QGEP Documentation

Release 0.5

The QGEP Project/OPENGIS.ch

Cuprins

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QGEP is a wastewater management module for QGIS based on SIA 405 (Leitungskataster) and VSA-DSS (GEP) and developed closely to the QGIS application.

Această documentație poate fi descărcată în format PDF: QGEP.pdf ...



Cuprins 1

2 Cuprins

Contents

1.1 QGEP Installation Guide

This will guide you through the setup of required applications and services to get your system ready for running QGEP.

Note: You also have the option of downloading a *Demo Virtual Machine* that has a working QGEP demo.

1.1.1 Setup database server

If you expect to access the data from several different workstations, you can install the database on a network accessible server. If it is just a single desktop you are working on, this can be installed on the same machine.

Required Software

Server installation

- Install PostgreSQL (>=9.3)
 - Windows download page
- Install PostGIS (>=2.1)

Note: In a single desktop environment (no network database server) you can setup your database to trust local connections

This way, the database won't ask for a password if you're connecting from your local workstation while no password is written anywhere. You even can do with no database password at all.

This can be done by editing the database access configuration file pg_hba.conf and set the auth-options from md5 to trust. A database service reload is required to activate changes.

1.1.2 Database initialization

You can use *pgAdmin* to access and manage the database server.

Note: By clicking the link you can learn how to *Install pgAdmin*

Process

In pgAdminIII

- · Connect to the database server
- Create a new group role (preferably named *qgep*, but you are free to choose)
- Create a new login role (qgepuser for example) and make it a member of the qgep group

You can do this graphically or by simply opening a pgAdminIII SQL query window and type the following:

```
CREATE GROUP qgep;
CREATE ROLE qgepuser LOGIN;
GRANT qgep TO qgepuser;
```

- Create a new database (preferably named *qgep*, but you are free to choose)
 - Change to this database
- Create a new schema with the name qgep
- Open an SQL query Window and create the extensions (if they're not created yet)
 - CREATE EXTENSION hstore;
 - CREATE EXTENSION postgis;
- · Download demo data
 - https://github.com/QGEP/data/raw/demodata/qgep_demodata.backup
- Right click the qgep schema
 - Click restore
 - Load your download of qgep.backup
 - Restore Options #2: Activate Clean before restore
 - Click Restore
 - Click Cancel
- Right click the database and click Refresh
- Update privileges for the database
 - Right click the qgep schema
 - Click Grant Wizard ...
 - Selection, click Check All
 - Privileges
 - * Group qgep
 - * Choose ALL

1.1.3 Setări stație de lucru

Configurare baza de date

Pentru a-i spune stației de lucru (de pe care lucrezi) unde este baza de date instalată, va trebui să creezi niște fișiere pe aceasta. Această operațiune este necesară pe fiecare stație de lucru/laptop etc. de pe care se va rula QGIS/QGEP. Operațiunea nu este necesară pe server.

Aceste instrucțiuni depind de sistemul de operare.

Windows

Creează un nou director acolo unde vrei să salvezi configurația. (De ex. un director pgconfig în directorul acasă). Acest director este descris în acest ghid de PGSYSCONFDIR.

Setează variabila de sistem PGSYSCONFDIR cu calea către PGSYSCONFDIR.

În acest director, vor fi două fisiere.

- pg_service.conf
- pgpass (opțional, dacă nu vrei sa introduci parola de fiecare dată)

Attention: Pe Windows, fișierul pg_service.conf' trebuie salvat în format Unix pentru ca totul să funcționeze corect. O modalitate de a face aceasta este să se deschidă cu Notepad++ și să se urmeze pașii Edit --> EOL Conversion --> UNIX Format --> File save.

Linux

În linux, fișierele .pg_service.conf și .pgpass se pot pune în folderul home (în mod normal /home/[numeutilizator])

Toate sistemele

Introdu următoarele variabile în pg_service.conf sau .pg_service.conf. Variabilele introduse trebuie adaptate în funcție de topologia sistemului.

```
[pg_qgep]
host=localhost
port=5432
dbname=qgep
user=qgepuser
```

Pentru a salva și parola în sistem se poate folosi fișierul pgpass.

```
localhost:5432:*:qgepuser:password
```

Note: Dacă baza de date nu e instalată pe stația de lucru locală atunci trebuie înlocuit localhost cu adresa de rețea a bazei de date, oriunde găsiți aceasta referință.

