

Microsoft Cloud Workshop

Big data and visualization

Julius Chen



Abstract and learning objectives

Abstract

Deploy a web app using Machine Learning to predict travel delays given flight delay data and weather conditions. Plan a bulk data import operation, followed by preparation, such as cleaning and manipulating the data for testing, and training your Machine Learning model.

Learning objectives

- Build a complete Azure Machine Learning (ML) model.
- Integrate an Azure ML web service into a Web App.
- Use Azure Data Factory (ADF) for data movement and operationalizing ML scoring.
- Summarize data with HDInsight and Spark SQL.
- Visualize batch predictions on a map using Power Bl.

Step 1: Review the customer case study

Outcome

Analyze your customer needs

Timeframe

15 minutes

Customer situation



AdventureWorks Travel (AWT) provides concierge services for business travelers.

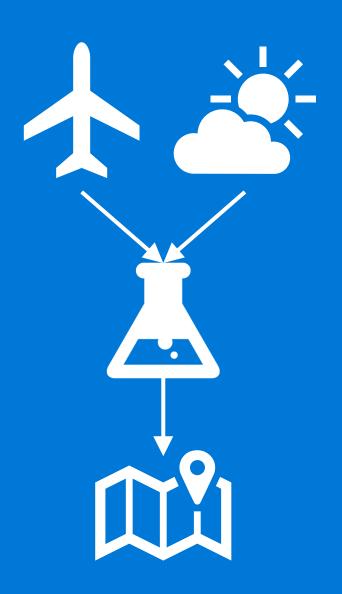
Interested in using predictive analytics to differentiate themselves in an increasingly crowded market.

Customer situation

 Proposed solution to provide flight delay risk assessment to customers

 Plan to use 30 years of flight delay and weather data

Want to pilot the solution internally



Customer needs

- Modernize their analytics platform
- Ability to query data using SQL
- Load and store all data in Azure
- Use current weather forecast for flight delay predictions
- Proof of concept machine learning model
- Web-based visualizations of flight delay predictions



 Does Azure Machine Learning require a PhD in statistics?



 How long does it take to create and operationalize a machine learning model?



 Can operationalized ML models be flexible in the inputs they support?

• What are the options for running SQL on Hadoop solutions in Azure?



 Does Azure offer anything to speed up querying files in HDFS?

How can we identify, monitor, and protect PII data?



• Is Azure Data Lake a good fit for our PoC?

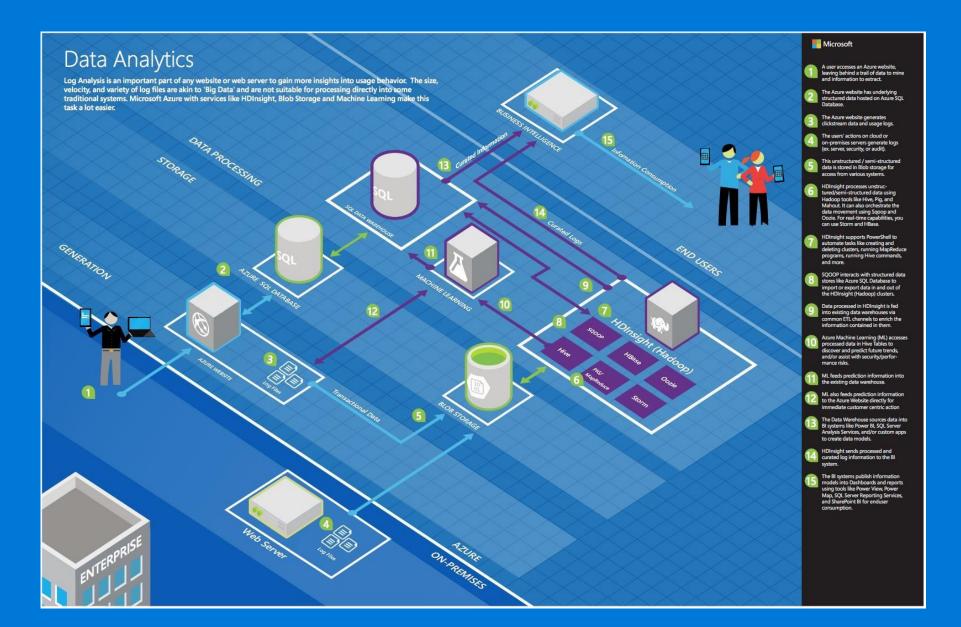


 Can access to our SQL DW be limited using Azure Active Directory?

