### In [1]:

05.05.2020

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
from sklearn import metrics
started 16:15:52 2020-05-04, finished in 869ms
```

### In [2]:

```
# def best_EM(data, n_components_range, verbose=None):
      lowest aic, lowest bic = np.inf, np.inf
      bic = []
#
      aic = [1]
#
#
      best n components = n components range[0]
#
      for n_components in n_components_range:
#
           gmm = GaussianMixture(n components=n components)
#
           gmm.fit(data)
#
          aic.append(gmm.aic(data))
           if aic[-1] < lowest aic:</pre>
#
               lowest aic = aic[-1]
#
#
               best_n\_components = n\_components
#
               print(f'best number of components \t aic\n{best_n_components} \t\t {l
#
#
      return best n components
started 16:15:55 2020-05-04, finished in 19ms
```

```
In [85]:
```

```
def SelBest(arr:list, X:int)->list:
    returns the set of X configurations with shorter distance
    dx=np.argsort(arr)[:X]
    return arr[dx]
def BIC evaluation(data, n components, iterations=20):
    bics=[]
    bics err=[]
    for n in n components:
        tmp bic=[]
        for _ in range(iterations):
            gmm=GaussianMixture(n, n init=2).fit(data)
            tmp_bic.append(gmm.bic(data))
        val=np.mean(SelBest(np.array(tmp bic), int(iterations/5)))
        err=np.std(tmp bic)
        bics.append(val)
        bics err.append(err)
        print('
        print(f'n components: {n}\tmean BIC: {val}')
    return bics, bics err
started 18:41:29 2020-05-04, finished in 13ms
```

# 1. Загрузка данных

```
In [4]:
```

```
day return = pd.read csv('DATA/EURUSD Day RETURN 05.05.2003-29.04.2020.csv')
hour return = pd.read csv('DATA/EURUSD Hour RETURN 05.05.2003-29.04.2020.csv')
minute_return = pd.read_csv('DATA/EURUSD_Minute_RETURN_29.04.2019-29.04.2020.csv')
started 16:15:58 2020-05-04, finished in 570ms
```

```
In [5]:
```

```
day return.iloc[[0,-1], :]
started 16:16:00 2020-05-04, finished in 65ms
```

### Out[5]:

```
Close
   0.013773
4431 0.002963
```

```
In [6]:
```

```
hour_return.iloc[[0,-1], :]
started 16:16:00 2020-05-04, finished in 39ms
```

## Out[6]:

### Close

0.000187

**106369** -0.000451

## In [7]:

```
minute_return.iloc[[0,-1], :]
started 16:16:01 2020-05-04, finished in 24ms
```

# Out[7]:

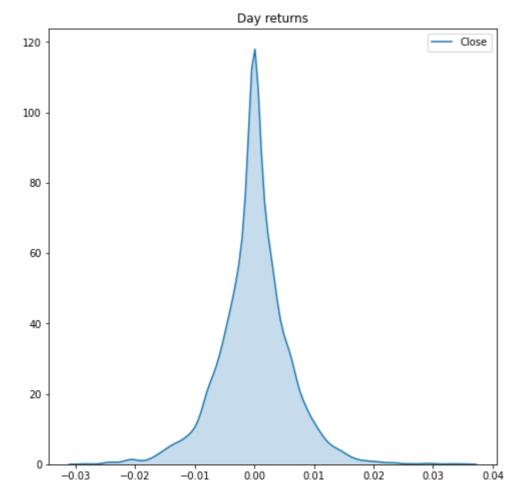
#### Close

0 0.000045

**380158** 0.000055

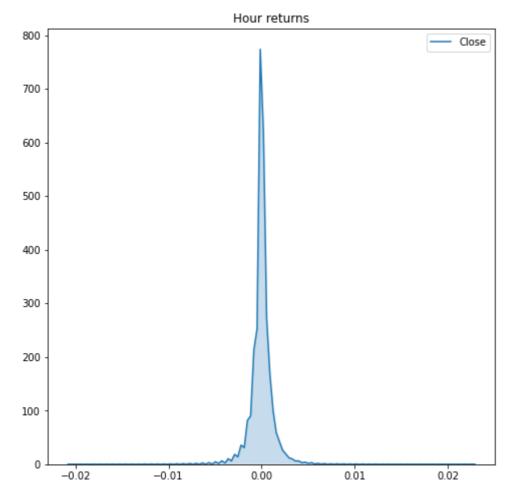
## In [33]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(data=day_return.iloc[:, 0], shade=True);
plt.title('Day returns')
plt.show()
started 16:24:55 2020-05-04, finished in 295ms
```



