SIEMENS

Simcenter™ Micred™ T3STER™ SI API Description

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Chapter 1 Introduction

This document provides a description of the SimcenterTM MicredTM T3STERTM SI Application Programming Interface (API).

Note_

Before starting to use the T3STER SI API, make sure that your API version matches the version described in this document. To check the version of your API, use the [BE VERSION] command.

For more information, see Get Internal Build Version [BE VERSION].

Communication is done through WebSocket in JSON format. In case an invalid JSON message is received, the system ignores it and returns an error message.

The JSON standard can be obtained form the following website:

https://www.json.org

You can access WebSocket through port 8085:

```
ws://<IP address>:8085/
```

For example, if you access the Control Software through *http://192.168.0.123:8085/*, then you can connect to WebSocket at *ws://192.168.0.123:8085/*.

T3STER SI communication functions as a request–response protocol in the client–server model. That is, for each command received, the server will send one and only one answer message.

The T3STER SI serves only one WebSocket at a time (in a first come, first served mode). All other connected clients will receive the "CONTROL_FORBIDDEN" answer as a response to all commands.

The following is an example answer message in case control is forbidden, because another client is connected to the T3STER SI:

```
{
    "Answer":"CONTROL_FORBIDDEN"
}
```

All requests must contain the *Command* field. Each command and query may have other fields: mandatory or optional. If something is mandatory, that will not be described in this document. However, optional fields will be marked as optional.

Every request has an optional string type field, named *UniqueID*. If this field is present in the request, then it will be copied to the response to identify the answer.

Example command:

```
{
    "Command": "EXAMPLE_COMMAND",
    "UniqueID": "MyUniqueID123"
}

Answer message:
    {
        "Answer": "EXAMPLE_ANSWER",
        "UniqueID": "MyUniqueID123"
}
```

All replies contain an *Answer* field. For example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK"
}
```

The *Answer* is typically a short message in all capital letters. For most commands (not all), the reply will contain a *Message* field with some general information. For example, if an error occurs, the *Message* field contains the reason for the error.

Chapter 2 System-Wide Commands

This section provides a description of system-wide commands.

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Powering

This section provides a description of the commands related to powering the T3STER SI system.

Shut Down the T3STER SI [SHUTDOWN]	10
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Shut Down the T3STER SI [SHUTDOWN]

This section provides a description of the [SHUTDOWN] command.

To shut down the T3STER SI, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SHUTDOWN"
}
```

Answer message:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK"
}
```

When the answer message is sent back to the user, the system will shut down.

Reboot the T3STER SI [REBOOT]

This section provides a description of the [REBOOT] command.

To reboot the system, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "REBOOT"
}
```

Answer message:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK"
}
```

When the answer message is sent back to the user, the system will start the reboot process.

System Clock

This section provides a description of the commands related to the system clock.

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Get the Current Date and Time [GET_DATETIME]

This section provides a description of the **[GET_DATETIME]** command.

To query the current date and time from the T3STER SI system, use the **[GET_DATETIME]** command.

The system sends back its time as a string in the 24-character long simplified extended ISO format (YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.sssZ). The timezone is always zero UTC offset, as denoted by the suffix "Z".

Command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_DATETIME"
}
Answer message format:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "DateTime": "YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.sssZ",
    "Message": ""
}
Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "DateTime": "2022-02-02T12:13:14Z",
    "Message": ""
```

Set the current date and time [SET_DATETIME]

This section provides a description of the **[SET DATETIME]** command.

To set the date and time in the system, use the [SET DATETIME] command.

Only the 24-character long ISO format is accepted with zero UTC offset, which is the same as in the answer message to the **[GET DATETIME]** command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "SET_DATETIME",
    "DateTime": "YYYY-MM-DDTHH:mm:ss.sssZ"
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "SET_DATETIME",
    "DateTime": "2022-02-02T12:13:14Z"
}

Answer message format:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Back-End Version Queries

This section provides a description of the commands related to back-end version queries.

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Get Full Software Release Version [PACKAGE_VERSION]

This section provides a description of the [PACKAGE VERSION] command.

To obtain the version of the installed Control Software package, use the following query:

```
{
    "Command": "PACKAGE_VERSION"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
    "Answer": "SIEMENS_VERSION-INTERNAL_VERSION-BUILD_HASH"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "2201-v1.0.0-g1a2b3c4d"
}
```

Get Internal Build Version [BE_VERSION]

This section provides a description of the [BE VERSION] command.

To query the internal version of the installed Control Software package, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "BE_VERSION"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
    "Answer": "INTERNAL_VERSION-BUILD_HASH",
    "ApiVersion": "API_VERSION"
}

Answer message example:
    {
        "Answer": "v2.1.0-gla2b3c4d",
        "ApiVersion": "2.1.0"
}
```

Generate an Error Report [GENERATE_ERROR_REPORT]

This section provides a description of the [GENERATE ERROR REPORT] command.

If you detect any malfunction in the system, generate an event report and attach it to your bug report.

To generate an event report, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GENERATE_ERROR_REPORT"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": "/measurement/log/
exported_log_2022_02_17_22_21_46_148.t3silog"
}
```

You can get the link to the event report from the *Message* field. To download the report, attach the link to the report to the base URL of your system.

For example, if you access the Control Software through *http://192.168.0.123:8085*, then the report in the example above can be downloaded from the following URL:

```
http://192.168.0.123:8085/measurement/log/exported_log_2022_02_17_22_21_46_148.t3silog
```

The report is encoded. Make sure that you do not edit the report after downloading it.

Query the System Integrity Status [QUERY_SYSTEM_INTEGRITY]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY SYSTEM INTEGRITY] command.

System integrity refers to the status of the whole system. All pieces of firmware and software must be compatible with one another, and the system must be in a stable state.

If there is any mismatch between software and firmware versions (for example, the application card firmware is outdated), or any malfunction is detected in the system (for example, an unexpected external hardware detach), then the system will reject any non-system-wide command.

To query the system integrity status, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_SYSTEM_INTEGRITY"
}
```

If no issue is detected in the system, the answer will be "OK":

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

If any error is detected, the *Answer* field will contain the value "SYSTEM INTEGRITY ERR". For example:

```
{
    "Answer": "SYSTEM_INTEGRITY_ERR",
    "Message": "Invalid system state, try to update the Control SW. If the
problem persists, please consult with your application engineer."
}
```

To solve the issue, follow the instructions in the *Message* field of the answer.

Licensing

This section provides a description of the commands related to licensing.

The T3STER SI Control Software supports several license types, but the system accepts only one *license.txt* file. In case you have multiple licenses, the licenses must to be combined into one *license.txt* file, before uploading it to the T3STER SI system.

For managing licenses, use the graphical user interface of the Control Software.

Before uploading any license to the system, the system clock must be set. For more information, see System Clock.

