



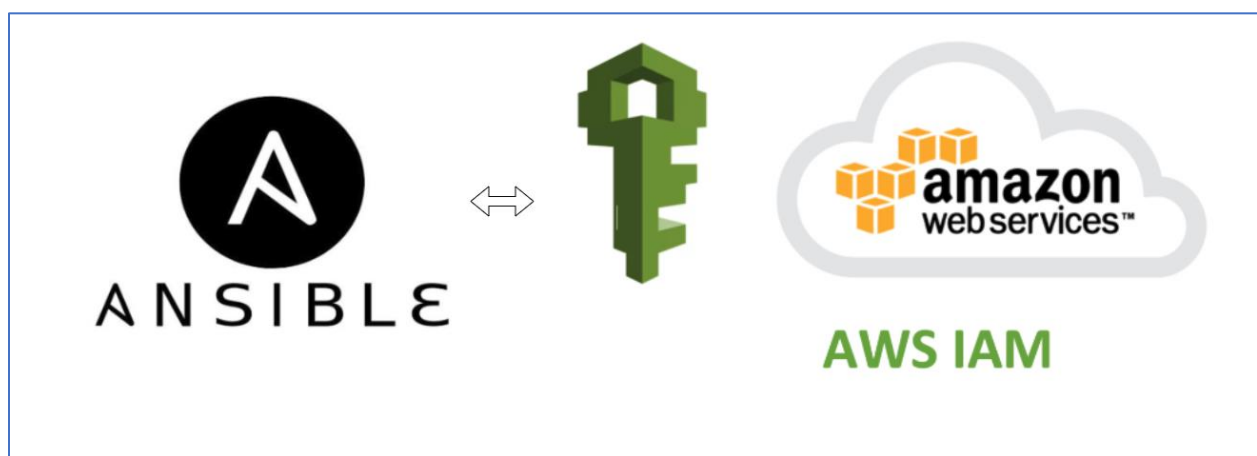
<https://www.linkedin.com/in/neel-darji-3a5a8661/>



### **AWS IAM Project**

***(AWS+ Ansible) Automated user migration and management of AWS Identity and Access Management (IAM) resources using Ansible***

***Project executed by:*** Neel Darji



- **Project Definition:** A software company A got merged into another company B and as AWS solution engineer, I was asked to migrate all users from company A to company B.

There was 100+ users that needed to be migrated and in addition to migrating these users, it will be necessary to associate permissions to groups and users must have the MFA (Multi-factor authentication) enabled, adding an additional layer for the security.