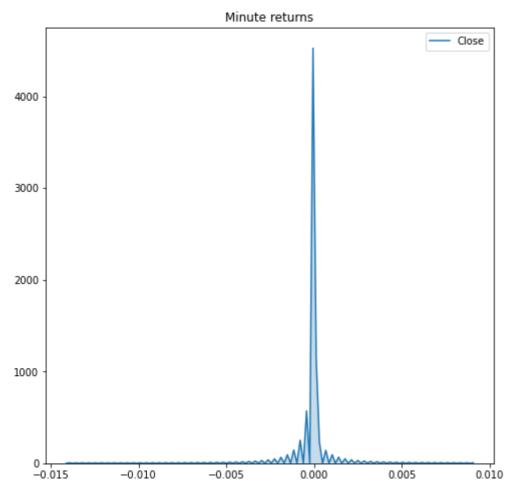
## In [31]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(data=hour_return.iloc[:, \theta], shade=True); plt.title('Hour returns')
plt.show()
started 16:24:11 2020-05-04, finished in 264ms
```



```
In [30]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(minute_return.iloc[:, 0], shade=True);
plt.title('Minute returns')
plt.show()
started 16:23:43 2020-05-04, finished in 277ms
```



# 2. Поиск оптимального числа гауссиан в смеси

Посмотрим как будет меняться ВІС с увеличением количества компонент гауссовой смеси на дневных, часовых и минутных возвратах. Построим графики зависимости ВІС и градиента ВІС от количества компонент и выберем разбиение с наименьшим значением ВІС

# Дневные возвраты

```
In [34]:
```

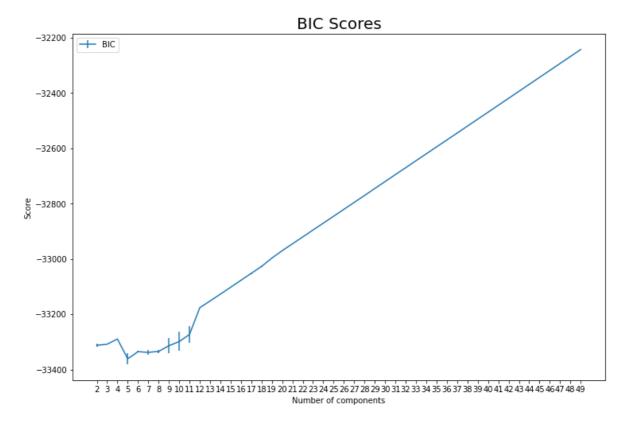
```
n components = np.arange(2, 50)
bics, bics_err = BIC_evaluation(day_return, n_components)
started 16:30:45 2020-05-04, finished in 6m 36s
```

### In [38]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.errorbar(n_components, bics, yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.legend()
started 16:38:45 2020-05-04, finished in 638ms
```

### Out[38]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de3b06710>

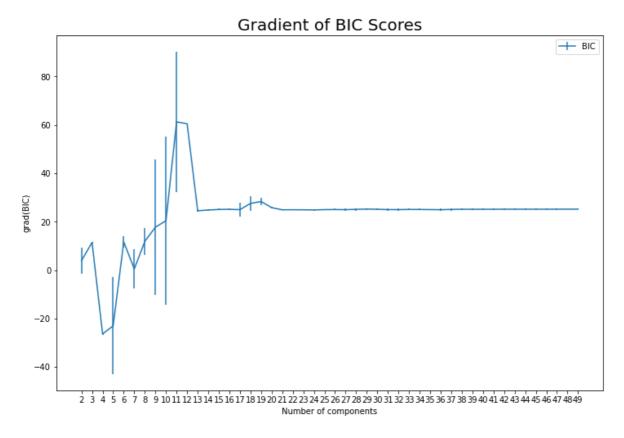


### In [40]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.errorbar(n components, np.gradient(bics), yerr=bics err, label='BIC')
plt.title("Gradient of BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("grad(BIC)")
plt.legend()
started 16:39:41 2020-05-04, finished in 607ms
```

### Out[40]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de354f5f8>



Из графиков видно, что лучшим числом разбиений данных на кластеры будет 5. Проверим насколько хорошо смесь из 5 гауссиан приблизит эмпирическое распределение дневных возвратов. Особое внимание уделим хвостам, т.к. именно риски/ редкие события с большим отклонением от вершины распределения интересуют нас больше всего.

# Смесь гауссиан для дневных возвратов

### In [193]:

