

№ 3.14

y_t - случай. процесс

$$y_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$$

, ε_t - W/N

$$\text{Cov}(\varepsilon_t, y_{t-k}) = 0 \quad \forall k \geq 1$$

1) $ACF(k)$

2) $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} ACF(k)$

3) φ_{kk}

$$E(y_t) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 E(y_{t-1}) + 0$$

$$\mu = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \mu$$

$$\mu = \frac{\beta_0}{1 - \beta_1}$$

$$\beta_0 = \mu - \beta_1 \mu$$

$$y_t = \mu - \beta_1 \mu + \beta_1 y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$(y_t - \mu) = \beta_1 (y_{t-1} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t$$

$ACF(1)$

$$(y_t - \mu) = \beta_1 (y_{t-1} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t \quad | \cdot (y_{t-1} - \mu)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (y_t - \mu)(y_{t-1} - \mu) &= \beta_1 (y_{t-1} - \mu)(y_{t-1} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t (y_{t-1} - \mu) \quad | E \\ \gamma_1 &= \beta_1 \gamma_0 + \gamma_k = \frac{\gamma_k}{\gamma_0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rho_1 = \frac{\gamma_1}{\gamma_0} \quad \frac{\beta_1 \gamma_0}{\gamma_0} = \beta_1$$

ACF(z)

$$(y_t - \mu) = \beta_1 (y_{t-1} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t \quad | \cdot (y_{t-2} - \mu)$$

$$(y_t - \mu)(y_{t-2} - \mu) = \beta_1 (y_{t-1} - \mu)(y_{t-2} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t (y_{t-2} - \mu) \quad | E$$

$$\gamma_2 = \beta_1 \gamma_1$$

$$\rho_2 = \beta_1 \frac{\gamma_1}{\gamma_0} = \beta_1 \rho_1 = \beta_1^2$$

$$\rho_k = \beta_1^k$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \rho_k = 0$$

PACF

$$\mathcal{U}_{11} \quad y_t = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\text{cov}(\varepsilon_t, y_{t-1}) = 0$$

$$\text{cov}(y_t - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 y_{t-1}, y_{t-1}) = 0$$

$$\gamma_1 - \alpha_1 \gamma_0 = 0$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{\gamma_1}{\gamma_0} = \rho_1$$

$$\mathcal{U}_{22} : \quad y_t = \alpha_0 + \alpha_1 y_{t-1} + \alpha_2 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{cov}(v_t, y_{t-1}) = 0 \\ \text{cov}(v_t, y_{t-2}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{cov}(y_t - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 y_{t-1} - \alpha_2 y_{t-2}, y_{t-1}) = 0 \\ \text{cov}(y_t - \alpha_0 - \alpha_1 y_{t-1} - \alpha_2 y_{t-2}, y_{t-2}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 - \alpha_1 x_0 - \alpha_2 x_1 = 0 & / : x_0 \\ x_2 - \alpha_1 x_1 - \alpha_2 x_0 = 0 & / : x_0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} \rho_1 - \alpha_1 - \alpha_2 \rho_1 = 0 \\ \rho_2 - \alpha_1 \rho_1 - \alpha_2 = 0 \end{cases} \quad \leftarrow \alpha_1 = \rho_1 - \alpha_2 \rho_1$$

$$\rho_2 - (\rho_1 - \alpha_2 \rho_1) \rho_1 - \alpha_2 = 0$$

$$\rho_2 - \rho_1^2 + \alpha_2 \rho_1^2 - \alpha_2 = 0$$

$$\alpha_2 = \frac{\rho_1^2 - \rho_2}{\rho_1^2 - 1} = 0$$

✓ 3.15

y_t - стационарный процесс

$$y_t = 10 + \boxed{0.69} y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_t - \boxed{0.71} \varepsilon_{t-1}$$

Выведите более простое ур-е, которое можно бы переписать похожий процесс

$$(1 - 0.69L)y_t = 10 + (1 - 0.71L)\varepsilon_t$$

$$0.69 \approx 0.71$$

$$y_t = \frac{10}{\underbrace{1 - 0.69L}_1} + \frac{1 - 0.71L}{1 - 0.69L} \varepsilon_t$$

$$y_t = 10 + \varepsilon_t \quad \frac{(1 - 0.71L)(1 + 0.69L + (0.69L)^2 + \dots)}{1 - \underbrace{0.71L + 0.69L - 0.69 \cdot 0.71L^2 + 0.69^2 L^2}} \varepsilon_t$$

$$\sqrt{3.17}$$

y_t - const.

$$y_t = 2 + 0.6 y_{t-1} - 0.08 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t, \quad \varepsilon_t \sim N(0, 4) \text{ iid}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) E_t(y_{t+1}) &= E_t(2 + 0.6 y_t - 0.08 y_{t-1} + \varepsilon_{t+1}) = \\ &= 2 + 0.6 y_t - 0.08 y_{t-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}_t(y_{t+1}) = \text{Var}_t(\cancel{2 + 0.6 y_t - 0.08 y_{t-1}} + \varepsilon_{t+1}) = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) E_t(y_{t+2}) &= E_t(2 + \underbrace{0.6 y_{t+1}}_{\text{circled}} - 0.08 y_t + \varepsilon_{t+2}) = \\ &= 2 + 0.6 E_t(y_{t+1}) - 0.08 y_t = \\ &= 2 + 0.6(2 + 0.6 y_t - 0.08 y_{t-1}) - 0.08 y_t = \end{aligned}$$

