# 8. Worksheet: Among Site (Beta) Diversity – Part 2

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26 April, 2021

## **OVERVIEW**

In this worksheet, we continue to explore concepts, statistics, and visualizations related to  $\beta$ -diversity. Now that you know how to formally quantify  $\beta$ -diversity, we will learn how to test hypotheses about  $\beta$ -diversity using multivariate statistics.

## **Directions:**

- 1. In the Markdown version of this document in your cloned repo, change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Complete as much of the worksheet as possible during class.
- 3. Use the handout as a guide; it contains a more complete description of data sets along with examples of proper scripting needed to carry out the exercises.
- 4. Answer questions in the worksheet. Space for your answers is provided in this document and is indicated by the ">" character. If you need a second paragraph be sure to start the first line with ">". You should notice that the answer is highlighted in green by RStudio (color may vary if you changed the editor theme).
- 5. Before you leave the classroom today, it is *imperative* that you **push** this file to your GitHub repo, at whatever stage you are. This will enable you to pull your work onto your own computer.
- 6. When you have completed the worksheet, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file by pressing the Knit button in the RStudio scripting panel. This will save the PDF output in your '8.BetaDiversity' folder
- 7. After Knitting, please submit the worksheet by making a **push** to your GitHub repo and then create a **pull request** via GitHub. Your pull request should include this file (**8.BetaDiversity\_2\_Worksheet.Rmd**) with all code blocks filled out and questions answered) and the PDF output of Knitr (**8.BetaDiversity\_2\_Worksheet.pdf**).

The completed exercise is due on Wednesday, April 23rd, 2021 before 09:00 AM.

## 1) R SETUP

Typically, the first thing you will do in either an R script or an RMarkdown file is setup your environment. This includes things such as setting the working directory and loading any packages that you will need.

In the R code chunk below, provide the code to:

- 1. clear your R environment,
- 2. print your current working directory,
- 3. set your working directory to your "/8.BetaDiversity" folder, and

4. load the vegan R package (be sure to install if needed).

```
rm(list=ls())
getwd()
```

## [1] "C:/Users/Danny/Desktop/GitHub/QB2021\_Peltier-Thompson/2.Worksheets/8.BetaDiversity"

```
{\tt setwd("C:/Users/Danny/Desktop/GitHub/QB2021\_Peltier-Thompson/2.Worksheets/8.BetaDiversity")} \\ {\tt getwd()}
```

## [1] "C:/Users/Danny/Desktop/GitHub/QB2021\_Peltier-Thompson/2.Worksheets/8.BetaDiversity"

# 2) LOADING DATA

#### Load dataset

In the R code chunk below, load the doubs dataset from the ade4 package

```
# note, pleae do not print the dataset when submitting
package.list <- c('vegan', 'ade4', 'viridis', 'gplots', 'BiodiversityR', 'indicspecies')
for (package in package.list){
  if(!require(package, character.only = TRUE, quietly = TRUE)) {
    install.packages(package)
    library(package, character.only = TRUE)
  }
}</pre>
```

```
## Warning: package 'vegan' was built under R version 4.0.5
## This is vegan 2.5-7
## Warning: package 'ade4' was built under R version 4.0.5
## Warning: package 'viridis' was built under R version 4.0.5
## Warning: package 'gplots' was built under R version 4.0.5
## Attaching package: 'gplots'
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       lowess
## Warning: package 'BiodiversityR' was built under R version 4.0.5
## Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'lme4':
                                     from
##
    method
##
     cooks.distance.influence.merMod car
##
     influence.merMod
                                     car
##
     dfbeta.influence.merMod
                                     car
     dfbetas.influence.merMod
##
                                     car
```

```
## BiodiversityR 2.12-3: Use command BiodiversityRGUI() to launch the Graphical User Interface;
## to see changes use BiodiversityRGUI(changeLog=TRUE, backward.compatibility.messages=TRUE)
## Warning: package 'indicspecies' was built under R version 4.0.5
data(doubs)
```

# 3) HYPOTHESIS TESTING

## A. Multivariate Procedures for Categorical Designs

Earlier work done in the Doubs River suggested that the river has four distinct regions of habitat quality: the first region (sites 1-14) of "high quality"; the second (sites 15 - 19) and fourth (sites 26 - 30) of "moderate quality"; and the third (sites 20 - 25) of "low quality".

In the code chunk below, test the hypothesis that fish community composition varies with river quality.

