$

$$= 1165.2 / 24$$

$$=48.55$$



Q. The average age of a class of 39 students is 15 years. If the age of the teacher be included, then the average increases by 3 months. Find the age of the teacher.

A. 20 years

B. 25 years

C. 30 years

D. 27 years

Ans: B



Q. The average marks of a class of 87 students is 56. When a new student was added and average becomes 56.5. Find marks of new student.

A. 56

B. 44

C. 100

D. 90

Ans: C



Q. Find the average of first 97 natural numbers.

A. 47

B. 37

C. 48

D. 49

E. 49.5

Ans: D



Q. The average age of a class of 30 students is 9years. When teacher's age is also added, the average becomes 10. What is the age of the teacher?

A. 41 years

B. 40 years

C. 39 years

D. 42 years

Ans: B



Q. The average of 50 numbers is 30. If two numbers, 35 and 40 are discarded, then the average of the remaining numbers is nearly:

A. 28.32

B. 29.68

C. 28.78

D. 29.27

Ans: B



Q. The average age 8 men is increased by 2 years when two of them whose ages are 21 years and 23 years are replaced by two new men. The average age of the two new men is?

A. 22 years

B. 24 years

C. 28 years

D. 30 years

Ans: D



Q. The average weight of the students of a class is 60 kg. If eight new students of average weight 64 kg join the class, the average weight of the entire class becomes 62 kg. How many students were there in the class initially?

A. 8 students

B. 16 students C.10 students

D. 12 students



Q. The average of ten numbers is 8. If the average of first nine numbers is 7. Find the 10<sup>th</sup> number?

A. 17

B. 16

C.15

D. 12



Q. The average marks obtained by 150 students is 30. If the average marks of passed candidates was 40 and that of failed candidates was 20. Find the number of candidates who passed the exam?

A. 25

B. 85

C.75

D. 45

Ans: C



Q. The average expenditure of a man for the first five months is Rs. 3600 and for next seven months is Rs. 3900, if he saves Rs.8700 during the year, his average income per month is ?

A. Rs.4500

B. Rs.8500

C. Rs.7500

D. Rs.5400



Q. The average of first five multiples of 3 is:

A. 9

B. 10

C. 8

D. 11



Q. Find the average of first 100 positive numbers

A. 49.5

Ans: B

B. 50.5

C. 51

D. 100



## **Averages(Assignment)**

Q. The average expenditure of a man for the first five months of a year is Rs. 5000 and for next seven months is Rs. 5400, if he saves Rs.2300 during the year, his average income per month is ?

A. Rs.5425

B. Rs.5446

C. Rs.5500

D. Rs.5600

Ans: A



Ram is at present some age(x). Age 15 years ago or future age, then



'n' times of Ram's age means, = n x age



Q. Karan's age after 15years will be 5 times his age 5 years back. What is the present age of Karan?

A. 12 years

B. 10 years

C. 20 years

D. 25 years

### Soln:

Present age = x

As given,

Future age = x + 15

Old age = x-5 5 times is that n times

So, x + 15 = 5(x-5)

x + 15 = 5x - 25

x = 10 years( Karan's present age)



Q. Present age of Sam & Ana are in the ratio 5:4 respectively. Three years hence ,their ratio will become 11:9 respectively. What is Ana's present age?

A. 6 years

B. 24 years

C. 28years

D. 32years

### Soln:

Present age –

S -> 5x, A -> 4x

3 years hence means (+) as its future ratio given and so its fraction

$$\frac{5x+3}{4x+3} = \frac{11}{9}$$

$$45x+27 = 44x + 33$$

x = 6 years

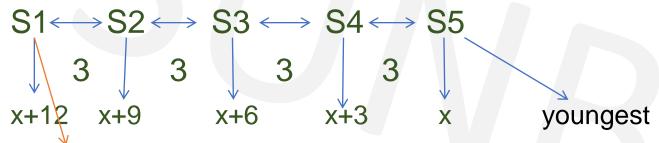
For A,

 $4x = 4 \times 6 = 24 \text{ years}$ 



Q. Consider 5 siblings born apart by 3 years each. If the sum of the ages of all children is 50 years. What is the age of youngest child?

#### Soln:



Eldest

Given,

Sum of ages = 50 years

$$x+12+x+9+x+6+x+3+x = 50$$

$$5x + 30 = 50$$

x = 4 years (age of youngest child)



Q. A mother said to her daughter "I was as old as you are at the time of your birth". If the mother's age is 38 years now. What was the daughter's age 5 years back?

