

Second Order linear diff. eq's.

Existence & uniqueness for IVP.

$$y'' + p y' + q y = 0, \quad y(x_0) = a, \quad y'(x_0) = b$$

p & q are continuous on an open interval $I \ni x_0$.

$$\rightarrow E(n) = y^2 + (y')^2 \quad / \quad E'(n) \leq (1+3M)E(n)$$

$y'' + p y' + q y = 0$. Let $y_1 \& y_2$ be soln

(1) $y_1 \& y_2$ lin dep. ift $\exists n_0$ s.t. $W(n_0) = 0$

(2) $q \Rightarrow p \stackrel{\text{Proof of } q}{\Rightarrow} \text{if } q \quad W(n) = 0 \forall n$

(3) First part of the proof of (1)

$$P \Rightarrow q$$

$$\sim q \Rightarrow \sim P$$

$y_1 \& y_2$ l.d. $\Rightarrow W(n) \neq 0 \forall n$

$$\hookrightarrow u^2, u^3$$

$$\hookrightarrow y' = 2u, \quad y'' = 2$$

$$u^2(2) - 4u(2u) + 6u^2 = 0$$

$$W(u^2, u^3)(0) = \begin{vmatrix} u^2 & u^3 \\ 2u & 3u^2 \end{vmatrix}(0) = 0$$

$$\overline{y'}' + p y' + q y = 0$$

$$y'' - \frac{4}{\pi} y' + \frac{6}{\pi^2} y = 0$$

$$W(y_1, y_2) = \begin{vmatrix} y_1 & y_2 \\ y_1' & y_2' \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$\underline{c_1 y_1 + c_2 y_2 = 0}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa_1 &= 1, & c_1 + c_2 &= 0 \\ \kappa_2 &= -1, & c_1 - c_2 &= 0 \end{aligned} \quad \left. \right\} \quad c_1 = c_2 = 0$$

$$x^2 y'' - 4xy' + 6y = 0$$

$$y_1 = x^2, \quad y_2 = x^3, \quad y_3 = \begin{cases} x^3, & x \geq 0 \\ -x^3, & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$x^2 y'' - 6xy' + 12y = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x^3, x^4 \\ \hline \end{array} \right\} \quad W(x_0) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

y_1, y_2 are lin. ind' sds

Let y be another sds.

$$y(n) = c_1 y_1(n) + c_2 y_2(n)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} y(n_0) = c_1 y_1(n_0) + c_2 y_2(n_0) \\ y'(n_0) = c_1 y'_1(n_0) + c_2 y'_2(n_0) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\rightarrow u(n_0) = u'(n_0) = 0$$

$$y'' + py' + y = 0$$

$$y'' + p y' + q y = 0$$

$$y_1 \text{ known}, \quad y_2(n) = v(n) y_1(n)$$

$$(v y_1)'' + p(v y_1)' + q(v y_1) = c$$

$$v = \int \frac{e^{-\int p dm}}{y_1^2} \, dm \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} y_2 = y_1 v \\ = n^{2-\frac{1}{n}} \end{array} \right.$$