Instalare QGIS

- Versiune minimă necesară 2.10
 - Este recomandat sa fie folosite cele mai noi versiuni de QGIS master (numite qgis-dev în Windows) pentru a avea parte de o experienta mai buna folosind QGEP.

Instalare plugin QGEP

- Deschide QGIS
- Du-te la Pluginuri (poziția 1 în imaginea de dedesubt)
 - Manage and Install Plugins
 - Setări (poziția 3)
 - * Adaugă

- · Nume: QGEP
- · URL: http://qgis.vitu.ch/plugins/plugins.xml
- * Permite Afișare pluginuri experimentale (poziția 2)

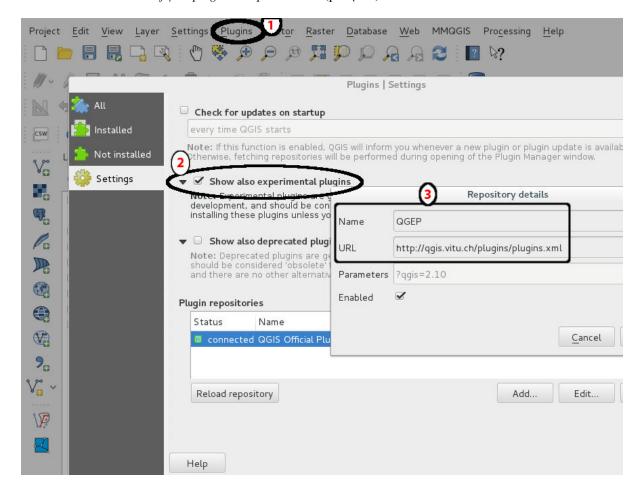


Fig. 1.1: Adaugă repository-ul de plugin

Activează pluginul (a se vedea imaginea de mai jos)

- All Toate
 - Caută QGEP
 - Bifează căsuța de lîngă

Instalează proiectul demo

- Descarcă https://github.com/QGEP/data/archive/demodata.zip
- Extrage fisierul
- Reîncarcă baza de date cu fișierul qgep_demodata.backup cu pgAdminIII
- Deschide project/qgep_en.qgs cu QGIS

1.2 QGEP User Guide

This represents a guide on how to collect data in QGEP (digitizing), edit existing data and use various tools like length profile, network following and plan plotting.

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Fig. 1.2: Adaugă pluginul QGEP

1.2.1 Digitizing in QGEP

This represents a guide on how to correctly collect and digitize data of sewer networks including building the topology.

Data entry

There are basically two ways:

- Data entry by constructing or digitizing in the QGEP GIS itself
- Data entry in an external programm or software and then importing the position and/or technical data into QGEP e.g.:
 - coordinates from manholes from measurement
 - position and/or technical data from another GIS or CAD system
 - using data from the surveyor (e.g. property boundaries) as a basis for defining catchment borders
 - other

Data entry in QGEP needs some understanding of the underlaying data model VSA-DSS, but is supported with some great data collecting wizards and forms that link the different tables correctly together.

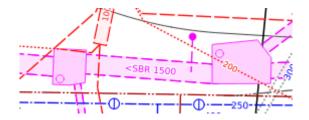
General

Allgemein: Reihenfolge (Schacht - Kanal, Erfassungsgrundsätze)

Link: add link

(take more from GEPView-Howto 1.2. Chapter 3)

1.2. QGEP User Guide



Digitizing Waste water structures

QGEP has a wizard to correctly collect manholes and special structures.

TO DO: Explain how it works

General

Allgemein: Abwasserbauwerk-Bauwerksteil-Abwassernetzelement Allgemein: Wizard und Eingabemaske mit wichtigsten Feldern / Subtabellen Bezeichnung: Default, Unique, ... Schacht (Deckel) und Abwasserknoten beim Normschacht / beim Spezialbauwerk

Digitalisierwerkzeuge Abwasserbauwerk Geometrie für Spezialbauwerke evtl. weitere Verknüpfungen erstellen

Title

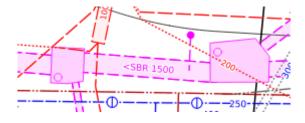
Subtitle

• List

- Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



...

