

# Business Model Canvas

## Key partners

- Hotels
- Property owners
- Airlines
- Rental car companies
- Activities providers
- Travel agents / affiliates
- Corporate travel managers
- Technology partners
- Meta search engines
- Lobbyists
- Other

## Key activities

- Manage network effects
- Customer experience
- Customer support
- Grow the platform
- Observe external factors
- Enhance technology
- Guide customer journey

## Key resources

- Number of hotels
- Number of locations
- Great content
- User data/algorithms
- User experience
- Global network
- Skilled staff

## Value proposition

### For travellers:

- Cheapest prices
- Amount of choice
- Reduction of risk
- Customer service
- Useful app
- Useful travel content

### For hotels:

- Incremental revenue
- Ability to react
- Global reach
- Risk reduction
- Additional web traffic
- Market intelligence

## Customer relationships

### Hotels:

- Commissions
- Ease of joining
- No booking, no pay

### Travellers:

- Customer service
- Accuracy

## Channels

- Website (mobile, desktop)
- App
- Partner channels
- Ad channels (meta search engines, etc)
- Comms channels

## Customer segments

### Hotels:

- Property types
- Room types
- Star & user ratings
- Amenities, facilities
- Proximity
- Type of hotel
- Locations
- Type of infrastructure

### Travellers:

- Travel motivation
- Demographics
- Booking details
- Employment
- Spending behaviours
- micro segments

## Cost structure (FY 16)

### Operational

- Performance advertising: \$3.5b
- Cost of revenue: \$1.6b
- Tech & content: \$1.25b

- capitalised costs: \$1.6b

### Balance sheet:

- Property & equipment: \$1.4b
- Intangible assets: \$2.4b
- Goodwill: \$7.9b

## Revenues (FY 16)

- Merchant business model:  $\$4.85b / \$8.8b = 55\%$
- Agency business model:  $\$2.4b / \$8.8b = 27\%$
- Advertising and other revenues:  $\$0.8b / \$8.8b = 9\%$
- HomeAway (subscription):  $\$0.69b / \$8.8b = 8\%$