- 1. create a factor vector that categorizes habitat quality in the Doubs River,
- 2. use the multivariate analyses for categorical predictors to describe how fish community structure relates to habitat quality.

```
fish <- doubs$fish
fish <- fish[-8,]
fish.dj <- vegdist(fish, method = "jaccard", binary = TRUE)</pre>
fish.db <- vegdist(fish, method = "bray")</pre>
fish.ds <- vegdist(fish, method = "bray", binary = TRUE)</pre>
fish.db
                                                                                  7
##
               1
                                                            5
     0.60000000
## 2
     0.68421053 0.14285714
## 4 0.75000000 0.33333333 0.18918919
## 5 0.89189189 0.69565217 0.68000000 0.49090909
     0.75000000 0.39393939 0.29729730 0.19047619 0.41818182
     0.68421053 0.14285714 0.12500000 0.24324324 0.64000000 0.24324324
     1.00000000 0.69230769 0.73333333 0.65714286 0.58333333 0.54285714 0.66666667
## 10 0.88235294 0.38461538 0.40000000 0.37142857 0.54166667 0.25714286 0.26666667
## 11 0.57142857 0.30434783 0.40740741 0.43750000 0.68888889 0.43750000 0.33333333
## 12 0.71428571 0.20000000 0.23529412 0.33333333 0.69230769 0.38461538 0.17647059
## 13 0.72727273 0.29032258 0.31428571 0.45000000 0.73584906 0.55000000 0.37142857
## 14 0.80645161 0.40000000 0.31818182 0.34693878 0.67741935 0.42857143 0.36363636
## 15 0.83333333 0.51111111 0.46938776 0.40740741 0.55223881 0.37037037 0.38775510
## 16 0.86046512 0.65384615 0.57142857 0.47540984 0.45945946 0.37704918 0.53571429
## 17 0.91489362 0.67857143 0.63333333 0.50769231 0.51282051 0.44615385 0.60000000
## 18 0.95555556 0.74074074 0.72413793 0.58730159 0.50000000 0.52380952 0.68965517
## 19 1.00000000 0.79310345 0.70967742 0.61194030 0.50000000 0.52238806 0.67741935
## 20 1.00000000 0.91176471 0.88888889 0.74025974 0.48888889 0.68831169 0.86111111
## 21 1.00000000 0.94594595 0.92307692 0.78313253 0.50000000 0.73493976 0.89743590
## 22 1.00000000 0.97619048 0.95454545 0.82795699 0.52830189 0.78494624 0.93181818
## 23 1.00000000 1.00000000 1.00000000 0.92000000 0.89473684 0.84000000 0.90000000
## 24 1.00000000 1.00000000 1.00000000 0.88888889 0.79591837 0.77777778 0.93548387
## 25 1.00000000 1.00000000 0.92592593 0.81250000 0.68888889 0.68750000 0.85185185
```

```
## 26 1.00000000 0.96363636 0.93220339 0.78125000 0.55844156 0.68750000 0.89830508
## 27 1.00000000 0.97333333 0.94936709 0.83333333 0.56701031 0.76190476 0.92405063
## 28 1.00000000 0.97560976 0.95348837 0.82417582 0.57692308 0.78021978 0.93023256
## 29 0.97777778 0.93939394 0.92233010 0.81481481 0.53719008 0.77777778 0.90291262
## 30 1.00000000 1.00000000 0.98095238 0.87272727 0.59349593 0.83636364 0.96190476
##
               9
                         10
                                               12
                                                                      14
                                    11
                                                          13
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 9
## 10 0.57142857
## 11 0.76000000 0.44000000
## 12 0.68750000 0.37500000 0.24137931
## 13 0.81818182 0.57575758 0.33333333 0.18918919
## 14 0.76190476 0.47619048 0.43589744 0.21739130 0.19148936
## 15 0.65957447 0.40425532 0.50000000 0.33333333 0.38461538 0.24590164
## 16 0.70370370 0.51851852 0.64705882 0.55172414 0.59322034 0.44117647 0.26027397
## 17 0.68965517 0.51724138 0.63636364 0.58064516 0.61904762 0.50000000 0.40259740
## 18 0.64285714 0.57142857 0.69811321 0.66666667 0.70491803 0.60000000 0.46666667
## 19 0.66666667 0.63333333 0.82456140 0.75000000 0.81538462 0.67567568 0.56962025
## 20 0.68571429 0.77142857 0.91044776 0.89189189 0.92000000 0.83333333 0.70786517
## 21 0.76315789 0.81578947 0.91780822 0.92500000 0.95061728 0.86666667 0.76842105
## 22 0.76744186 0.86046512 0.95180723 0.95555556 0.97802198 0.90000000 0.77142857
## 23 0.77777778 0.88888889 0.86666667 0.90909091 1.00000000 0.93750000 0.94594595
## 24 0.72413793 0.79310345 0.92307692 0.93939394 1.00000000 0.90697674 0.87500000
## 25 0.84000000 0.76000000 0.90909091 0.93103448 1.00000000 0.84615385 0.81818182
## 26 0.71929825 0.82456140 0.92592593 0.93442623 0.96774194 0.85915493 0.76315789
## 27 0.76623377 0.84415584 0.94594595 0.95061728 0.97560976 0.89010989 0.77083333
## 28 0.76190476 0.85714286 0.95061728 0.95454545 0.97752809 0.89795918 0.78640777
## 29 0.78217822 0.84158416 0.89795918 0.90476190 0.90566038 0.84347826 0.73333333
## 30 0.84466019 0.90291262 0.98000000 0.98130841 1.00000000 0.93162393 0.81967213
##
                         17
                                    18
                                                           20
              16
                                               19
                                                                      21
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17 0.26190476
## 18 0.34146341 0.13953488
## 19 0.39534884 0.31111111 0.25000000
## 20 0.58333333 0.42000000 0.32653061 0.23529412
## 21 0.62745098 0.49056604 0.40384615 0.29629630 0.10169492
```

```
## 22 0.66071429 0.55172414 0.47368421 0.38983051 0.18750000 0.10447761
## 23 0.90909091 0.833333333 0.82608696 0.84000000 0.86666667 0.87878788 0.89473684
## 24 0.81818182 0.69491525 0.64912281 0.63934426 0.57746479 0.61038961 0.65517241
## 25 0.76470588 0.74545455 0.66037736 0.61403509 0.67164179 0.69863014 0.73493976
## 26 0.63855422 0.54022989 0.45882353 0.32584270 0.21212121 0.20000000 0.25217391
## 27 0.66990291 0.57009346 0.48571429 0.37614679 0.19327731 0.13600000 0.12592593
## 28 0.69090909 0.57894737 0.50000000 0.41379310 0.22222222 0.16666667 0.12676056
## 29 0.65354331 0.51145038 0.44186047 0.41353383 0.24475524 0.18120805 0.11949686
## 30 0.72093023 0.57894737 0.52671756 0.48148148 0.29655172 0.23178808 0.18012422
##
                                    25
