

# Ганс Карлман.

top 10 автор 20 века

\* оценивание кучи моделей  
основано на фк.

Аад ван дер Ваарт "Time Series"

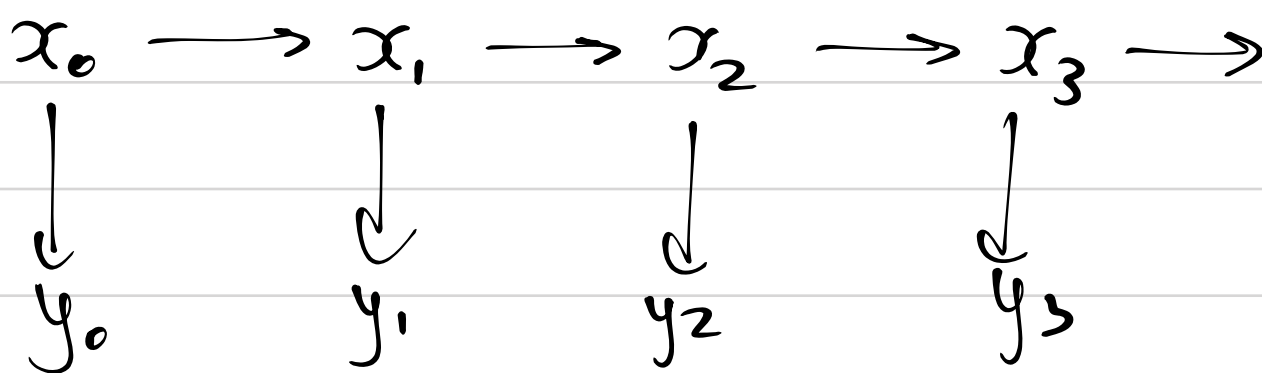
+ картинки

+ показательные примеры.

Модель состояния - наблюдение

State Space Model.

состояния [ненаблюдаемые]



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_0 = \text{вектор конст} \\ x_{t+1} = F x_t + V_{t+1} \\ y_t = G x_t + u_t \end{array} \right.$$

и-убе  $F, G$  - известные.

$$\text{Var} \left( \begin{pmatrix} V_t \\ u_t \end{pmatrix} \right) - \text{уб.}$$

$$E \begin{pmatrix} V_t \\ u_t \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

Пример.

Станд-бн AR(2) с ур-нем

$$u_t \sim \text{WN}(0; \sigma^2)$$

$$a_t = 0.5 a_{t-1} + 0.06 a_{t-2} + u_t$$

State-Space model

$$y_t = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_G \cdot \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} a_t \\ a_{t-1} \end{pmatrix}}_{x_t} + \underbrace{0}_{\leftarrow} u_t$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_t \\ a_{t-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 & 0.06 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_{t-1} \\ a_{t-2} \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} u_t \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Labels:  $F$  (matrix),  $V_t$  (top of vector),  $u_t$  (bottom of vector)

Задачи:

каждому  $y_0, y_1, \dots, y_t$

хотим "предсказать"