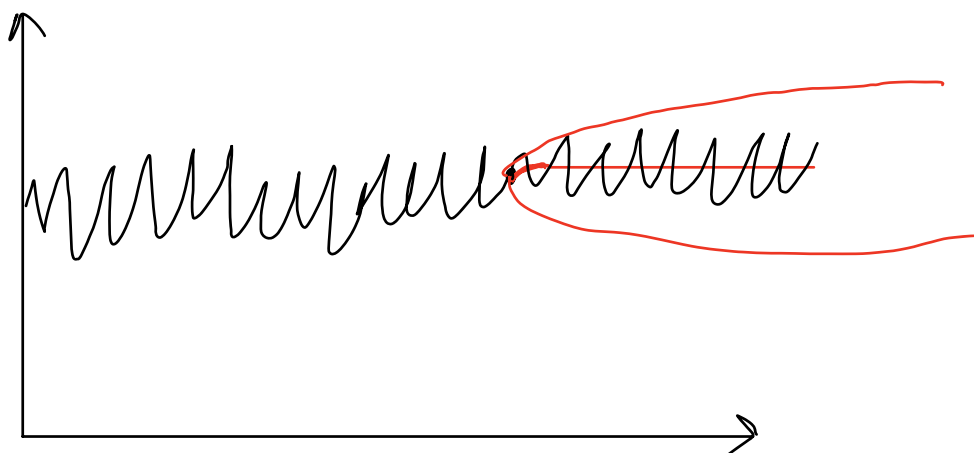
$$= (1+0,6)z + 0,6^2 y_t + 0,6 \cdot (-0,08) y_{t-1} - 0,08 y_t$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) \text{Var}_t(y_{t+2}) &= \text{Var}(\cancel{2} + 0,6 y_{t+1} - \cancel{0,08} y_t + \varepsilon_{t+2}) = \\ &= \boxed{0,6^2} \text{Var}_t(y_{t+1}) + 4 = 0,06^2 \cdot 4 + 4 \\ &= 0,36 \cdot 4 + 4 = 5,44 \end{aligned}$$

$$3) \text{ CI, 95\% für } y_{t+2} \quad y_{99} = 5, y_{100} = 5,1$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3,2 + 0,6^2 \cdot 5,1 + 0,6 \cdot (-0,08) \cdot 5 - 0,08 \cdot 5,1 &= \\ &= \hat{y}_{t+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$[\hat{y}_{t+2} - 1,96 \sqrt{5,44} ; \hat{y}_{t+2} + 1,96 \sqrt{5,44}]$$



$$E(y_t), \text{Var}(y_t)$$

$$y_t = z + 0,6 y_{t-1} - 0,08 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$E(y_t) = \mu \quad \forall t \quad z = \mu - 0,6\mu + 0,08\mu$$

$$\mu = z + 0,6\mu - 0,08\mu$$

$$\mu = \frac{z}{0,48} = 4 \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\mu(1 - 0,6 + 0,08) = 2$$

$$y_t = 2 + 0,6 y_{t-1} - 0,08 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t \quad \text{Var}(y_t) = \sigma_y^2 \neq \sigma_\varepsilon^2$$

$$\text{Var}(y_t) = \text{Var}(2 + 0,6 y_{t-1} - 0,08 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma_y^2 &= 0,36 \sigma_y^2 + 0,0064 \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_\varepsilon^2 - 0,6 \cdot 0,08 \gamma_1 \\ &= \sigma_y^2 = \frac{\sigma_\varepsilon^2 - 0,6 \cdot 0,08 \gamma_1}{1 - 0,36 - 0,0064} = \gamma_0 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_t = 2 + 0,6 y_{t-1} - 0,08 y_{t-2} + \varepsilon_t$$

$$(y_t - \mu) = 0,6(y_{t-1} - \mu) - 0,08(y_{t-2} - \mu) + \varepsilon_t \quad \begin{matrix} 2 = \mu - 0,6\mu + 0,08\mu \end{matrix}$$

$$\gamma_1 = 0,6 \gamma_0 - 0,08 \gamma_1$$

$$1,08 \gamma_1 = 0,6 \gamma_0$$

$$\gamma_1 = \frac{0,6}{1,08} \gamma_0$$

$$\frac{4 - 0,6 \cdot 0,08 \gamma_1}{1 - 0,36 - 0,0064} = \gamma_0$$

$$\frac{4 - \frac{0,6^2 \cdot 0,08}{1,08} \gamma_0}{0,6336} = \gamma_0$$

$$\gamma_0 = \frac{4 - 0,026 \gamma_0}{0,6336} = \gamma_0$$

$$\frac{4}{0.6336} = r_0 \left(1 + \frac{0.026}{0.6336} \right)$$

$$r_0 = \frac{4}{0.6336} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(1 + \frac{0.026}{0.6336} \right)}$$

$$3.16, 3.25, 3.13$$