```
      Query the License Status [GET_LICENSE_STATUS]
      16

      Query the Base License Status [QUERY SYSTEM BASE LICENSE]
      17
```

Query the License Status [GET_LICENSE_STATUS]

This section provides a description of the [GET LICENSE STATUS] command.

To query all active licenses and their status, use the [GET LICENSE STATUS] command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_LICENSE_STATUS"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
     "Answer": "OK",
     "HostId": "1A2B3C4D5E6F",
     "LicenseInitialized": true,
     "LicenseUpdatePresent": true,
     "Licenses": [
               "Description": "Control software base license",
               "Name": "T3SIBASE",
               "Status": "OK",
               "Valid": true
               "Description": "Three pole measurement capability",
               "Name": "T3SI3POLE",
               "Status": "OK",
               "Valid": true
     ],
     "Message": ""
}
```

The *Description* and *Name* fields contain the name and a description of the licenses that are available in the system. For more information on the available license types, see *Simcenter*TM *Micred*TM *T3STER*TM *SI Ultimate User Reference Guide*.

The *Valid* field indicates whether the license is valid. If the *Valid* flag is **true**, the system has a valid license of the indicated type.

The *Status* field contains a generic message. If a license is about to expire, this string will contain a warning message.

Query the Base License Status [QUERY_SYSTEM_BASE_LICENSE]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_SYSTEM_BASE_LICENSE] command.

This is a fast query to determine the status of the base license. Use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_SYSTEM_BASE_LICENSE"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Chapter 3 Measurement Configurations

Configurations are the basic unit of the measurements in standalone T3STER SI systems. Configurations determine which hardware units, with what parameters, are used in a measurement.

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Get a List of Existing Configurations [GET_CONFIG_LIST]

This section provides a description of the [GET CONFIG LIST] command.

To query the list of all existing configurations in the system, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_CONFIG_LIST"
}
```

```
Answer message format:
   {
       "Answer": "OK",
       "Result": [
           {
               "ConfigEditable": true/false,
               "ConfigName": Name of the config,
               "Date": Date of last modification in ISO format,
               "Description": Description of the config,
               "HwResourcesAvailable": true/false,
               "TransientAvailable": true/false,
               "TspCalibrationAvailable": true/false,
               "ConfigEditableInfo": [
  generic messages if config edit is not available ],
               "TransientAvailableInfo": [
  generic messages if transient is not available ],
               "TspCalibrationAvailableInfo": [
  generic messages if tsp calibration is not available ]
       ]
Answer message example:
   {
       "Answer": "OK",
       "Result": [
               "ConfigEditable": true,
               "ConfigName": "Diode test",
               "Date": "2022-01-06T11:27:43Z",
               "Description": "Config for diode testing",
               "HwResourcesAvailable": true,
               "TransientAvailable": true,
               "TspCalibrationAvailable": true
               "ConfigEditable": true,
               "ConfigName": "MOSFET test",
               "Date": "2021-10-04T14:58:08Z",
               "Description": "",
               "HwResourcesAvailable": true,
               "TransientAvailable": true,
               "TspCalibrationAvailable": false,
               "TspCalibrationAvailableInfo": [
                        "No tsp calibration parameters defined",
                        "No thermostat defined"
                  ]
       ]
```

The answer message contains the following mandatory fields:

- *ConfigEditable*: if the value in this field is **false**, the configuration cannot currently be modified. For example, a measurement is in progress on the configuration.
- *HwResourcesAvailable*: if the value is **false**, at least one hardware element is currently unavailable, and cannot be used for any measurement.
- *TransientAvailable*: if the value is **false**, the configuration cannot currently be used for thermal transient measurements. The possible reason is that another measurement is in progress, or something is missing from the configuration. For more information, see *Simcenter*TM *Micred*TM *T3STER*TM *SI Ultimate User Reference Guide*.
- *TspCalibrationAvailable*: if the value is **false**, the configuration cannot currently be used for TSP calibrations. The possible reason is that another measurement or calibration process is in progress, or something is missing from the configuration. For more information, see *Simcenter*TM *Micred*TM *T3STER*TM *SI Ultimate User Reference Guide*.

Optional fields:

- *TransientAvailableInfo*: if the value of the *TransientAvailable* field is **false**, then this field will contain some simple error messages: information for the user in a string array on why the transient measurement function is currently unavailable.
- *TspCalibrationAvailableInfo*: if the value of the *TspCalibrationAvailable* field is **false**, then this field will contain some simple error messages: information for the user in a string array on why the TSP calibration function is currently unavailable.
- ConfigEditableInfo: if the value of the ConfigEditable field is **false**, then this field will contain some simple error messages: information for the user in a string array on why editing the configuration is currently unavailable.

Note

The optional information fields included in the example above do not cover all possible issues.

JSON Structure of a Configuration

The JSON structure of a user defined configuration is basically (almost) the same as the HWCONFIG of the system, which can be queried by the **GET_HWCONFIG** command.

This section provides a description of the user defined configurations, but each subsection also describes the minor differences between the user defined configurations and the HWCONFIG of the system.

Configurations contain objects with **default**, **locked**, **min**, and **max** fields.

For a user configuration:

- If the **locked** field is set to **true** for a parameter, then the default value of the parameter must be used in every measurement. That is, it cannot be overwritten during measurement tasks.
- If the **locked** field is set to **false** for a parameter, then the user has the ability to change the default value of the parameter for a measurement. The value of the parameter must always be between the **min** and the **max** value.

For the HWCONFIG:

- The **min** value is the actual minimum hardware limit of the resource (except for LP220 resources).
- The **max** value is the actual maximum hardware limit of the resource (except for LP220 resources).

If a field contains a value in all capital letters, it is a special value which will be explained in subsequent sections in this document. Most of these values are special enumeration values, which are described in Enums Format.

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Base JSON Structure of a Configuration

This section provides a description of the base JSON structure of a configuration.

The base of a configuration:

```
{
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "ConfigParams": {
        "Description": Description_of_the_config
},
    "Resources": {
            RESOURCES
},
    "TimingParams": {
                TIMING_PARAMS
},
    "TspCalibParams": {
                 TSP_CALIBRATION_PARAMS
},
    "SourceTimingControl": {
                SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
},
    "Type": "Config"
}
```

Variables:

• ConfigName:

- o The unique name of a configuration.
- o Only English alphanumeric characters, hyphens, and underscores can be used in the name of a configuration.

• Description:

- The description of the configuration.
- o It is a simple text field. Everything is accepted that fits in the JSON string format.

Resources of a Configuration [Resources]

This section provides a description of the [Resources] in the JSON structure of a configuration.

The [Resources] section can contain the following fields:

```
{
    "CurrentSourceParams": CURRENT_SOURCES,
    "CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams": CURRENT_SOURCES_WITH_ACTIVELOAD,
    "DividerParams": DIVIDERS,
    "MeasCardChParams": MEASUREMENT_CHANNELS,
    "ThermometerCardChParams": THERMOMETER_CHANNELS,
    "ThermostatParams": THERMOSTAT,
    "TriggerOutputParams": TRIGGER_OUTPUTS,
    "VoltageSourceParams": VOLTAGE_SOURCES
}
```

All fields are optional. For the HWCONFIG, the list of resource parameters depends on the currently available Hardware resources in the system.

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Current Sources in a Configuration[CurrentSourceParams]

This section provides a description of the [CurrentSourceParams] parameters.

The structure of [CurrentSourceParams]:

```
{
    "CurrentSourceParams": [
        List_of_current_sources
    ]
```

The structure of a current source:

```
"Alias": Unique system selected alias,
    "UserAlias": User defined alias,
    "SetCurrent": {
        "default": Default current value in amperes,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum current value in amperes,
        "min": Minimum current value in amperes
    "VoltageCorner": {
        "default": Default voltage limit in volts,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum voltage limit in volts,
        "min": Minimum voltage limit in volts
    "OutputMode": {
        "default": OUTPUT MODE,
        "locked": true/false
    "TriggerSource": Alias of the trigger used for this source,
    "Delay": {
        "DelayFallingUs": {
            "default": Default falling delay in microsec,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum falling delay in microsec,
            "min": Minimum falling delay in microsec
        },
        "DelayRisingUs": {
            "default": Default rising delay in microsec,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum rising delay in microsec,
            "min": Minimum rising delay in microsec
        }
    }
}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

The **Delay** object is optional, and is not available for all source elements.

The HWCONFIG will contain the *Delay* object if any type of delay is available for a specific source.

The *DelayRisingUs* parameter specifies the delay time interval applied after (or before, if the value is negative) the measurement trigger switches to heating state.

The *DelayFallingUs* parameter specifies the delay time interval applied after (or before, if the value is negative) the measurement trigger switches from heating to cooling state.

The HWCONFIG will contain an extra field (*DelayMode*) under the *Delay* object to describe the mode of the delay, and another optional field (*DelayModeMessage*) to provide information about the *DelayMode* on specific hardware types:

```
"DelayMode": DELAY_MODE,

"DelayModeMessage": Text message about delay mode
```

For the actual Hardware source, if the delay only accepts discrete values, the available values are displayed in an extra field (*available*) under *DelayRisingUs/DelayFallingUs* in the HWCONFIG. For example.:

For the actual Hardware sources, the available **OUTPUT_MODE**s are displayed in an extra field under the *OutputMode* parameter in the HWCONFIG:

```
"OutputMode": {
        "default": OUTPUT_MODE,
        "available": [ List_of_available_OUTPUT_MODEs ],
        "locked": true/false
}
```

For special current sources (for example, MS401 current sources), there are two extra fields to describe the Hardware function more precisely:

Variables:

• RangeLimits:

- o The actual current sources have multiple ranges.
- o All ranges have their own limits in current and voltage.
- CurrentMax: the maximum current that can be set in the specified range.
- CurrentMin: the minimum current that can be set in the specified range.

- **Symmetric**: if true, the range is symmetric, that is, the limits are the same with a negative sign.
- **VoltageMax**: the maximum voltage that can be set in the specified range, or the limit of the source if the value of the *VoltageCornerProgrammable* parameter is false.
- **VoltageMin**: the minimum voltage that can be set in the specified range, or the minimum voltage that should be applied on the DUT if the value of the *VoltageCornerProgrammable* parameter is false.
- **VoltageCornerProgrammable**: defines if the voltage limit can be set directly for the source or only in terms of ranges.

Current Sources with Active Load in a Configuration [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams]

This section provides a description of the [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams] parameters.

The structure of [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams]:

```
{
    "CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams": [
        List_of_current_sources_with_activeload
    ]
}
```

The structure of a current source with active load:

```
"Alias": Unique system selected alias,
"UserAlias": User defined alias,
"ActiveloadProgramming": {
    "default": ACTIVELOAD PROGRAMMING MODE,
    "locked": true/false
"MaxDutVoltage": {
    "default": Default voltage limit in volts,
    "locked": true/false,
    "max": Maximum_voltage_limit_in volts,
    "min": Minimum voltage limit in volts
"OnStateDutVoltage": {
    "default": Default voltage limit during on state in volts,
    "locked": true/false,
    "max": Maximum voltage limit during on state in volts,
    "min": Minimum voltage_limit_during_on_state_in_volts
"PulseLengthMs": {
    "default": Default pulse length for vc seek in msec,
    "locked": true/false,
    "max": Maximum_pulse_length_for_vc_seek_in_msec,
    "min": Minimum pulse length for vc seek in msec
"SetCurrent": {
    "default": Default current value in amperes,
    "locked": true/false,
    "max": Maximum current value in amperes,
    "min": Minimum current value in amperes
"OutputMode": {
    "default": OUTPUT MODE,
    "locked": true/false
"TriggerSource": Alias of the trigger used for this source,
"Delay": {
    "DelayFallingUs": {
        "default": Default falling delay in microsec,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum falling delay in microsec,
        "min": Minimum falling delay in microsec
    "DelayRisingUs": {
        "default": Default rising delay in microsec,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum rising delay in microsec,
        "min": Minimum rising delay in microsec
}}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

For the actual Hardware sources, the available **OUTPUT_MODE**s are displayed in an extra field under the *OutputMode* parameter, and the available

ACTIVELOAD_PROGRAMMING_MODEs in an extra field under the *ActiveloadProgramming* parameter in the HWCONFIG:

```
"ActiveloadProgramming": {
        "default": ACTIVELOAD_PROGRAMMING_MODE,
        "available": [ List_of_available_ACTIVELOAD_PROGRAMMING_MODEs ],
        "locked": true/false
},

"OutputMode": {
        "default": OUTPUT_MODE,
        "available": [ List_of_available_OUTPUT_MODEs ],
        "locked": true/false
}
```

Dividers in a Configuration [DividerParams]

This section provides a description of the [DividerParams] parameters.

The structure of [DividerParams]:

```
{
    "DividerParams": [
        List_of_dividers
    ]
}
```

The structure of a divider:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "Range": {
        "default": Default_range_id,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum_range_id,
        "min": Minimum_range_id
    }
}
```

The range id refers to the nth element of the available division list.

