

MILESTONE 3: DATABASE DEVELOPMENT

- Using MongoDB as the database provides a flexible, schema-less structure, perfect for handling different types of user and appointment data.

SCHEMAS FOR DATABASE COLLECTIONS:

- User Schema: Defines fields for user information like name, email, password, and userType. This schema allows fine-grained control over user data and easy retrieval of information.
- Complaint and Assigned Complaint Schemas: These schemas manage complaint data, with fields linking complaints to users and statuses. They allow efficient tracking of complaints and status updates by linking agents to users.
- Chat Window Schema: This schema organises messages between users and agents, storing them by complaint ID for a streamlined user-agent communication flow.

DATABASE COLLECTIONS IN MONGODB:

- MongoDB collections, such as users, complaints, and messages, provide a structured, NoSQL approach to data management, making it easy to scale as data grows.
- MILESTONE 4: FRONTEND DEVELOPMENT
- Frontend development focuses on creating an interactive, intuitive user experience through a React-based user interface.

REACT APPLICATION SETUP:

- Folder Structure and Libraries: Setting up the initial React app structure and libraries ensures a smooth development workflow. By organising files into components, services, and pages, the project becomes easy to navigate and maintain.
- UI Component Libraries: Material UI and Bootstrap offer pre-built components, enabling rapid UI development and consistent design across all screens.

UI COMPONENTS FOR REUSABILITY:

- Reusable Components: Each UI element, like forms, dashboards, and buttons, is designed as a reusable component. This modularity allows efficient reuse across the app, reducing development time and ensuring consistency.
- Styling and Layout: Styling and layout components maintain a cohesive look and feel, contributing to the user experience with clean, intuitive visuals.

FRONTEND LOGIC IMPLEMENTATION:

- API Integration: Axios is used to make API calls to the backend, connecting UI components with data from the server.
- Data Binding and State Management: React's state management binds data to the UI, automatically updating it as the user interacts with the app.