```
day_gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=5)
day_gmm.fit(day_return)
started 21:40:28 2020-05-04, finished in 85ms
```

### Out[193]:

```
GaussianMixture(covariance_type='full', init_params='kmeans', max_iter
=100,
                means_init=None, n_components=5, n_init=1, precisions_
init=None,
                random_state=None, reg_covar=1e-06, tol=0.001, verbose
=0,
                verbose interval=10, warm start=False, weights init=No
ne)
```

### In [194]:

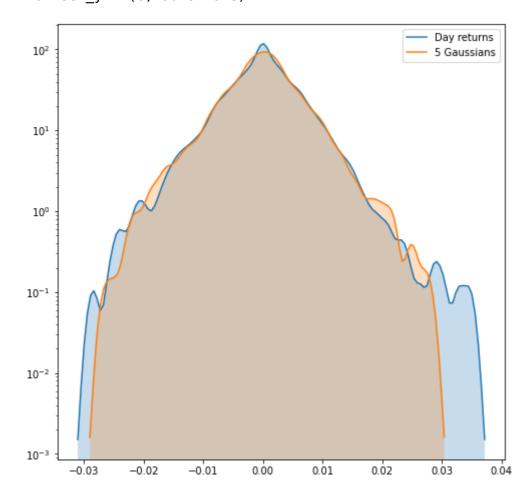
```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.yscale('log')
sns.kdeplot(data=day return.iloc[:, 0], label='Day returns', shade=True)
sns.kdeplot(day gmm.sample(day return.shape[0])[0][:, 0], label='5 Gaussians', shad
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 21:40:29 2020-05-04, finished in 582ms
```

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis. Invalid limit will be ignored. ax.set ylim(0, auto=None)

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis.

Invalid limit will be ignored.

ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)

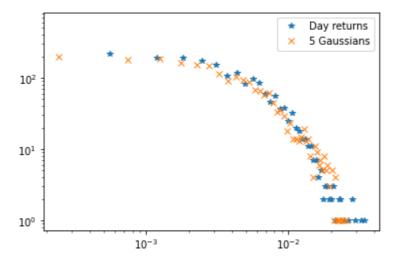


### In [195]:

```
day_return_hist = np.histogram(day_return ,bins = 100)
day_gmm_hist = np.histogram(day_gmm.sample(day_return.shape[0])[0], bins=100)
started 21:40:34 2020-05-04, finished in 7ms
```

### In [196]:

```
plt.yscale('log')
plt.xscale('log')
plt.plot(day_return_hist[1][:-1],day_return_hist[0],'*', label='Day returns')
plt.plot(day_gmm_hist[1][:-1],day_gmm_hist[0],'x', label='5 Gaussians')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 21:40:36 2020-05-04, finished in 449ms
```



Смесь из 5 гауссиан достаточно неплохо приближает вершину распределения дневных возвратов. Хвост смеси гауссовых распределениий почти полностью совпадает с хвостом эмпирического распределения.

# Часовые возвраты

### In [82]:

```
n_components = np.arange(2, 50)
bics, bics_err = BIC_evaluation(hour_return, n_components)
started 17:05:36 2020-05-04, finished in 1h 35m 52s
```

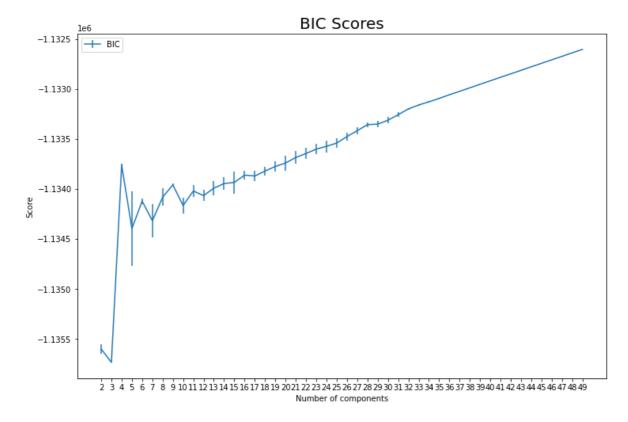
### In [83]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plt.errorbar(n_components, bics, yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.legend()
started 18:41:28 2020-05-04, finished in 407ms
```