$x_0, x_1, \dots, x_t, y_{t+1}, x_{t+1}$

обозначения

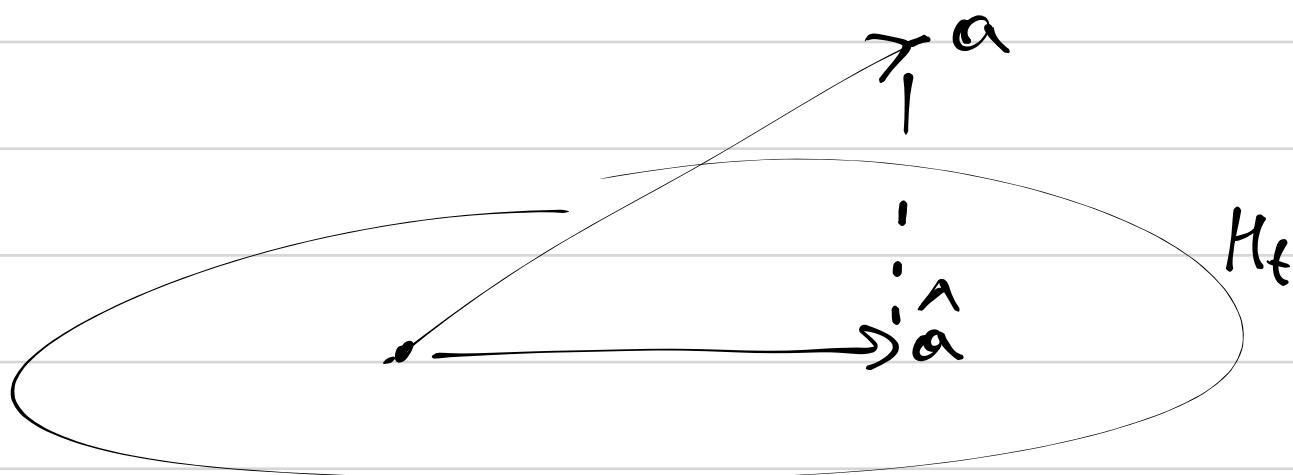
$$H_t = \text{span}(1, y_0, y_1, \dots, y_t)$$

весовая матрица

$H_3$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot 1 + \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot y_0 + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 7 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot y_1 + \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 8 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot y_2 + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 7 \end{pmatrix} \cdot y_3$$

$\Pi_t(\mathcal{B}) = \text{проекция } \mathcal{B} \text{ на } H_t$



$\hat{a} = \text{проекция } a \text{ на } H_t = \Pi_t a$

$$= \arg \min_{h \in H_t} E(\|a - h\|^2)$$

в случае линейного регрессии:  $\Pi_t a = E(a | y_t, y_{t-1}, \dots, y_0)$

$\Phi, k \in$  векторы нулевого порядка.

Инициализация.  $\{H_0^y$  старей, как это сделать]

Init. 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \Pi_0(x_0) \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_0(x_0)) \\ \text{Var}(x_0) \end{pmatrix}$$

начальное 
$$\begin{pmatrix} \Pi_0 x_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_0 x_0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{Var}(x_0) = \text{Var} \begin{pmatrix} x_0 \\ x_{-1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \gamma_0 & \gamma_1 \\ \gamma_1 & \gamma_0 \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

Итерация:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Pi_t x_t \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_t) \\ \text{Var}(x_t) \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{x_t \rightarrow x_{t+1}} \begin{pmatrix} \Pi_t x_{t+1} \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1}) \\ \text{Var}(x_{t+1}) \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\Pi_t \rightarrow \Pi_{t+1}} \begin{pmatrix} \Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1} \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1}) \\ \text{Var}(x_{t+1}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Аббревиатура.

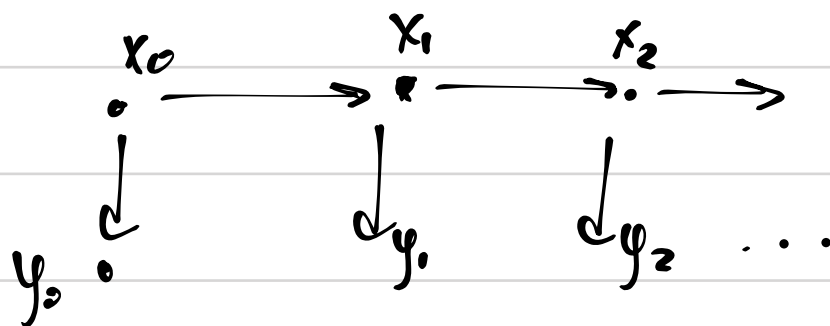
$\Pi_t x_{t+1}$

→ сущ. вектор  $\in H_t$   
→ рекуррентно сущ. в вектора.

Через себя  $\Pi_t$

① 
$$\Pi_t (A \cdot z) = A \Pi_t z$$

↑  
сущ. вектор.  
↑  
сущ. вектор.