 What data visualization tools are available on Azure? Can access to these be managed with Active Directory?



Common scenarios



Step 2: Design the solution

Outcome

Design a solution and prepare to present the solution to the target customer audience in a 10-minute chalk-talk format.

Timeframe 60 minutes

Business needs (10 minutes)	Respond to questions outlined in your guide and list the answers on a flipchart.
Design (35 minutes)	Design a solution for as many of the stated requirements as time allows. Show the solution on a flipchart.
Prepare (15 minutes)	 Identify any customer needs that are not addressed with the proposed solution. Identify the benefits of your solution. Determine how you will respond to the customer's objections. Prepare for a 10-minute presentation to the customer.

Step 3: Present the solution

Outcome

Present a solution to the target customer in a 10-minute chalk-talk format

Timeframe

30 minutes (15 minutes for each team to present and receive feedback)

Directions

- Pair with another table
- One table is the Microsoft team and the other table is the customer
- The Microsoft team presents their proposed solution to the customer
- The customer asks one of the objections from the list of objections in the case study
- The Microsoft team responds to the objection
- The customer team gives feedback to the Microsoft team

Wrap-up

Outcome

Identify the preferred solution for the case study Identify solutions designed by other teams

Timeframe

15 minutes

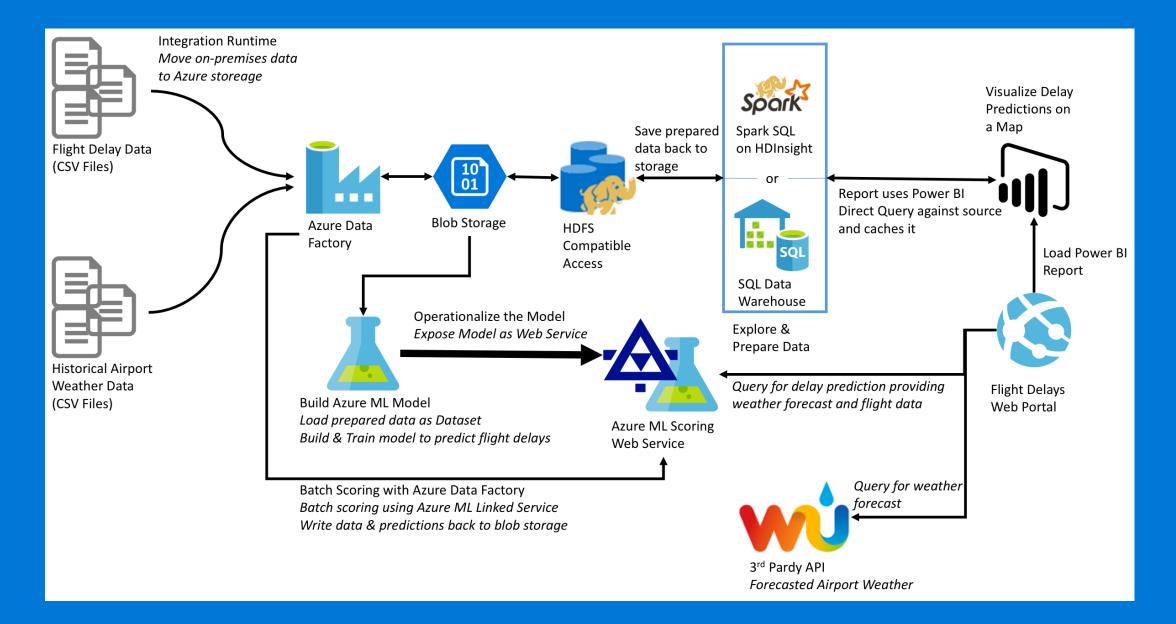
Preferred target audience

• Jack Tradewinds, CIO of AdventureWorks Travel

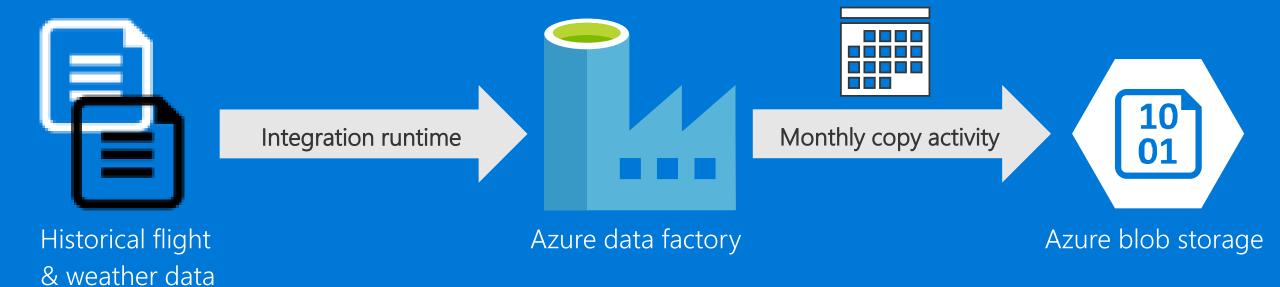
• The primary audience is business decision makers and technology decision makers.



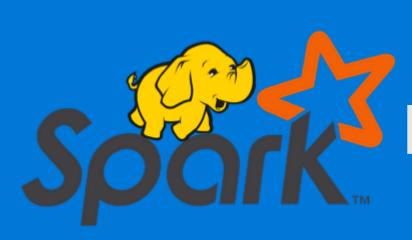
• Usually we talk to the Infrastructure Managers who report to the CIOs, or to application sponsors (like a VP LOB, CMO) or to those that represent the Business Unit IT or developers that report to application sponsors.



