

Nginx Tool User Guide	Public
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# Nginx Tool User Guide

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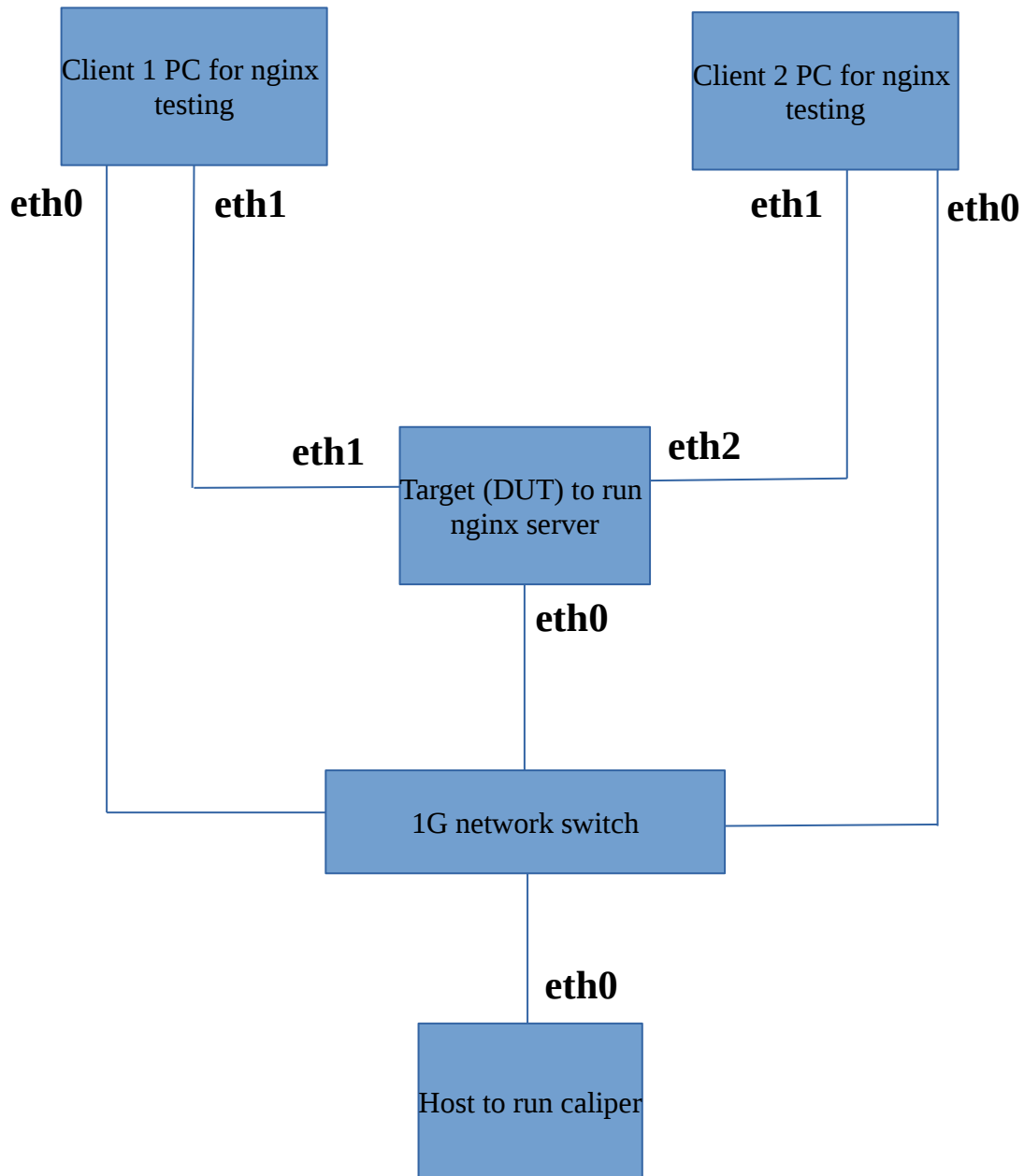
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# 1 Introduction

This document gives details of Nginx tool configuration and execution with caliper framework.

## 2 Lab Setup for Nginx tool

To execute Nginx tool with caliper framework, below setup is required:



*Figure 1: Lab Setup for Nginx Tool*

Install caliper in the host PC (Refer caliper user manual).

Auto login is mandatory for below platforms:

- All client PCs to Target (DUT) platform.

- Host PC to target and host to all client PC.

Auto-login can be done by using below commands:

- Use this command to generate public key (if key is not generated): *ssh-keygen -t rsa*
- Use this command to copy the key to platform: *ssh-copy-id -i ~/.ssh/id\_rsa.pub <user\_name>@<ip\_address>*

**Note:** To copy the publickey from clients to Target (DUT), use respective ethernet interface of the target.

Example: For client 1, use eth1 ip address of Target (DUT) in above command.

