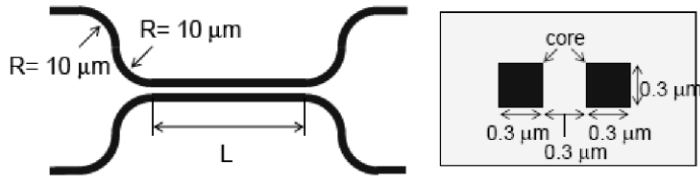


# Directional Couplers

## Experimental results

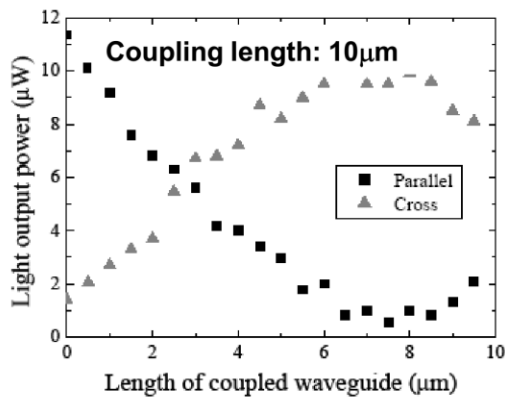
H. Yamada e.a., PTL 17, p. 585 (2005)



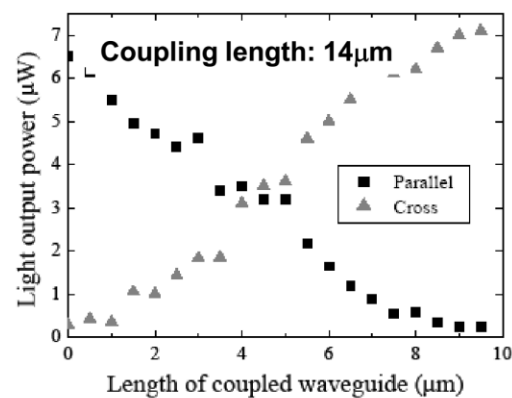
**TM mode less confined**

→ **stronger overlap**

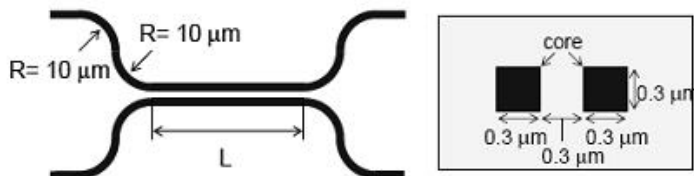
→ **shorter coupling length !**



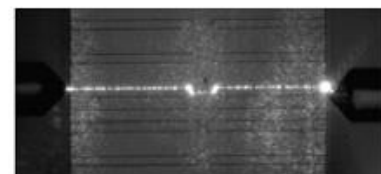
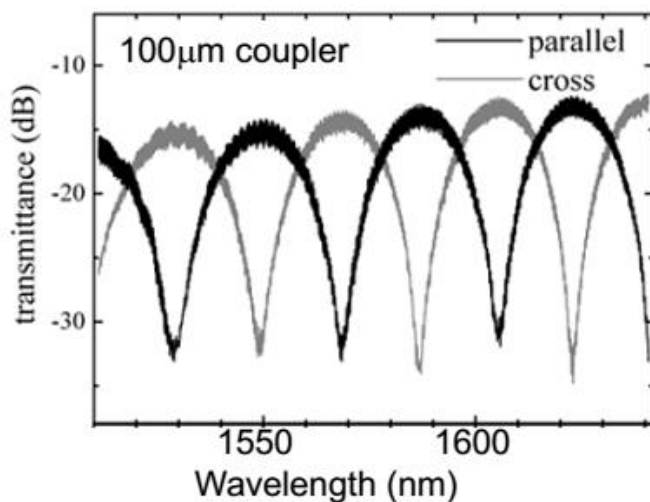
E □ Substrate



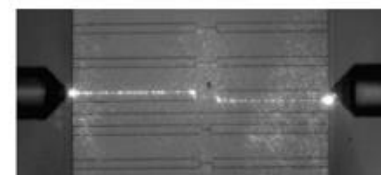
E □ Substrate



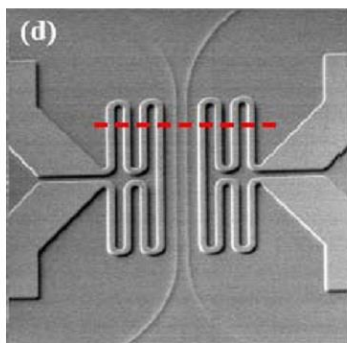
**Long couplers or strongly wavelength dependent !**



$\lambda = 1534 \text{ nm}$

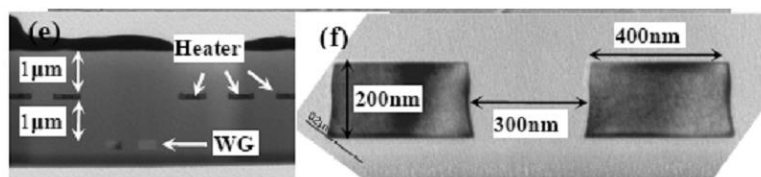


$\lambda = 1563 \text{ nm}$

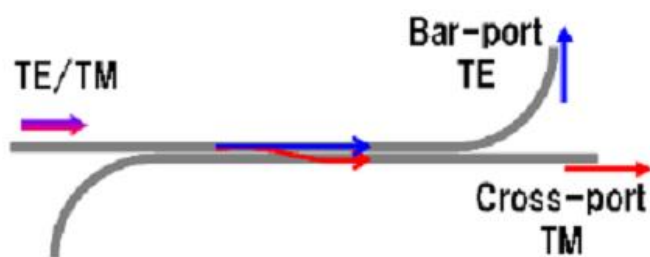


Heaters can be used to fine tuning the coupling ratio by making coupler asymmetric

Cross-section



Use as Polarization Splitter [Optics Express Vol. 14, Issue 25, pp. 12401 (2006). Doi: [10.1364/OE.14.012401](https://doi.org/10.1364/OE.14.012401)]



Coupling length  $TM \ll TE$

