Description of input variables for executables: ZG.x, pp_spctrlfn.x, disca.x, pp_disca.x and bands_unfold.x.

► ZG.x (for optimum performance parallelize over all cpus X, i.e. mpirun -n X ZG.x -nk X) : Logical flag that enables the creation of the ZG-displacement. ZG_conf (default .true.) Т : Real number specifying the temperature at which the calculations will be performed. "T" essentially defines the amplitude of the normal coordinates through the Bose-Einstein factor. (default 0.00) : Integers specifying the dimensionality of the supercell i.e.: dim1, dim2, size of supercell is [dim1 * a(1), dim2 * a(2), dim3 * a(3)],dim3 where a(1), a(2), a(3) are the lattice vectors of the unit-cell used to compute the phonons. (default 0, 0, 0) : String array describing the element of each atomic species atm_zg(i) (default "Element") synch : Logical flag that enables the synchronization of the modes. (default .false.) compute_error: Logical flag: if set to .true. allows the code to find the optimal ZG configuration by minimizing the error based on the "error_thresh" flag (see below). Set it to .false. if speed up is required. This is useful when (i) large supercell sizes are considered for which the error is minimized by the first set of signs, (ii) only single phonon displacements are of interest (see below) (default .true.) : Integer for the number of attempts the algorithm needs to go niters through for finding the optimum configuration. The algorithm generates a set of "+,-,+,- ..." signs and its possible permutations, trying to minimize the error coming from the coupling of modes with the same q-wavevector but at different branch. For a finite supercell size the order of using the "+,-,+,- ..." set and its permutations is important, giving different results. Therefore, the algorithm checks the combination that brings the error lower than a threshold (see "error_thresh" flag). (default 15000) - Meaningful if compute_error = .true. error_thresh : Real specifying the error at which the algorithm stops while it's looking for possible combinations of signs. Once this limit is reached, the ZG-displacement is constructed. The threshold is usually chosen to be less than 5%, which is a safe boundary for accurate non-perturbative calculations. (default 0.05) - Meaningful if compute_error = .true. : Logical flag for including the phonons in set A, or not. incl_qA (default .true.) single_ph_displ : Logical flag that allows to displace the nuclei along single phonon modes. Use output configurations to compute electron-

phonon matrix elements with a direct supercell calculation.

Set the displacement to the zero point by "T = 0". This finite displacement should carry precisely the effect of diagonal elements of [g(q)+g(-q)]. New output files are: "single_phonon-displacements.dat".

(default .false.)

q_external : Logical flag that allows the use of a q-point list specified

> by the user in the input file. If .false. the q-point list is specified automatically by the supercell dimensions "dim1", "dim2", and "dim3". If .true. the q-point list must be provided by the user (see "qlist_AB.txt"). It is advisable to keep

this flag to .false. except you know what you are doing.

qlist_AB.txt : This file contains the external q-list in crystal coordinates,

> see the example for "ZG $_444.in$ ", after the input flags. It corresponds to the q-points commensurate to the supercell size. Only one of the q-point time-reversal partners is kept for the construction of the ZG-displacement, as done in the code. The calculations, for the moment, assume systems with time-reversal symmetry. For the generation of the "qlist_AB.txt" set the q-grid in file "example/silicon/input/qlist.in" and run "../../src/local/create_qlist.x < qlist.in > qlist.out".

One can modify the "create_qlist.f90" to generate a different path for consecutive q-points. Paste the output of

"qlist_AB.txt" to "ZG.in" after namelist &input. Set the flag

"q_external = .true." for the code to read the list.

The following input flags are as for matdyn.x:

flfrc : String for the input file produced by q2r containing the

force constants.

(No default value: must be specified.)

: Character indicating the type of Acoustic Sum Rule: asr

'no', 'simple', 'crystal', 'one-dim', and 'zero-dim'.

(default 'no')

amass(i) : masses of atoms in the supercell in a.m.u., one per atom type

(default: masses from file flfrc)

: Logical flag. Set to .true. to activate two-dimensional loto_2d

treatment of LO-TO splitting.

(default .false.)

The following input flags are for the ZG structure factor calculation:

ZG_strf : Logical flag for the calculation of the ZG structure factor.

(default .false.)

: Integer specifying how many rows to read from the file qpts_strf

> "qpts_strf.dat" containing the scattering vectors in crystal coordinates. "qpts_strf.dat" can be automatically generated

from disca.x (see below).

(default 0)

atmsf_zg_a(i,j): Parameters "a" and "b" that define the atomic scattering factor

atmsf_zg_b(i,j) as a sum of Gaussians. 5 entries (j), per atom type (i).

Parameters can be taken from Ref. [Micron 30, 625-648, (1999)].

(default 0.d0)

▶ pp_spctrlfn.x (for optimum performance parallelize over all cpus X, i.e. mpirun -n X pp_spctrlfn.x -nk X)

flin : String for specifying the name of the input file that contains the momentum (first column), energies (second column), and the spectral weights (third column).