For dividers, there is an extra field in the HWCONFIG, *DisplayDividerRatio*, which shows the available division rates, that is, the division list.

Dividers are numerical values. If the value is 1, then there is no division during the measurement. If the number is any other numerical value (other than 1), then the measured value will be multiplied with its calibrated value.

Measurement Channels in a Configuration[MeasCardChParams]

This section provides a description of the [MeasCardChParams] parameters.

The structure of [MeasCardChParams]:

```
{
    "MeasCardChParams": [
        List_of_measurement_channels
    ]
}
```

The structure of a measurement channel:

```
"Alias": Unique system selected alias,
"UserAlias": User defined alias,
"Sensitivity": {
    "default": [ List of coefficients in volt per degrees ],
    "locked": true/false,
"PowerStep": PowerStep,
"RangeIdx": {
    "default": id,
    "locked": true/false
"AutoRange": {
    "default": true/false,
    "locked": true/false
"Uref": {
    "default": Reference voltage in volts,
    "locked": true/false
"UrefSwitching": {
    "default": true/false,
    "locked": true/false
"UrefHeating": {
    "default": Reference_voltage_in_volts,
    "locked": true/false
"DividerAlias": Alias of the attached divider
```

Variables:

- **Sensitivity**: currently, only constant sensitivity is supported.
- **PowerStep**: for more information, see Power Step Calculations.
- RangeIdx: for more information, see Measurement Channels Range Definitions.
- **AutoRange**: if this parameter is set to **true**, the software defines the range automatically. A short identification pulse is applied before the start of the heating for any transient measurement, and the software tries to select the most appropriate measurement range and reference voltage (if that fails, the highest values will be selected).
- **Uref**: in the case of manual range selection, set the reference voltage setpoint for the selected range. The value represents the center of the actual measurement range.
- **UrefSwitching**: if this parameter is set to **true**, a different reference voltage (*UrefHeating*) can be set for the heating phase.
- **DividerAlias**: optional field. Used to determine the actual division rate.

Thermometer Channels in a Configuration [ThermometerCardChParams]

This section provides a description of the [ThermometerCardChParams] parameters.

The structure of [ThermometerCardChParams]:

```
{
    "ThermometerCardChParams": [
        List_of_thermometer_channels
    ]
}
```

The structure of a thermometer channel:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "Sensitivity": {
        "default": [ List_of_coefficients_in_volt_per_degrees ],
        "locked": true/false,
    },
    "PowerStep": PowerStep,
    "RangeIdx": {
        "default": id,
        "locked": true/false
    },
    "SamplePerSecIdx": {
        "default": id,
        "locked": true/false
    }
}
```

Variables:

- **Sensitivity**: this field is not currently in use. Sensitivity is calculated by the used range definition.
- **PowerStep**: for more information, see Power Step Calculations.
- RangeIdx: for more information, see Thermometer Channels Range Definitions.
- SamplePerSecIdx: optional field. For more information, see Thermometer Channels Sample Per Sec Definitions.

Thermostats in a Configuration [ThermostatParams]

This section provides a description of the [ThermostatParams] parameters.

The structure of [ThermostatParams]:

```
{
    "ThermostatParams": [
        List_of_thermostats
    ]
}
```

Note



Currently, only one thermostat can be handled by the system on the RS232 port.

The structure of a thermostat:

```
"Alias": Unique system selected alias,
    "UserAlias": User defined alias,
    "SetTemperature": {
        "default": Default value for set temperature in degrees,
        "locked": true/false,
        "max": Maximum value for set temperature in degrees,
        "min": Minimum value for set temperature in degrees
    "StabilityCriteria": {
        "DtMinMax": {
            "default":
Default value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max":
Maximum value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees,
            "min":
Minimum value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees
        "DtTarget": {
            "default": Default value for DeltaT from target in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum value for DeltaT from target in degrees,
            "min": Minimum value for DeltaT from target in degrees
        "TimeWindow": {
            "default": Default value for time window in sec,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum value for time window in sec,
            "min": Minimum value_for_time_window_in_sec
        "Timeout": {
            "default": Default value for timeout in sec,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum value for timeout in sec,
            "min": Minimum value for timeout in sec
    "WaitForStabilityBeforeMeas": {
        "default": true/false,
        "locked": true/false
```

Variables:

- **SetTemperature**: the temperature to be set before transient measurements.
- **StabilityCriteria**: thermostat stability parameters. For more information, see *Simcenter*TM *Micred*TM *T3STER*TM *SI Ultimate User Reference Guide*.
- **WaitForStabilityBeforeMeas**: if the value of this parameter is set to **true**, the system waits for thermostat stability before starting the transient measurement.

Trigger Outputs in a Configuration [TriggerOutputParams]

This section provides a description of the [TriggerOutputParams] parameters.

The structure of [TriggerOutputParams]:

}}

```
{
       "TriggerOutputParams": [
           List of trigger outputs
The structure of a trigger output:
   {
       "Alias": Unique system selected alias,
       "UserAlias": User defined alias,
       "TriggerOutputMode": {
           "default": TRIGGER OUTPUT MODE,
           "locked": true/false,
            "Delay": {
           "DelayFallingUs": {
               "default": Default falling delay in microsec,
               "locked": true/false,
               "max": Maximum falling delay in microsec,
               "min": Minimum falling delay in microsec
           "DelayRisingUs": {
               "default": Default rising delay in microsec,
               "locked": true/false,
```

For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

"max": Maximum_rising_delay_in_microsec,
"min": Minimum rising_delay_in_microsec

For the actual Hardware sources, the available **TRIGGER_OUTPUT_MODE**s are displayed in an extra field in the HWCONFIG under the *TriggerOutputMode*:

```
"OutputMode": {
        "default": TRIGGER_OUTPUT_MODE,
        "available": [ List_of_available_TRIGGER_OUTPUT_MODEs ],
        "locked": true/false
}
```

Voltage Sources in a Configuration [VoltageSourceParams]

This section provides a description of the [VoltageSourceParams] parameters.