### Out[83]:

# <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de2f81a58>



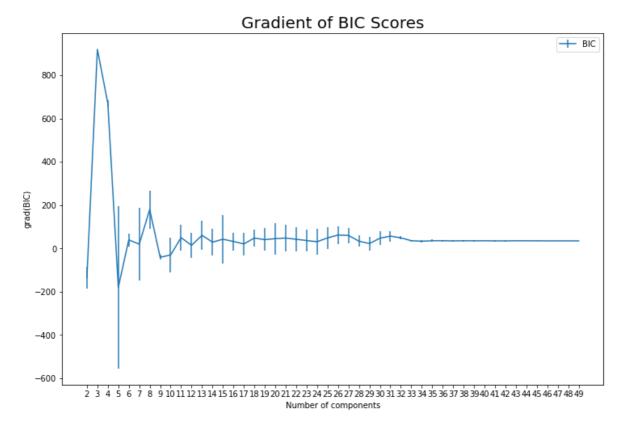
### In [84]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plt.errorbar(n_components, np.gradient(bics), yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("Gradient of BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("grad(BIC)")
plt.legend()
started 18:41:28 2020-05-04, finished in 328ms
```

### Out[84]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de3291128>



# Смесь гауссиан для часовых возвратов

### In [123]:

```
hour_gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=3)
hour_gmm.fit(hour_return)
```

started 18:52:00 2020-05-04, finished in 620ms

### Out[123]:

### In [164]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.yscale('log')
sns.kdeplot(data=hour_return.iloc[:, 0], label='Hour returns', shade=True)
sns.kdeplot(hour_gmm.sample(hour_return.shape[0])[0][:, 0], label='3 Gaussians', sh
plt.legend()
plt.show()

started 19:44:24 2020-05-04, finished in 771ms
```

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis.

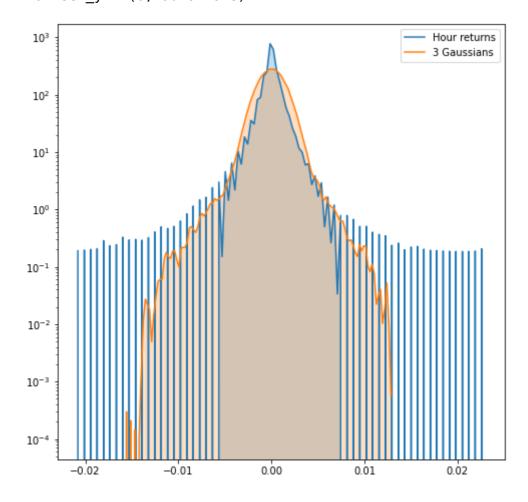
Invalid limit will be ignored.

ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis.

Invalid limit will be ignored.

ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)



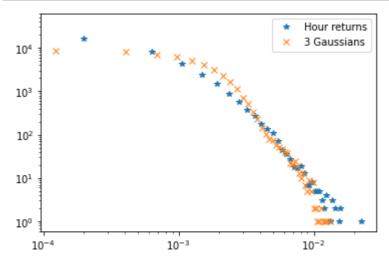
### In [126]:

```
hour_return_hist = np.histogram(hour_return ,bins = 100)
hour_gmm_hist = np.histogram(hour_gmm.sample(hour_return.shape[0])[0], bins=100)
```

started 18:52:28 2020-05-04, finished in 41ms

### In [127]:

```
plt.yscale('log')
plt.xscale('log')
plt.plot(hour_return_hist[1][:-1],hour_return_hist[0],'*', label='Hour_returns')
plt.plot(hour_gmm_hist[1][:-1],hour_gmm_hist[0],'x', label='3 Gaussians')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 18:52:31 2020-05-04, finished in 632ms
```



# Минутные возвраты

### In [159]:

```
n_components = [i for i in range(2, 200, 20)]
bics, bics_err = BIC_evaluation(minute_return[:50000], n_components, iterations=5)
started 19:30:10 2020-05-04, finished in 3m 7s
```

n_components:	2 mean	BIC: -598125	. 38400863
n_components:	22	mean BIC:	-597502.3556568986
n_components:	42	mean BIC:	-596853.1688763747
n_components:	62	mean BIC:	-596203.9821290687
n_components:	82	mean BIC:	-595554.7954291339
n_components:	102	mean BIC:	-594905.6087316353
n_components:	122	mean BIC:	-594256.4220202838
n_components:	142	mean BIC:	-593607.2353232322
n_components:	162	mean BIC:	-592958.0486261499
n_components:	182	mean BIC:	-592308.8619290827