- **Solution:** Ansible

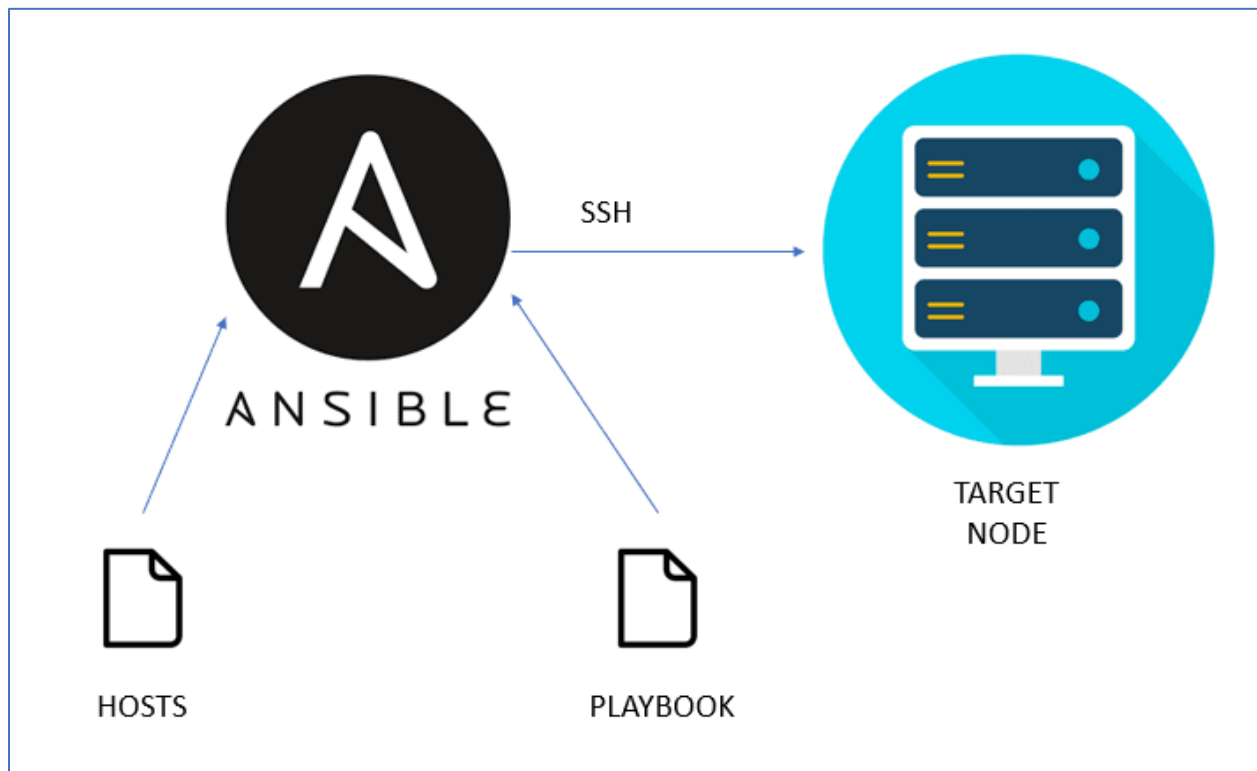
❖ **What is Ansible?**

- Ansible is a software tool that provides simple but powerful automation for cross-platform computer support. It is primarily intended for IT professionals, who use it for application deployment, updates on workstations and servers, cloud provisioning, configuration management, intra-service orchestration, and nearly anything a systems administrator does on a weekly or daily basis. Ansible doesn't depend on agent software and has no additional security infrastructure, so it's easy to deploy.
- Because Ansible is all about automation, it requires instructions to accomplish each job. With everything written down in simple script form, it's easy to do version control. The practical result of this is a major contribution to the "infrastructure as code" movement in IT: the idea that the maintenance of server and client infrastructure can and should be treated the same as software development, with repositories of self-documenting, proven, and executable solutions capable of running an organization regardless of staff changes.
- While Ansible may be at the forefront of automation, systems administration, and DevOps, it's also useful to everyday users. Ansible allows you to configure not just one computer, but potentially a whole network of computers at once, and using it requires no programming skills. Instructions written for Ansible are human-readable. Whether you're entirely new to computers or an expert, Ansible files are easy to understand.

❖ **How Ansible works?**

- In Ansible, there are two categories of computers: **the control node and managed nodes**. The control node is a computer that runs Ansible. There must be at least one control node, although a backup control node may also exist. A managed node is any device being managed by the control node.
- Ansible works by connecting to nodes (clients, servers, or whatever you're configuring) on a network, and then sending a small program called an

Ansible module to that node. Ansible executes these modules over SSH and removes them when finished. The only requirement for this interaction is that your Ansible control node has login access to the managed nodes. SSH keys are the most common way to provide access, but other forms of authentication are also supported.



## ➤ Project Implementation:

### 🚦 Phase-1: Connect Ansible node to AWS environment

We need to deploy users and groups in AWS, so how can Ansible communicate with AWS?

- **Creation of AWS user** - We need to configure our Ansible control node for the job and provide appropriate AWS credentials. For this, we will configure a new IAM user in the AWS console that will allow Ansible to connect to the console programmatically.
- **Assigning IAM permission** - We will also assign the Ansible user the role IAMFullAccess to allow IAM tasks.

Please follow below steps to achieve above tasks:

- Log into the AWS console using your credentials.
- Search for IAM in the Find Services search box and select the IAM that shows up in the popup box.
- Select Users in the left menu.
- Click Add User at the top of the page.
- Provide the username “ansibleauto” and check the box next to Programmatic access for access type.
- Click Next: Permissions.
- Select Attach existing policies directly and search for IAMFullAccess using the filter policies search box.
- Check the box next to IAMFullAccess.
- Click Next: Tags, then Next: Review, and lastly, after ensuring your configurations are correct, click Create user.
- Click Show under Secret access key to reveal the secret access key for the “ansibleauto” user or download the csv file.

Note: Download this CSV file and keep it in safe place as we will need this after.

Add user

12345

Set user details

You can add multiple users at once with the same access type and permissions. [Learn more](#)

User name\*ansibleauto

Add another user

Select AWS access type

Select how these users will primarily access AWS. If you choose only programmatic access, it does NOT prevent users from accessing the console using an assumed role. Access keys and autogenerated passwords are provided in the last step. [Learn more](#)

Select AWS credential type\*

☒ Access key - Programmatic access

Enables an access key ID and secret access key for the AWS API, CLI, SDK, and other development tools.