A. 14years

B. 19years

C. 38years D. None of these

Soln:

M

Present

38

At birth time

38-x

I was as old as you are at the time of your birth" shows

M

38-x = x

38 = 2x

x = 19 years(present age of daughter)

5years back, 19-5 = 14 years

Mother's age at time of birth = 38 - x

= 38 - 19

Ans: A

= 19 years



Q. A man was asked to state his age in years. His reply was, "Take my age 3 years hence, multiply it by 3 and then subtract 3 times my age 3 years ago and you will know how old I am". What is the age of the man?

A. 18 years

B. 20 years

C. 24 years

D. 32 years

### Soln:

Let the present age of the man be x years

$$3(x+3)-3(x-3)=x$$

$$(3x+9)-(3x-9)=x$$

x = 18

Ans: A



Q. Ten years ago, a man was seven times as old as his son. Two years hence, twice his age will be equal to five times the age of his son. What is the present age of the son?

A. 12 years

B. 13 years

C. 14 years

D. 15 years

Ans: C



Q. A is 2 years old than B who is twice as old as C. The total ages of A,B,C be 27. How old is B?

A. 5 years B. 12 years C. 10 years D. None of these

- Soln:
- So, we need to first find x here
- A = 2 + B
- B = 2C
- C = x
- So B becomes, B =2x
- So A becomes,
- A = 2 + B
- A = 2 + 2x
- · Ans: C

Given, the total age = 
$$A + B + C = 27$$

Substitute the values here for A,B,C

$$2 + 2x + 2x + x = 27$$

$$5x = 25$$

Age of B = 
$$2x = 2 \times 5 = 10$$
 years



Q.A man who is 40 years old has three sons, ages 6, 3 and 1. In how many years will the combined age of his three sons equal 80% of his age?

**A.5** 

B. 10

C. 15

D. 20

### Soln:

- Let the condition occur after y years.
- After y years
- Man's age = (40+y)
- Son's ages (6+y), (3+y), (1+y)
- Sum of sons' ages = (10+3y)
- (10+3y) = 80/100(40+y)
- 5(10+3y) = 4(40+y)
- 50 + 15y = 160 + 4y
- 11y = 110
- y = 10



Q. The ratio of Present age of A and B is 6:7. A is 7 years younger than C. C's age after 8 years will be 51 years. Then what is the difference between the present ages of A and B?

A. 3 Years B. 4 Years C. 5 Years D. 6 Years E. Cannot be determined

Ans: D



Q. The average age of A, B, C, D and E is 40 years. The average age of A and B is 35 years and the average of C and D is 42 years. Age of E is :

A. 48 years

B. 46 years

C. 42 years

D. 45 years



Q. 10 years ago, age of father was thrice the age of his son. Ten years hence, father's age will be twice that of his son. The ratio of their present ages is:

A. 5:2

B. 7:3

C. 9:2

D. 13:4



Q. The average age of A, B and C is 28 years, if average age of B and C is 29 years. What is the age of A in years?

A. 24 years

B. 26 years

C. 28 years

D. 30 years



Q. Sachin is younger than Rahul by 7 years. If their ages are in the respective ratio of

7:9, how old is Sachin?

A. 16 years B. 18 years C. 28 years D. 24.5 years E. None of these

Ans: D



Q. At present, the ratio between the ages of Arun and Deepak is 4:3. After 6 years, Arun's age will be 26 years. What is the age of Deepak at present?

A. 12 years B. 15 years C. 19.5 years D. 21 years E. None of these



Q. The present ages of three persons in proportions 4:7:9. Eight years ago, the sum of their ages was 56. Find their present ages (in years).

A. 8, 20, 28 years

B. 16, 28, 36 years

C. 20, 35, 45 years

D. None of these



Q. The sum of the ages of two brothers 21 years hence will be twice the sum of their ages today. If the difference in their ages is 12 years, how old is the younger brother?

A. 27 years

B. 21 years

C. 17 years

D. 15 years

Ans: D

Soln-

Present age of elder brother = x

Present age of younger brother = y

After 21 years, elder brother = x+21 and younger brother = y+21

As per given condition,

$$x+21 + y+21 = 2(x + y)$$
 ----- (1)

$$x - y = 12$$
 -----(2)

Solving 1 and 2, we get,

x = 27 years and y = 15 years



- Ratio: Ratio is a comparison of two numbers (quantities) by division.
- The ratio of a to b is written as
- $a : b = a/b = a \div b$ .