\* 
$$\begin{cases} x_0 = \text{вект. кол-во} \\ x_t = F \cdot x_{t-1} + v_t \\ y_t = G \cdot x_t + w_t \end{cases}$$

$\begin{pmatrix} v_t \\ w_t \end{pmatrix}$  не зависит от предыдущих  $\begin{pmatrix} v_{t-1} \\ w_{t-1} \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} v_{t-2} \\ w_{t-2} \end{pmatrix}, \dots$

$\text{Var} \begin{pmatrix} v_t \\ w_t \end{pmatrix} =$  известная м-ца  $E \begin{pmatrix} v_t \\ w_t \end{pmatrix} = 0. \Rightarrow \Pi_t \begin{pmatrix} v_{t+1} \\ w_{t+1} \end{pmatrix} = 0$

Herleitung:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \Pi_t x_t \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_t) \\ \text{Var}(x_t) \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[\boxed{I} \downarrow]{x_t \rightarrow x_{t+1}} \begin{pmatrix} \Pi_t x_{t+1} \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1}) \\ \text{Var}(x_{t+1}) \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow[\boxed{II}]{\Pi_t \rightarrow \Pi_{t+1}} \begin{pmatrix} \Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1} \\ \text{Var}(\Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1}) \\ \text{Var}(x_{t+1}) \end{pmatrix}$$

Was  $x_t \rightarrow x_{t+1}$  ?

IA  $\underbrace{\Pi_t x_t}_{\text{bekannt}} \rightarrow \Pi_t x_{t+1}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pi_t x_{t+1} &= \Pi_t (\bar{F} x_t + v_{t+1}) = F \cdot \Pi_t x_t + \underbrace{\Pi_t v_{t+1}}_0 \\ &= \underbrace{F}_{\text{bekannt}} \cdot \underbrace{\Pi_t x_t}_{\text{bekannt}} \end{aligned}$$

IB:  $\underbrace{\text{Var}(\Pi_t x_t)}_{\text{bekannt}} \rightarrow \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1})$  ?

$$\text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1}) = \text{Var}(\underbrace{F \Pi_t x_t}_T) = F \cdot \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_t) \cdot F^T$$

IC:  $\underbrace{\text{Var}(x_t)}_{\text{bekannt}} \rightarrow \text{Var}(x_{t+1})$

$$\text{Var}(x_{t+1}) = \text{Var}(F x_t + v_{t+1}) =$$

$$= \underbrace{\text{Var}(F x_t)}_T + \text{Var}(v_{t+1}) + 0 + 0 =$$

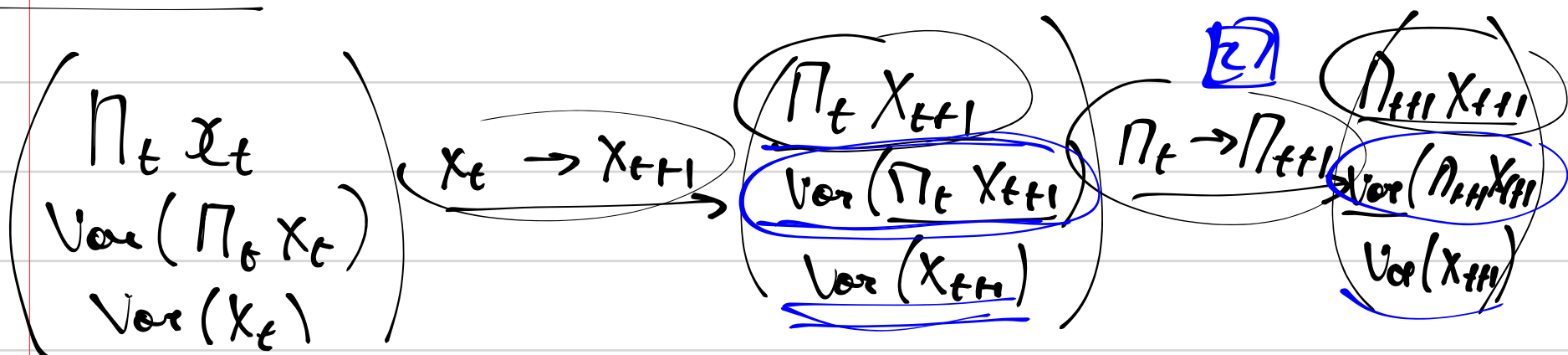
$\swarrow \quad \searrow$   
 $\text{Cov}(F x_t, v_{t+1}) \quad \text{Cov}(v_{t+1}, F x_t)$

$$= F \text{Var}(x_t) \cdot F^T + \text{Var}(v_{t+1})$$

bekannt bei II

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(z+s) &= \text{Var}(z) + \text{Var}(s) \\ &+ \text{Cov}(z, s) + \text{Cov}(s, z) \end{aligned}}$$

