# **FNFTpy Documentation**

Release 0.2

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# **CONTENTS:**

I	lodule overview	1
2	uxiliary functions  1 get and print FNFT version	<b>3</b>
3	Korteweg-de-Fries equation       .1       kdvv - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform       .2         .2       kdvv_wrapper - interact with FNFT library       .3         .3       get, set and view options for kdvv_wrapper       .4         .4       options KdvvOptionsStruct	5 5 6 6
4	Ionlinear Schroedinger equation with periodic boundaries         .1       nsep - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform          .2       nsep_wrapper - interact with FNFT library          .3       get, set and view options for nsep_wrapper          .4       options NsepOptionsStruct	7 7 8 8 9
5	nsev - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform	11 11 12 13 13
6	nsev_inverse - calculate the Inverse Nonlinear Fourier Transform nsev_inverse_wrapper - interact with FNFT library get, set and view options for nsev_inverse_wrapper get, set and view options for nsev_inverse_wrapper	15 15 15 16 17
7	xample functions	19
Рy	on Module Index	21
In	K .	23

### **CHAPTER**

### ONE

## **MODULE OVERVIEW**

This file is part of FNFTpy. FNFTpy provides wrapper functions to interact with FNFT, a library for the numerical computation of nonlinear Fourier transforms.

For FNFTpy to work, a copy of FNFT has to be installed. For general information, source files and installation of FNFT, visit FNFT's github page: https://github.com/FastNFT

For information about setup and usage of FNFTpy see README.md or documentation.

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Contributors:

Christoph Mahnke, 2018

**CHAPTER** 

**TWO** 

## **AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS**

# 2.1 get and print FNFT version

```
FNFTpy.get_fnft_version()
Get the version of FNFT used by calling fnft_version.
Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields:
return_value: return value from FNFT
major: major version number
minor: minor version number
patch: patch level
suffix: suffix string -

FNFTpy.print_fnft_version()
Prints the path and the version of FNFT library used.
```

### **KORTEWEG-DE-FRIES EQUATION**

### 3.1 kdvv - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform

```
FNFTpy.fnft_kdvv_wrapper.kdvv(u, tvec, M=128, Xi1=-2, Xi2=2, dis=None)
```

Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Korteweg-de Vries equation with vanishing boundaries.

This function is intended to be 'convenient', which means it automatically calculates some variables needed to call the C-library and uses some default options. Own options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below).

Currently, only the continuous spectrum is calculated.

It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more C-like interface is desired, the function 'kdvv\_wrapper' can be used (see documentation there).

### Arguments:

```
u: numpy array holding the samples of the field to be analyzed
```

tvec: time vector

M: number of samples for the continuous spectrum to calculate,

### Optional arguments:

```
Xi1, Xi2 : min and max frequency for the continuous spectrum, default = [-2,2]
```

dis: determines the discretization, default = 17

```
0 = 2split1a 1 = 2split1b 2 = 2split2a 3 = 2split2b 4 = 2split2s 5 = 2split3a 6 = 2split3b 7 = 2split3s 8 = 2split4a 9 = 2split4b 10 = 2split5a 11 = 2split5b 12 = 2split6a 13 = 2split6b 14 = 2split7a 15 = 2split7b 16 = 2split8b
```

### Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields:

return\_value : return value from FNFT

cont: continuous spectrum

# 3.2 kdvv\_wrapper - interact with FNFT library

```
\texttt{FNFTpy.fnft\_kdvv\_wrapper.kdvv\_wrapper} \ (D, u, T1, T2, M, Xi1, Xi2, K, options)
```

Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Korteweg-de Vries equation with vanishing boundaries.

This function's interface mimics the behavior of the function 'fnft\_kdvv' of FNFT. It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more simplified version is desired, 'kdvv' can be used (see documentation there).

Currently, only the contiuous spectrum is calculated.