```
The structure of [VoltageSourceParams]:
   {
       "VoltageSourceParams": [
           List of voltage sources
   }
The structure of a voltage source:
   {
       "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
       "UserAlias": User defined alias,
       "CurrentCorner": {
           "default": Default current limit in amperes,
           "locked": true/false,
           "max": Maximum_current_limit_in_amperes,
           "min": Minimum_current_limit__in_amperes
       "OffStateVoltage": {
           "default": Default off state voltage in volts,
           "locked": true/false,
           "max": Maximum off state voltage in volts,
           "min": Minimum_off state voltage in volts
       "OnStateVoltage": {
           "default": Default on state voltage in volts,
           "locked": true/false,
           "max": Maximum_on_state_voltage_in_volts,
           "min": Minimum_on_state_voltage_in_volts
       "ReferenceVoltage": {
           "default": Default reference voltage in volts,
           "locked": true/false,
           "max": Maximum reference voltage in volts,
           "min": Minimum_reference_voltage_in_volts
       "OutputMode": {
           "default": OUTPUT MODE,
           "locked": true/false
       "TriggerSource": Alias_of_the_trigger_used_for_this_source,
       "Delay": {
           "DelayFallingUs": {
               "default": Default falling delay in microsec,
               "locked": true/false,
               "max": Maximum falling delay in microsec,
               "min": Minimum_falling_delay_in_microsec
           "DelayRisingUs": {
               "default": Default rising delay in microsec,
               "locked": true/false,
               "max": Maximum rising delay in microsec,
               "min": Minimum_rising_delay_in_microsec
       }}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

For the actual Hardware sources, the available **OUTPUT_MODE**s are displayed in an extra field in the HWCONFIG under the *OutputMode*:

```
"OutputMode": {
         "default": OUTPUT_MODE,
         "available": [ List_of_available_OUTPUT_MODEs ],
         "locked": true/false
}
```

Timing Parameters in a Configuration [TimingParams]

This section provides a description of the [TimingParams] parameters.

The structure of [TimingParams]:

```
"TimingParams": {
        "CoolingTime": {
            "default": Default cooling time in sec,
            "locked": false,
            "max": Maximum cooling time in sec,
            "min": Minimum cooling time in sec
        "DelayTime": {
            "default": Default delay time in sec,
            "locked": false,
            "max": Maximum delay time in sec,
            "min": Minimum delay time in sec
        "HeatingTime": {
            "default": Default heating time in sec,
            "locked": false,
            "max": Maximum heating time in sec,
            "min": Minimum_heating_time_in_sec
        "TransientMode": {
            "default": "Cooling",
            "locked": false
        "SamplePerOctave": {
            "default": Default sample per octave,
            "locked": false,
            "max": Maximum sample per octave,
            "min": Minimum sample per octave
        "Repeat": {
            "default": Default repeats,
            "locked": false,
            "max": Maximum repeats,
            "min": Minimum repeats
    }
```

Variables:

- **TransientMode**: currently, only the **"Cooling"** option is supported. This will make both the heating and cooling measurements.
- SamplePerOctave: currently, only the 1000 sample-per-octave value is supported.
- **Repeat**: the **Repeat** option is currently not supported. Use the value 1.

TSP Calibration Parameters in a Configuration [TspCalibParams]

This section provides a description of the [TspCalibParams] parameters.

The structure of [TspCalibParams]:

```
"TspCalibParams": {
        "CustomTemperature": {
            "default":
Default custom temperature for endaction in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max": Maximum custom temperature for endaction in degrees,
            "min": Minimum custom temperature for endaction in degrees
        "DutStability": {
            "default": true/false,
            "locked": true/false,
        "EndAction": {
            "default": END ACTION,
            "locked": true/false,
        "Mode": {
            "default": CALIBRATION DIRECTION,
            "locked": true/false,
        "ThtIntSensor": {
            "default": true/false,
            "locked": true/false,
        "Tmax": {
            "default":
Default of maximum temperature for calibration in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max":
Maximum of maximum temperature for calibration in degrees,
Minimum of maximum temperature for calibration in degrees
        "Tmin": {
            "default":
Default of minimum temperature for calibration in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
            "max":
Maximum of minimum temperature for calibration in degrees,
            "min":
Minimum of minimum temperature for calibration_in_degrees
        "Tstep": {
            "default":
Default of temperature step for calibration in degrees,
            "locked": true/false,
      "max": Maximum of temperature step for calibration in degrees,
"min": Minimum of temperature step for calibration in degrees
```

Variables:

- **DutStability**: if the value is set to **true**, the system waits for DUT stability before starting to record the calibration data.
- **ThtIntSensor**: if the value is set to **true**, the system waits for thermostat stability before starting to record the calibration data.

Source Timing Control Parameters in a Configuration [SourceTimingControl]

This section provides a description of the [SourceTimingControl] parameters.

The structure of [SourceTimingControl]:

```
"SourceTimingControl": {
    "Enabled" : true,
    "ReversePowerOff" : true,
    "locked" : false,
    "WaitForInstrumentDelay" : true,
    "PowerOn" : [
        List_of_source_timing_control_steps
    ],
    "PowerOff" : [
        List_of_source_timing_control_steps
    ]
}
```

[SourceTimingControl] is an optional structure. If omitted, a default power on/off will be performed, with appropriate instrument delays.

Variables:

- **ReversePowerOff**: if the value is set to **true**, the *PowerOff* sequence will be a reversed *PowerOn* sequence.
- WaitForInstrumentDelay: if the value is set to true, the Control Software will wait out instrument delays before starting a measurement or calibration in case not enough sleep time was specified in the *SleepAfter* field in *PowerOn*.

