Kubernetes YAML Resources – A Detailed Guide

This repository is a collection of all my hands-on Kubernetes YAML files I created while learning the foundational concepts. Each file reflects an individual concept and its implementation using YAML.

Folder Structure

k8-resources/

- volumes/ # Volume-related examples
- 01-namespace.yaml # Create custom namespaces
- 02-pod.yaml # Basic pod definition
- 03-multi-container.yaml # Pod with multiple containers
- 04-labels.yaml # Add metadata labels
- 05-annotations.yaml # Add non-identifying metadata
- 06-env.yaml # Set environment variables in containers
- 07-resources.yaml # Resource requests and limits
- 08-config-map.yaml # Configuration management
- 09-pod-config.yaml # Inject configuration into pods
- 10-secret.yaml # Store sensitive data
- 11-pod-secret.yaml # Use secrets inside pods
- 12-service.yaml # ClusterIP service
- 13-node-port.yaml # NodePort service
- 14-load-balancer.yaml # LoadBalancer service (for cloud)
- 15-replica-set.yaml # Pod replication
- 16-deployment.yaml # Deployment with rolling updates
- 17-statefulset.yaml # For stateful applications like databases
- 18-service-account.yaml # ServiceAccounts
- 19-init-container.yaml # Pre-task containers
- 20-daemon-set.yaml # Run pods on every node

YAMLs Explained with Examples



■ 01 - Namespace

Purpose: To isolate resources under a specific environment.

Example:

Creates a namespace called dev-environment.

apiVersion: v1 kind: Namespace

metadata:

name: dev-environment



Purpose: Smallest deployable unit in Kubernetes.

Example:

Defines a simple Pod running a single nginx container.

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata:

name: nginx-pod

spec:

containers:

- name: nginx image: nginx:latest



3 - Multi-Container Pod

Purpose: Run multiple containers inside the same Pod (e.g., sidecars).

Example:

One app container + one sidecar container running BusyBox.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: multi-container-pod
  containers:
  - name: nginx
   image: nginx:latest
  - name: sidecar
    image: busybox:latest
```



04 - Labels

Purpose: Add identifying metadata to Kubernetes objects.

Labels like app=myapp, env=dev for organizing and selecting resources.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: labeled-pod
  labels:
    app: myapp
    env: dev
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
```

5 - Annotations

Purpose: Attach non-identifying metadata to objects.

Example:

Annotate a Pod with a description or URL for documentation.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: annotated-pod
  annotations:
    description: "This is an nginx pod"
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
```



7 06 - Environment Variables

Purpose: Inject runtime config values into containers.

Example:

Set variables like ENV=development directly in the pod spec.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: env-var-pod
```

```
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
   image: nginx:latest
    - name: ENV
     value: development
```

07 - Resource Limits

Purpose: Prevent containers from using too much CPU/memory.

Example:

Request 128Mi memory, limit to 256Mi. CPU request 250m, limit 500m.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: resource-limits-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
    resources:
      requests:
       memory: "128Mi"
        cpu: "250m"
      limits:
       memory: "256Mi"
        cpu: "500m"
```

08 - ConfigMap

Purpose: Manage environment-specific or app settings outside code.

Example:

Create a ConfigMap app-config with a key APP MODE=production.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ConfigMap
metadata:
 name: app-config
  APP MODE: production
```

309 - Use ConfigMap in Pod

Purpose: Inject ConfigMap values into Pods.

Example:

Use envFrom or mount as volume.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: configmap-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
    envFrom:
    - configMapRef:
        name: app-config
```



Purpose: Store sensitive values securely (base64 encoded).

Example:

Create a secret with a username/password for a database.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Secret
metadata:
 name: db-secret
type: Opaque
data:
  username: c3VwZXI= # 'super' in base64
 password: cGFzc3dvcmQ= # 'password' in base64
```



11 - Use Secret in Pod

Purpose: Consume secret securely via environment variable or volume.