Preferred solution Data Loading



Data reparation



Spark cluster on HDInsight

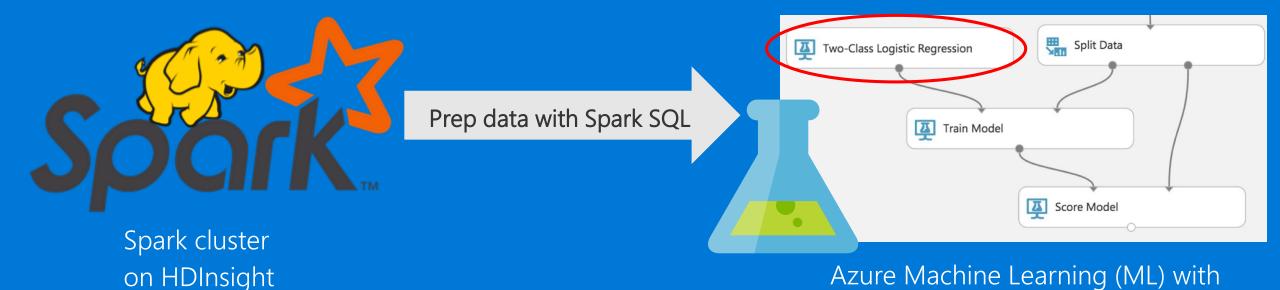
Explore & prepare data

Spark SQL



Jupyter notebook used by AWT analysts

Preferred solution Machine learning model



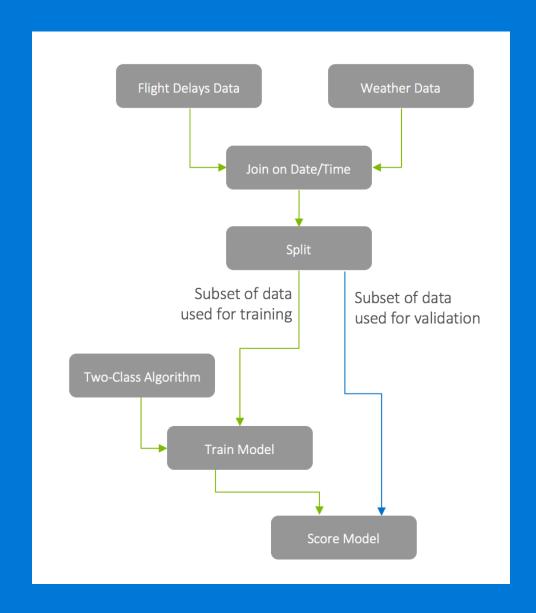
Two-class logistic regression

Machine learning model

Start with domain knowledge

Remove fields that do not add value

 Validate preliminary model against training data



Machine learning model

Data lunging with R or Python

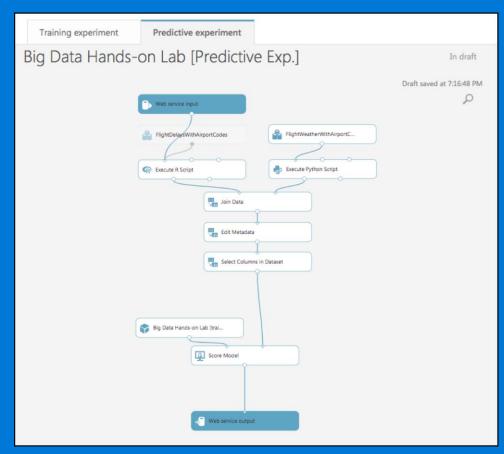
Reserve some historical data to "test" the model

 Measure error on the training set and validation sets separately for indicator of whether model is in danger overfitting.





Operationalizing machine learning