The structure of a source timing control step:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "Type": SOURCE_TIMING_CONTROL_RESOURCE_TYPE,
    "SleepAfter": Sleep_in_sec_after_the_step
}
```

Variables:

• Alias: unique system selected alias of the resource.

• **SleepAfter**: sleep time in seconds after the source is powered on/off. At least the time specified in this field will pass before starting the next step. The maximum value is 10sec.

Get the Actual Hardware Configuration [GET_HWCONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [GET_HWCONFIG] command.

Use this command to identify all available Hardware elements of the actual system and their parameters.

To query the list of all existing Hardware elements in the system, use the following command:

```
"Command": "GET HWCONFIG"
   }
Answer message format:
   {
       "ConfigName": "DEFAULT",
       "ConfigParams": {
           "Description": ""
       "Resources": {
          RESOURCES
       "TimingParams": {
           TIMING PARAMS
       "TspCalibParams": {
           TSP CALIBRATION PARAMS
       "SourceTimingControl": {
           SOURCE TIMING PARAMS
       } }
```

For more information on the elements of the answer message, see Base JSON Structure of a Configuration.

Query an Existing Measurement Configuration[GET_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [GET_CONFIG] command.

To query an already saved configuration, use the following command:

```
"Command": "GET CONFIG",
       "ConfigName": Name of the config
Command example:
       "Command": "GET CONFIG",
       "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig"
Answer message format:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "ConfigEditable": true/false,
        "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
        "ConfigParams": {
             "Description": Description of the config
        "HwResourcesAvailable": true/false,
        "Resources": {
           RESOURCES
        "TimingParams": {
           TIMING PARAMS
        "TransientAvailable": true/false,
        "TspCalibrationAvailable": true/false,
        "Type": "Config"
```

For more information on the elements of the answer message, see Base JSON Structure of a Configuration.

For more information on the fields related to availability (for example, *HwResourcesAvailable*), see Get a List of Existing Configurations [GET_CONFIG_LIST].

Remove an Existing Measuerement Configuration [REMOVE CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [REMOVE CONFIG] command.

To remove a saved configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_CONFIG",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config
}
```

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_CONFIG",
    "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig"
}
```

If the remove operation is successful, the answer is "OK":

```
{
    "Answer": "OK"
}
```

Save a Measurement Configuration [SAVE_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [SAVE CONFIG] command.

To save a configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE_CONFIG",
    "Type": "Config",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "ConfigParams": {
        "Description": Description_of_the_config
    },
    "Resources": {
            RESOURCES
    },
    "TimingParams": {
                TIMING_PARAMS
    },
    "TspCalibParams": {
                TSP_CALIBRATION_PARAMS
    },
    "SourceTimingControl": {
                SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
    }
}
```

The *TspCalibParams* and *SourceTimingControl* fields are optional.

For more information on the elements of the answer message, see Base JSON Structure of a Configuration.

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE CONFIG",
    "Type": "Config",
    "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
    "ConfigParams": {
        "Description": "This is the description of my config."
    "Resources": {
        "CurrentSourceParams": [
                 "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                 "UserAlias": "",
                 "OutputMode": {
                     "default": "ON",
                     "locked": false
                 "SetCurrent": {
                     "min": -0.2,
                     "max": 0.2,
                     "default": 0.01,
                     "locked": false
                 "VoltageCorner": {
                     "min": -40,
                     "max": 40,
                     "default": 10,
                     "locked": false
                }
            },
{
                "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                "UserAlias": "",
                 "OutputMode": {
                     "default": "PC",
                     "locked": false
                 "SetCurrent": {
                     "min": -2,
                     "max": 2,
                     "default": 0.1,
                     "locked": false
                },
                 "VoltageCorner": {
                     "min": -10,
                     "max": 10,
                     "default": 2,
                     "locked": true
        ],
        "MeasCardChParams": [
                 "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                "UserAlias": "",
                "Sensitivity": {
```

```
"default": [
                         0.002
                     ],
                     "locked": false
                 },
                "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                 "AutoRange": {
                     "default": false,
                     "locked": false
                 },
                 "RangeIdx": {
                     "default": 13,
                     "locked": false
                 },
                 "Uref": {
                     "default": 0.5,
                     "locked": false
                 }
            }
        ]
    "TimingParams": {
        "TransientMode": {
            "default": "Cooling",
            "locked": false
        },
        "HeatingTime": {
            "min": 0,
            "max": 4000,
            "default": 15,
            "locked": false
        "CoolingTime": {
            "min": 0,
            "max": 4000,
            "default": 15,
            "locked": false
        "DelayTime": {
            "min": 0,
            "max": 4000,
            "default": 0,
            "locked": false
        "SamplePerOctave": {
            "default": 1000,
            "locked": false,
            "max": 1000,
            "min": 10
        "Repeat": {
            "default": 1,
            "locked": false,
            "max": 100,
            "min": 1
        }
    }
```

```
Answer message:
    {
        "Answer": "OK"
}
```

Chapter 4 Tasks (Measurements)

Tasks are used to manage measurements.

There are four types of measurement tasks:

- Monitoring (*TaskMode*: **MONITORING**)
- TSP calibration (*TaskMode*: **TSPCALIB**)
- Identification (*TaskMode*: **IDENTIFICATION**)
- Thermal transient measurement (*TaskMode*: **TRANSIENT**)

A task can only be started on an existing and currently available configuration. Before starting a task, you have to allocate the resources by initiating a **MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION** task.

Note	
Only one resource allocation is allowed at a time and only one measurement task allowed at a time for one existing resource allocation.	c is
Each task must have a <i>TaskAlias</i> , defined in the START_TASK command. The task can later be queried or managed based on this parameter.	k
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JSON Structure of a Measurement Model

Measurement models are used in measurement commands, and in model queries.

A measurement model is very similar to a measurement configuration. There are two types of measurement models:

- TransientModel
- TspCalibrationModel

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Base of the TransientModel

The **TransientModel** is used in commands related to transient measurements.

The base of the **TransientModel**:

```
{
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "Resources": {
        RESOURCES
    },
    "TimingParams": {
            TIMING_PARAMS
    },
    "SourceTimingControl": {
            SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
    },
    "Type": "TransientModel"
}
```

Base of the TspCalibrationModel

The **TspCalibrationModel** is used in commands related to TSP calibrations.

The base of the **TspCalibrationModel**:

```
{
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "Resources": {
        RESOURCES
    },
    "TspCalibParams": {
            TSP_CALIBRATION_PARAMS
    },
    "SourceTimingControl": {
            SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
    },
    "Type": "TspCalibrationModel"
}
```

Resources of Measurement Models [Resources]

This section provides a description of the [Resources] in a measurement model.

The [Resources] section can contain the following fields (same as in measurement configurations):