Arguments:

```
D: number of samples
```

u: numpy array holding the samples of the field to be analyzed

T1, T2: time positions of the first and the last sample

M: number of values for the continuous spectrum to calculate

Xi1, Xi2: min and max frequency for the continuous spectrum

K: maximum number of bound states to calculate (no effect yet)

options : options for kdvv as KdvvOptionsStruct. Can be generated e.g. with 'get\_kdvv\_options()'

#### Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields:

return\_value : return value from FNFT

cont: continuous spectrum

## 3.3 get, set and view options for kdvv\_wrapper

```
{\tt FNFTpy.options\_handling.fnft\_kdvv\_default\_opts\_wrapper()}
```

Get the default options for kdvv directly from the FNFT C-library.

### Returns:

options: KdvvOptionsStruct with options for kdvv\_wrapper

```
FNFTpy.options_handling.print_kdvv_options(opts=None)
```

Print options of a KdvvOptionsStruct.

When called without additional argument, the default options from FNFT are printed.

Optional arguments:

```
opts: KdvvOptionsStruct, e.g. created by get_kdvv_options()
```

```
FNFTpy.options_handling.get_kdvv_options(dis=None)
```

Get an KdvvOptionsStruct struct for use with kdvv\_wrapper.

When called without additional optional arguments, the default values from FNFT are used.

Optional arguments:

```
dis: discretization, default = 17
```

```
0 = 2split1a 1 = 2split1b 2 = 2split2a 3 = 2split2b 4 = 2split2s 5 = 2split3a 6 = 2split3b 7 = 2split3s 8 = 2split4a 9 = 2split4b 10 = 2split5a 11 = 2split5b 12 = 2split6a 13 = 2split6b 14 = 2split7a 15 = 2split7b 16 = 2split8b
```

### Returns:

options: KdvvOptionsStruct

# 3.4 options KdvvOptionsStruct

```
class FNFTpy.typesdef.KdvvOptionsStruct
```

Ctypes options struct for interfacing fnft\_kdvv.

Fields:

discretization

# NONLINEAR SCHROEDINGER EQUATION WITH PERIODIC BOUNDARIES

# 4.1 nsep - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsep_wrapper.nsep(q, T1, T2, kappa=1, loc=None, filt=None, bb=None, maxev=None, dis=None, nf=None)
```

Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with periodic boundaries.

This function is intended to be 'convenient', which means it automatically calculates some variables needed to call the C-library and uses some default options. Own options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below). Options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below).

It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more C-like interface is desired, the function 'nsep\_wrapper' can be used (see documentation there).

### Arguments:

q: numpy array holding the samples of the input field

T1, T2: time positions of the first and the (D+1) sample, where D is the number of samples

### Optional arguments:

```
kappa: +/- 1 for focusing/defocussing nonlinearity, default = 1
```

loc: localization method for the spectrum, default = 2

0=subsample and refine 1=gridsearch 2=mixed

filt: filtering of spectrum, default = 2

0=none 1=manual 2=auto

bb: bounding box used for manual filtering, default = [-inf, inf, -inf, inf]

maxev: maximum number of evaluations for root refinement, default = 20

nf : normalization flag default = 1

0=off 1=on

dis: discretization, default = 2

0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO

#### Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields (depending on options)

return\_value : return value from FNFT

K: number of points in the main spectrum

main: main spectrum

M: number of points in the auxiliary spectrum

aux: auxiliary spectrum

# 4.2 nsep\_wrapper - interact with FNFT library

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsep_wrapper.nsep_wrapper(D, q, T1, T2, kappa, options)
```

Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with periodic boundaries.

This function's interface mimics the behavior of the function 'fnft\_nsep' of FNFT. It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more simplified version is desired, 'nsep' can be used (see documentation there).

### Arguments:

D : number of sample points

q: numpy array holding the samples of the input field

T1, T2: time positions of the first and the (D+1) sample

kappa: +/- 1 for focussing/defocussing nonlinearity

options : options for nsep as NsepOptionsStruct. Can be generated e.g. with 'get\_nsep\_options()'

#### Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields (depending on options)

return\_value : return value from FNFT

K: number of points in the main spectrum

main: main spectrum

M: number of points in the auxiliary spectrum

aux: auxiliary spectrum

# 4.3 get, set and view options for nsep\_wrapper

```
FNFTpy.options_handling.fnft_nsep_default_opts_wrapper()
```

Get the default options for nsep directly from the FNFT C-library.