                                                           27
              23
                         24
                                                26
                                                                      28
                                                                                  29
## 2
## 3
## 4
## 5
## 6
## 7
## 9
## 10
## 11
## 12
## 13
## 14
## 15
## 16
## 17
## 18
## 19
## 20
## 21
## 22
## 23
## 24 0.57894737
## 25 0.46666667 0.46153846
## 26 0.82978723 0.48275862 0.59259259
## 27 0.88059701 0.61538462 0.70270270 0.18867925
## 28 0.89189189 0.64705882 0.72839506 0.23893805 0.09774436
## 29 0.91208791 0.70588235 0.77551020 0.33846154 0.18666667 0.14649682
## 30 0.91397849 0.71153846 0.78000000 0.36363636 0.19736842 0.15723270 0.14772727
fish.db <- vegdist(fish, method = "bray", upper = TRUE, diag = TRUE)</pre>
quality <- c(rep("HQ", 13), rep("MQ", 5), rep("LQ", 6), rep("MQ", 5))
adonis(fish ~ quality, method = "bray", permutations = 999)
##
## adonis(formula = fish ~ quality, permutations = 999, method = "bray")
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
##
```

```
Df SumsOfSqs MeanSqs F.Model
                                           R2 Pr(>F)
                  3.0947 1.54733 10.97 0.45765 0.001 ***
## quality
             2
## Residuals 26
                  3.6674 0.14105
                                         0.54235
## Total
                  6.7621
                                         1.00000
            28
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
indval <- multipatt(fish, cluster = quality, func = "IndVal.g", control = how(nperm = 999))
summary(indval)
##
##
   Multilevel pattern analysis
##
##
  Association function: IndVal.g
##
   Significance level (alpha): 0.05
##
## Total number of species: 27
## Selected number of species: 23
## Number of species associated to 1 group: 1
## Number of species associated to 2 groups: 22
##
##
  List of species associated to each combination:
##
##
  Group MQ #sps. 1
##
        stat p.value
## Teso 0.686 0.017 *
##
##
   Group HQ+MQ #sps. 2
        stat p.value
## Satr 0.860
              0.004 **
## Phph 0.859
              0.013 *
##
   Group LQ+MQ #sps. 20
        stat p.value
##
## Alal 0.935
              0.001 ***
              0.001 ***
## Gogo 0.933
## Ruru 0.916
              0.001 ***
## Legi 0.901
              0.001 ***
## Baba 0.895
              0.001 ***
## Chna 0.866
              0.001 ***
## Spbi 0.866
              0.001 ***
## Cyca 0.866
               0.002 **
## Acce 0.866
              0.001 ***
## Lele 0.863
              0.002 **
## Titi 0.853
              0.004 **
## Chto 0.829
              0.001 ***
## Rham 0.829
              0.001 ***
## Anan 0.829
              0.002 **
## Eslu 0.827
               0.020 *
## Pefl 0.806
               0.018 *
## Blbj 0.791
               0.002 **
## Scer 0.766
              0.009 **
## Abbr 0.750
              0.008 **
```

```
## Icme 0.661 0.026 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
fish.rel <- decostand(fish, method = "total")</pre>
phi <- multipatt(fish.rel, cluster = quality, func = "r.g", control = how(nperm = 999))</pre>
summary(phi)
##
   Multilevel pattern analysis
##
##
##
  Association function: r.g
## Significance level (alpha): 0.05
##
## Total number of species: 27
## Selected number of species: 18
## Number of species associated to 1 group: 9
## Number of species associated to 2 groups: 9
##
## List of species associated to each combination:
##
##
   Group HQ #sps. 3
##
        stat p.value
## Phph 0.802
              0.001 ***
## Neba 0.734
              0.001 ***
## Satr 0.650
              0.001 ***
##
   Group LQ #sps. 2
##
        stat p.value
## Alal 0.693
              0.001 ***
## Ruru 0.473 0.028 *
##
##
  Group MQ #sps. 4
##
        stat p.value
## Anan 0.571
              0.008 **
## Spbi 0.557
              0.013 *
## Chto 0.542
              0.020 *
## Icme 0.475
              0.041 *
##
## Group LQ+MQ #sps. 9
        stat p.value
## Legi 0.658 0.004 **
## Baba 0.645
              0.005 **
## Rham 0.600
              0.006 **
## Acce 0.594
               0.007 **
## Cyca 0.586
              0.007 **
## Chna 0.571
               0.010 **
## Blbj 0.571
               0.008 **
## Gogo 0.523
               0.013 *
## Abbr 0.499
               0.026 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

**Question 1**: Based on the PERMANOVA, IndVal, and phi coefficient analyses, what did you learn about the relationship between habitat quality and the fish species composition? Are the different analyses consistent with one another and do they agree with the visualizations (heat maps, cluster dendograms, ordinations) that you created?

Answer 1: Habitat quality is correlated to fish species. The analyses are consistant but theres variation on how correlated

#### B. Multivariate Procedures for Continuous Designs

#### i. Mantel Test

In the R code chunk below, do the following:

- 1. create distance matrices for both fish communities and environmental factors, and
- 2. use a Mantel test to test the hypothesis that fish assemblages are correlated with stream environmental variables.