(take more from GEPView-Howto 1.2. Chapter 4.1)

Digitizing Waste channels

QGEP has a wizard to correctly build channels and connect them to the manholes / special structures and build up the topology for waste water nodes and reaches.

TO DO: Explain how it works

General

- Kanal/Haltung (Digitalisierrichtung, Schnappen)
- Weitere verknüpfte: Eigentümer, Rohrprofil, Hydraulische Geometrie, Hydraulische Einbauten
- evtl. Verknüpfungen erfassen

Title

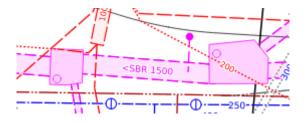
Subtitle

• List

- Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



...

(take more from GEPView-Howto 1.2. Chapter 4.2)

Deleting objects

TO DO: Explain how it works

Title

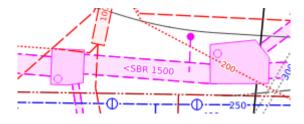
Subtitle

• List

- Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



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1.2.2 Editing of existing data

This represents a guide on how to edit existing data in QGEP.

TO DO: Explain how it works

General

- Attribute ändern
- Verknüpfungen ändern
- Subklasse eines Abwasserbauwerkes ändern (ObjektID ändert dann auch!)
- Kanäle unterteilen

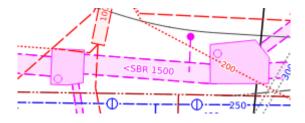
Title

Subtitle

- List
 - Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



1.2.3 Length profiles

This represents a guide on how to choose a section and display a length profile.

TO DO: Explain how it works

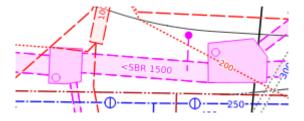
Title

Subtitle

- List
 - Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



1.2.4 Network following tools

This represents a guide on how to use the network following tools in QGEP.

TO DO: Explain how it works

Titel

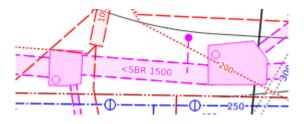
Subtitle

• List

- Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



1.2.5 Plan plotting

This represents a guide on how to do plan plotting in QGEP.

TO DO: Explain how it works

General

- Titelblatt und Legende
- Rahmenpläne erstellen / verwalten / drucken

Title

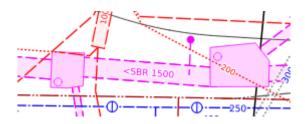
Subtitle

• List

- Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



1.2. QGEP User Guide

1.3 Admin Guide

This represents a guide on how to collect data in QGEP (digitizing), edit existing data and use various tools like length profile, network following and plan plotting.

1.3.1 pgAdmin

PgAdminIII is a Desktop tool that permits to access and manage the database server. This chapter represents a guide on how to do basic PostgreSQL management using pgAdmin.

Install pgAdmin

Windows

pgAdmin should be automatically installed if you used the EnterpriseDB installer.

Linux

Debian/Ubuntu based distros You can install pgAdmin by running the following command:

```
sudo apt-get install pgadmin3
```

Fedora based distros sudo yum install pgadmin3

Suse based distros sudo zypper install pgadmin3

Note: All the commands presented above assume that you are logged in as a user with sudo (admin) privileges. On certain systems it may be required to use the command su to become the *root* user and then issue the above command without the sudo prefix.

Using Pgadmin

SQL query

.. figure:: images/001_roles.jpeg

Running SQL commands in PgAdminIII

Note:

- Clicking the highlighted icon at location 1 opens the SQL Window. The SQL icon is active only when you're connected to a database.
- Clicking the icon at 2 runs the written SQL commands.

Database dump

Note:

- Open pgAdminIII and connect to the database
- Right click the Schema that you want to backup (in the tree structure below "Schemas")

- Enter the filename where the dump should be stored
- Check the following options

```
.. figure:: images/Screenshot-from-2015-01-22-102152.png
.. figure:: images/Screenshot-from-2015-01-22-102155.png
.. figure:: images/Screenshot-from-2015-01-22-102159.png
.. figure:: images/Screenshot-from-2015-01-22-102218.png
```

Note:

• After running the process, the exit code 0 indicates that everything went ok

```
.. figure:: images/Screenshot-from-2015-01-22-102222.png
```

1.3.2 Demo Virtual Machine

This represents a guide on how to download and install a virtual machine (VM) that has a working QGEP installation with a preinstalled demo dataset.

