

Data Processing in Python Part 2

Benjamin Rudski
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Workshop Series

Workshop	Date	Location	Registration
How to think in Code	Jan. 28 1PM-3PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Intro to Git & GitHub	Jan. 30 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Intro to Unix	Feb. 6 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Intro to Python (Part 1)	Feb. 11 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Intro to R (Part 1)	Feb. 13 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Exploring MATLAB	Feb. 18 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Statistics in R (Part 2)	Feb. 20 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Data Processing in Python	Feb. 25 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	Closed
Intro to Machine Learning	Mar. 13 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	<u>Open</u>
Intro to R (Part 1)	Apr. 15 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	TBA
Intro to Python (Part 1)	Apr. 16 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	TBA
Intermediate Python (Part 2)	Apr. 17 1PM-5PM	EDUC 133	TBA

<https://www.mcgill.ca/micm/training/workshops-series>



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Learning Outcomes

Summary

In this 4-hour workshop, students will learn basic data processing skills using Python. Attendees will learn how to import code from other modules and packages to take advantage of the existing Python ecosystem. After seeing how to access packages, we will explore popular data analysis packages. We will see how to use NumPy to perform operations on large data arrays and how to use Matplotlib to generate clear data visualisations. Finally, we will discuss how to approach a new, unfamiliar package and learn how to use it.

Learning Objectives

1. Import code from existing modules and packages.
2. Use NumPy to easily process multidimensional data.
3. Use Matplotlib to generate different types of plots to visualise data.
4. Approach a new package and explore its documentation and examples.



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Outline

- 1. Module 1 – Modules and Packages (40 minutes)**
 - a. Using Modules
 - b. A Brief Intro to Package Management
 - c. Exercise
- 2. Module 2 – Introduction to NumPy Arrays (50 minutes)**
 - a. Introduction to Arrays
 - b. Introducing NumPy
 - c. Array Operations
 - d. Exercise



Outline

3. **Module 3 – Visualising Data with Matplotlib (50 minutes)**

- a. Creating Plots with Matplotlib
- b. Exploring the Matplotlib Documentation
- c. Exercise

4. **Module 4 – Intro to Tabular Data with Pandas (30 minutes)**

- a. Fundamentals of pandas
- b. Exploring the pandas Documentation

5. **Module 5 – A Brief Guide to Exploring the Unknown (10 minutes)**

- a. What to learn next? How?
- b. How to get help and how not to get help
- c. Other cool programming topics



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Interactive Workshop!

- That's pretty much all that will be in the slides... For the rest, we'll go to a Jupyter Notebook:



To the repository!



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Module 2

Introduction to NumPy Arrays



my_array

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[0]?

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[0]

(0, 0) (0, 1) (0, 2) (0, 3) (0, 4) (0, 5)					
(1, 0) (1, 1) (1, 2) (1, 3) (1, 4) (1, 5)					
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0) (3, 1) (3, 2) (3, 3) (3, 4) (3, 5)					
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[:, 0]?

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[:, 0]

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[1:3, 2:4]?

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[1:3, 2:4]

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[0:5:2]?

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array[0:5:2]

(0, 0)	(0, 1)	(0, 2)	(0, 3)	(0, 4)	(0, 5)
--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
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(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
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(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
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(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)
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Shape: (5, 6)



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my_array

(0, 0)					(0, 5)
(1, 0)	(1, 1)	(1, 2)	(1, 3)	(1, 4)	(1, 5)
(2, 0)	(2, 1)	(2, 2)	(2, 3)	(2, 4)	(2, 5)
(3, 0)	(3, 1)	(3, 2)	(3, 3)	(3, 4)	(3, 5)
(4, 0)	(4, 1)	(4, 2)	(4, 3)	(4, 4)	(4, 5)

Shape: (5, 6)



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Module 4

Intro to Tabular Data with pandas



By name: `my_df.loc`

	Series 0	Series 1	Series 2
Row 0	<code>["row 0", "series 0"]</code>	<code>["row 0", "series 1"]</code>	<code>["row 0", "series 2"]</code>
Row 1	<code>["row 1", "series 0"]</code>	<code>["row 1", "series 1"]</code>	<code>["row 1", "series 2"]</code>
Row 2	<code>["row 2", "series 0"]</code>	<code>["row 2", "series 1"]</code>	<code>["row 2", "series 2"]</code>



By integer number: `my_df.iloc`

	Series 0	Series 1	Series 2
Row 0	[0, 0]	[0, 1]	[0, 2]
Row 1	[1, 0]	[1, 1]	[1, 2]
Row 2	[2, 0]	[2, 1]	[2, 2]



To summarize

- ✓ **Modules** and **packages** allow for code written by others to be easily imported and reused.
- ✓ **NumPy arrays** allow easily storing many numbers and performing operations without having to loop.
- ✓ **Matplotlib** can be used to generate many different types of plots.
- ✓ **pandas DataFrames** represent data in tables.
- ✓ Big projects have **documentation** to explain their functionality.

Now you are ready to:

- Import code from existing modules and packages.
- Use NumPy to easily process multidimensional data.
- Use Matplotlib to generate different types of plots to visualise data.
- Approach a new package and explore its documentation and examples.



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Acknowledgements

- Thank you to QLS-MiCM for giving me this opportunity and for helping me along the way.
- Thank you to the professors from the McGill School of Computer Science for helping me along my programming journey and for inspiring me to share my programming experience with others.
- Thank you to Professor Mathieu Blanchette, whose COMP 204 course helped introduce me to Python (back in Fall 2018).
- Thank you to the Python, NumPy, Matplotlib and pandas communities!



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