

range()

The range() function returns a sequence of numbers given 3 parameters. It is mainly used to control the number of iterations in a for loop.

An integer number specifying at which position to start (included)

increment

`range(start, stop, step)`

An integer number specifying at which position to stop (not included)

```
print(list(range(1,13,3)))  
>> [1,4,7,10]
```

*The only **required** parameter is **stop**.*

The default values for start and step are 0 and 1 respectively.