PyCon China 2024

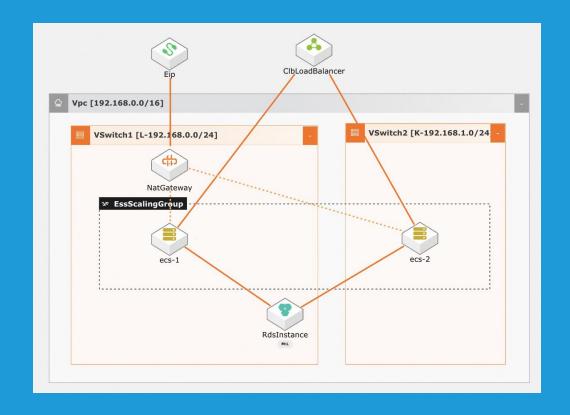
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基于大模型自动生成IaC模板

阿里云弹性计算——阮正鑫



云上资源的部署



传统部署方案

控制台

OpenAPI

SDK

自动化部署 (laC)



Infrastructure as code (IaC): 通过代码或者配置文件来定义和管理基础设施

IaC的优势

- 自动化
- 可重复
- 部署的标准和统一
- •版本控制和CICD集成

IaC 工具

云厂商一方laC

```
VPC:
 Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VPC
 Properties:
   VpcName: myvpc
   CidrBlock: 192,168,0,0/16
VSwitch:
 Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VSwitch
 Properties:
   VpcId:
     Ref: VPC
   ZoneId:
     Ref: ZoneId
   CidrBlock: 192.168.0.0/24
SecurityGroup:
 Type: ALIYUN::ECS::SecurityGroup
 Properties:
   VpcId:
     Ref: VPC
   SecurityGroupName: mysg
   SecurityGroupType: normal
```

Aliyun ROS

```
Resources:
 MvVPC:
   Type: AWS::EC2::VPC
   Properties:
     CidrBlock: '10.0.0.0/16'
 MvSubnet:
    Type: AWS::EC2::Subnet
   Properties:
     VpcId:
       Ref: MyVPC
     CidrBlock: '10.0.1.0/24'
 MySecurityGroup:
    Type: AWS::EC2::SecurityGroup
   Properties:
     GroupDescription: Enable SSH access
     VpcId:
       Ref: MyVPC
     SecurityGroupIngress:
       - IpProtocol: tcp
         FromPort: '22'
         ToPort: '22'
         CidrIp: '0.0.0.0/0'
```

AWS CloudFormation

三方laC

```
resource "alicloud_vpc" "main" {
 cidr_block = "192.168.0.0/16"
resource "alicloud_vswitch" "main" {
 vpc_id
                  = alicloud_vpc.main.id
                  = "192.168.1.0/24"
 cidr block
 availability zone = "cn-hangzhou-e"
resource "alicloud_security_group" "main" {
 vpc id = alicloud vpc.main.id
resource "alicloud_security_group_rule" "allow_http_inbound" {
                   = "ingress"
 ip_protocol
                   = "tcp"
 security_group_id = alicloud_security_group.main.id
                   = "80/80"
 port_range
                   = "0.0.0.0/0"
 cidr_ip
resource "alicloud_security_group_rule" "allow_https_inbound"
                   = "ingress"
 type
 ip_protocol
                   = "tcp"
 security_group_id = alicloud_security_group.main.id
 port_range
                   = "443/443"
                   = "0.0.0.0/0"
 cidr_ip
```

```
nst vpc = new alicloud.vpc.Network("my-vpc", {
   cidrBlock: "192.168.0.0/16",
   name: "pulumi-vpc",
 const vswitch = new alicloud.vpc.Switch("my-vswitch", {
   cidrBlock: "192.168.1.0/24",
   vpcId: vpc.id,
   zoneId: "cn-hangzhou-e",
const securityGroup = new alicloud.ecs.SecurityGroup("my-security-group", {
   vpcId: vpc.id,
const allowHttp = new alicloud.ecs.SecurityGroupRule("allow-http", {
   type: "ingress",
    ipProtocol: "tcp",
    securityGroupId: securityGroup.id,
   portRange: "80/80",
   cidrIp: "0.0.0.0/0",
 const allowHttps = new alicloud.ecs.SecurityGroupRule("allow-https", {
   type: "ingress",
    ipProtocol: "tcp".
    securityGroupId: securityGroup.id,
   portRange: "443/443",
   cidrIp: "0.0.0.0/0",
```