Доказуем:



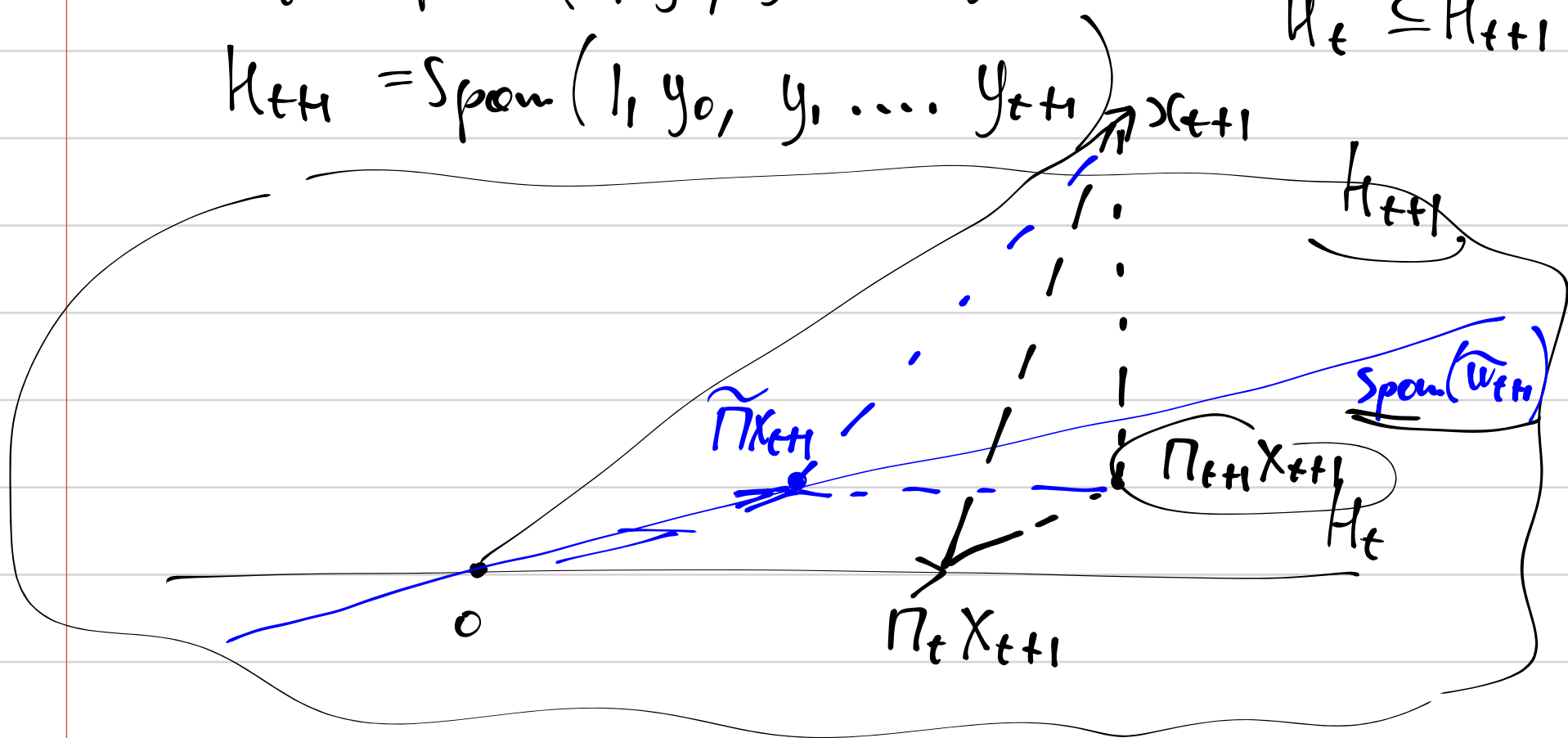
2C:  $\text{Var}(x_{t+1}) \longrightarrow \text{Var}(x_{t+1})$  знаем !!