\* Ratio is defined only for two values of same units ratio between 20 kg & 50 kg is 2:5



### Some Useful Results

• If 
$$a:b = c:d$$
 or  $a/b = c/d$ 

1. 
$$axd = bxc$$

2. 
$$b/a = d/c$$
 (Invertendo)

3. 
$$a/c = b/d$$
 (Alternendo)

4. 
$$a+b/b = c+d/d$$
 (By Componendo)

5. 
$$a-b/b = c-d/d$$
 (By Dividendo)

6. 
$$(a+b)/(a-b) = (c+d)/(c-d)$$
 (By Componendo & Dividendo)



Proportion: A proportion is an expression that states that two ratios are equal.

```
i.e. a: b = c: d e.g 2: 3 = 4: 6 or 2: 3:: 4: 6
a, b, c & d are called the 1st, 2nd, 3rd & 4th proportional.

1st & 4th proportionals are called extreme terms & 2nd & 3rd proportionals are called mean terms.

Product of means = Product of extremes. bc = ad
```

### Continued Proportion

Three quantities are said to be in continued proportion if

```
a:b=b:c or a/b=b/c
```

If a: b:: b: c then  $b^2 = ac$  (b is the mean proportion of a & c)

$$a:b=b:c=c:d \text{ or } a/b=b/c=c/d$$



Q. If A: B = 2: 3, B: C = 4: 5 and C: D = 5: 9 then A: D is equal to:

A. 11:17 B.8:27 C.5:9 D.2:9

Soln:

$$\frac{A}{D} = \frac{A}{B} \times \frac{B}{C} \times \frac{C}{D}$$

$$\frac{A}{D} = \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{5}{9}$$

$$\frac{A}{D} = \frac{8}{27}$$

Q. What is the value of A+B/A-B, if A/B=7

A. 4/3

B. 2/3

C. 2/6

D. 7/8

Ans: A

$$A/B = 7/1$$

$$A+B/A-B = 7+1/7-1 = 8/6 = 4/3$$



### If X: Y = 3: 4 and Y: Z = 8: 9 then X: Z is

A. 3:4

B.5:4

C. 2:3

D. 8:9

### Soln:

$$X : Y = 3 : 4$$
 (Inverted N)

$$Y : Z = 8 : 9$$

= 3x8 : 8x4 : 4x9

= 24 : 32 : 36

= 6 : 8 : 9

Now, X:Z

6:9

2:3

Ans: C

$$\frac{X}{Z} = \frac{X}{Y} \times \frac{Y}{Z}$$

$$\frac{X}{Z} = \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\frac{X}{Z} = \frac{2}{3}$$

### If A: B = 2:3 and B: C = 4:5 then A: B: C is

A. 2:3:5

B.5:4:6 C.8:12:15

D. 6:4:5

### Ans: C

- - A : B : C
- A:B:C =  $2 \times 4:3 \times 4:3 \times 5$ = 8 : 12 : 15



Q. A sum of Rs. 1240 is distributed among A, B and C such that the ratio of amount received by A and B is 6:5 and that of B and C is 10:9 respectively. Find the share of C?

A.Rs. 480

B.Rs. 360

C.Rs. 400

D.Rs. 630

· Soln:

• Given, A: B = 6:5, B: C = 10:9

• A:B:C

• 6:5

10:9

-----

60:50:45

12:10:9

Ans: B

A:B:C=12:10:9

12x + 10x + 9x = 1240

x = 40

C's share =  $9 \times 40 = \text{Rs.} 360$ 

### If A: B = 2:3, B: C = 4:5 and C: D = 6:7. Find A:B:C:D

A. 2:3:4:5 B. 2:12:30:7 C. 16:24:30:35 D. 4:5:6:7

#### Soln:

A: B = 2: 3
B: C = 4: 
$$\sqrt{5}$$
C: D = 6: 7

= ABC : BBC : BCC : BCD = 2X4X6 : 3X4X6 : 3X5X6 : 3X5X748 : 72 : 90 : 105 16 : 24 : 30 : 35

Ans: C



### **Dividing a given number in the given Ratio**:

Let T be the Total Amount . Let the given ratio be a:b:c

This means A is divided into three parts such that

First Part =  $T \times a/(a+b+c)$ 

Second Part =  $T \times b/(a+b+c)$ 

Third Part =  $T \times c/(a+b+c)$ 

And First Part + Second Part + Third Part = T

Any Part = Total Amount x (Its related ratio term / Sum of Ratio Terms)