Terraform Pulumi

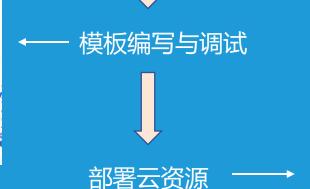
laC模板编写难点

开发者会面临的问题是编写和管理基础设施模板(如 阿里云ROS、Terraform 等)可能涉及许多细节和配置 选项,导致学习成本高

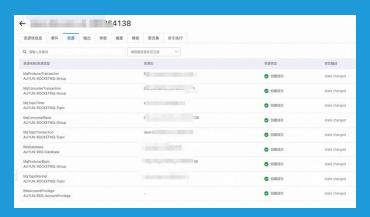












直接找大模型帮忙



写一个ROS模板 部署一台ECS 安装dify



Qwen_Max

为了使用阿里云的ROS (Resource Orchestration Service) 部署一台ECS实例,并在该实例上安装Dify,你需要创建一个ROS模板。这

步骤 1: 创建ROS模板

首先,你需要定义你的资源,比如ECS实例、安全组等。以下是一个简单的ROS模板示例

```
ROSTemplateFormatVersion: '2015-09-01'
Description: |
 A simple ROS template to create an ECS instance and install Dify on it.
 ImageId:
   Type: String
   Description: The image ID of the ECS instance.
  InstanceType:
   Type: String
    Description: The type of the ECS instance.
  SecurityGroupId:
   Type: String
    Description: The security group ID associated with the ECS instance.
  KeyPairName:
    Type: String
    Description: The key pair name for SSH access.
  VSwitchId:
    Type: String
    Description: The VSwitch ID for the ECS instance.
Resources:
  EcsInstance:
   Type: ALIYUN::ECS::Instance
    Properties:
ImageId: !Ref ImageId
```