Генерация новых векторов инкрементально

$$H_t = \text{Span}(1, y_0, y_1, \dots, y_t)$$

$$H_{t+1} = \text{Span}(1, y_0, y_1, \dots, y_{t+1})$$

$$H_t \subseteq H_{t+1}$$



$$H_{t+1} = H_t \oplus \text{Span}(\tilde{w}_{t+1})$$

$$\int_z$$

$$\omega(\tau, S) = 0.$$

$$H_{t+1} = H_t + \text{Span}(y_{t+1})$$

$\tilde{\Pi}$  = проекция на  $\text{Span}(\tilde{w}_{t+1})$

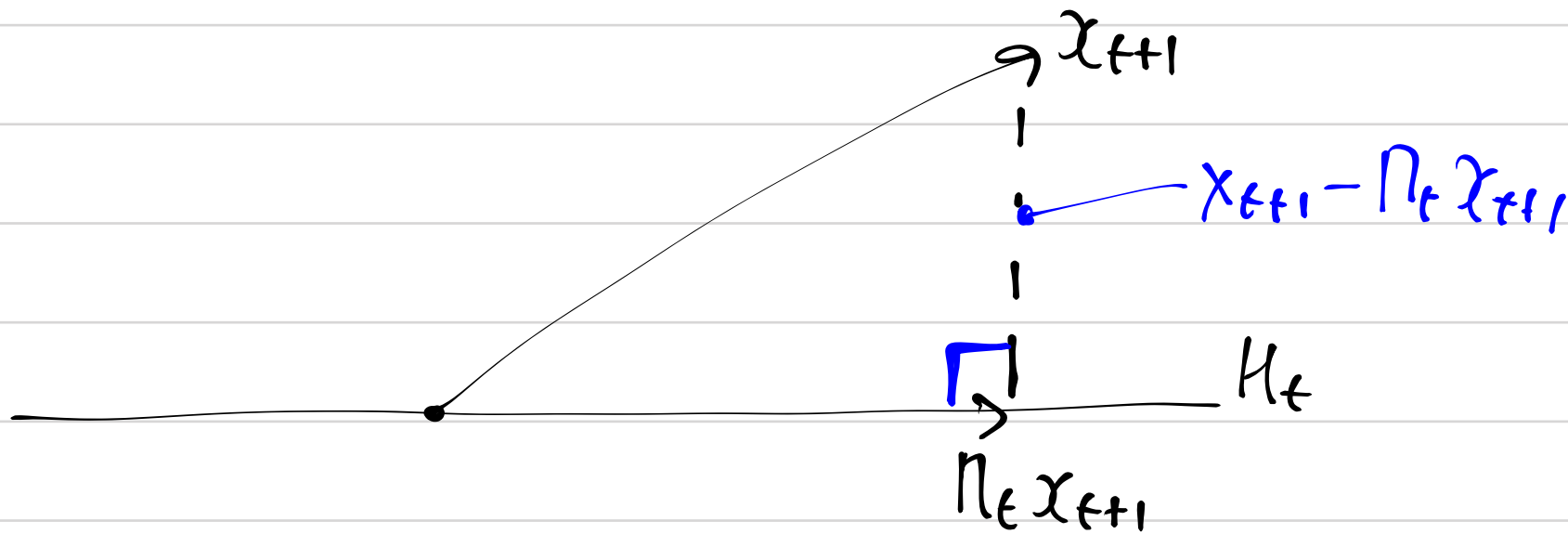
$$\Pi_{t+1}(x_{t+1}) = \Pi_t(x_{t+1}) + \tilde{\Pi}x_{t+1}$$

Q. Кто такой  $\tilde{w}_{t+1}$ ?

A.  $\tilde{w}_{t+1} = y_{t+1} - \Pi_t(y_{t+1}) = Gx_{t+1} + w_{t+1} - \Pi_t(Gx_{t+1} + w_{t+1})$   
 $= Gx_{t+1} - G \cdot \Pi_t x_{t+1} + w_{t+1} = G \cdot (x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) + w_{t+1}$

lemma !!