Example:

Use valueFrom.secretKeyRef to set DB credentials.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: secret-pod
spec:
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
    env:
    - name: DB USERNAME
     valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
          name: db-secret
          key: username
    - name: DB PASSWORD
      valueFrom:
        secretKeyRef:
          name: db-secret
          key: password
```



12 - Service (ClusterIP)

Purpose: Expose Pods within the cluster (internal access).

Example:

Defines a service that points to app Pods on port 8080.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
 name: app-service
spec:
  selector:
   app: myapp
 ports:
  - protocol: TCP
   port: 8080
    targetPort: 80
  type: ClusterIP
```



13 - NodePort

Purpose: Make services available on a specific port on each node.

Example:

Expose the service at NodeIP: 30007.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
```

```
metadata:
 name: nodeport-service
  selector:
   app: myapp
  ports:
  - protocol: TCP
   port: 8080
    targetPort: 80
    nodePort: 30007
  type: NodePort
```



14 - LoadBalancer

Purpose: Automatically get a public IP (in cloud platforms).

Example:

Type: LoadBalancer — only works on cloud like AWS, GCP, Azure.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: loadbalancer-service
spec:
  selector:
   app: myapp
 ports:
  - protocol: TCP
    port: 80
    targetPort: 8080
  type: LoadBalancer
```



15 - ReplicaSet

Purpose: Ensure a fixed number of identical Pods are always running.

Example:

Run 3 replicas of a Pod with label app=myapp.

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
 name: myapp-replicaset
spec:
 replicas: 3
  selector:
   matchLabels:
      app: myapp
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: myapp
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: nginx
        image: nginx:latest
```



Purpose: Manage rolling updates and rollbacks of Pods.

Defines 2 replicas and rolling update strategy.

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: Deployment
metadata:
 name: nginx-deployment
spec:
```

```
replicas: 2
selector:
  matchLabels:
    app: nginx
template:
  metadata:
    labels:
     app: nginx
spec:
  containers:
    name: nginx
  image: nginx:latest
```

▶ 17 - StatefulSet

Purpose: For stateful apps needing stable network/storage.

Example:

Use for MySQL, Cassandra, etc., with stable identity.

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: StatefulSet
metadata:
  name: mysql-statefulset
  serviceName: "mysql"
  replicas: 3
  selector:
   matchLabels:
     app: mysql
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: mysql
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: mysql
        image: mysql:5.7
```

2 18 - ServiceAccount

Purpose: Assign identity to Pods for access control.

Example:

Create a custom service account and use in Pod spec.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ServiceAccount
metadata:
   name: my-service-account
---
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
   name: pod-with-service-account
spec:
   serviceAccountName: my-service-account
containers:
   - name: nginx
   image: nginx:latest
```

19 - Init Container

Purpose: Run setup tasks before main container starts.

Example:

Wait for DB readiness or pre-create config files.

```
apiVersion: v1
```

```
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: init-container-pod
spec:
 initContainers:
  - name: init-script
   image: busybox
    command: ["sh", "-c", "sleep 10"]
  containers:
  - name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest
```



20 - DaemonSet

Purpose: Ensure one Pod runs on every (or selected) Node.

Example:

Used for log shippers, monitoring agents, etc.

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: DaemonSet
metadata:
  name: fluentd
spec:
  selector:
   matchLabels:
     name: fluentd
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        name: fluentd
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: fluentd
        image: fluent/fluentd:v1.12-1
```



Volumes Directory

This folder contains hands-on examples related to Kubernetes volumes such as:

- emptyDir
- hostPath
- configMap as volume
- secret as volume
- **PersistentVolume**
- PersistentVolumeClaim

Each helps manage persistent or temporary storage in Pods.



Resource	Purpose
Pod	Smallest deployable unit
ConfigMap	Externalize app configs
Secret	Store encrypted sensitive data
Service	Expose Pods within/externally
ReplicaSet	Maintain desired Pod count
Deployment	Automate updates and rollback
StatefulSet	Use for stateful apps like DB
DaemonSet	Run one Pod per Node

Init Containers	Run pre-setup jobs
ServiceAccount	Pod identity and access control