```
fish.dist <- vegdist(doubs$fish[-8, ], method = "bray")
env.dist <- vegdist(scale(doubs$env[-8, ]), method = "euclid")
mantel(fish.dist, env.dist)</pre>
```

```
##
## Mantel statistic based on Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## Call:
## mantel(xdis = fish.dist, ydis = env.dist)
##
## Mantel statistic r: 0.604
##
         Significance: 0.001
##
## Upper quantiles of permutations (null model):
           95% 97.5%
                       99%
     90%
## 0.103 0.139 0.164 0.181
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
```

**Question 2**: What do the results from our Mantel test suggest about fish diversity and stream environmental conditions? How does this relate to your hypothesis about stream quality influencing fish communities?

**Answer 2**: It suggest there is a correlation between diversity and stream quality which supports the hypothesis

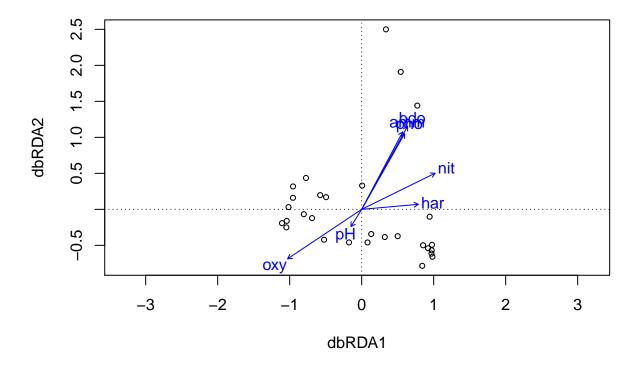
#### ii. Constrained Ordination

In the R code chunk below, do the following:

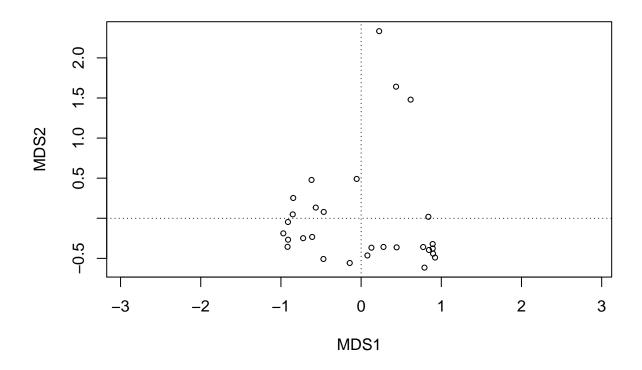
- 1. create an environmental matrix of the water chemistry data included in the doubs dataset using forward and reverse selection of variables,
- 2. conduct a redundancy analysis on the fish assemblages of the Doubs River,

- 3. use a permutation test to determine the significance of the constrained analysis,
- 4. use a permutation test to determine the correlation of each environmental factor on the constrained axes.
- 5. calculate the explained variation on the first and second constrained axes,
- 6. plot the constrained ordination results including labeled points for each site, and
- 7. add vectors that demonstrate the influence of each environmental factor the constrained ordination.

```
env.chem <- as.matrix(doubs$env[-8, 5:11])
doubs.dbrda <- dbrda(fish.db ~ ., as.data.frame(env.chem))
ordiplot(doubs.dbrda)</pre>
```



```
doubs.dbrda.mod0 <- dbrda(fish.db ~ 1, as.data.frame(env.chem))
ordiplot(doubs.dbrda.mod0)</pre>
```

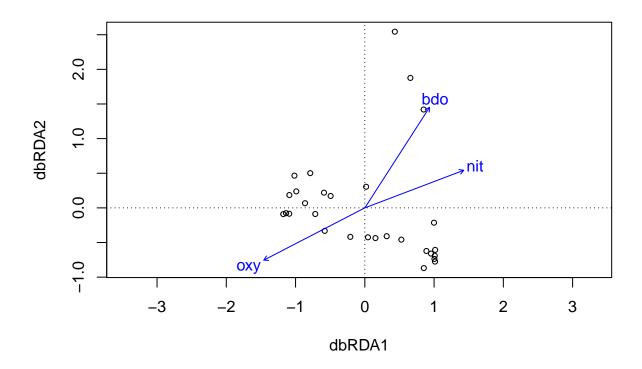


```
doubs.dbrda.mod1 <- dbrda(fish.db ~ ., as.data.frame(env.chem))
doubs.dbrda <- ordiR2step(doubs.dbrda.mod0, doubs.dbrda.mod1, perm.max = 200)</pre>
```

```
## Step: R2.adj = 0
## Call: fish.db ~ 1
##
##
                   R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.53032584
## + oxy
                    0.27727176
## + nit
                    0.25755208
## + bdo
                    0.17477787
## + pho
                    0.14568614
## + har
                    0.14174915
## + amm
                    0.14142804
                    0.0000000
## <none>
                   -0.01827054
## + pH
##
##
         Df
               AIC
                        F Pr(>F)
## + oxy 1 47.939 11.742 0.002 **
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Step: R2.adj = 0.2772718
## Call: fish.db ~ oxy
##
```

```
##
                 R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.5303258
## + bdo
                   0.4009000
## + amm
                   0.3474192
## + pho
                   0.3452702
## + har
                  0.3331357
## + nit
                   0.3316120
## <none>
                   0.2772718
## + pH
                    0.2586983
##
       Df AIC
                      F Pr(>F)
## + bdo 1 43.404 6.5716 0.002 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Step: R2.adj = 0.4009
## Call: fish.db ~ oxy + bdo
##
##
                 R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.5303258
## + nit
                  0.4980793
## + har
                  0.4695121
## <none>
                  0.4009000
## + pho
                   0.3938042
                   0.3869134
## + amm
## + pH
                   0.3865240
##
              AIC
                    F Pr(>F)
       Df
## + nit 1 39.134 6.034 0.004 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Step: R2.adj = 0.4980793
## Call: fish.db ~ oxy + bdo + nit
##
##
                 R2.adjusted
## + amm
                   0.5415705
## <All variables> 0.5303258
## + pho
                   0.5277128
## + har
                   0.5218852
## <none>
                   0.4980793
## + pH
                    0.4843267
doubs.dbrda$call
## dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ oxy + bdo + nit, data = as.data.frame(env.chem))
doubs.dbrda$anova
##
                  R2.adj Df
                               AIC
                                        F Pr(>F)
                 0.27727 1 47.939 11.7421 0.002 **
## + oxy
## + bdo
                 0.40090 1 43.404 6.5716 0.002 **
                0.49808 1 39.134 6.0340 0.004 **
## + nit
```