Publish via Azure ML Studio

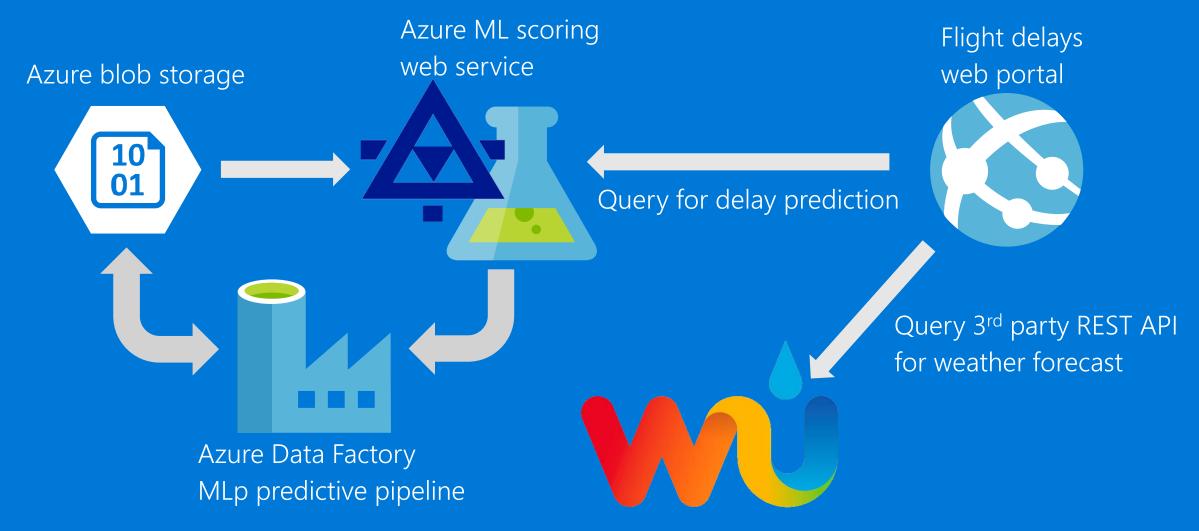
Operationalize



Predictive web service (REST API)

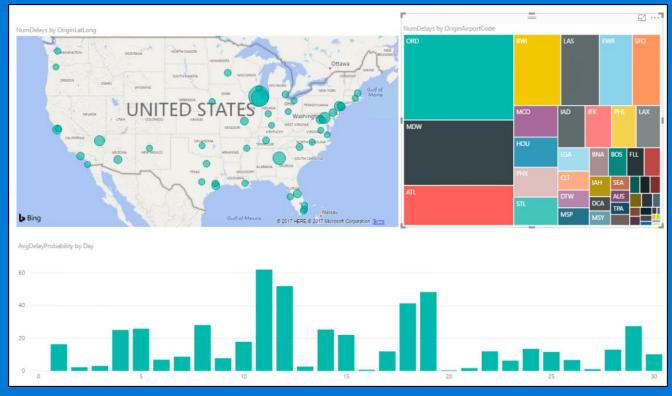
Azure ML Studio

Operationalizing machine learning



Visualization and reporting

- Power BI is a good option
- Direct Query against Spark Hive tables.
- Use map visualization



Visualization and reporting

 Use Query Editor component of the Power BI Desktop, then upload to Power BI service.



Create content pack with Power BI

Restrict access in Azure AD

 Does Azure Machine Learning require a PhD in statistics?



 How long does it take to create and operationalize a machine learning model?



 Can operationalized ML models be flexible in the inputs they support?

