Chapter 1

Linear Equations

Section 1.1

Systems of Linear Equations

▶
$$x + y = 1$$

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 $x + y = 1$ with a line in the plane: $y = 1 - x$



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 $x + y = 1$
 $y = 1 - x$



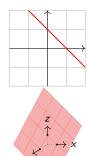
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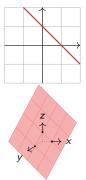


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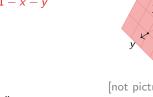
$$x + y + z + w = 1$$

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[not pictured here]

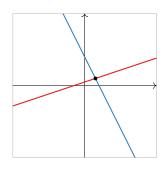
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$$x - 3y = -3$$
$$2x + y = 8$$

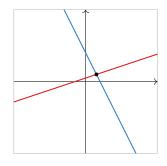
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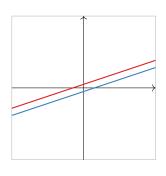
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In general it's an intersection of lines, planes, etc.

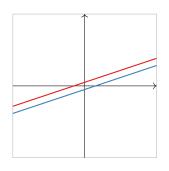
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In what other ways can two lines intersect?

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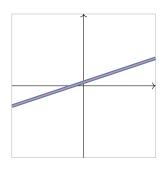


A system of equations with no solutions is called inconsistent.

$$x - 3y = -3$$

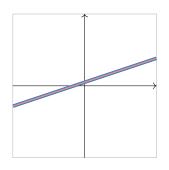
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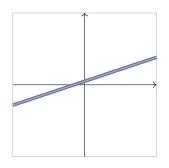
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Note that multiplying an equation by a nonzero number gives the *same* solution set.

In what other ways can two lines intersect?

$$x - 3y = -3$$
$$2x - 6y = -6$$



Note that multiplying an equation by a nonzero number gives the *same* solution set. In other words, they are *equivalent* (systems of) equations.

Poll

What about in three variables?

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Poll

In how many different ways can three planes intersect in space?

- A. One
- B. Two
- C. Three
- D. Four
- E. Five
- F. Six
- G. Seven
- H. Eight

Example

Solve the system of equations

$$x + 2y + 3z = 6$$

 $2x - 3y + 2z = 14$
 $3x + y - z = -2$

This is the kind of problem we'll talk about for the first half of the course.

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What is a systematic way to solve a system of equations?

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What strategies do you know?

Example

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Elimination method: in what ways can you manipulate the equations?

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... but there's a long way to go still. Can we make our lives easier?

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Matrix notation: write just the numbers, in a box, instead!

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This is called an (augmented) matrix. Our equation manipulations become elementary row operations:

- Multiply all entries in a row by a nonzero number.
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- Add a multiple of each entry of one row to the corresponding entry in another. (row replacement)
- ► Swap two rows. (swap)

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$$\begin{array}{ccc}
x & = A \\
y & = E \\
z & = C
\end{array}$$

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Strategy: fiddle with it so we only have ones and zeros.

Row Operations Continued

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We want these to be zero.

Continued

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We want these to be zero. So we subract multiples of the first row.

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$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 0 & -7 & -4 & 2 \\ 0 & -5 & -10 & -20 \end{pmatrix}$$

Continued

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Let's swap the last two rows first.

Continued

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & -1 & | & -2 \\
0 & 1 & 2 & | & 4 \\
0 & 0 & 10 & | & 30
\end{pmatrix}$$

Continued

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & -1 \\
0 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & 0 & 10
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
-2 \\
4 \\
30
\end{aligned}$$

We want these to be zero.

Continued

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We want these to be zero.

Let's make this a 1 first.

Continued

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We want these to be zero.

Let's make this a 1 first.

Success!

Continued

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & -1 \\
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\end{pmatrix}$$
We want these to be zero.

Let's make this a 1 first.

Success!

Check:

$$x + 2y + 3z = 6$$

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Row Equivalence

Important

The process of doing row operations to a matrix does not change the solution set of the corresponding linear equations!

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Definition

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Two matrices are called **row equivalent** if one can be obtained from the other by doing some number of elementary row operations.

So the linear equations of row-equivalent matrices have the same solution set.

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Solve the system of equations

$$x + y = 2$$
$$3x + 4y = 5$$
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0 & 1 & -1 \\
0 & 1 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

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First clear these by subtracting multiples of the first row.
$$\begin{array}{c|cccc} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ \hline 3 & 4 & 5 \\ \hline 4 & 5 & 9 \\ \end{array}$$

Now clear this by subtracting the second row.

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 & 1 & 2 \\
 & 1 & -1 \\
 & 0 \rightarrow 1 & 1
\end{array}$$

A Bad Example Continued

Continued

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{translates into}}$$

In other words, the original equations

$$x+y=2$$
 $3x+4y=5$ have the same solutions as $x+y=2$ $y=-1$ $4x+5y=9$ $0=2$

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But the latter system obviously has no solutions (there is no way to make them all true), so our original system has no solutions either.

Continued

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Definition

A system of equations is called **inconsistent** if it has no solution. It is **consistent** otherwise.