Q. Find B's share in Rs 6,300 if A:B = 2:3, B:C = 4:5, C:D = 3:7
A.Rs 1080
B. Rs 1800
C. Rs 810
D. Rs 1200

Soln:

A/B B/C C/D 2/3 4/5 3/7

A : B = 2 : 3

B:C=4:5

C : D = 3 : 7

A : B : C : D

8 : 12 : 15 : 35

So B's share =  $6300 \times 12/70 = 1080$ 

Ans: A



Q. Which of the following is a ratio between a number and the number obtained by adding one-fifth of that number to it?

A. 4:5

B. 5:4

C. 5:6

D. 6:5

Ans: C



Q. If A:B =2:3, B:C= 4:5 and C:D =6:7 Find A:D is equal to:

A. 16:35 B. 8:25 C. 4:15 D. 2:10

Ans: A



Q. The difference between two positive numbers is 10 and the ratio between them is

5:3. Find the product of the two numbers.

A.375

B.175

C.275

D.125

E.250

Ans: A



Q. Two numbers are in ratio 4:5 and their LCM is 180. The smaller number is

**A.9** 

B.15

C.36

D.45

Ans: C



Q. The average income of all employees is Rs. 20000. The average salary of male employees is Rs. 22000. The average salary of female employees is Rs. 15000. What is the ratio of male employees to female employees?

A. 2:5

B. 3:4

C. 5:2

D. 3:5

Ans: C



Q. The sum of 3 numbers is 98. If ratio between first and second numbers be 2:3 and between second and third be 5:8, then the second number is?

A. 30

B. 40

C. 50

D. 60

Ans: A



Two numbers are in ratio 7:11. If 7 is added to each of the numbers, the ratio becomes 2:3. The smaller number is?

A. 39

B. 49

C. 66

D. 77

Ans: B

Let the numbers be 7x and 11x.

$$(7x+7)/(11x+7)=2/3$$

$$x=7$$

Smaller number=  $7x = 7 \times 7 = 49$ 

# Ratio & Proportion(Assignment)

Q. What must be added to each of the numbers 7, 11 and 19, so that the resulting numbers may be in continued proportion?

A. -3

B. -4

C. 3

D. 4

Ans: A



# Ratio & Proportion(Assignment)

Q. The incomes of A & B are in the ratio 3:2. Their respective expenditures are in the ratio 5:3. If each of them saves Rs. 2000, what is the income of B?

A. Rs 12,000

B. Rs 8,000

C. Rs 16,000

D. Rs 6,000

Ans: B



# Ratio & Proportion(Assignment)

Q. When a particular number is subtracted from each of 7, 9, 11 and 15, the resulting numbers are in proportion. The number to be subtracted is -

A. 1

B. 2

C. 3

D. 5

Ans: C

Sol:

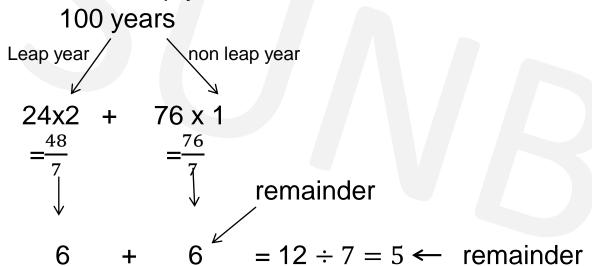
Let the required number be x

- (7 x)(15 x) = (11 x)(9 x)
- 105 22x + x2 = 99 20x + x2
- 2x = 6
- x = 3

- In Non Leap year
  - 365 days
  - 1 year = 52 weeks + 1 odd day(extra day)
  - 28<sup>th</sup> February
- In Leap year
  - 366 days
  - 1 year = 52 weeks + 2 odd days
  - 29<sup>th</sup> February
- A century leap year is a year that is exactly divisible by 400
  - years 1600 and 2000 were century leap years; (400,800,1200,1600,2000 century leap years till date)
  - years 1700, 1800, and 1900 were not century leap years.
- To find the day of a week on a given date we use the concept of "odd days".
- 01/01/0001 A.D(Anno Domini) was a Monday and 1<sup>st</sup> day of week so 1<sup>st</sup> January 0001 was a Monday.