```
## <All variables> 0.53033
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
ordiplot(doubs.dbrda)
```

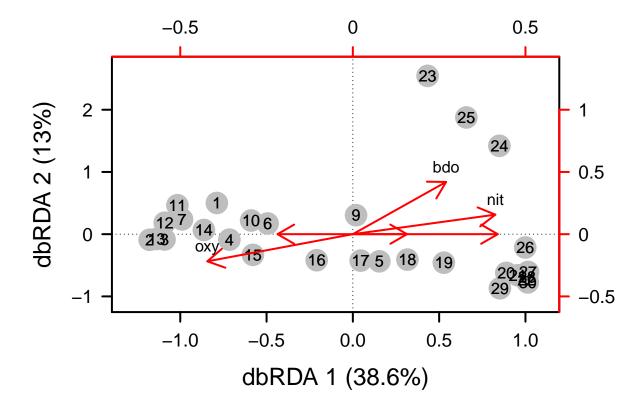


# permutest(doubs.dbrda, permutations = 999)

```
##
## Permutation test for dbrda under reduced model
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Model: dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ oxy + bdo + nit, data =
## as.data.frame(env.chem))
## Permutation test for all constrained eigenvalues
## Df Inertia F Pr(>F)
## Model 3 3.7317 10.262 0.001 ***
## Residual 25 3.0304
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
##
## ***VECTORS
##
##
         dbRDA1
                  dbRDA2
                             r2 Pr(>r)
## nit 0.87724 0.48005 0.6431 0.001 ***
## oxy -0.82864 -0.55979 0.7656 0.001 ***
## bdo 0.55603 0.83116 0.8939 0.001 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
dbrda.explainvar1 <- round(doubs.dbrda$CCA$eig[1] /</pre>
                             sum(c(doubs.dbrda$CCA$eig, doubs.dbrda$CA$eig)), 3) * 100
dbrda.explainvar2 <- round(doubs.dbrda$CCA$eig[2] /</pre>
                             sum(c(doubs.dbrda$CCA$eig, doubs.dbrda$CA$eig)), 3) * 100
par(mar = c(5, 5, 4, 4) + 0.1)
plot(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa"), xlim = c(-1.3, 1.1), ylim = c(-1.1, 2.7),
     xlab = paste("dbRDA 1 (", dbrda.explainvar1, "%)", sep = ""),
     ylab = paste("dbRDA 2 (", dbrda.explainvar2, "%)", sep = ""),
    pch = 16, cex = 2.0, type = "n", cex.lab = 1.5, cex.axis = 1.2, axes = FALSE)
axis(side = 1, labels = T, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1)
axis(side = 2, labels = T, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1)
abline(h = 0, v = 0, lty = 3)
box(1wd = 2)
points(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa"),
       pch = 19, cex = 3, bg = "gray", col = "gray")
text(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa"),
     labels = row.names(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa")))
vectors <- scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "bp")</pre>
arrows(0, 0, vectors[, 2],
       lwd = 2, lty = 1, length = 0.2, col = "red")
text(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa"),
     labels = row.names(scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "wa")))
vectors <- scores(doubs.dbrda, display = "bp")</pre>
arrows(0, 0, vectors[,1], vectors[,2],
       lwd = 2, lty = 1, length = 0.2, col = "red")
text(vectors[,1], vectors[,2], pos = 3,
     labels = row.names(vectors))
axis(side = 3, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1, col = "red", lwd = 2.2,
     at = pretty(range(vectors[, 1])) * 2, labels = pretty(range(vectors[, 1])))
axis(side = 4, lwd.ticks = 2, cex.axis = 1.2, las = 1, col = "red", lwd = 2.2,
   at = pretty(range(vectors[, 1])) * 2, labels = pretty(range(vectors[, 1])))
```

envfit(doubs.dbrda, env.chem[,c(4, 6, 7)], perm = 999)



**Question 3**: Based on the constrained ordination, what are the environmental variables (or groups of correlated variables) that seem to be contributing to variation in fish community structure?

**Answer 3**: All the variables contribute  $\sim$ 53%. Of the variables, Oxygen, Nitrogen and the variables related to those (BDO) have the most contribution. pH does not

## iii. Variation Partitioning

In the code chunk below,

- 1. Create a matrix model of the selected environmental variables,
- 2. Create a matrix model of the selected PCNM axes,
- 3. Perform constrained and partial constrained ordinations using the spatial and environmental models you just created,
- $4. \ \, {\rm Test} \,\, {\rm the} \,\, {\rm significance} \,\, {\rm of} \,\, {\rm each} \,\, {\rm of} \,\, {\rm your} \,\, {\rm constrained} \,\, {\rm ordinations} \,\, {\rm using} \,\, {\rm permutation} \,\, {\rm tests},$
- 5. Partition the variation among sites into the relative importance of space, environment, spatially structured environment, and residuals,
- 6. Plot the variation partitioning output to visualize it.

#### doubs.dbrda\$anova

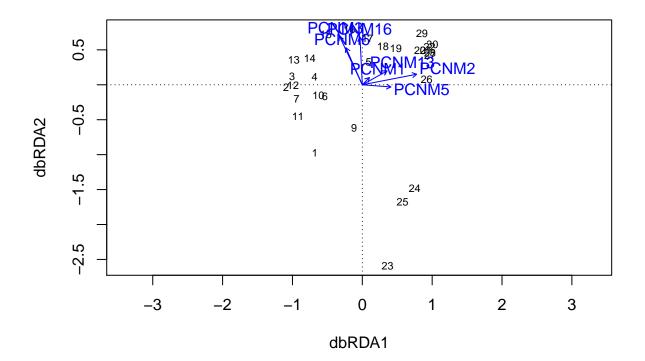
```
## R2.adj Df AIC F Pr(>F)
## + oxy
0.27727 1 47.939 11.7421 0.002 **
## + bdo
0.40090 1 43.404 6.5716 0.002 **
```