• What are the options for running SQL on Hadoop solutions in Azure?



 Does Azure offer anything to speed up querying files in HDFS?

How can we identify, monitor, and protect PII data?



• Is Azure Data Lake a good fit for our PoC?

 Can access to our SQL DW be limited using Azure Active Directory?

• What data visualization tools are available on Azure? Can access to these be managed with Active Directory?





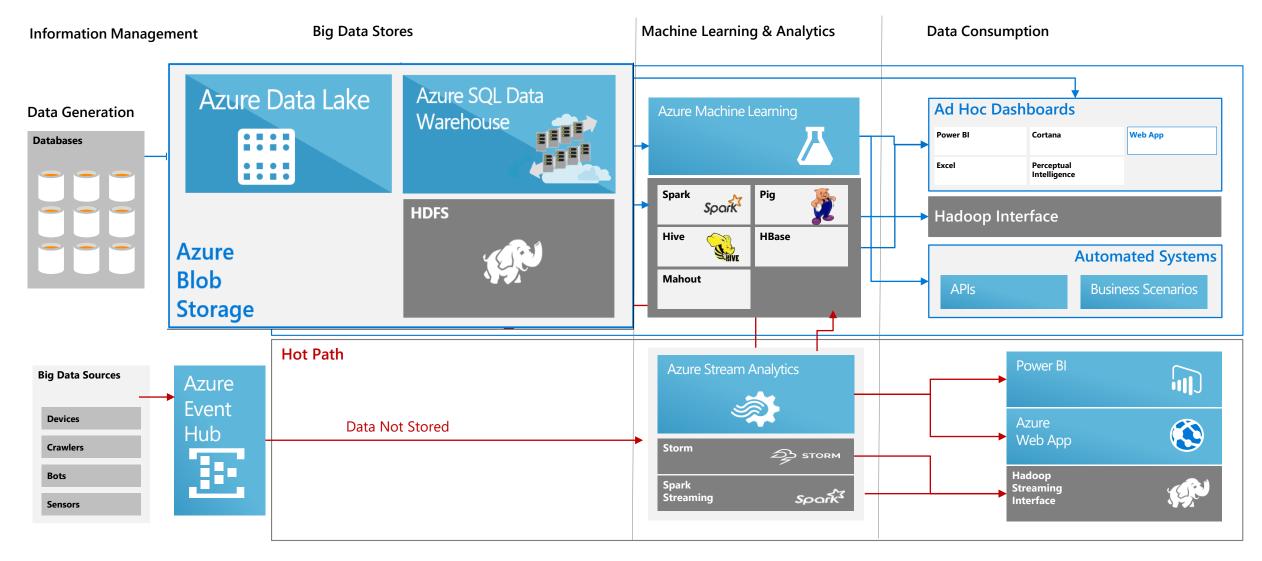
Customer quote

"We are flying into the future with Azure, helping our customers more aggressively schedule their travel, and optimize their non-travel time."

- Jack Tradewinds, CIO of AdventureWorks Travel



Azure Data Services



Solution Architecture

Data Onboarding

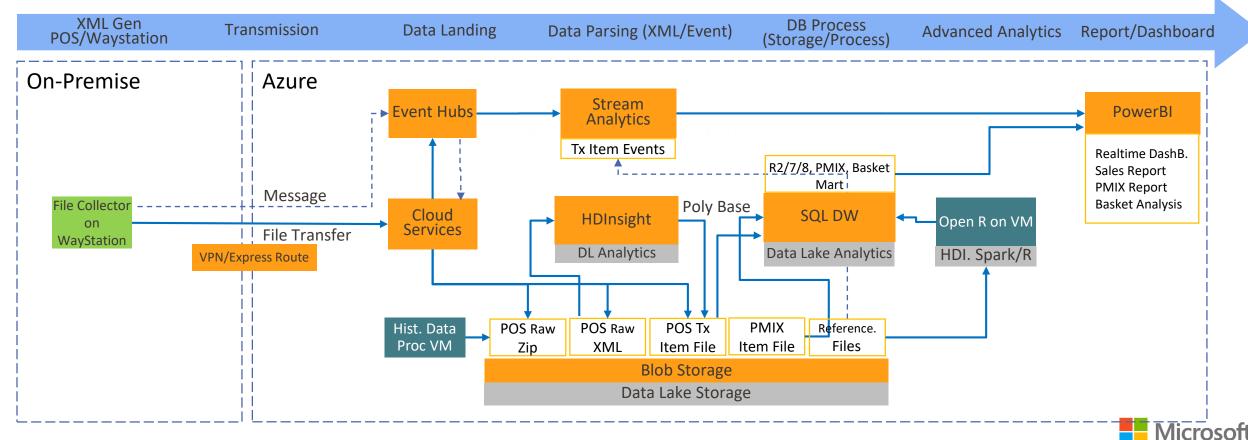
- Networking
- Protocol
- Update Approach