(No default value: must be specified.)

steps : Integer specifying how many entries from file "flin" are included in the computation of the spectral function, starting from the first one. (default 5000)

ksteps: Integer that defines the smearing along the momentum-axis as:
 (kmax - kmin) / ksteps. For kmax, kmin see below.
 (default 200)

esteps: Integer that defines the smearing along the energy-axis as:
 (emax - emin) / esteps. For emax, emin see below.
 (default 200)

kmax : Real indicating the maximum value of the momentum axis. (default 1.d0)

emin : Real indicating the minimum value of the energy axis. (default -5.d0)

emax : Real indicating the maximum value of the energy axis. (default -5.d0)

disca : Logical flag for the calculation of the diffuse scattering. (default .true.) : Real number specifying the temperature at which the calculations will be performed. "T" essentially defines the amplitude of the normal coordinates through the Bose-Einstein factor. (default 0.00) dim1, dim2, : Integers specifying the dimensionality of the supercell i.e.: dim3 size of supercell is [dim1 * a(1), dim2 * a(2), dim3 * a(3)], where a(1), a(2), a(3) are the lattice vectors of the unit-cell used to compute the phonons. (default 0, 0, 0) : String array describing the element of each atomic species atm_zg(i) (default "Element") atmsf_zg_a(i,j): Parameters "a" and "b" that define the atomic scattering factor atmsf_zg_b(i,j) as a sum of Gaussians. 5 entries (j), per atom type (i). Parameters can be taken from Ref. [Micron 30, 625-648, (1999)]. (default 0.d0) zero_one_phonon: Logical flag for the calculation of the one-phonon contribution to diffuse scattering (including Bragg scattering). (default .true.) : Logical flag for the calculation of the all-phonon contribution full_phonon to diffuse scattering (including Bragg scattering). (default .false.) atom_resolved : Logical flag for the calculation of the atom resolved contribubution to diffuse scattering. (default .false.) nks1, nks2, : Integers specifying the initial coordinates of the reciprocal nks3 lattice vector Gi = [nks1 * b1 + nks2 * b2 + nks3 * b3],where b1, b2, b3 are the reciprocal lattice vectors of the unit-cell. (default 0, 0, 0) nksf1, nksf2, : Integers specifying the final coordinates of the reciprocal nksf3 lattice vector Gf = [nksf1 * b1 + nksf2 * b2 + nksf3 * b3],where b1, b2, b3 are the reciprocal lattice vectors of the unit-cell. Reciprocal lattice vectors from Gi to Gf define the centers of the Brillouin zones for which the scattering vectors Q are computed. (default 6, 6, 6) plane_val : Real number that defines the plane for which the structure factor (one-phonon or all-phonon) is calculated for. (default 0.d0 in units of 2pi/alat) : Integer number that defines the Cartesian direction plane_dir perpendicular to the plane (1 --> x, 2 --> y, and 3 --> z)for which the structure factor (one-phonon or all-phonon) is calculated for. (default 3)

▶ disca.x (for optimum performance parallelize over all cpus X, i.e. mpirun -n X disca.x -nk X)

qstart, qfinal: Integers that define how many scattering vectors Q will be

included in the present run. These flags enable, essentially, the splitting of the full calculation into different runs. (default 1, 2)

The following input flags are as for matdyn.x:

flfrc : String for the input file produced by q2r containing the

force constants.

(No default value: must be specified.)

asr : Character indicating the type of Acoustic Sum Rule:

'no', 'simple', 'crystal', 'one-dim', and 'zero-dim'.

(default 'no')

amass : masses of atoms in the supercell in a.m.u., one per atom type

(default: masses from file flfrc)

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pp_disca.x (for optimum performance parallelize over all cpus X, i.e. mpirun -n X pp_disca.x -nk X) flstrfin : String for specifying the name of the input file that contains the scattering vectors' coordinates (columns 1:3), and the scattering intensity (column 4). (No default value: must be specified.) steps : Integer specifying how many entries from file "flstrfin" are included in the computation of the scattering intensity, starting from the first row. (default 10000) ksteps1 : Integer that defines the smearing along the first momentum-axis as: (kmax - kmin) / ksteps1. For kmax, kmin see below. (default 250) ksteps2: Integer that defines the smearing along the second momentum-axis as: (kmax - kmin) / ksteps2. For kmax, kmin see below. (default 250) kmin : Real indicating the minimum value of the momentum axis. (default -5.d0) : Real indicating the maximum value of the momentum axis. kmax (default 5.d0) dim1 : Integer from 1 to 3 for specifying the first Cartesian direction of the scattering vectors in the 2D map. Code reads the column "dim1" from "flstrfin" (1 --> x, 2 --> y, and 3 --> z). (default 1) dim2 : Integer from 1 to 3 for specifying the second Cartesian direction of the scattering vectors in the 2D map. Code reads the column "dim2" from "flstrfin" (1 --> x, 2 --> y, and 3 --> z). (default 2) : Integer that defines the number of reduced wavevectors (q-points) Νp used to sample each Brillouin zone of reciprocal space. This number is equal to (dim1 * dim2 * dim3) as specified in disca.in (see above). The code divides the scattering intensity for every Q by Np**2 for normalization reasons. One can specify a different value. (default 400000) flstrfout: String for specifying the output file that contains the momentum (first column), energies (second column), and the spectral function (third column). (No default value: must be specified.)

▶ Input variables' description for bands_unfold.x are as for bands.x of Quantum Espresso. (see → https://www.quantum-espresso.org/Doc/INPUT_BANDS.html)

The only difference is that, here, we introduce the flags dim1, dim2, dim3 which specify the dimensions of the supercell used. This routine is general and can be used for band structure unfolding of ZG supercell structures, supercells with defects, or any other distorted configuration. It is implemented to deal with norm-conserving, paw, and us pseudopotentials.