These problems are ONLY meant for your practice.

Write a program that reads in a number n using cin. It should print out the letter T using '*' characters with each line in the T having width n. Further, the length of the horizontal bar should be 3n, and that of the vertical bar 2n. Look at the sample output for clarity.

Note: To print characters on a new line write '\n' in the cout statement. For example: **cout** << "hello" << "\n" << "bye"; will print hello on the first line and bye on the 2nd line.

Note: Use **cin** statement for input

Sample Input: 3 Sample output:

******* ******* ***

Filename for code: Tee.cpp

Write a program that prints a zig-zag pattern. The pattern is as follows: the first line prints 5 space-separated "*' characters. The second line starts after 2 spaces, and prints 5 space-separated "*' characters. Accept a number 'n' from the user using 'cin'. The number of zig-zag lines to be printed should be '2*n'. Look at the example provided below. Note:To put space between the two characters, Use cout << " ";

Filename: zigzag.cpp

Sample Input:

4

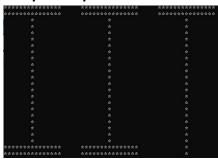
Sample Output:

* * * * *

Write a program that prints IIT using '*'. Adjust the sizes of your I and T as you want. The only requirement is that their heights must be the same.

Filename: IIT.cpp

Sample Output:



Draw a half pyramid using the character *. Your program should take input n using 'cin' and draw a half pyramid with n rows. Given is an example half pyramid for n=5. [Hint: You've to use a counter variable, say i. Make the counter 0 before starting the repeat() loop and increase it inside the repeat() loop. At ith row, you should print the character * i times using a nested loop.]

Filename: half-pyramid.cpp]

Challenge Problems:

- (1) Write a program in C++ to check whether a number is prime or not.
 - (a) Input: 13(b) Output: True
- (2) Write a program in C++ to find prime numbers within a range.
 - (a) Input: 1 100
 - (b) Output: 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97

Fun Problem:

I want to calculate A%b where A is very large number that can't be stored in **int** data type, whereas you can store b in **int**. Fortunately, we know n integers whose product will give us A. $A=a_1*a_2*a_3*....*a_n$.

I will give you n integer (a_1, a_2, a_3..., a_n) and b, you have to give me A%b, where A is same as defined above.

Write your approach in reply.

One might think we can store the product in an int variable and then will take %b but in that case the product will be too large to be stored in int, values will overflow and will give you some nonsense result.