

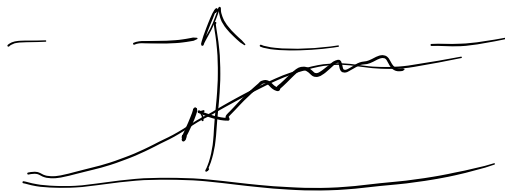
# Prophet

$$y_t = \underbrace{g(t)}_{\text{trend}} + \underbrace{s(t)}_{\text{season.}} + \underbrace{h(t)}_{\text{noise}}$$

trend sezon. wzrosty

$c(t)$  capacity

$$1) \ g(t) = \frac{1 + \exp\left(-(\underbrace{\kappa + a(t)^T \delta}_{\text{laplace}(\omega, \tau)})(t - (\underbrace{m + a(t)^T \gamma}_{\text{laplace}(\omega, \tau)}))\right)}{c(t)}$$



2)

$$g(t) = (\kappa + a(t)^T \delta) t + (m + a(t)^T \gamma)$$

$$s(t) = \sum_{n=1}^N \left( a_n \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n t}{p}\right) + b_n \sin\left(\frac{2\pi n t}{p}\right) \right)$$

Yearly ,  $N = 10$  ,  $p = 365.25$

Weekly ,  $N = 3$  ,  $p = 7$

$$h(t) = Z(t) \Sigma \sim N(0, \Sigma^2)$$

$$Z(t) = [I_{\{t \in D_1\}}, \dots, I_{\{t \in D_K\}}]$$

$D_K$  - мн-во точек принадлежность к

$p(w)$  - prior

$p(\text{data} | w)$  - lik.

$$p(w | \text{data}) = \frac{p(w, \text{data})}{\max_w p(\text{data})} = \frac{p(\text{data} | w) p(w)}{\int p(\text{data} | w) p(w) dw}$$

1) ML  $p(\text{data} | w) \rightarrow \max_w$

2) MAP  $p(\text{data} | w) p(w) \rightarrow \max_w$

3) Gibbs sampling  $p(w | \text{data})$

4) Variational Inference

5) MCMC

} sampling from posterior