一、查询排班接口

参考《尚医通API接口文档.docx》业务接口4.6查询医院

一个科室有多个科室，因此我们采取分页查询方式

1、添加service接口和实现

```java
/**
     * 分页查询
     * @param page 当前页码
     * @param limit 每页记录数
     * @param scheduleQueryVo 查询条件
     * @return
     */
Page<Schedule> selectPage(Integer page, Integer limit, ScheduleQueryVo scheduleQueryV

@Override
public Page<Schedule> selectPage(Integer page, Integer limit, ScheduleQueryVo schedul
    Sort sort = Sort.by(Sort.Direction.DESC, "createTime");
    //0为第一页
    Pageable pageable = PageRequest.of(page-1, limit, sort);

    Schedule schedule = new Schedule();
    BeanUtils.copyProperties(scheduleQueryVo, schedule);
    schedule.setIsDeleted(0);

    //创建匹配器，即如何使用查询条件
    ExampleMatcher matcher = ExampleMatcher.matching() //构建对象
        .withStringMatcher(ExampleMatcher.StringMatcher.CONTAINING) //改变默认字符串匹
        .withIgnoreCase(true); //改变默认大小写忽略方式：忽略大小写

    //创建实例
    Example<Schedule> example = Example.of(schedule, matcher);
    Page<Schedule> pages = scheduleRepository.findAll(example, pageable);
    return pages;
}
```

2、添加controller接口

```java
@ApiOperation(value = "获取排班分页列表")
@PostMapping("schedule/list")
public Result schedule(HttpServletRequest request) {
    Map<String, Object> paramMap = HttpRequestHelper.switchMap(request.getParameterMa
    //必须参数校验 略
    String hoscode = (String)paramMap.get("hoscode");
    //非必填
    String depcode = (String)paramMap.get("depcode");
    int page = StringUtils.isEmpty(paramMap.get("page")) ? 1 : Integer.parseInt((Stri
    int limit = StringUtils.isEmpty(paramMap.get("limit")) ? 10 : Integer.parseInt((S

    ScheduleQueryVo scheduleQueryVo = new ScheduleQueryVo();
    scheduleQueryVo.setHoscode(hoscode);
    scheduleQueryVo.setDepcode(depcode);
    Page<Schedule> pageModel = scheduleService.selectPage(page , limit, scheduleQuery
    return Result.ok(pageModel);
}
```