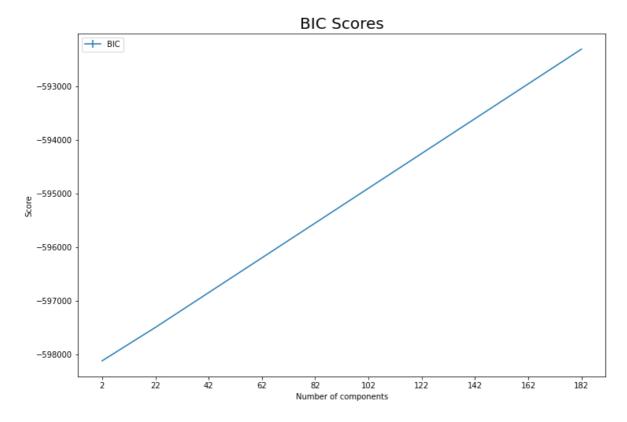
### In [160]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plt.errorbar(n_components, bics, yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.legend()
started 19:43:30 2020-05-04, finished in 383ms
```

### Out[160]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de2f5d4e0>



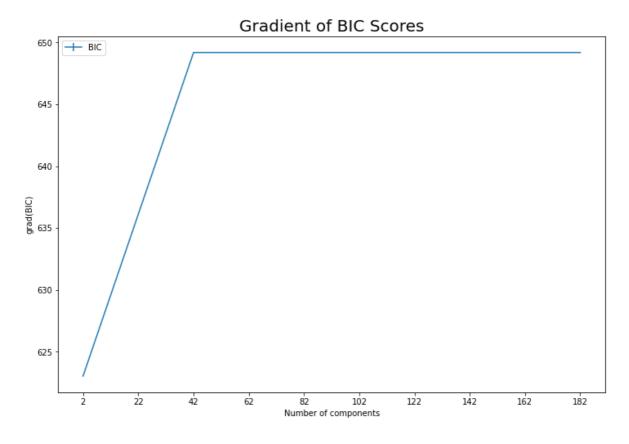
### In [172]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plt.errorbar(n_components, np.gradient(bics), yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("Gradient of BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("grad(BIC)")
plt.legend()
started 19:49:41 2020-05-04, finished in 351ms
```

## Out[172]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de26769e8>



# Смесь гауссиан для минутных возвратов

### In [168]:

```
minute_gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=7)
minute_gmm.fit(minute_return)
```

started 19:46:14 2020-05-04, finished in 1.65s

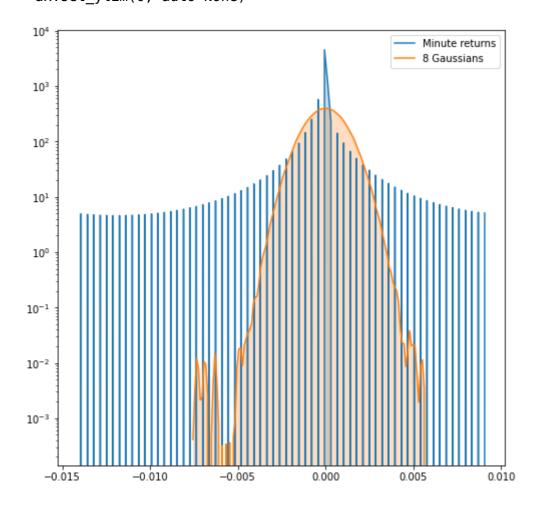
### Out[168]:

### In [169]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.yscale('log')

sns.kdeplot(data=minute_return.iloc[:, 0], label='Minute returns', shade=True)
sns.kdeplot(minute_gmm.sample(minute_return.shape[0])[0][:, 0], label='8 Gaussians'
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 19:46:15 2020-05-04, finished in 1.40s
```

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi
ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on
a log-scaled axis.
Invalid limit will be ignored.
 ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)
/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi
ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on
a log-scaled axis.
Invalid limit will be ignored.
 ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)



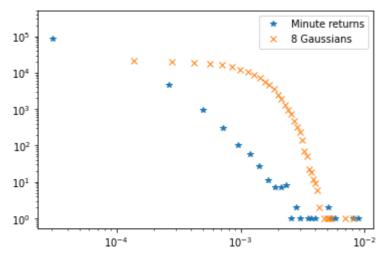
### In [174]:

```
minute_return_hist = np.histogram(minute_return ,bins = 100)
minute_gmm_hist = np.histogram(minute_gmm.sample(minute_return.shape[0])[0], bins=1
started 20:00:42 2020-05-04, finished in 61ms
```

### In [175]:

```
plt.yscale('log')
plt.xscale('log')
plt.plot(minute_return_hist[1][:-1], minute_return_hist[0], '*', label='Minute return
plt.plot(minute_gmm_hist[1][:-1], minute_gmm_hist[0], 'x', label='8 Gaussians')
plt.legend()
plt.show()

started 20:00:52 2020-05-04, finished in 669ms
```

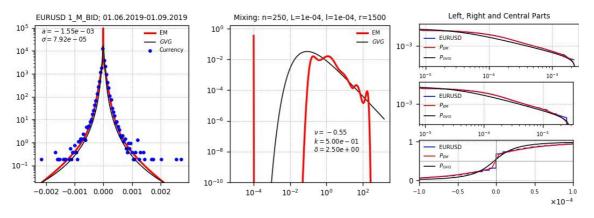


Попробуем повторить результаты эксперимента, приведенного на изображении

### In [173]:

```
from IPython.display import Image
Image('Pictures/Repin_EM.jpg')
started 19:55:36 2020-05-04, finished in 84ms
```

### Out[173]:



Для моделирования распределения минутных данных по возвратам валютного курса EUR/USD используется смесь гауссиан из 250 компонент. Возьмем тот же промежуток времени (с 01.06.19 по 01.09.19, примерно).

### In [176]:

```
minute_return_6_9 = pd.read_csv('DATA/EURUSD_Minute_RETURN_05.06.2019-04.09.2019.cs
started 20:19:23 2020-05-04, finished in 42ms
```

## In [178]:

```
minute_return_6_9.shape
started 20:19:59 2020-05-04, finished in 11ms
```

### Out[178]:

(126179, 1)

### In [179]:

```
n_components = [i for i in range(200, 261, 10)]
bics, bics_err = BIC_evaluation(minute_return_6_9, n_components, iterations=5)
started 20:21:04 2020-05-04, finished in 13m 32s
```

 n\_components:
 200
 mean BIC: -1501530.3767333082

 n\_components:
 210
 mean BIC: -1501178.0130289725

 n\_components:
 220
 mean BIC: -1500825.6493245247

 n\_components:
 230
 mean BIC: -1500473.285620103

 n\_components:
 240
 mean BIC: -1500120.9219156809

 n\_components:
 250
 mean BIC: -1499768.5582113222

 n\_components:
 260
 mean BIC: -1499416.1945069642

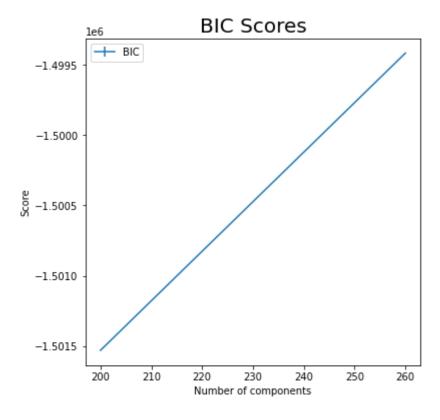
### In [183]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6,6))

plt.errorbar(n_components, bics, yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.legend()
started 20:35:32 2020-05-04, finished in 297ms
```

## Out[183]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de339a400>



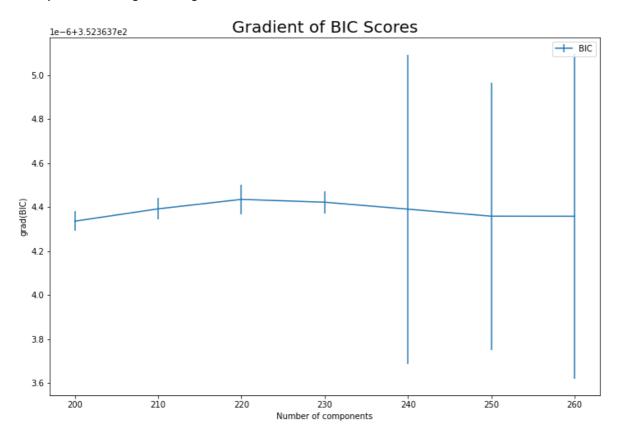
### In [184]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))