```
0.49808 1 39.134 6.0340 0.004 **
## <All variables> 0.53033
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
env.mod <- model.matrix(~ oxy + bdo + nit, as.data.frame(env.chem))[,-1]
rs <- rowSums(fish)/sum(fish)</pre>
doubs.pcnmw <- pcnm(dist(doubs$xy[-8,]), w = rs, dist.ret = T)</pre>
doubs.pcnmw$values > 0
## [1] TRUE TRUE
                   ## [13] TRUE TRUE
                    TRUE
                         TRUE TRUE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE FALSE
## [25] FALSE FALSE
doubs.space <- as.data.frame(scores(doubs.pcnmw))</pre>
doubs.pcnm.mod0 <- dbrda(fish.db ~ 1, doubs.space)</pre>
doubs.pcnm.mod1 <- dbrda(fish.db ~ ., doubs.space)</pre>
step.pcnm <- ordiR2step(doubs.pcnm.mod0, doubs.pcnm.mod1, perm.max = 200)
## Step: R2.adj = 0
## Call: fish.db ~ 1
##
                   R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.626011301
## + PCNM2
                   0.235370423
## + PCNM3
                   0.078394885
## + PCNM13
                   0.065305668
## + PCNM5
                   0.046185074
## + PCNM6
                   0.032809156
## + PCNM16
                   0.030486700
## + PCNM14
                   0.029680999
## + PCNM9
                   0.020357410
## + PCNM15
                   0.013632610
## + PCNM8
                   0.009411968
## + PCNM1
                   0.003986221
## + PCNM17
                   0.002415012
## + PCNM10
                   0.001326442
## <none>
                   0.000000000
## + PCNM7
                  -0.001861430
## + PCNM11
                  -0.006841522
## + PCNM4
                  -0.007089863
## + PCNM12
                  -0.014396973
##
                        F Pr(>F)
##
                AIC
          Df
## + PCNM2 1 49.574 9.619 0.002 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Step: R2.adj = 0.2353704
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2
##
##
                  R2.adjusted
```

```
## <All variables>
                    0.6260113
## + PCNM3
                    0.3429270
## + PCNM5
                    0.3057368
## + PCNM1
                    0.2885396
## + PCNM16
                    0.2786746
## + PCNM14
                    0.2744520
## + PCNM15
                   0.2692809
## + PCNM6
                    0.2659866
## + PCNM13
                    0.2636194
## + PCNM9
                    0.2517847
## + PCNM8
                   0.2496240
## + PCNM10
                    0.2434688
## + PCNM7
                    0.2431476
## + PCNM17
                    0.2404343
## + PCNM11
                    0.2366833
## <none>
                    0.2353704
## + PCNM12
                    0.2288789
## + PCNM4
                    0.2189522
##
##
        Df AIC
                       F Pr(>F)
## + PCNM3 1 46.083 5.4196 0.004 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Step: R2.adj = 0.342927
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3
##
                  R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.6260113
## + PCNM5
                    0.4076020
## + PCNM1
                    0.3970300
## + PCNM16
                    0.3853210
## + PCNM15
                    0.3828748
## + PCNM14
                    0.3781827
## + PCNM13
                    0.3770376
## + PCNM6
                    0.3595644
## + PCNM8
                   0.3556885
## + PCNM7
                    0.3541631
## + PCNM10
                    0.3526775
## + PCNM17
                   0.3513683
## + PCNM9
                   0.3433672
## <none>
                    0.3429270
## + PCNM11
                    0.3416399
## + PCNM12
                    0.3396547
## + PCNM4
                    0.3311509
##
        Df AIC
                         F Pr(>F)
## + PCNM5 1 43.941 3.8385 0.016 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Step: R2.adj = 0.407602
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5
##
```

```
R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.6260113
## + PCNM1
                     0.4721469
## + PCNM16
                     0.4631976
## + PCNM15
                     0.4589111
## + PCNM14
                     0.4535248
## + PCNM13
                     0.4511582
## + PCNM6
                     0.4305640
## + PCNM7
                     0.4261965
## + PCNM8
                    0.4224505
## + PCNM17
                     0.4181666
## + PCNM10
                     0.4154485
## + PCNM11
                     0.4112178
## + PCNM9
                     0.4111995
## + PCNM12
                     0.4087602
## <none>
                     0.4076020
## + PCNM4
                     0.3976526
##
                AIC
                        F Pr(>F)
          Df
## + PCNM1 1 41.411 4.057 0.006 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Step: R2.adj = 0.4721469
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5 + PCNM1
##
                   R2.adjusted
## <All variables>
                     0.6260113
## + PCNM13
                     0.5212427
## + PCNM16
                     0.5208668
## + PCNM15
                     0.5161770
## + PCNM14
                     0.5147355
## + PCNM6
                     0.4999020
## + PCNM7
                     0.4936559
## + PCNM8
                     0.4904113
## + PCNM17
                     0.4856884
## + PCNM10
                     0.4835952
## + PCNM11
                     0.4760087
## + PCNM9
                     0.4751424
## + PCNM12
                     0.4747221
## <none>
                     0.4721469
## + PCNM4
                     0.4651218
##
                  AIC
                           F Pr(>F)
            Df
## + PCNM13 1 39.346 3.4612 0.012 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Step: R2.adj = 0.5212427
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5 + PCNM1 + PCNM13
##
##
                   R2.adjusted
## <All variables>
                    0.6260113
## + PCNM16
                     0.5767968
```