```
{
    "CurrentSourceParams": CURRENT_SOURCES,
    "CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams": CURRENT_SOURCES_WITH_ACTIVELOAD,
    "DividerParams": DIVIDERS,
    "MeasCardChParams": MEASUREMENT_CHANNELS,
    "ThermometerCardChParams": THERMOMETER_CHANNELS,
    "ThermostatParams": THERMOSTAT,
    "TriggerOutputParams": TRIGGER_OUTPUTS,
    "VoltageSourceParams": VOLTAGE_SOURCES
}
```

You have to use the same resources that are specified in the measurement configuration. It is not allowed to use a resource that is not specified in the configuration. In case a resource that is specified in the configuration is not included in the measurement model, the software programs that resource to its default value.

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Current Sources in Measurement Models[CurrentSourceParams]

This section provides a description of the [CurrentSourceParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [CurrentSourceParams]:

```
{
    "CurrentSourceParams": [
        List_of_current_sources
    ]
}
```

The structure of a current source:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "SetCurrent": Current_value_in_amperes,
    "VoltageCorner": Voltage_limit_in_volts,
    "OutputMode": OUTPUT_MODE,
    "TriggerSource": Alias_of_the_trigger_used_for_this_source,
    "Delay": {
        "DelayFallingUs": Falling_delay_in_microsec,
        "DelayRisingUs": Rising_delay_in_microsec
}}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

The *Delay* field is optional. For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

Current Sources with Active Load in Measurement Models [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams]

This section provides a description of the [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams]:

```
{
    "CurrentSourceWithActiveloadParams": [
        List_of_current_sources_with_activeload
    ]
}
```

The structure of a current source with active load:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "ActiveloadProgramming": ACTIVELOAD_PROGRAMMING_MODE,
    "MaxDutVoltage": Voltage_limit_in_volts,
    "OnStateDutVoltage": Voltage_limit_during_on_state_in_volts,
    "PulseLengthMs": Pulse_length_for_vc_seek_in_msec,
    "SetCurrent": Current_value_in_amperes,
    "OutputMode": OUTPUT_MODE,
    "TriggerSource": Alias_of_the_trigger_used_for_this_source,
    "Delay": {
        "DelayFallingUs": Falling_delay_in_microsec,
        "DelayRisingUs": Rising_delay_in_microsec
}}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

The *Delay* field is optional. For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

Dividers in Measurement Models [DividerParams]

This section provides a description of the [DividerParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [DividerParams]:

```
{
    "DividerParams": [
        List_of_dividers
    ]
}
```

The structure of a divider:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "Range": Range_id
}
```

The range id refers to the nth element of the available division list.

Measurement Channels in Measurement Models[MeasCardChParams]

This section provides a description of the [MeasCardChParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [MeasCardChParams]:

```
{
    "MeasCardChParams": [
        List_of_measurement_channels
    ]
}
```

The structure of a measurement channel:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "Sensitivity": [ List_of_coefficients_in_volt_per_degrees ],
    "PowerStep": PowerStep,
    "RangeIdx": id,
    "AutoRange": true/false,
    "Uref": Reference_voltage_in_volts,
    "UrefSwitching": true/false,
    "UrefHeating": Reference_voltage_in_volts,
    "DividerAlias": Alias_of_the_attached_divider
}
```

Variables:

- Sensitivity: currently, only constant sensitivity is supported.
- **PowerStep**: for more information, see Power Step Calculations.
- RangeIdx: for more information, see Measurement Channels Range Definitions.
- **AutoRange**: if this parameter is set to **true**, the software defines the range automatically. A short identification pulse is applied before the start of the heating for any transient measurement, and the software tries to select the most appropriate measurement range and reference voltage.
- **Uref**: in the case of manual range selection, set the reference voltage setpoint for the selected range. The value represents the center of the actual measurement range.
- **UrefSwitching**: if this parameter is set to **true**, a different reference voltage (*UrefHeating*) can be set for the heating phase.
- **DividerAlias**: optional field. Used to determine the actual division rate.

Thermometer Channels in Measurement Models [ThermometerCardChParams]

This section provides a description of the [ThermometerCardChParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [ThermometerCardChParams]:

```
{
    "ThermometerCardChParams": [
        List_of_thermometer_channels
    ]
}
```

The structure of a thermometer channel:

```
{
   "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
   "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
   "Sensitivity": [ List_of_coefficients_in_volt_per_degrees ],
   "PowerStep": PowerStep,
   "RangeIdx": id,
   "SamplePerSecIdx": id
}
```

Variables:

- **Sensitivity**: this field is not currently in use. Sensitivity is calculated by the used range definition.
- **PowerStep**: for more information, see Power Step Calculations.
- RangeIdx: for more information, see Thermometer Channels Range Definitions.
- SamplePerSecIdx: optional field. For more information, see Thermometer Channels Sample Per Sec Definitions.

Thermostats in Measurement Models [ThermostatParams]

This section provides a description of the [ThermostatParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [ThermostatParams]:

```
{
    "ThermostatParams": [
        List_of_thermostats
    ]
}
```

Note_



Currently, only one thermostat can be handled by the system on the RS232 port.

The structure of a thermostat:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "SetTemperature": Set_temperature_in_degrees,
    "StabilityCriteria": {
        "DtMinMax": Maximum_allowed_temperature_change_in_degrees,
        "DtTarget": Allowed_DeltaT_from_target_in_degrees,
        "TimeWindow": Time_window_in_sec,
        "Timeout": Timeout_in_sec
},
    "WaitForStabilityBeforeMeas": true/false
}
```

Variables:

- **SetTemperature**: the temperature to be set before transient measurements.
- **StabilityCriteria**: thermostat stability parameters. For more information, see *Simcenter*TM *Micred*TM *T3STER*TM *SI Ultimate User Reference Guide*.
- WaitForStabilityBeforeMeas: if the value of this parameter is set to true, the system waits for thermostat stability before starting the transient measurement.

