

# Abstract

The strain *Streptomyces* sp. Tü2401 is capable of producing antimicrobial compounds which are active against diverse types of bacteria. Preliminary screening showed potent activity against several multiresistant *Escherichia coli* strains as well as the Gram-positive strains *Bacillus subtilis* and *Staphylococcus aureus*. Additionally, a mode-of-action *Bacillus* reporter strain indicated the presence of substances, which inhibit DNA synthesis. The broad activity spectrum and the unusual mode of action make this strain a valuable target of bioactivity-guided isolation of its natural products.

The

# Contents

0.1 HPLC Methods . . . . . 3

# Appendix

## 0.1 HPLC Methods

Vielleicht wenn hier text steht

Table 0.1: Standard Screening Method

Parameter	Value
Column	Nucleosil-100 C18 5 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 3 mm
Solvents	A: Water + 0.1 % Formic acid B: Acetonitrile + 0.1 % Formic acid
Method	Gradient 5 - 100 % B for 15 min Plateau 100 % B for 3 min
Flow	1.25 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	25 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$

Table 0.2: Standard aminocolumn method

Parameter	Value
Column	Luna NH2 5 $\mu\text{m}$ 250 $\times$ 4.6 mm
Solvents	A: Water + 0.1 % Formic acid B: Acetonitrile + 0.1 % Formic acid
Method	Isocratic 80 % B for 20 min + 100 % A for 10 min
Flow	2 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	25 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$

Table 0.3: The standard HILIC method

Component	Parameter
Column	ZIC-HILIC 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 4.6 mm
Solvents	A: 10 mM Ammonium acetate B: Acetonitrile
Method	Isocratic 80 % B for 45 min.
Flow	0.8 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	25 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$

Table 0.4: HILIC method adapted for MS coupling

Component	Parameter
Column	ZIC-HILIC 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 4.6 mm
Solvents	A: 10 mM Ammonium acetate B: Acetonitrile
Method	Isocratic 80 % B for 60 min.
Flow	0.5 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	25 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$

Table 0.5: Screening method for HPLC-MS

Parameter	Value
Column	Nucleosil-100 5 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 3 mm
Solvents	A: Water + 0.1 % Formic acid B: Acetonitrile + 0.06 % Formic acid
Method	Gradient 0 - 100 % B for 15 min Plateau 100 % B for 2 min
Flow	0.4 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	40 °C
Injection Volume	2.5 $\mu\text{L}$
Capillary Voltage	3500 V
Injector Temperature	350 °C
Target mass	400 m/z

Table 0.6: Screening Method Polar-C18

Parameter	Value
Column	Kinetex Polar-C18 2.6 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 4.6 mm
Solvents	A: Water + 0.1 % Formic acid B: Acetonitrile + 0.1 % Formic acid
Method	Gradient 5 - 100 % B for 20 min Plateau 100 % B for 6 min
Flow	1.2 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	50 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$

Table 0.7: Reverse Screening Method Polar-C18

Parameter	Value
Column	Kinetex Polar-C18 2.6 $\mu\text{m}$ 150 $\times$ 4.6 mm
Solvents	A: Water + 0.1 % Formic acid B: Acetonitrile + 0.1 % Formic acid
Method	Gradient 100 - 5 % B for 20 min Plateau 100 % B for 6 min
Flow	1.2 mL min <sup>-1</sup>
Temperature	50 °C
Injection Volume	50 $\mu\text{L}$