

MIS

CHAPTER 14

EMERGING TRENDS, TECHNOLOGIES, AND APPLICATIONS

COKE INFO

GOOGLE

Apple strategy

Stuxnet

Predator Drones

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Strategy & Competitive Advanatage

Apple strategy

Pull and Push Technologies

- ▶ Recent trends in software and service distribution include:
 - **Pull technology**
 - User states a need before getting information
 - Entering a URL in a Web browser to go to a certain Web site
 - **Push technology (Webcasting)**
 - Web server delivers information to users who have signed up for this service
 - Supported by many Web browsers
 - Also available from vendors
 - Delivers content to users automatically at set intervals or when a new event occurs

Application Service Providers

- ▶ **Application service providers (ASPs)**
 - Provides access to software or services for a fee
- ▶ **Software as a service (SaaS), or on-demand software**
 - Model for ASPs to deliver software to users for a fee
 - Software might be for temporary or long-term use
 - Users don't need to be concerned with new software versions and compatibility problems

**Twitters Jack
Dorsey**

Application Service Providers (cont'd.)

- ▶ Users can also save all application data on the ASP's server
 - Software and data are portable
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Similar to outsourcing
 - Less expensive
 - Delivering information more quickly
- ▶ Other advantages and disadvantages
- ▶ Vendors:
 - Google, NetSuite, Inc., and Salesforce.com

Virtual Reality

- ▶ **Goal of virtual reality (VR):**
 - Create an environment in which users can interact and participate as they do in the real world
- ▶ **VR technology**
 - Uses computer-generated, three-dimensional images to create the illusion of interaction in a real-world environment

Types of Virtual Environments

▶ **Egocentric environment**

- User is totally immersed in the VR world
- Most common technology used with this environment is a head-mounted display (HMD)

▶ **Exocentric environment**

- Data is still rendered in 3-D
- Users can only view it onscreen
- Main technology used in this environment is 3-D graphics



Virtual Reality Applications

- ▶ Military flight simulations
- ▶ Medicine for “bloodless” surgery
- ▶ Entertainment industry
- ▶ Will one day be used for user interfaces in information systems
- ▶ Current applications:
 - Applications for the disabled
 - Architectural design
 - Education
 - Flight simulation
 - Videoconferencing
 - Group support systems

Predator Drones

Obstacles in Using VR Systems

- ▶ Not enough fiber-optic cables are currently available for a VR environment capable of recreating a conference
- ▶ Problems must be solved:
 - Confusion between the VR environment and the real environment
 - Mobility and other problems with HMDs
 - Sound representation
 - Additional computing power

Radio Frequency Identification: An Overview

- ▶ **Radio frequency identification (RFID) tag**
 - Small electronic device consisting of a small chip and an antenna
 - Provides a unique identification for the card or the object carrying the tag
 - Don't have to be in contact with the scanner to be read
 - Can be read from a distance of about 20 feet

Radio Frequency Identification: An Overview (cont'd.)

- ▶ Two types of RFID tags:
 - Passive
 - No battery
 - Best ones have about 10 years of battery life
 - Active
 - Usually more reliable than passive tags
- ▶ Technical problems and issues of privacy and security

Coke info

Trends in Networking

- ▶ Recent trends in networking technologies
- ▶ Many are already used in many organizations
 - Wireless technologies and grid computing
- ▶ Newer but attracting a lot of attention:
 - WiMAX and cloud computing

Grid Computing

- ▶ Connecting different computers to combine their processing power to solve a particular problem
- ▶ “Node”
 - Each participant in a grid
- ▶ Processing on overused nodes can be switched to idle servers and even desktop systems
- ▶ Advantages:
 - Improved reliability
 - Parallel processing nature
 - Scalability

Cloud Computing

- ▶ Platform incorporating many recent technologies under one platform, including
 - SaaS model, Web 2.0, grid computing, and utility computing
- ▶ Variety of resources can be provided to users over the Internet
- ▶ Example:
 - Editing Word document on an iPhone
- ▶ Same advantages and disadvantages as distributed computing

Cloud Computing (cont'd.)

- ▶ Services typically require a fee
- ▶ Some are free
- ▶ Google Apps
- ▶ Icloud

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Nanotechnology

- ▶ Incorporates techniques that involve the structure and composition of materials on a nanoscale
- ▶ Nanometer is one billionth of a meter (10^{-9})
- ▶ Current technology for making transistors and other components might reach their miniaturization limits in the next decade
- ▶ Some consumer goods incorporating nanotechnology are already on the market
 - Nanomaterials

Summary

- ▶ New trends:
 - Software as a service
 - Virtual reality
 - RFID
 - Networking
 - Grid, utility, and cloud computing
 - Nanotechnology