问题

- 通用大模型可能没有IaC相关领域知识
- 模型幻觉
 - 编造出不存在的资源
 - 指定错误的资源属性
 - 输出错误的资源返回值

解决方法

- 通用大模型可能没有IaC相关领域知识
 - 预置IaC相关的知识库,通过RAG召回匹配度高的模板,提升大模型回复准确性
- 模型幻觉
 - 对大模型返回的模板进一步修复
 - 通过Function Call查询laC定义的资源列表、资源属性定义,由大模型选择匹配的资源类型以及资源属性配置,实现模板的静态修复
 - 对模板进行校验、资源栈创建预检,使用大模型根据报错信息对模板进行动态的修改。

```
session = create_template_session(
    task_desc='我有几组资源名、错误的资源类型和可能的正确的待选资源类型的列表,'
    '你的工作就是必须从待选列表中找到正确的资源类型,不允许选择提供的错误的资源类型。'
    '结果为json格式,内容为资源名和正确资源类型的映射关系。',
    task_start_tip='接下来我会给出资源名、错误的资源类型和可能的正确的资源类型的列表。',
)

r = await session.ask('\n'.join(tokens))
resource_type_mappings = r.extract_json()
if not resource_type_mappings:
    ...

for res_name, res_type in bad_items:
    if res_name not in resource_type_mappings:
        ...

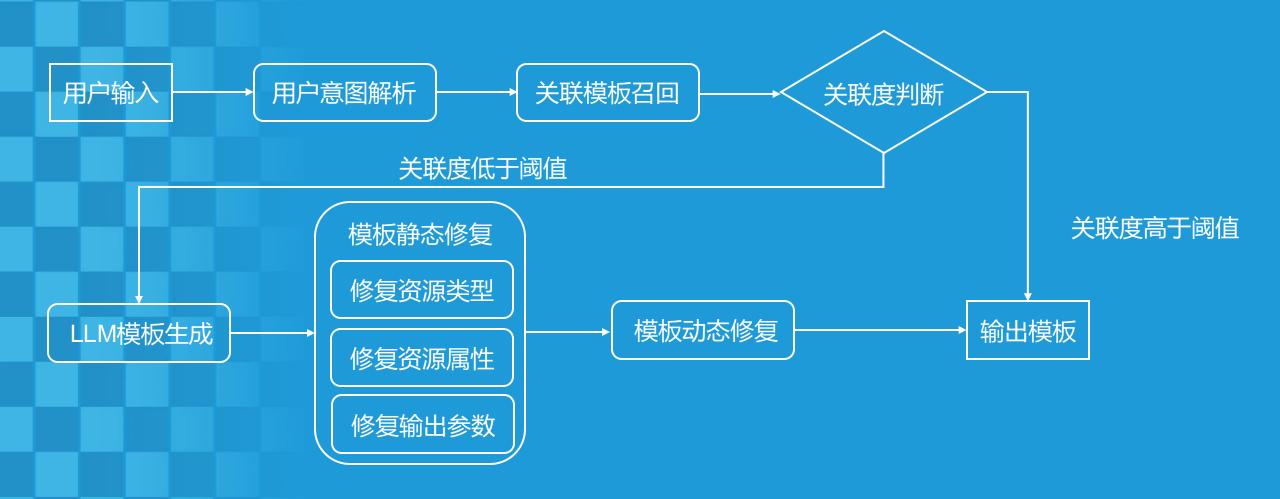
if res_type in self.CommonResourceTypeMapping:
        new_res_type = self.CommonResourceTypeMapping[res_type]
    else:
        new_res_type = resource_type_mappings[res_name]
    if new_res_type not in resource_types:
        ...

msg = f'Find match for resource type: {res_type} --> {new_res_type}.'
        ...

tpl_resources[res_name]['Type'] = new_res_type
```

```
session = create_template_session(
   task_desc=f<sup>1</sup>我有一个有问题的模板片段,其中资源属性取值存在一些错误,具体报错信息为:\n{msg}\n<sup>1</sup>
    '你的任务就是根据错误信息,帮我修正这个模板中部分资源属性的取值,并输出新模板。\n'
    '# 要求 #\n'
    '模板代码请使用放在markdown代码块中, 为json格式不需要注释。\n'
    '新模板需要保持完整,允许省略之前模板内容。\n'
    '报错信息中不涉及的部分,不允许进行修改。',
   task_start_tip='接下来我会给出有问题的模板,使用json格式。',
   model='qwen-max'
new_tpl = await self._repair_template(session, tpl)
if not new_tpl:
   return False
if res name:
   res_names = [res_name]
   res_names = list(new_tpl['Resources'].keys())
if not self._merge_props(ctx, res_names, new_tpl) or not ctx.result:
   return False
```

工作流节点的功能实现



总结简述

模板生成与修复的异步流程以工作流的形式实现,每个step节点实现一个基础能力,方便组合复用。通过获取工作流状态的形式,展示日志。

Workflow



每一个Step都会有一个StepOutput作为一个阶段性的结果 (可能是中间态的) 一步Step内可能会有多个Event 实现与大模型的多轮对话 需要输出日志信息

一个简单的Case

• 部署热门的大模型编排应用Dify



② 生成模板已完成





模板生成输入预处理

Generate template input preprocessor started.

Generate template input preprocessor success.



ROS模板生成

ROS template generator started.

Current generate ROS template number of retries: 1.

Template generate successfully.