plt.errorbar(n_components, np.gradient(bics), yerr=bics_err, label='BIC')
plt.title("Gradient of BIC Scores", fontsize=20)
plt.xticks(n_components)
plt.xlabel("Number of components")
plt.ylabel("grad(BIC)")
plt.legend()
started 20:36:23 2020-05-04, finished in 341ms
```

### Out[184]:

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7f9de2d5fba8>



### In [197]:

```
minute_6_9_gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components=250)
minute_6_9_gmm.fit(minute_return_6_9)

started 17:06:50 2020-05-05, finished in 10.7s
```

### Out[197]:

### In [199]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.yscale('log')

sns.kdeplot(data=minute_return_6_9.iloc[:, 0], label='Minute returns 06.2019-09.201
sns.kdeplot(minute_6_9_gmm.sample(minute_return_6_9.shape[0])[0][:, 0], label='250
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 17:07:29 2020-05-05, finished in 555ms
```

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis.

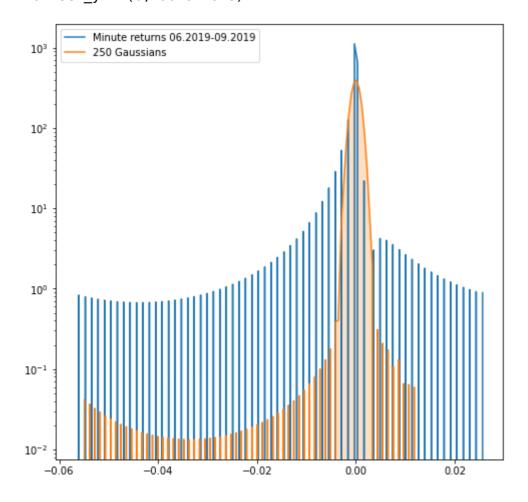
Invalid limit will be ignored.

ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)

/home/dimitry/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-packages/seaborn/distributi ons.py:340: UserWarning: Attempted to set non-positive bottom ylim on a log-scaled axis.

Invalid limit will be ignored.

ax.set\_ylim(0, auto=None)

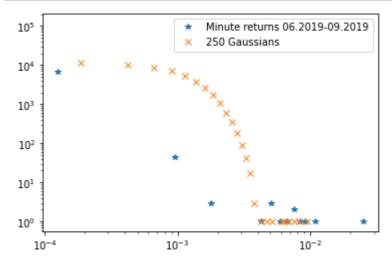


### In [200]:

```
minute_return_6_9_hist = np.histogram(minute_return_6_9 ,bins = 100)
minute_6_9_gmm_hist = np.histogram(minute_6_9_gmm.sample(minute_return_6_9.shape[0])
started 17:09:24 2020-05-05, finished in 64ms
```

### In [201]:

```
plt.yscale('log')
plt.xscale('log')
plt.plot(minute_return_6_9_hist[1][:-1],minute_return_6_9_hist[0],'*', label='Minut
plt.plot(minute_6_9_gmm_hist[1][:-1],minute_6_9_gmm_hist[0],'x', label='250 Gaussia
plt.legend()
plt.show()
started 17:09:25 2020-05-05, finished in 662ms
```



### In [ ]:

# In [ ]:

```
# n clusters=np.arange(2, 20)
# sils=[]
# sils err=[]
 iterations=20
 for n in n_clusters:
#
#
      tmp sil=[]
#
      for _ in range(iterations):
          gmm=GaussianMixture(n, n_init=2).fit(day_return)
#
#
          labels=gmm.predict(day return)
          sil=metrics.silhouette_score(day_return, labels, metric='euclidean')
#
#
          tmp sil.append(sil)
#
      val=np.mean(SelBest(np.array(tmp sil), int(iterations/5)))
#
      err=np.std(tmp sil)
#
      sils.append(val)
#
      sils_err.append(err)
```

### In [ ]:

```
# plt.errorbar(n_clusters, sils, yerr=sils_err)
# plt.title("Silhouette Scores", fontsize=20)
# plt.xticks(n_clusters)
# plt.xlabel("N. of clusters")
# plt.ylabel("Score")
```