## 3 Weighttp client installation

Weighttp is a lightweight and small benchmarking tool for webservers (like Nginx).

weighttp supports multithreading to make good use of modern CPUs with multiple cores as well as asynchronous i/o.

To install weighttp tool in client machine follow below steps:

For Ubuntu OS client PC:

```
sudo apt-get install libev4 libev-dev
git clone https://github.com/lighttpd/weighttp.git
cd weighttp
./autogen.sh
./configure && make && make install
```

For CentOS client PC:

```
yum install -y epel-release
yum install libev libev-devel -y
cd /usr/local/src
git clone https://github.com/lighttpd/weighttp.git
cd weighttp
./waf configure
./waf build
./waf install
```

Copy run\_weighttp\_script.sh from caliper/utils/automation\_scripts/Scripts directory to client PC home directory.

**For example:** scp caliper/utils/automation\_scripts/Scripts/run\_weighttp\_script.sh

root@192.168.40.10:~/run\_weighttp\_script.sh

**Note:** For more details of weighttp tool, refer link - <https://redmine.lighttpd.net/projects/weighttp/wiki>

## 4 client\_config.cfg file description

**Client PC information and target platform ethernet interfaces information:**

[nginx]

no\_of\_clients: <specify number of clients. In above diagram, number of clients are 2 >

client\_1\_ip: <eth0 ip address of client 1>

client\_1\_user: <client 1 user name>

client\_1\_password: <password of client 1 user name>

client\_2\_ip: <eth0 ip address of client 2>

client\_2\_user: <client 2 user name>

client\_2\_password: <password of client 2 user name>

target\_ip\_1\_10g: <eth1 ip address of target platform>

target\_ip\_2\_10g: <eth2 ip address of target platform>

target\_port\_1: <give uniq port number of target platform which is available>

target\_port\_2: <give uniq port number of target platform which is available>

**client 1 login information:**

[TestNode]

ip: <eth0 ip address of client 1>  
port: <unique port number which is available>  
user: <client 1 user name>  
password: <password of client 1 user name>  
This section will be used to protect nginx clients to be used by single target.

**Example:**

```
[TestNode]
ip:192.168.40.56
port:5000
user:root
password:root
TestNode_ip_10g:192.168.60.110
# SSH implementation used by server (ssh or paramiko)
ssh_engine: raw_ssh
# enable OpenSSH connection sharing. Only useful if engine_ssh is 'raw_ssh'
enable_master_ssh: True
```

**Example:**

```
[nginx]
no_of_clients:2
client_1_ip:192.168.40.56
client_1_user:root
client_1_password:root
client_2_ip:192.168.40.9
client_2_user:root
client_2_password:root123
target_ip_1_10g:192.168.60.111
target_ip_2_10g:192.168.50.100
target_port_1:8000
target_port_2:8001
```

## 5 nginx\_run.cfg file test case description

This file contains the configuration of test case to be executed on target platform. The sample test case is given as below:

```
[nginx_64_core_wrps]
category = Performance application nginx_64_core_wrps
scores_way = compute_speed_score 1
no_of_clients = 2
command = "if [ -f nginx_tar.gz ]; then tar -xvf nginx_tar.gz; rm nginx_tar.gz; fi; pushd nginx/nginx_scripts;
./nginx_conf.sh; ~/irq_0_7.sh; ~/irq_32_39.sh; ./run_nginx_dstat.sh 2 $TARGET_IP_1_10G $TARGET_PORT_1 24 8
$TARGET_IP_2_10G $TARGET_PORT_2 24 40; popd;"
parser = nginx_parser
```

Main fields are “**no\_of\_clients**” and “**command**”.

- **no\_of\_clients** : If there is only one client which communicates to nginx server, please give no\_of\_clients = 1.
- irq\_0\_7.sh and irq\_32\_39.sh files are configuration files to set IRQs of ethernet interfaces on the respective CPU cores (CPU affinity) .

User has to create this file on the target platform and give the file name in the “**command**” field as a parameter.

For example, see the contents of irq\_0\_7.sh file given below. (eth1 interface interrupts will be handled by CPU 0 to 7)

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2 # eth1 assigned to 0-7
3 echo 00000000,00000001 > /proc/irq/84/smp_affinity
4 echo 00000000,00000001 > /proc/irq/85/smp_affinity
```