```
## + PCNM15
                    0.5715331
## + PCNM14
                    0.5698343
## + PCNM6
                    0.5475140
## + PCNM7
                    0.5392074
## + PCNM8
                    0.5379134
## + PCNM11
                    0.5281106
## + PCNM9
                    0.5267003
## + PCNM10
                    0.5265029
## + PCNM12
                    0.5255581
## <none>
                    0.5212427
## + PCNM17
                    0.5171800
## + PCNM4
                    0.5152311
##
          Df AIC
                         F Pr(>F)
## + PCNM16 1 36.48 4.0192 0.022 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Step: R2.adj = 0.5767968
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5 + PCNM1 + PCNM13 + PCNM16
##
##
                  R2.adjusted
## <All variables> 0.6260113
## + PCNM6
                    0.6043089
## + PCNM8
                    0.5970286
## + PCNM12
                    0.5946888
## + PCNM7
                    0.5946475
## + PCNM9
                    0.5883735
## + PCNM10
                    0.5851333
## + PCNM15
                    0.5846468
## <none>
                    0.5767968
## + PCNM17
                    0.5748533
## + PCNM4
                    0.5733749
## + PCNM11
                    0.5711176
## + PCNM14
                    0.5652509
         Df
                AIC
                         F Pr(>F)
## + PCNM6 1 35.182 2.5296 0.032 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Step: R2.adj= 0.6043089
## Call: fish.db ~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5 + PCNM1 + PCNM13 + PCNM16 + PCNM6
##
                  R2.adjusted
## <All variables>
                    0.6260113
## + PCNM8
                    0.6248697
## + PCNM12
                    0.6208788
## + PCNM10
                    0.6170988
## + PCNM7
                    0.6142419
## + PCNM15
                    0.6140369
## + PCNM9
                    0.6107110
## <none>
                    0.6043089
## + PCNM17
                    0.6037430
```



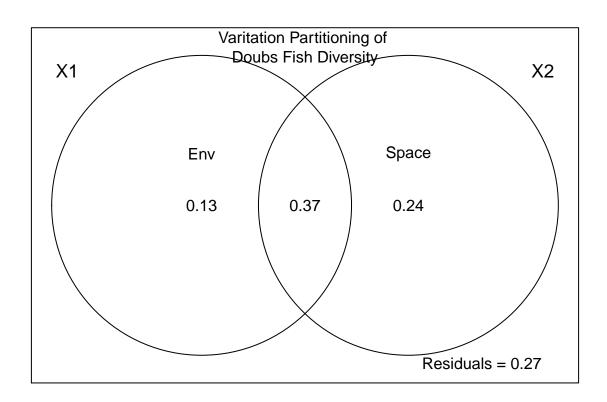
## step.pcnm\$anova

```
##
                   R2.adj Df
                                         F Pr(>F)
                                AIC
## + PCNM2
                   0.23537 1 49.574 9.6190 0.002 **
## + PCNM3
                  0.34293 1 46.083 5.4196
                                           0.004 **
## + PCNM5
                   0.40760 1 43.941 3.8385
## + PCNM1
                   0.47215 1 41.411 4.0570
                                           0.006 **
## + PCNM13
                   0.52124
                          1 39.346 3.4612
                                            0.012 *
## + PCNM16
                  0.57680 1 36.480 4.0192 0.022 *
                  0.60431 1 35.182 2.5296 0.032 *
## + PCNM6
## <All variables> 0.62601
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

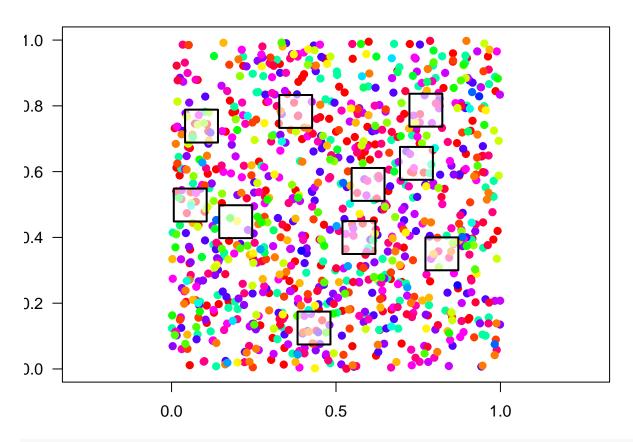
```
space.mod <- model.matrix(~ PCNM2 + PCNM3 + PCNM5 + PCNM1 + PCNM13 + PCNM16 + PCNM6, doubs.space)[,-1]</pre>
doubs.total.env <- dbrda(fish.db ~ env.mod)</pre>
doubs.total.space <- dbrda(fish.db ~ space.mod)</pre>
doubs.env.cond.space <- dbrda(fish.db ~ env.mod + Condition(space.mod))</pre>
doubs.space.cond.env <- dbrda(fish.db ~ space.mod + Condition(env.mod))</pre>
permutest(doubs.env.cond.space, permutations = 999)
##
## Permutation test for dbrda under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## Model: dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ env.mod + Condition(space.mod))
## Permutation test for all constrained eigenvalues
           Df Inertia
                           F Pr(>F)
## Model
            3 0.85158 4.423 0.001 ***
## Residual 18 1.15519
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
permutest(doubs.space.cond.env, permutations = 999)
## Permutation test for dbrda under reduced model
##
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ space.mod + Condition(env.mod))
## Permutation test for all constrained eigenvalues
           Df Inertia
                            F Pr(>F)
## Model
           7 1.8752 4.1741 0.001 ***
## Residual 18 1.1552
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
permutest(doubs.total.env, permutations = 999)
##
## Permutation test for dbrda under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ env.mod)
## Permutation test for all constrained eigenvalues
          Df Inertia
                            F Pr(>F)
## Model
           3 3.7317 10.262 0.001 ***
```