1 ROSTemplateFormatVersion: '2015-09-01' 2 Parameters: ZoneId: Type: String Label: en: Availability Zone zh-cn: 可用区ID AssociationProperty: ALIYUN::ECS::Instance::ZoneId Description: en: This template will pull the 10 Docker image. There may be network problems when using it in domestic regions. You can switch to overseas 12 regions. zh-cn: 本模板会拉取 Docker 镜像、在 国内地域使用可能会有网络问题,可切换至海外地域。 14 InstanceType: Type: String



对比

```
Resources:
 VPC:
   Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VPC
    Properties:
     CidrBlock: !Ref VpcCidrBlock
     VpcName: DifyVPC
 VSwitch:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VSwitch
    Properties:
     VpcId: !Ref VPC
     CidrBlock: !Ref VSwitchCidrBlock
     ZoneId: {{Select(0, !GetAZs)}}
     ASMITCUMAINE: DILANSMITCU
  SecurityGroup:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::SecurityGroup
    Properties:
     VpcId: !Ref VPC
     SecurityGroupName: !Ref SecurityGroupName
       - PortRange: !Join ['-', [!Ref SSHPort, !Ref SSHPort]]
         Priority: 1
         NicType: intranet
         SourceCidrIp: 0.0.0.0/0
          IpProtocol: tcp
         Policy: Accept
 ECSInstance:
   Type: ALIYUN::ECS::Instance
    Properties:
     ImageId: !Ref ImageId
     InstanceType: !Ref InstanceType
     VpcId: !Ref VPC
     VSwitchId: !Ref VSwitch
     SecurityGroupId: !Ref SecurityGroup
     KeyPairName: !Ref KeyPairName
     SystemDiskCategory: !Ref SystemDiskCategory
     SystemDiskSize: !Ref SystemDiskSize
     UserData:
       Fn::Base64: !Sub |
         #!/bin/bash
          yum update -y
          curl -fsSL https://get.docker.com -o get-docker.sh
          sh get-docker.sh
          systemctl start docker
          systemctl enable docker
         git clone https://github.com/dify-ai/dify.git /opt/dify
          cd /opt/dify
          docker-compose up -d
```

直接提问大模型

```
Resources:
  Vpc:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VPC
    Properties:
     CidrBlock: 192,168,0,0/16
  VSwitch:
   Type: ALIYUN::ECS::VSwitch
     ZoneId:
       Ref: ZoneId
       Ref: Vpc
      CidrBlock: 192.168.0.0/24
  SecurityGroup:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::SecurityGroup
    Properties:
     VpcId:
       Ref: Vpc
  SecurityGroupIngress_80:
Type: ALIYUN::ECS::SecurityGroupIngress
     PortRange: 80/80
     SecurityGroupId:
     Ker: SecurityGroup
SourceCidrIp: 0.0.0.0/0
 ....
InstanceGroup:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::InstanceGroup
    Properties:
      VpcId:
       Ref: Vpc
      VSwitchId:
       Ref: VSwitch
      SecurityGroupId:
       Ref: SecurityGroup
 InstallDify:
    Type: ALIYUN::ECS::RunCommand
    Properties:
     CommandContent: |
       #!/bin/bash
        echo "###############"
        echo "# Install Docker'
       echo "###########################
        wget -0 /etc/yum.repos.d/docker-ce.repo https://mirrors.aliyun.com/docker-ce/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo
        yum -y install docker-ce
        systemctl start docker
        systemctl enable docker
       echo "##############""
       echo "# Install Dify"
        echo "#############""
        yum -y install git
        git clone --depth 1 https://github.com/langgenius/dify.git /opt/dify
        cd /opt/dify/docker
        docker compose up -d
        docker compose ps
```

IaC模板生成

Agent能力评估



评测方式:

- 1、输入IaC模板助手生成的模板与对比的标准模板,使用大模型进行对比、评分
- 2、输入IaC模板助手生成的模板与模板需求Query,使用大模型推理生成的模板的功能,与输入的Query进行对比评分

评测标准:

- 1、模板对比的标准:模板的资源的类型、属性、输出值的正确性,模板资源间依赖正确性,模板功能的匹配度
- 2、用户输入需求对比的标准:对云资源的需求相近度,对软件部署的需求相近度

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