### Returns:

```
options: NsepOptionsStruct for nsep_wrapper
```

```
FNFTpy.options_handling.print_nsep_options(opts=None)
```

Print options of a NsepOptionsStruct.

When called without additional arguments, the default options from FNFT are printed.

### Optional arguments:

```
opts: NsepOptionsStruc, e.g. created by get_nsep_options
```

```
FNFTpy.options_handling.get_nsep_options(loc=None, filt=None, bb=None, maxev=None, dis=None, nf=None)
```

Get a NsepOptionsStruct struct for use with nsep\_wrapper.

When called without additional optional argument, the default values from FNFT are used.

### Optional arguments:

loc: localization of spectrum, default = 2

```
0=subsample and refine 1=gridsearch 2=mixed

filt: filtering of spectrum, default = 2

0=none 1=manual 2=auto

bb: bounding box used for manual filtering, default = [-inf, inf, -inf, inf]

maxev: maximum number of evaluations for root refinement, default = 20

nf: normalization flag, default = 1

0=off 1=on

dis: discretization, default = 1

0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO

Returns:

options: NsepOptionsStruct
```

# 4.4 options NsepOptionsStruct

```
class FNFTpy.typesdef.NsepOptionsStruct
    Ctypes options struct for interfacing fnft_nsep.
Fields:
    localization
    filtering
    bounding_box
    max_evals
    discretization
    normalization_flag
```

# NONLINEAR SCHROEDINGER EQUATION WITH VANISHING BOUNDARIES

### 5.1 nsev - calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsev_wrapper.nsev(q, tvec, Xi1=-2, Xi2=2, M=128, K=128, kappa=1, bsf=None, bsl=None, niter=None, Dsub=None, dst=None, cst=None, nf=None, dis=None)
```

Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with vanishing boundaries.

This function is intended to be 'convenient', which means it automatically calculates some variables needed to call the C-library and uses some default options. Own options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below). Options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below).

It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more C-like interface is desired, the function 'nsev\_wrapper' can be used (see documentation there).

#### Arguments:

```
q: numpy array holding the samples of the input field
```

tvec: time vector

### Optional arguments:

```
Xi1, Xi2: min and max frequency for the continuous spectrum. default = -2,2
```

M: number of values for the continuous spectrum to calculate default = 128

K: maximum number of bound states to calculatem default = 128

kappa: +/- 1 for focussing/defocussing nonlinearity, default = 1

bsf: bound state filtering, default =2

0=none 1=basic 2=full

bsl: bound state localization, default = 0

0=fast eigenvalue 1=Newton 2=subsample and refine

niter: number of iterations for Newton bound state localization, default = 10

Dsub: number of samples used for 'subsampling and refine'-method, default = 0 (auto)

dst: type of discrete spectrum, default = 2

0=norming constants 1=residues 2=both

cst: type of continuous spectrum, default = 0

0=reflection coefficient 1=a and b 2=both

dis: discretization, default = 3

0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO

```
nf: normalization flag, default = 1
0=off 1=on

Returns:

rdict: dictionary holding the fields (depending on options)

return_value: return value from FNFT

bound_states_num: number of bound states found

bound_states: array of bound states found

disc_norm: discrete spectrum - norming constants

disc_res: discrete spectrum - residues

cont_ref: continuous spectrum - reflection coefficient

cont_a: continuous spectrum - scattering coefficient a
```

## 5.2 nsev\_wrapper - interact with FNFT library

cont\_b : continuous spectrum - scattering coefficient b

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsev_wrapper.nsev_wrapper(D, q, T1, T2, Xi1, Xi2, M, K, kappa, options)
Calculate the Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with vanishing boundaries.
```

This function's interface mimics the behavior of the function 'fnft\_nsev' of FNFT. It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more simplified version is desired, 'nsev' can be used (see documentation there).