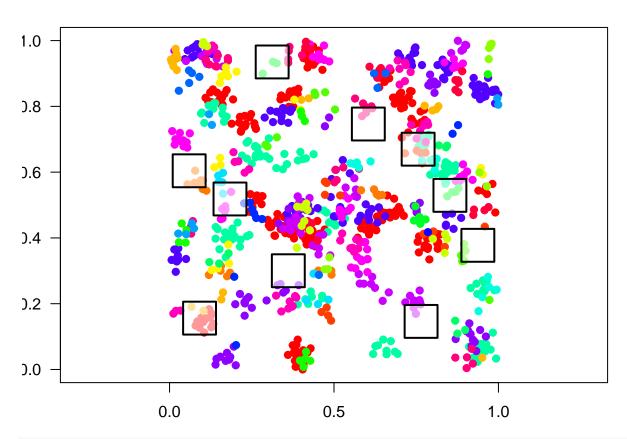
```
## Residual 25 3.0304
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
permutest(doubs.total.space, permutations = 999)
##
## Permutation test for dbrda under reduced model
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
## Model: dbrda(formula = fish.db ~ space.mod)
## Permutation test for all constrained eigenvalues
           Df Inertia
                           F Pr(>F)
           7 4.7553 7.1089 0.001 ***
## Model
## Residual 21 2.0068
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
doubs.varpart <- varpart(fish.db, env.mod, space.mod)</pre>
doubs.varpart
## Partition of squared Bray distance in dbRDA
## Call: varpart(Y = fish.db, X = env.mod, space.mod)
## Explanatory tables:
## X1: env.mod
## X2: space.mod
##
## No. of explanatory tables: 2
## Total variation (SS): 6.7621
## No. of observations: 29
##
## Partition table:
##
                        Df R.squared Adj.R.squared Testable
## [a+b] = X1
                        3 0.55186
                                           0.49808
                                                       TRUE
                        7 0.70323
                                           0.60431
                                                       TRUE
## [b+c] = X2
## [a+b+c] = X1+X2
                           0.82917
                                           0.73426
                                                      TRUE
                       10
## Individual fractions
## [a] = X1|X2
                         3
                                           0.12995
                                                      TRUE
## [b]
                        0
                                           0.36813
                                                     FALSE
## [c] = X2|X1
                                           0.23618
                                                      TRUE
## [d] = Residuals
                                           0.26574
                                                     FALSE
## Use function 'dbrda' to test significance of fractions of interest
par(mar = c(2,2,2,2))
plot(doubs.varpart)
text(1, 0.25, "Space")
```

```
text(0, 0.25, "Env")
mtext("Varitation Partitioning of \nDoubs Fish Diversity", side = 3, line = -2)
```

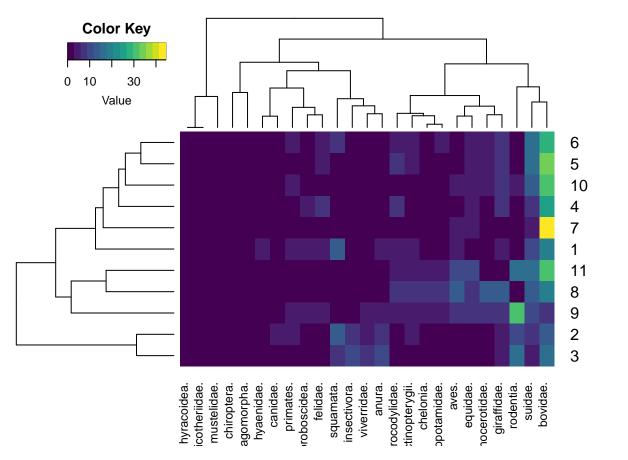


```
package.list <- c('mobsim', 'knitr', 'vegan', 'tidyr', 'dplyr', 'ggplot2', 'formatR')</pre>
for (package in package.list) {
  if (!require(package, character.only = TRUE, quietly = TRUE)) {
    install.packages(package)
    library(package, character.only = TRUE)
  }
}
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```





```
## Residuals
               18
                    0.99309 0.05517
                                             0.42863
## Total
               19
                    2.31689
                                             1.00000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
setwd("C:/Users/Danny/Desktop/GitHub/QB-2021-project/data") #set new wd
taxa <- read.csv("taxapercent.csv", header = TRUE)</pre>
taxa1 <- taxa[,-2]</pre>
taxa <- taxa1[,-1]</pre>
gplots::heatmap.2(as.matrix(taxa), distfun = function(x) vegdist(x, method = "bray"),
                  hclustfun = function(x) hclust(x, method = "ward.D2"),
                  col = viridis, trace = "none", density.info = "none")
```



#my hypothesis is that lake variability is correlated to taxonomic diversity
lakevariability <- c("low", "low", "high", "low", "moderate", "low", "high", "low", "moderate", "high",
adonis(taxa ~ lakevariability, method = "bray", permutations = 999)</pre>

```
## ## Df SumsOfSqs MeanSqs F.Model R2 Pr(>F) ## lakevariability 2 0.11867 0.059335 0.65891 0.14143 0.817 ## Residuals 8 0.72040 0.090050 0.85857 ## Total 10 0.83907 1.00000
```

#my hypothesis was incorrect, there is little to no correlation between lake size variability and diver

Question 4: Interpret the variation partitioning results.

Answer 4:

## **SYNTHESIS**

As in the previous worksheet, use the mobsim package from the DataWrangling module to simulate two local communities each containing 1000 individuals (N) and 25 species (S), but with one having a random spatial distribution and the other having a patchy spatial distribution. Take ten (10) subsamples from each site using the quadrat function and answer the following questions:

- 1) Perform a PERMANOVA to test whether or not the spatial distribution of species affects species composition.
- 2) Load the dataset you are using for your Team Project. Perform an ordination to visualize your dataset. Using this ordination, develop some hypotheses relevant to  $\beta$ -diversity. Use a statistic to test one of these hypotheses. Succinctly explain the finding and its relevance to your system.