Q1.  $\text{Var}(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) = ?$  order:  $\text{Var}(x_{t+1}) - \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1})$   
 Q2.  $\text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) = ?$



↳ Π-orthogonal.

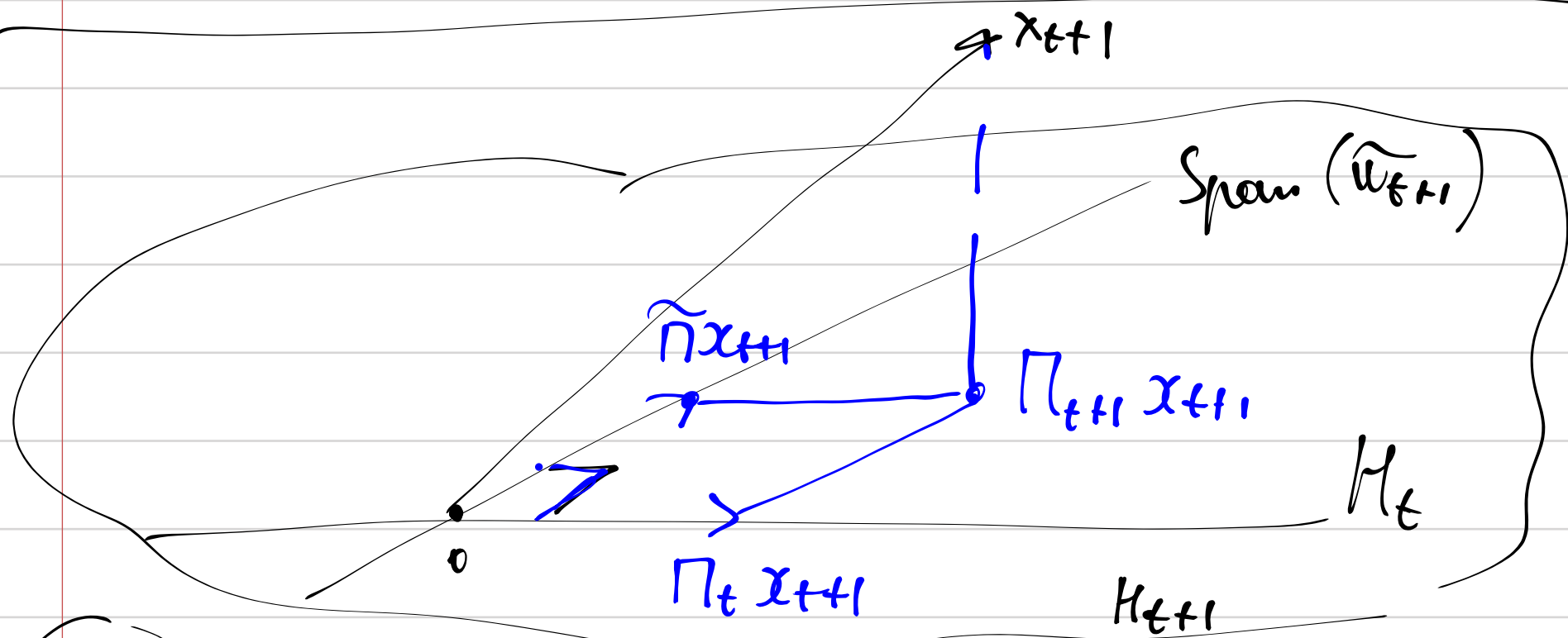
$$\Pi_t x_{t+1} \perp x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}$$

$$\text{Cov}(\Pi_t x_{t+1}, x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) = 0.$$

$$\text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) =$$

$$= \text{Cov}(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}, x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) =$$

$$= \underline{\text{Var}(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1})} = \underline{\text{Var}(x_{t+1})} - \underline{\text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1})}$$