☐ Password - AWS Management Console access

Enables a password that allows users to sign-in to the AWS Management Console.

\* Required

Cancel

Next: Permissions

Add user

12345

Set permissions

Add user to group

Copy permissions from existing user

Attach existing policies directly

Create policy

Filter policies iamfullaccessShowing 1 result

	Policy name	Type	Used as
<input type="checkbox"/>	IAMFullAccess	AWS managed	Permissions policy (1)

Set permissions boundary

Cancel

Previous

Next: Tags

Add user

12345

Review

Review your choices. After you create the user, you can view and download the autogenerated password and access key.

User details

User name

ansibleauto

AWS access type

Programmatic access - with an access key

Permissions boundary

Permissions boundary is not set

Permissions summary

The following policies will be attached to the user shown above.

Type	Name
Managed policy	<a href="#">IAMFullAccess</a>

Tags

No tags were added.

Cancel

Previous

Create user

Add user

12345

✓ Success

You successfully created the users shown below. You can view and download user security credentials. You can also email users instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console. This is the last time these credentials will be available to download. However, you can create new credentials at any time.

Users with AWS Management Console access can sign-in at: <https://859215391636.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

Download .csv

	User	Access key ID	Secret access key
▶	✓ ansibleauto	AKIA4QDJ2NOKC7OOL6FZ	***** <a href="#">Show</a>

Close

## Phase-2: Prepare Ansible control node

- Create EC2 VM instance / you can use Microsoft Play store to download Ubuntu and use that Ubuntu as Ansible Control node.
- Once OS is ready, install following packages:
  - Python
  - Boto
  - boto3
  - awscli
  - ansible

Below are the commands to execute to install above packages:

```
$ sudo apt update
```

```
$ sudo apt install python3-pip
```

```
$ pip3 install boto boto3
```

```
$ pip3 install awscli
```


```
$ pip3 install ansible
```

Now, if you remember, we need to encrypt credentials for the AWS user we created in Phase 1.

**Credential Encryption** - These user's credentials need to be protected, so they will be supplied by means of an encrypted Ansible vault.

Please follow below steps for this:

- Log into the Ansible control node with your username. In my case it is "neel".
- Open /home/neel/keys.yaml using a text editor such as Vim and replace each place holder with the appropriate value.
- Save the file and quit.

```
 neel@Q91BBRV2: ~
```

```
-- # AWS Credential information
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID: AKIA4QDJ2NOKGD4WQ6OL
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY: 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
AWS_REGION: EAST US
$
```

```
~
~
```

- Now, run “ansible-vault encrypt key.yaml” command to encrypt this key.yaml file.
- Enter the password so you can decrypt it later in case you need it.

```
neel@Q91BBRV2:~$ ansible-vault encrypt keys.yaml
New Vault password:
Confirm New Vault password:
```

### **Phase-3: Create Playbooks and configure csv having user + group + password details**

Excellent!! Now, we have infrastructure ready to connect Ansible node to AWS infra.

Create playbooks – What is this playbook???

Playbook is where we place the tasks. You can divide multiple tasks inside a role or create it in a single task file.

For simplicity, I have created 2 playbooks:

1. Groups – iam.yaml
2. Users – user\_create.yaml

Let’s create 1<sup>st</sup> playbook for creating groups in AWS:

```
--- # create group in AWS using Ansible
- hosts: localhost

vars_files:
  - /home/neel/keys.yaml

tasks:
  - name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN
    community.aws.iam_group:
      aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'
      aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
      region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'
      name: DBA01
      managed_policies:
        - arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers
```



- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonRDSFullAccess
- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword

state: present

- name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN

community.aws.iam\_group:

aws\_access\_key: '{{ AWS\_ACCESS\_KEY\_ID }}'

aws\_secret\_key: '{{ AWS\_SECRET\_ACCESS\_KEY }}'

region: '{{ AWS\_REGION }}'

name: CloudAdmin01

managed\_policies:

- arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AdministratorAccess

state: present

- name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN

community.aws.iam\_group:

aws\_access\_key: '{{ AWS\_ACCESS\_KEY\_ID }}'

aws\_secret\_key: '{{ AWS\_SECRET\_ACCESS\_KEY }}'

region: '{{ AWS\_REGION }}'

name: LinuxAdmin01

managed\_policies:

- arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonEC2FullAccess

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword

state: present

- name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN

community.aws.iam\_group:

aws\_access\_key: '{{ AWS\_ACCESS\_KEY\_ID }}'

aws\_secret\_key: '{{ AWS\_SECRET\_ACCESS\_KEY }}'

region: '{{ AWS\_REGION }}'

name: Trainees01

managed\_policies:

- arn:aws:iam::arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/ReadOnlyAccess

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword

state: present

- name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN

community.aws.iam\_group:

aws\_access\_key: '{{ AWS\_ACCESS\_KEY\_ID }}'

aws\_secret\_key: '{{ AWS\_SECRET\_ACCESS\_KEY }}'

region: '{{ AWS\_REGION }}'

name: NetworkAdmin01

managed\_policies:

- arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonVPCFullAccess

- arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword

state: present

```

--- # create group in AWS using Ansible
- hosts: localhost
  vars_files:
    - /home/neel/keys.yaml
  tasks:
    - name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN
      community.aws.iam_group:
        aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'
        aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
        region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'
        name: DBA01
        managed_policies:
          - arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonRDSFullAccess
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword
        state: present

    - name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN
      community.aws.iam_group:
        aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'
        aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
        region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'
        name: CloudAdmin01
        managed_policies:
          - arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AdministratorAccess
        state: present

    - name: Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN
      community.aws.iam_group:
        aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'
        aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
        region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'
        name: LinuxAdmin01
        managed_policies:
          - arn:aws:iam::859215391636:policy/ForceMFAAllUsers
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/AmazonEC2FullAccess
          - arn:aws:iam::aws:policy/IAMUserChangePassword
        state: present

```

Now, create CSV file having users, respective groups, and password:

```
neel@Q91BBRV2: ~  
Username,Groupname>Password  
test1,DBA01,Changeme123456!  
test2,LinuxAdmin01,Changeme123456!  
test3,DBA01,Changeme123456!
```

Now, let's create 2<sup>nd</sup> Playbook for creating users:

```
--- # create user  
- hosts: localhost  
  vars_files:  
    - /home/neel/keys.yaml  
  tasks:  
    - name: reading the csv file  
      read_csv:  
        path: username.csv  
        register: user_list  
        delegate_to: localhost  
    - name: display user_list data  
      debug:  
        var: user_list.list  
  
- name: Create two new IAM users with API keys  
  community.aws.iam:  
    aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'  
    aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
```

```
    region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'

    iam_type: user

    name: "{{ item.Username }}"

    groups: "{{ item.Groupname }}"

    password: "{{ item.Password }}"

    state: present

loop: "{{ user_list.list }}"
```

```
neel@Q91BBRV2: ~
--- # create user
- hosts: localhost
  vars_files:
    - /home/neel/keys.yaml

  tasks:

- name: reading the csv file
  read_csv:
    path: username.csv
    register: user_list
    delegate_to: localhost

- name: display user_list data
  debug:
    var: user_list.list

- name: Create two new IAM users with API keys
  community.aws.iam:
    aws_access_key: '{{ AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID }}'
    aws_secret_key: '{{ AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY }}'
    region: '{{ AWS_REGION }}'
    iam_type: user
    name: "{{ item.Username }}"
    groups: "{{ item.Groupname }}"
    password: "{{ item.Password }}"
    state: present
    loop: "{{ user_list.list }}"
~
```



## Phase-4: Run the playbooks

Execute following command:

1. Create groups with Playbook-1 – “iam.yaml”

***ansible-playbook --ask-vault-pass iam.yaml***

```
root@Q91BBRV2:/home/nel# ansible-playbook --ask-vault-pass iam.yaml
Vault password:
[WARNING]: provided hosts list is empty, only localhost is available. Note that the implicit localhost does not match 'all'

PLAY [localhost] *************************************************************************************************************************************
TASK [Gathering Facts] *********************************************************************
ok: [localhost]

TASK [Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN] *****
ok: [localhost]

TASK [Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN] *****
ok: [localhost]

TASK [Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN] *****
ok: [localhost]

TASK [Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN] *****
ok: [localhost]

TASK [Create a group and attach a managed policy using its ARN] *****
ok: [localhost]

PLAY RECAP *****
localhost : ok=6  changed=0  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
```