About

The VM is based on Debian Jessie with Cinnamon Desktop.

Installed software:

- PostgreSQL 9.4.4 with Postgis 2.1.7
- QGIS Master 2.11

Settings that are changed from a default software install:

- pg_hba.conf has trust for local connections
- QGIS is setup with multithreaded rendering enabled
- QGIS is setup with postgres server side expression compiler enabled

Note: The users web and root have the password qgis

Note: If you decide to use the VM in production, it is recommended to:

- change the passwords
- regenerate the ssh keys by running in a terminal sudo rm /etc/ssh/ssh_host_* && sudo dpkg-reconfigure openssh-server

Install

Download

Download the vm from here

Note: The size of the VM is around 2GB compressed and around 7GB uncompressed.

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Extract

The virtual disk is archived using XZ compression.

To extract the archive:

- Windows: you can use 7-Zip to extract the archive.
- Linux: cd to the download directory and run xz -d gqisplatform.vdi.xz

You can run the VM as you would do with any VirtualBox VM.

Note: As the VM is based on Linux it is fairly simple to convert the image to a raw disk and put it on a USB stick (minimum 8GB) or a faster storage. This would enable you to run the app without the virtualization penalty and enjoy the full speed of your hardware.

QGIS Server

The VM has working installations of QGIS Server and QGIS Web Client (QWC).

Access the Web Services

The Apache server is setup to respond to requests pointing to the *http://qgisplatform.demo*. Accessing the above link with the Internet Browser of the VM will take you to the starting page of QWC depicted in the above image.

If you want to access the web services outside the VM, you need to edit the hosts file on your machine and point qgisplatform.demo to the IP of the VM.

Note: If you've setup the VM with the network adapter in NAT mode only the VM host will be able to access the services. If you want all the devices on your LAN to do it, you need to setup the network adapter in bridge mode.

1.3.3 Data import

This represents a guide on how to import data into QGEP.

- INTERLIS
- dxf
- Shape
- Text
- MOUSE / MikeUrban
- other

TO DO: Explain how it works

Title

Subtitle

- List
 - Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots

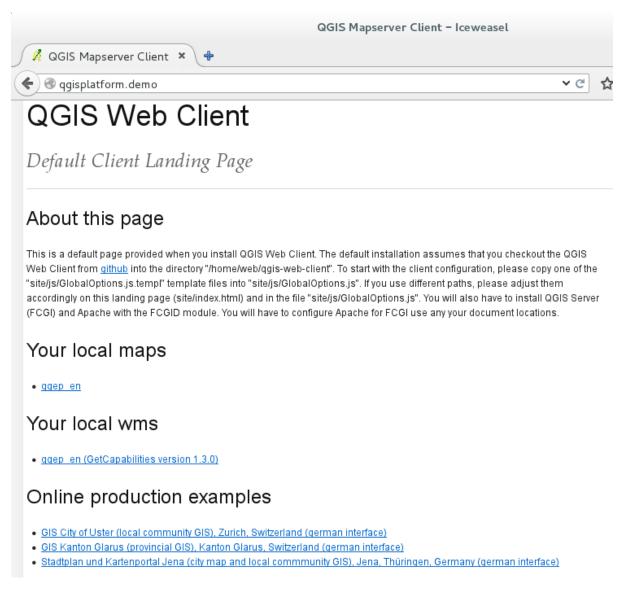
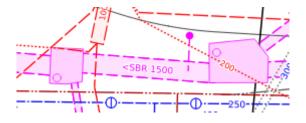


Fig. 1.3: **QGIS** Web client starting page



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1.3.4 Data export

This represents a guide on how to export data from QGEP.

TO DO: Explain how it works

- INTERLIS
- dxf
- Shape
- MOUSE / MikeUrban
- other

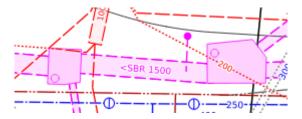
Title

Subtitle

- List
 - Subpoint

Link: add link

Add some screen shots



CAPITOLUL 2

Indecşi şi tabele

- genindex
- search