Data Storage

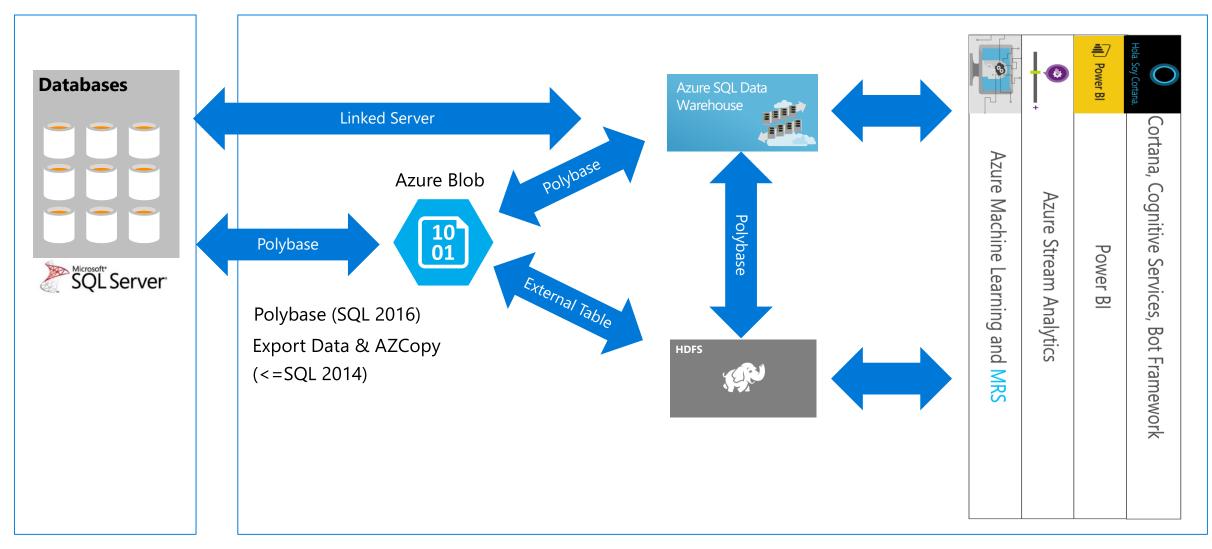
- On the fly
- Schema-less
- Schema-rich