2. Create users with Playbook-2 – “create\_user.yaml”

```
root@Q91BBRV2:/home/nel# ansible-playbook --ask-vault-pass user_create.yaml
Vault password:
[WARNING]: provided hosts list is empty, only localhost is available. Note that the implicit localhost does not match 'all'
[DEPRECATION WARNING]: community.aws.iam has been deprecated. The iam module is based upon a deprecated version of the AWS SDKs and is deprecated in favor of the iam_user, iam_group and iam_role modules. Please update your tasks. This feature will be removed from community.aws in version 3.0.0. Deprecation warnings can be disabled by setting deprecation_warnings=False in ansible.cfg.

PLAY [localhost] *************************************************************************************************************************************
TASK [Gathering Facts] *********************************************************************
ok: [localhost]

TASK [reading the csv file] *****
ok: [localhost]

TASK [display user_list data] *****
ok: [localhost] => {
  "user_list.list": [
    {
      "Groupname": "DBA01",
      "Password": "Changeme123456!",
      "Username": "test1"
    },
    {
      "Groupname": "LinuxAdmin01",
      "Password": "Changeme123456!",
      "Username": "test2"
    },
    {
      "Groupname": "DBA01",
      "Password": "Changeme123456!",
      "Username": "test3"
    }
  ]
}

TASK [Create two new IAM users with API keys] *****
changed: [localhost] => (item={'Username': 'test1', 'Groupname': 'DBA01', 'Password': 'Changeme123456!'})
changed: [localhost] => (item={'Username': 'test2', 'Groupname': 'LinuxAdmin01', 'Password': 'Changeme123456!'})
changed: [localhost] => (item={'Username': 'test3', 'Groupname': 'DBA01', 'Password': 'Changeme123456!'})
[DEPRECATION WARNING]: The 'iam' module has been deprecated and replaced by the 'iam_user', 'iam_group' and 'iam_role' modules'. This feature will be removed from community.aws in version 3.0.0. Deprecation warnings can be disabled by setting deprecation_warnings=False in ansible.cfg.

PLAY RECAP *****
localhost : ok=4  changed=1  unreachable=0  failed=0  skipped=0  rescued=0  ignored=0
```

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

Access reports

Access analyzer

Archive rules

Analizers

Settings

Credential report

Organization activity

Service control policies (SCPs)

IAM > Users

Users (9) Info

An IAM user is an identity with long-term credentials that is used to interact with AWS in an account.

Find users by username or access key

User name

Groups

Last activity

MFA

Password age

Active key age

<input type="checkbox"/>	ansibleauto	None	13 minutes ago	None	None	Yesterday
<input type="checkbox"/>	barbara.brown	CloudAdmin	4 days ago	None	4 days ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	brian.garcia	LinuxAdmin	4 days ago	None	4 days ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	jane.doe	DBA	4 days ago	Virtual	4 days ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	michael.scott	NetworkAdmin	Never	None	4 days ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	neel.darji	Trainees	Never	None	4 days ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	test1	DBA01	Never	None	13 minutes ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	test2	LinuxAdmin01	Never	None	13 minutes ago	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	test3	DBA01	Never	None	13 minutes ago	-

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

User groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

Access reports

Access analyzer

Archive rules

Analizers

Settings

Credential report

Organization activity

Service control policies (SCPs)

IAM > User groups

User groups (10) Info

A user group is a collection of IAM users. Use groups to specify permissions for a collection of users.

Filter User groups by property or group name and press enter

Group name

Users

Permissions

Creation time

<input type="checkbox"/>	CloudAdmin	Loading	Loading	5 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	CloudAdmin01	Loading	Loading	21 hours ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	DBA	Loading	Loading	5 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	DBA01	Loading	Loading	21 hours ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	LinuxAdmin	Loading	Loading	5 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	LinuxAdmin01	Loading	Loading	21 hours ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	NetworkAdmin	Loading	Loading	5 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	NetworkAdmin01	Loading	Loading	21 hours ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trainees	Loading	Loading	5 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	Trainees01	Loading	Loading	21 hours ago

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Dashboard

Access management

User groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

Access reports

Access analyzer

Archive rules

Analizers

Settings

Credential report

Organization activity

Service control policies (SCPs)

User ARN

am:aws:iam:859215391636:user/test1

Path

/

Creation time

2022-06-14 15:01 ADT

Permissions

Groups (1)

Tags

Security credentials

Access Advisor

Permissions policies (3 policies applied)

Add permissions

Add inline policy

Policy name	Policy type
Attached from group	
ForceMFAAllUsers	Managed policy from group DBA01
AmazonRDSFullAccess	AWS managed policy from group DBA01
IAMUserChangePassword	AWS managed policy from group DBA01

Permissions boundary (not set)

Generate policy based on CloudTrail events

You can generate a new policy based on the access activity for this user, then customize, create, and attach it to this role. AWS uses your CloudTrail events to identify the services and actions used and generate a policy. [Learn more](#)