

# Modeling HW3 Queenie Lin 91299

## 2. Conditional Expectation

(a)  $N$ : # of games A wins

$$P(A) = P(A|N=0)P(N=0) + P(A|N=1)P(N=1) + P(A|N=2)P(N=2)$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^2 P(A|N=i)P(N=i)$$

$$= 0 + P(A)2p(1-p) + p^2 = \frac{p^2}{1-2p(1-p)}$$

(b)  $X$ : # of games played

$$E(X) = E[X|S=0]P(S=0) + E[X|S=1]P(S=1) + E[X|S=2]P(S=2)$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^2 E[X|S=i]P(S=i)$$

$$= 2(1-p)^2 + (2+E[X]) \cdot 2p(1-p) + 2p^2$$

$$= 2 + E[X] \cdot 2p(1-p) = \frac{2}{1-2p(1-p)}$$

## 3. Conditional Expectation

$$E[T_i] = E[i-1 \rightarrow i] = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + E[i-2 \rightarrow i] \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1 + \frac{1}{2} E[i-2 \rightarrow i]$$

$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} [E[T_{i-1}] + E[T_i]]$$

$$E[T_i] = 2 + E[T_{i-1}], \quad i > 1$$

Since  $E[T_1] = 1$ ,  $E[T_2 = 3]$  ...  $E[T_i] = 2i - 1$

$$\text{Thus } \Rightarrow E[0 \rightarrow n] = \frac{(1+2n-1)n}{2} = \boxed{n^2}$$