2B

$$\Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1} = \underbrace{\Pi_t x_{t+1}}_{\text{error}} + \tilde{\Pi} x_{t+1}$$

$$\tilde{\Pi} x_{t+1} = \Lambda \cdot \tilde{w}_{t+1}$$

$\Lambda$  - known - to u. use.

$$\frac{\text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1})}{\text{known}} \xrightarrow{?} \text{Var}(\Pi_{t+1} x_{t+1}) =$$

$$= \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1}) + \text{Var}(\Lambda \cdot \tilde{w}_{t+1}) + 0 + 0 =$$



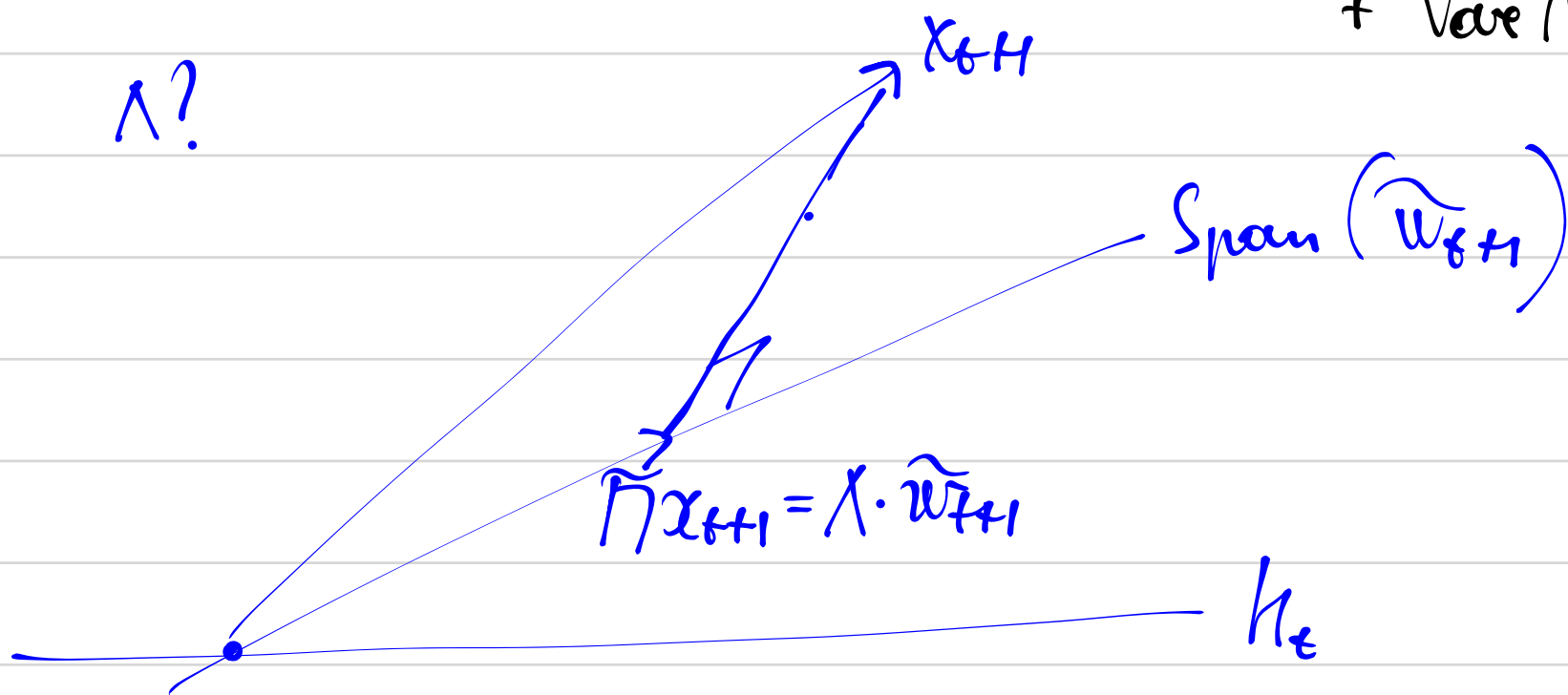
$$\text{Var}(\Pi_{t+1} X_{t+1}) = \text{Var}(\Pi_t X_{t+1}) + \underline{\lambda} \cdot \text{Var}(\tilde{w}_{t+1}) \cdot \underline{\lambda}^T;$$