```

5 echo 00000000,00000002 > /proc/irq/87/smp_affinity
6 echo 00000000,00000002 > /proc/irq/88/smp_affinity
7 echo 00000000,00000004 > /proc/irq/90/smp_affinity
8 echo 00000000,00000004 > /proc/irq/91/smp_affinity
9 echo 00000000,00000008 > /proc/irq/93/smp_affinity
10 echo 00000000,00000008 > /proc/irq/94/smp_affinity
11 echo 00000000,00000010 > /proc/irq/96/smp_affinity
12 echo 00000000,00000010 > /proc/irq/97/smp_affinity
13 echo 00000000,00000020 > /proc/irq/99/smp_affinity
14 echo 00000000,00000020 > /proc/irq/100/smp_affinity
15 echo 00000000,00000040 > /proc/irq/102/smp_affinity
16 echo 00000000,00000040 > /proc/irq/103/smp_affinity
17 echo 00000000,00000080 > /proc/irq/105/smp_affinity
18 echo 00000000,00000080 > /proc/irq/106/smp_affinity
19 echo 00000000,00000001 > /proc/irq/108/smp_affinity
20 echo 00000000,00000001 > /proc/irq/109/smp_affinity
21 echo 00000000,00000002 > /proc/irq/111/smp_affinity
22 echo 00000000,00000002 > /proc/irq/112/smp_affinity
23 echo 00000000,00000004 > /proc/irq/114/smp_affinity
24 echo 00000000,00000004 > /proc/irq/115/smp_affinity
25 echo 00000000,00000008 > /proc/irq/117/smp_affinity
26 echo 00000000,00000008 > /proc/irq/118/smp_affinity
27 echo 00000000,00000010 > /proc/irq/120/smp_affinity
28 echo 00000000,00000010 > /proc/irq/121/smp_affinity
29 echo 00000000,00000020 > /proc/irq/123/smp_affinity
30 echo 00000000,00000020 > /proc/irq/124/smp_affinity
31 echo 00000000,00000040 > /proc/irq/126/smp_affinity
32 echo 00000000,00000040 > /proc/irq/127/smp_affinity
33 echo 00000000,00000080 > /proc/irq/129/smp_affinity
34 echo 00000000,00000080 > /proc/irq/130/smp_affinity

```

Use “`cat /proc/interrupt | grep <Interface name>`” command to find the IRQ number assigned to eth1 interface. The sample output is as follows:

The description of line number 3 [`echo 00000000,00000001 > /proc/irq/84/smp_affinity`] is as follows:

- `echo 00000000,00000001` indicates CPU number 0.
- '84' indicates that IRQ number 84 is assigned to eth1 Tx/Rx channel. The IRQ number is depends on the platform.
- So eth1 Tx/Rx interrupt will be handled by CPU0
- Same way user can assign the IRQ number of other eth1 Tx/Rx channels to different CPUs.
- User has to assign IRQs equally all the CPUs (CPU range 0 to 7 has been used in above example)

#### Note:

1. The intention of assigning IRQs to CPUs is to get maximum throughput of nginx server by limiting the context switches and balancing the load.

`run_nginx_dstat.sh` script parameters description is as follows:

- `./run_nginx_dstat.sh`  
`<number of clients>`  
`$target_ip_1_10g`  
`$target_port_1`  
`<number of CPU cores uses for first instance of nginx server>`  
`<starting number of CPU core for first instance of nginx server>`  
`$target_ip_2_10g`  
`$target_port_2`

<number of CPU cores uses for second instance of nginx server>  
<starting number of CPU core for second instance of nginx server>

\$target\_ip\_1\_10g, \$target\_port\_1, \$target\_ip\_2\_10g and \$target\_port\_2: The ip address and port number will be taken from client\_config.cfg file of the caliper workspace that should have been already configured.

## 6 nginx\_application\_run.cfg file test case description

This file contains the configuration of test case to be executed on Client PC. The sample test case is given as below:

```
[nginx_32_core_local_static]
command1 = "~/irq_0_7.sh; ~/run_weighthttp_script.sh $target_user_name $target_ip_1_10g $target_port_1 24 8 25000
index0.html"
command2 = "~/irq_0_7.sh; ~/run_weighthttp_script.sh $target_user_name $target_ip_2_10g $target_port_2 24 8 25000
index1.html"
```

- command1 and command2 indicates commands to be executed on client 1 and client 2 respectively. If user wants to add 3<sup>rd</sup> client, then add command3 in this file and so on.
- irq\_0\_7.sh: configuration file to bind IRQs of ethernet interfaces to the range of CPUs. The explanation is same as above.
- run\_weighthttp\_script.sh will take below parameters:
  - \$target\_user\_name
  - \$target\_ip\_1\_10g
  - \$target\_port\_1
  - <number of CPU cores uses for weighthttp process>
  - <starting number of CPU core for weighthttp process>
  - 25000
  - index0.html
- \$target\_user\_name, \$target\_ip\_1\_10g and \$target\_port\_1: the target platform information will be taken from client\_config.cfg file.
- 25000 is the number of requests to be sent to nginx server.
- index0.html file is the default html file for the client 1, index1.html file for client 2 and so on.