- In a century,
  - 24 leap year
  - 76 non leap years
     100 years



5 extra(odd) days in a century (100 years)

200 years = 
$$10 \div 7 = 3$$
 odd days

300 years = 
$$15 \div 7 = 1$$
 odd days

400 years = 0 odd days (as century leap year)



Years	No. of odd
Ordinary year	1
Leap year	2
100 years	5
200 years	3
300 years	1
400 years	0



Day of week	No. of odd
Sunday	0
Monday	1
Tuesday	2
Wednesday	3
Thursday	4
Friday	5
Saturday	6







#### Q. What was the day of the week on 15th August, 1947?

#### Soln:

Completed till 1946 1946

$$\frac{1900}{400} = 300$$
  $\frac{46}{4} = 11 \text{(quotient)}$   
1 odd day  $46 + 11 = 57$   $\frac{57}{7} = 1 \text{(remainder)}$ 

In 1946, odd days are,

Total odd days = 
$$2 + 2 + 1 = 5$$
 odd days

As per table for days of a week , 5 ← → Friday

As month is August, go till July as per table, J F M A M J J 3+0+3+2+3+2+3=16Now,  $\frac{16}{7}=2$  (remainder)

 $\frac{15}{7}$  = 1 (remainder)



#### For Months -

J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	A	S	0	N	D
)	3	3	6	1	4	6	2	5	0	3	5

#### For years -

1600 – 1699	6
1700 – 1799	4
1800 – 1899	2
1900 – 1999	0
2000 – 2099	6



#### Q. What was the day of the week on 26th January, 1947?

#### Soln:

- Last 2 digits of the year → 47
- 2. Divide by 4 (47  $\div$  4) = 11( quotient)
- 3. Take the date  $\rightarrow$  26
- Take the no. of month → 0 (from table)
- 5. Take the no. of year → 0 (from table)84 (add)
- 6. Divide by 7  $\rightarrow$   $\frac{84}{7} = 0$  (remainder)

Check table for day of the week

0 ←→ Sunday

#### Q. What was the day of the week on 29th February, 2012?

#### Soln:

- 1. Last 2 digits of the year → 12
- 2. Divide by 4 (12  $\div$  4) = 03( quotient)
- 3. Take the date  $\rightarrow$  29
- 4. Take the no. of month → 03 (from table)
- 5. Take the no. of year → 06 (from table)53 (add)
- 6. Divide by 7  $\rightarrow$

 $\frac{53}{7}$  = 4 (remainder)

subtract 1 from remainder

In this case for all dates of **January & February** in a leap year, 4 -1 =3

Check table for day of the week

3 ←→ Wednesday



It was Sunday on Jan 1, 2006. What was the day of the week Jan 1, 2010?

A. Sunday

B. Saturday

C. Friday

D. Wednesday

Ans: C

On 31st December, 2005 it was Saturday.

Number of odd days from the year 2006 to the year 2009 = (1 + 1 + 2 + 1) = 5 days.

On 31st December 2009, it was Thursday.

on 1st Jan, 2010 it is Friday.



Q. If we have preserved the calendar of 2017. Find the next immediate year in which we can reuse.

A. 2027

B.2023

C. 2025

D. 2029

Soln:

$$x/4$$
 (  $x = given year$ )

$$\frac{2017}{4} = 1 \text{ (remainder)}$$

For any year divide by 4, the possibility of remainder is 0,1,2,3

If remainder =  $0 \rightarrow x + 28$ 

If remainder =  $1 \rightarrow x + 6$ 

If remainder =  $2/3 \rightarrow x + 11$ 

So,  $\frac{2017}{4}$  = 1(remainder)

2017 + 6 = 2023

Ans: B

- Q. Which of the following days can never be the last day of a century?
- A. Sunday B. Monday C. Tuesday D. Wednesday
- Soln:
- The last day of century can be only
- 1 odd day(Monday)
- 3 odd days (Wednesday)
- 5 odd days (Friday)
- 7 or 0 odd days (Sunday)
- So, century can never end in **Tuesday**, **Thursday** or **Saturday**.
- Ans: C



- Q. The day on 5<sup>th</sup> April of a year will be the same day on 5<sup>th</sup> of which month of the same year?
- A. 5<sup>th</sup> July

B. 5<sup>th</sup> August

C. 5<sup>th</sup> June

D. 5<sup>th</sup> October

#### Ans A

- April & July for all years have the same calendar. So, a day on any date of April will be the same day on the corresponding date in July.
- The same day will fall on 5th July of the same year.