Data Processing

- Transformation and Hybrid Data Warehousing
- Machine Learning
- Query Approach

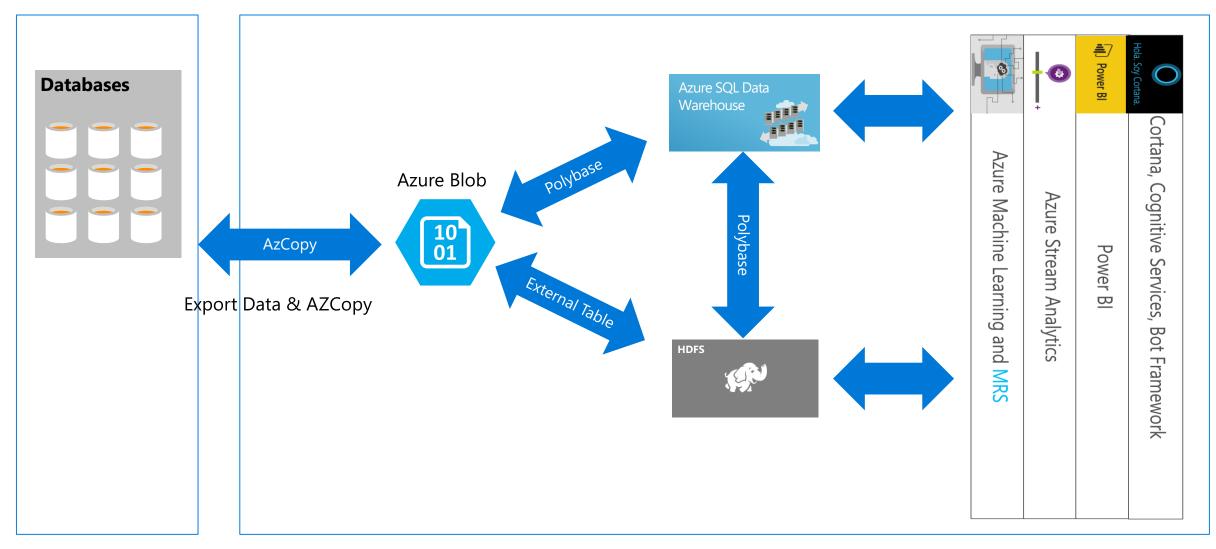


Customer with SQL Server



On-Premise

Customer with "Other" DB



On-Premise

Machine Learning in ML Studio

Anomaly Detection

One-class Support Vector Machine Principal Component Analysis-based Anomaly Detection Time Series Anomaly Detection*

Classification

Two-class Classification

Averaged Perceptron Bayes Point Machine Boosted Decision Tree Decision Forest Decision Junale

Logistic Regression Neural Network

Support Vector Machine

Multi-class Classification

Decision Forest Decision Jungle Logistic Regression Neural Network One-vs-all

Clustering

K-means Clustering

Recommendation

Matchbox Recommender

Regression

Bayesian Linear Regression Boosted Decision Tree Decision Forest Fast Forest Quantile Regression Linear Regression

Neural Network Regression Ordinal Regression

Poisson Regression

Statistical Functions

Descriptive Statistics Hypothesis Testing T-Test Linear Correlation **Probability Function Evaluation**

© 2015 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Text Analytics

Feature Hashing Named Entity Recognition Vowpal Wabbit

Computer Vision

OpenCV Library

https://studio.azureml.net

Guest Access Workspace: Free trial access without logging in.

Free Workspace: Free persisted access, no Azure subscription needed. Standard Workspace: Full access with SLA under an Azure subscription.

Cross browser drag & drop ML workflow designer. Zero installation needed. Import Data

Unlimited Extensibility

- R Script Module
- Python Script Module
- Custom Module

Built-in ML Algorithms

- Cross Validation

- Retraining

Training

Data/Model Visualization

- R and Python Plotting Libraries

- REPL with Jupyter Notebook

- ROC, Precision/Recall, Lift

- Confusion Matrix

- Decision Tree*

- Scatterplots

- Bar Charts

- Box plots

- Histogram

- Parameter Sweep

Split Data

Preprocess

- Jupyter Notebook

Train Model

Training Experiment

Score Model

One-click Operationalization

Predictive Experiment

Make Prediction with Elastic APIs

- Request-Response Service (RRS)
- Batch Execution Service (BES)
- Retraining API

Data Source

- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure SQL DB
- Azure SQL DW*
- Azure Table
- Desktop Direct Upload
- Hadoop Hive Query
- Manual Data Entry
- OData Feed
- On-prem SQL Server*
- Web URL (HTTP)

Data Format

- ARFF
- CSV
- SVMLight
- TSV
- Excel
- ZIP

Data Preparation

- Clean Missing Data
- Clip Outliers
- Edit Metadata
- Feature Selection
- Filter
- Learning with Counts
- Normalize Data
- Partition and Sample
- Principal Component Analysis
- Quantize Data
- SQLite Transformation
- Synthetic Minority Oversampling Technique

Enterprise Grade Cloud Service

- SLA: 99.95% Guaranteed Up-time
- Azure AD Authentication
- Compute at Large Scale
- Multi-geo Availability
- Regulatory Compliance*

Community

- Gallery (http://gallery.azureml.net)
- Samples & Templates
- Workspace Sharing and Collaboration
- Live Chat & MSDN Forum Support

* Feature Coming Soon





Created by the Azure Machine Learning Team

Email: AzurePoster@microsoft.com

Select model type based on desired algorithm

Supervised:

Make predictions based on a set of labeled examples.

Unsupervised:
No label association.
Goal is to organize
the data in some
way or to describe
its structure.

Classification: predict a category

Regression:
a value is being
predicted

Anomaly detection: identify unusual data points

Clustering: data segmentation