### Arguments:

```
D: number of sample points
q: numpy array holding the samples of the field to be analyzed
T1, T2: time positions of the first and the last sample
Xi1, Xi2: min and max frequency for the continuous spectrum
M: number of values for the continuous spectrum to calculate
K: maximum number of bound states to calculate
kappa: +/- 1 for focussing/defocussing nonlinearity
options: options for nsev as NsevOptionsStruct
```

### Returns:

```
rdict: dictionary holding the fields (depending on options)
return_value: return value from FNFT
bound_states_num: number of bound states found
bound_states: array of bound states found
disc_norm: discrete spectrum - norming constants
disc_res: discrete spectrum - residues
cont_ref: continuous spectrum - reflection coefficient
cont_a: continuous spectrum - scattering coefficient a
cont_b: continuous spectrum - scattering coefficient b
```

### 5.3 get, set and view options for nsev wrapper

```
FNFTpy.options handling.fnft nsev default opts wrapper()
     Get the default options for nsev directly from the FNFT C-library.
     Returns:
           options: NsevOptionsStruct with options for nsev_wrapper
FNFTpy.options_handling.print_nsev_options(opts=None)
     Print options of a NsevOptionsStruct.
     When called without additional argument, the default options from FNFT are printed.
     Optional arguments:
           opts: NsevOptionsStruct, e.g. created by get_nsev_options()
FNFTpy.options_handling.get_nsev_options(bsf=None,
                                                                        bsl=None,
                                                                                        niter=None,
                                                         Dsub=None, dst=None, cst=None, nf=None,
                                                         dis=None)
     Get a NsevOptionsStruct for use with nsev wrapper.
           When called without additional optional arguments, the default values from FNFT are used.
     Optional arguments:
           bsf: bound state filtering, default = 2
               0=none 1=basic 2=full
          bsl: bound state localization, default = 2
               0=fast eigenvalue 1=Newton 2=subsample and refine
          niter: number of iterations for Newton bound state location, default = 10
          Dsub: number of samples used for 'subsampling and refine'-method, default = 0 (auto)
          dst: type of discrete spectrum, default = 0
               0=norming constants 1=residues 2=both
          cst: type of continuous spectrum, default = 0
               0=reflection coefficient 1=a and b 2=both
          dis: discretization, default = 3
               0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO
           nf : normalization flag, default = 1
               0=off 1=on
     Returns:
           options: NsevOptionsStruct
```

# 5.4 options NsevOptionsStruct

```
class FNFTpy.typesdef.NsevOptionsStruct
    Ctypes options struct for interfacing fnft_nsev.
    Fields:
        bound_state_filtering
        bound_state_localization
        Dsub
```

niter

discspec\_type

contspec\_type

normalization\_flag

discretization

# NONLINEAR SCHROEDINGER EQUATION WITH VANISHING BOUNDARIES - INVERSE NONLINEAR FOURIER TRANSFORM

## 6.1 nsev inverse xi wrapper

FNFTpy.nsev\_inverse\_xi\_wrapper(D, T1, T2, M, dis=None)

Helper function for nsev\_inverse to calculate the spectral borders for a given time window.

Return value is an array holding the position of the first and the last spectral sample to be used for nsev\_inverse.

### Arguments:

D: number of sample points for the time window

T1, T2: borders of the time window

M: number of samples for the continuous spectrum

#### **Optional Arguments:**

dis: nse discretization parameter, default = 4

0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO

#### Returns:

rv: return value of the C-function

xi: two-element C double vector containing XI borders

# 6.2 nsev\_inverse - calculate the Inverse Nonlinear Fourier Transform

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsev_inverse_wrapper.nsev_inverse(xivec, tvec, contspec, bound_states, discspec, dis=None, cst=None, csim=None, dst=None, max_iter=None, osf=None, kappa=1)
```

Calculate the Inverse Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with vanishing boundaries.

This function is intended to be 'clutter-free', which means it automatically calculates some variables needed to call the C-library. Options can be set by passing optional arguments (see below). It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more C-like interface is desired, the function 'nsev\_inverse\_wrapper' can be used (see documentation there).

# **!!!** Attention: time and frequency vector can not be choosen independently (yet). use nsev\_inverse\_xi\_wrapper to calculate xivec forom tvec !!!

Arguments:

```
xivec: frequency vector tvec: time vection
```

contspec: continuous spectrum (of xi)

bound\_states: array holding the bound states. Pass None if no bound states present.

discspec: discrete spectrum. Pass None if no bound states present.

### Optional arguments:

dis: discretization, default = 4

0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO

cst: type of continuous spectrum, default = 0

0=Reflection coefficient 1=b of xi 2=b of tau

csim: inversion method for the continuous part, default = 0

0=default 1=Transfermatrix with reflection coefficients 2=Transfermatrix with a,b from iteration 3=seed potential

dst: type of discrete spectrum

0 = norming constants 1 = residues

max\_iter: maximum number of iterations for iterative methods, default = 100

osf: oversampling factor, default = 8

## 6.3 nsev\_inverse\_wrapper - interact with FNFT library

```
FNFTpy.fnft_nsev_inverse_wrapper.nsev_inverse_wrapper(M, contspec, Xil, Xi2, K, bound_states, norm-const_or_residues, D, T1, T2, kappa, options)
```

Calculate the Inverse Nonlinear Fourier Transform for the Nonlinear Schroedinger equation with vanishing boundaries.

This function's interface mimics the behavior of the function 'fnft\_nsev\_inverse' of FNFT. It converts all Python input into the C equivalent and returns the result from FNFT. If a more simplified version is desired, 'nsev\_inverse' can be used (see documentation there).

### Arguments:

M: number of sample points for continuous spectrum

contspec: numpy array holding the samples of the continuous spectrum

**Xi1, Xi2** [frequencies defining the frequency range of the continuous spectrum.] ! Currently, the positions returned by nsev\_inverse\_xi\_wrapper must be used!

K: number of bound states

bound\_states : bound states (can be None if K=0)

normconst\_or\_residues : bound state spectral coefficients (can be None if K=0)

D: number of samples for the output field

T1, T2: borders of the desired time window

kappa: +1/-1 for focussing / defocussing NSE

options: options for nsev\_inverse as NsevInverseOptionsStruct

Returns:

```
q: time field resulting from inverse transform
              options: options for nsev_inverse as NsevInverseOptionsStruct
6.4 get, set and view options for nsev inverse wrapper
FNFTpy.options_handling.fnft_nsev_inverse_default_opts_wrapper()
     Get the default options for nsev_inverse directly from the FNFT C-library.
     Returns:
          options: NsevInverseOptionsStruct with options for nsev_inverse_wrapper
FNFTpy.options_handling.print_nsev_inverse_options(opts=None)
     Print options of a NsevInverseOptionsStruct for nsev_inverse.
     When called without additional argument, the default options from FNFT are printed.
     Optional arguments:
          opts: NsevInverseOptionsStruct, e.g. created by get_nsev_options()
FNFTpy.options_handling.get_nsev_inverse_options (dis=None,
                                                                                       cst=None,
                                                                                       dst=None,
                                                                  csim=None,
                                                                  max_iter=None, osf=None)
     Get a NsevInverseOptionsStruct for use with nsev_inverse_wrapper.
          When called without additional optional arguments, the default values from FNFT are used.
     Optional arguments:
          dis: discretization, default = 4
              0=2split2modal 1=2split2a 2=2split4a 3=2split4b 4=BO
          cst: type of continuous spectrum, default = 0
              0=Reflection coefficient 1=b of xi 2=b of tau
          csim: inversion method for the continuous part, default = 0
              0=default 1=Transfermatrix with reflection coefficients 2=Transfermatrix with a,b from
              iteration 3=seed potential
          dst: type of discrete spectrum
              0 = \text{norming constants } 1 = \text{residues}
          max iter: maximum number of iterations for iterative methods, default = 100
          osf: oversampling factor, default = 8
     Returns:
          options: NsevInverseOptionsStruct
6.5 options NsevInverseOptionsStruct
```

rdict: dictionary holding the fields (depending on options)

return\_value : return value from FNFT

#### 6.4. get, set and view options for nsev inverse wrapper

class FNFTpy.typesdef.NsevInverseOptionsStruct
 Ctypes options struct for interfacing fnft\_nsev\_inverse.

Fields:

discretization contspec\_type contspec\_inversion\_method discspec\_type max\_iter

 $oversampling\_factor$ 

### **CHAPTER**

## **SEVEN**

### **EXAMPLE FUNCTIONS**