Q. What was the day of the week on your birthdate?

Q. 13<sup>th</sup> October 2019 is a Sunday. Find the day on 13<sup>th</sup> October 1989?

A. Sunday

B. Monday

C. Friday

D. Wednesday

Ans: C

Q. 1st March 2006 falls on a Wednesday .What day does 1st March 2010 fall on?

A. Tuesday

B. Monday

C. Friday

D. Wednesday

Ans: B

Q. Today is Monday. Which day will be after 64 days?

A. Tuesday

B. Monday

C. Friday

D. Wednesday

Ans: A

Q. Today is Monday. After 30 days it will be?

A. Tuesday

B. Monday

C. Friday

D. Wednesday

B. Ans: D



Q. 15<sup>th</sup> August 1947 was a Friday. Find the day on 15<sup>th</sup> August 1977?

• Soln:

$$30 + 8 = 38$$

total years leap

$$\frac{38}{7}$$
 = 3 (remainder)

As 15th August 1947 was a Friday,

So, Friday + 3 days = **Monday** 



- Q. 4th January 2016 falls on Monday. What day of the week does 4th January 2017 lies?
- A. Wednesday

B. Thursday

C. Tuesday

D. Monday

#### Soln:

```
Normal year = 1 odd day

Leap year = 2 odd days

Jan 4, 2016 → Monday

+ 2 (as leap year)

Jan 4,2017 → Wednesday
```

Ans: A



Q. Wednesday falls on 5th of a month .So which day will fall 5 days after 22<sup>nd</sup> of the same month?

A. Tuesday

B. Friday

C. Thursday

D. Wednesday

Ans: B

5<sup>th</sup> = Wednesday

+7

12<sup>th</sup> = Wednesday

+7

19<sup>th</sup> = Wednesday

22<sup>nd</sup> = Saturday

+5

27<sup>th</sup> = Thursday

5 days after 22<sup>nd</sup> will be **Friday** 



Q. What dates of May 2002 did Monday fall on?

#### Soln:

Lets take date = 1<sup>st</sup> May 2002

2. Divide by 4 (02 
$$\div$$
 4) = 00( quotient)

6. Divide by 7 
$$\Rightarrow$$
  $\frac{10}{7} = 3$  (remainder)

Check table for day of the week

1<sup>st</sup> May 2002 falls on Wednesday
1 2 3 4 5 6
W Th F Sa Su M
first Monday

Now add 7 to it to find remaining Mondays

Dates on which Monday falls are - 6, 13, 20, 27



Q. On what dates of April, 2001 did Wednesday fall?

A. 1<sup>st</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 15<sup>th</sup>, 22<sup>nd</sup>, 29<sup>th</sup>

B. 2<sup>nd</sup>, 9<sup>th</sup>, 16<sup>th</sup>, 23<sup>rd</sup>, 30<sup>th</sup>

C. 3<sup>rd</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, 17<sup>th</sup>, 24<sup>th</sup>

D. 4<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup>, 18<sup>th</sup>, 25<sup>th</sup>

Ans: D



Q. What is the day on 22 April 2222?

A. Monday

B. Tuesday

C. Saturday

D. Sunday

Ans: A



Which of the following is not a leap year?

A. 700

B. 800

C. 1200

D. 2000

Ans: A

The century divisible by 400 is a leap year. The year 700 is not a leap year.



Q. Today is Monday. Which day will be on 61st day?

#### Soln:

1 week = 7 days. Taking the multiple of 7

56 - Monday or 63 - Monday

57 – Tuesday 62 - Sunday

58 – Wednesday 61 - Saturday

59 – Thursday

60 – Friday

61 - Saturday

56 + 5 = 61 days 63 - 61 = 2 days

(add 5 days) or (subtract 2 days)

Q. January 1, 2007 was Monday. What day of the week lies on Jan. 1, 2008?

A. Monday

B. Tuesday

C. Wednesday

D. Sunday

Ans: B





