Introduction to hierarchical (mixed-effects) models part II

FW 891

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Purpose

- Another look at how we specify a joint posterior for hierarchical models (maths)
 - Demonstrate the importance of conditional independence
- Demonstrate a hierarchical binomial survival model for quail stocking survival

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- Only ϕ has a prior that is set (assumed)

Mathematical support puppies



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- We can also break this joint distribution down into a conditional distribution of θ given ϕ

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- Apply Bayes rule
- We can also break this joint distribution down into a conditional distribution of θ given ϕ
 - Do this using conditional probability rules

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• $p(unknowns|knowns) \propto \text{ assumptions you make}$

Survival of stocked quail chicks



Survival of stocked quail chicks $\stackrel{\leftarrow}{\leftarrow}$



- Juvenile quail have relatively high mortality rates
- Managers want to conduct an management experiment where chicks are released into 100x100m pennedenclosures to determine chick survival in their region
 - Released between 6 and 20 chicks in on 11 farms
 - Go back one month later and see how many survive

The hierarchical fluff chicken survival model —

$$egin{aligned} Y_i & \stackrel{ind}{\sim} \mathrm{Bin}(n_i, heta_i) \ heta_i & \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \mathrm{Be}(lpha, eta) \ lpha, eta & \sim p(lpha, eta) \end{aligned}$$

- Y_i is number of chicks alive at end of month
- n_i is number of chicks released at start of month
- θ_i is chick survival at farm i
- α and β are the parameters of the Beta distribution

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Also note that ϕ from previous slides is now $\phi = (\alpha, \beta)$

Priors for α and β

- The interpretation of these parameters
 - α is successes
 - β is failures
- A more useful parameterization in our case is
 - Beta expectation: $\mu = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta}$
 - Beta sample size: $\eta = \alpha + \beta$
- Easier to put priors on μ , η than α , β so we will take advantage of this

Go to the R and Stan code



The quail data and prior information

- The quail data
 - Not a ton of data
- The R script
- The Stan model

Prior information

 Bios note that the available literature indicates survival for transplanted baby quail ranges between 0.05 and 0.45

The TODO list

- 1. Reparameterize the beta distribution to estimate on mean θ_{μ} and sample size η .
 - Note α and β will then be derived parameters
- 2. Develop a prior for mean survival that places approximately 95% of its probability mass in the range 0.05 to 0.45, and a prior that is somewhat diffuse for η but which has most probability mass at low values
- 3. Develop a hierarchical model for average chick survival and farm (i.e., group) specific survival estimates given the available data
- 4. Plot the marginal distribution of α and β to help put the miserable integral symbols into perspective
- 5. Do a prior sensitivity test to your informative prior from (1)
- 6. What is the probability that survival from farm two is less than average? Similarly, what is the probability that survival from farm two is less than survival from farm 6?
- 7. If we went to a new farm in the region and wanted to release chicks, what would our best guess be for chick survival at this farm?

Extensions

The basic structure of a hierarchical model is

$$y \sim p(y \mid heta) \quad heta \sim p(heta \mid \phi) \quad \phi \sim p(\phi)$$

We can extend this to more than one level

$$y \sim p(y \mid heta) \quad heta \sim p(heta \mid \phi) \quad \phi \sim p(\phi \mid \psi) \quad \psi \sim p(\psi)$$

Remember conditional independence structure

$$p(\theta, \phi, \psi \mid y) \propto p(y \mid \theta) p(\theta \mid \phi) p(\phi \mid \psi) p(\psi)$$

Summary and outlook

- Specifically tried to talk about hierarchical models in a different (mathier) way than what we did last time
 - Did this to highlight how conditional independence plays a key role in our ability to build these models
- Built a hierarchical survival model for ditch chickens
 - ullet This included deriving an informative prior for $heta_{\mu}$
- Began to play a bit more with output from hierarchical models to generate useful quantities for management
 - Probability of chick survival at a new farm not included in the original study
- Next time, dealing with divergent transitions and varying effects

References

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- Royle and Dorazio 2008. Hierarchical modeling and inference in ecology.
- Kery and Schaub. 2012. Bayesian Population Analysis using WinBUGS. Chapter 3
- McElreath 2023. Statistical Rethinking. Second Edition, Chapters 2 and 9.
- Punt et al. 2011. Among-stock comparisons for improving stock assessments of data-poor stocks: the "Robin Hood" approach. ICES Journal of Marine Sci.
- Jarad Niemi lecture on a very similar model from which my example is based heavily https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nNQdvXfW73E