```
FNFTpy.tests.print_default_options()
Print the default options for kdvv, nsep, nsev and nsev_inverse.

FNFTpy.tests.kdvvexample()
Mimics the C example for calling fnft_kdvv.

FNFTpy.tests.nsepexample()
Mimics the C example for calling fnft_nsep.

FNFTpy.tests.nsevexample()
Mimics the C example for calling fnft_nsev.

FNFTpy.tests.nsevinverseexample()
Mimics the C example for calling fnft_nsev_inverse.

FNFTpy.tests.nsevinverseexample2()
nsev_inverse_example: create a N=2.2 Satsuma-Yajima pulse from nonlinear spectrum.
```

# **PYTHON MODULE INDEX**

f

FNFTpy, 1

# **INDEX**

F	NsevInverseOptionsStruct (class in FNFTpy.typesdef),
fnft_kdvv_default_opts_wrapper() (in module FN-	17
FTpy.options_handling), 6	NsevOptionsStruct (class in FNFTpy.typesdef), 13
fnft_nsep_default_opts_wrapper() (in module FN-	P
FTpy.options_handling), 8 fnft_nsev_default_opts_wrapper() (in module FN-	print_default_options() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19
FTpy.options_handling), 13	print_fnft_version() (in module FNFTpy), 3
fnft_nsev_inverse_default_opts_wrapper() (in module	print_kdvv_options() (in module FN-
FNFTpy.options_handling), 17	FTpy.options_handling), 6
FNFTpy (module), 1	print_nsep_options() (in module FN-
C	FTpy.options_handling), 8
G	print_nsev_inverse_options() (in module FN-FTpy.options_handling), 17
get_fnft_version() (in module FNFTpy), 3	print_nsev_options() (in module FN-
get_kdvv_options() (in module FN-FTpy.options_handling), 6	FTpy.options_handling), 13
get_nsep_options() (in module FN-	17 1 = 0,,
FTpy.options_handling), 8	
get_nsev_inverse_options() (in module FN-	
FTpy.options_handling), 17	
get_nsev_options() (in module FN-	
FTpy.options_handling), 13	
K	
kdvv() (in module FNFTpy.fnft_kdvv_wrapper), 5	
kdvv_wrapper() (in module FN-	
FTpy.fnft_kdvv_wrapper), 5	
kdvvexample() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19	
KdvvOptionsStruct (class in FNFTpy.typesdef), 6	
N	
nsep() (in module FNFTpy.fnft_nsep_wrapper), 7	
nsep_wrapper() (in module FN-	
FTpy.fnft_nsep_wrapper), 8	
nsepexample() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19	
NsepOptionsStruct (class in FNFTpy.typesdef), 9 nsev() (in module FNFTpy.fnft_nsev_wrapper), 11	
nsev_inverse() (in module FN-	
FTpy.fnft_nsev_inverse_wrapper), 15	
nsev_inverse_wrapper() (in module FN-	
FTpy.fnft_nsev_inverse_wrapper), 16	
nsev_inverse_xi_wrapper() (in module FNFTpy), 15	
nsev_wrapper() (in module FN-FTpy.fnft_nsev_wrapper), 12	
nsevexample() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19	
nsevinverseexample() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19	
nsevinverseexample2() (in module FNFTpy.tests), 19	