you know:  $\tilde{w}_{t+1} = G(X_{t+1} - \Pi_t X_{t+1}) + w_{t+1}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(\tilde{w}_{t+1}) &= G \cdot \text{Var}(X_{t+1} - \Pi_t X_{t+1}) \cdot G^T + \text{Var}(w_{t+1}) \\ &= G(\text{Var}(X_{t+1}) - \text{Var}(\Pi_t X_{t+1})) \cdot G^T + \text{Var}(w_{t+1}) \end{aligned}$$

(2A)

$\lambda?$



$$\text{Cov}(x_{t+1} - \lambda \cdot \tilde{w}_{t+1}, \tilde{w}_{t+1}) = 0$$

$$\text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, \tilde{w}_{t+1}) = \lambda \cdot \text{Cov}(\tilde{w}_{t+1}, \tilde{w}_{t+1})$$

$$\lambda = \text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, \tilde{w}_{t+1}) \cdot \text{Var}^{-1}(\tilde{w}_{t+1})$$

δρωρ  $\hat{\beta}$  b MML  $\hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum x_i y_i}{\sum x_i^2} \quad (\hat{y}_i = \hat{\beta} \cdot x_i)$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \quad \text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, \tilde{w}_{t+1}) &= \text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, G(X_{t+1} - \Pi_t X_{t+1}) + w_{t+1}) = \\ &= \text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, X_{t+1} - \Pi_t X_{t+1}) \cdot G^T + \text{Cov}(x_{t+1}, w_{t+1}) \end{aligned}$$

lemma

$$x_{t+1} = F x_t + v_t$$

$$= (\text{Var}(x_{t+1}) - \text{Var}(\Pi_t X_{t+1})) \cdot G^T + \text{Cov}(v_{t+1}, w_{t+1})$$

bci' gnaue

$$\bullet \text{Var}(\tilde{w}_{t+1}) = \text{Var}(G(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}) + w_{t+1}) =$$

$$= \underbrace{\text{Var}(G(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}))}_{\text{знаем}} + \underbrace{\text{Var}(w_{t+1})}_{\text{знаем}} +$$

$$+ \underbrace{\text{Cov}(G(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}), w_{t+1})}_{\text{симметрично}} + \underbrace{\text{Cov}(w_{t+1}, G(x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}))}_{\text{транспонированно}}$$

$$= \underbrace{G \cdot (\text{Var}(x_{t+1}) - \text{Var}(\Pi_t x_{t+1})) \cdot G^T + \text{Var}(w_{t+1})}_{\text{формула}} + C + C^T;$$

$$C = \text{Cov}(G \cdot (x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}), w_{t+1}) =$$

$$= G \cdot \text{Cov}(\underbrace{x_{t+1} - \Pi_t x_{t+1}}_{\text{знаем}}, \underbrace{w_{t+1}}_{\text{знаем}}) =$$

$$= G \cdot \underbrace{\text{Cov}(v_{t+1}, w_{t+1})}_{\text{знаем}} //$$

→  $F, G, \text{Var}(v_t), \text{Var}(w_t), \text{Cov}(v_t, w_t)$  известно для ПК.

$$\ell(y_1, \dots, y_n) = \ln \frac{\Pi_{n-1}(y_n)}{f(y_n | y_{n-1} \dots y_1)} + \ln \frac{\Pi_{n-2}(y_{n-1})}{f(y_{n-1} | y_{n-2} \dots y_1)} + \dots$$

$$\downarrow \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N} \left( \begin{pmatrix} \mu \\ \vdots \\ \mu \end{pmatrix}, \text{Var} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

зависит от пар. в ARMA-процесса.

$$f = \text{const} \cdot \exp \left( -\frac{1}{2} (y - \mu)^T \cdot \text{Var}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} \cdot (y - \mu) \right)$$

$\boxed{400 \times 400}$   $\rightarrow [400 \times 400]^{-1}$   
это можно считать