Trigger Outputs in Measurement Models[TriggerOutputParams]

This section provides a description of the [**TriggerOutputParams**] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [TriggerOutputParams]:

```
{
    "TriggerOutputParams": [
        List_of_trigger_outputs
    ]
}
```

The structure of a trigger output:

```
"Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
"UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
"TriggerOutputMode": TRIGGER_OUTPUT_MODE,
"Delay": {
    "DelayFallingUs": Falling_delay_in_microsec,
    "DelayRisingUs": Rising_delay_in_microsec
}}
```

The *Delay* field is optional. For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

Voltage Sources in Measurement Models[VoltageSourceParams]

This section provides a description of the [VoltageSourceParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [VoltageSourceParams]:

```
{
    "VoltageSourceParams": [
        List_of_voltage_sources
    ]
}
```

The structure of a voltage source:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "UserAlias": User_defined_alias,
    "CurrentCorner": Current_limit_in_amperes,
    "OffStateVoltage": Off_state_voltage_in_volts,
    "OnStateVoltage": On_state_voltage_in_volts,
    "ReferenceVoltage": Reference_voltage_in_volts,
    "OutputMode": OUTPUT_MODE,
    "TriggerOutputMode": TRIGGER_OUTPUT_MODE,
    "Delay": {
        "DelayFallingUs": Falling_delay_in_microsec,
        "DelayRisingUs": Rising_delay_in_microsec
}}
```

The *TriggerSource* field is optional, and is unnecessary for all internal source elements.

The *Delay* field is optional. For more information on the *Delay* object, see Current Sources in a Configuration [CurrentSourceParams]

Timing Parameters in Measurement Models [TimingParams]

This section provides a description of the [TimingParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [TimingParams]:

```
"TimingParams": {
        "CoolingTime": Cooling_time_in_sec,
        "DelayTime": Delay_time_in_sec,
        "HeatingTime": Heating_time_in_sec,
        "TransientMode": "Cooling",
        "SamplePerOctave": Sample_per_octave,
        "Repeat": Repeats
}
```

Variables:

- **TransientMode**: currently, only the **"Cooling"** option is supported. This will make both the heating and cooling measurements.
- SamplePerOctave: currently, only the 1000 sample-per-octave value is supported.
- **Repeat**: the **Repeat** option is currently not supported. Use the value 1.

TSP Calibration Parameters in Measurement Models [TspCalibParams]

This section provides a description of the [TspCalibParams] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [TspCalibParams]:

```
"TspCalibParams": {
    "CustomTemperature": Custom_temperature_for_endaction_in_degrees,
    "DutStability": true/false,
    "EndAction": END_ACTION,
    "Mode": CALIBRATION_DIRECTION,
    "ThtIntSensor": true/false,
    "Tmax": Maximum_temperature_for_calibration_in_degrees,
    "Tmin": Minimum_temperature_for_calibration_in_degrees,
    "Tstep": Temperature_step_for_calibration_in_degrees
}
```

Variables:

- **DutStability**: if the value is set to **true**, the system waits for DUT stability before starting to record the calibration data.
- **ThtIntSensor**: if the value is set to **true**, the system waits for thermostat stability before starting to record the calibration data.

Source Timing Control Parameters in Measurement Models [SourceTimingControl]

This section provides a description of the [SourceTimingControl] parameters in measurement models.

The structure of [SourceTimingControl]:

```
"SourceTimingControl": {
    "Enabled" : true,
    "ReversePowerOff" : true,
    "WaitForInstrumentDelay" : true,
    "PowerOn" : [
        List_of_source_timing_control_steps
    ],
    "PowerOff" : [
        List_of_source_timing_control_steps
    ]
}
```

[SourceTimingControl] is an optional structure. If omitted, a default power on/off will be performed, with appropriate instrument delays.

Variables:

- **ReversePowerOff**: if the value is set to **true**, the *PowerOff* sequence will be a reversed *PowerOn* sequence.
- **WaitForInstrumentDelay**: if the value is set to **true**, the Control Software will wait out instrument delays before starting a measurement or calibration in case not enough sleep time was specified in the *SleepAfter* field in *PowerOn*.

The structure of a source timing control step:

```
{
    "Alias": Unique_system_selected_alias,
    "Type": SOURCE_TIMING_CONTROL_RESOURCE_TYPE,
    "SleepAfter": Sleep_in_sec_after_the_step
}
```

Variables:

- Alias: unique system selected alias of the resource.
- **SleepAfter**: sleep time in seconds after the source is powered on/off. At least the time specified in this field will pass before starting the next step or the measurement. The maximum value is 10sec.

Allocate Resources for Measurements [MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION]

Resource allocation is required for all measurements.

Note

The Control Software starts the resource allocation automatically when you enter the **Calibration** or **Measurement** view.

When using the API, you have to initiate resource allocation manually (using the [START_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION] command.

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Start Allocation [START_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION]

This section provides a description of the [START_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION] command.

Command format:

```
{
   "Command": "START_TASK",
   "TaskMode": "MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION",
   "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
   "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task,
   "LoadConfig": true
}
```

. Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter can only contain English alphanumeric characters, hyphens, and underscores.

₋Note

The Control Software uses the configuration name for the *TaskAlias* parameter in resource allocation.

Note

There is an optional parameter (*HandleUserDisconnect*: false/true), which determines the backend's behavior on disconnecting from the websocket.

The default behavior is that if the user disconnects from the websocket, the resource allocation and monitoring tasks will be stopped. Measurement tasks, like thermal transients, are not affected by this behavior: they will continue to run in case the user disconnects. This behavior can be disabled by *HandleUserDisconnect*: false. It is recommended to maintain websocket connection (and not use this optional parameter).

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "START_TASK",
    "TaskMode": "MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION",
    "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig",
    "LoadConfig": true
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Answer message example if resource allocation cannot be started, because, for example, another allocation procedure is in progress:

```
{
    "Answer": "CANNOT_START",
    "Message": "INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES"
}
```

End Allocation [STOP_AND_REMOVE_TASK]

This section provides a description of the [STOP_AND_REMOVE_TASK] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "STOP_AND_REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}
```

```
Command example:
```

```
{
    "Command": "STOP_AND_REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig"
}

Answer message example:
    {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
}
```

Monitoring Tasks [MONITORING]

Before starting a monitoring task for a resource, you must initiate a resource allocation.

The monitoring task will update the resource allocation task, and turn on the sources with their cooling state values. If you want to turn off the sources and go back to the resource allocation state, you need to update the task back to resource allocation.

Note

In case you are using the Control Software, the monitoring task is started automatically when you press the **Enable Sources** button. The monitoring task stops when you press the **Disable Sources** button.

Start a Monitoring Task [UPDATE_TASK - MONITORING]

This section provides a description of the [UPDATE_TASK - MONITORING] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "UPDATE_TASK",
    "TaskMode": "MONITORING",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task,
    "Type": "TransientModel",
    "Resources": {
         RESOURCES
    }
}
```

Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter must be the same as in the **[START_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION]** command for the same resource allocation.

```
Command example:
```

```
{
       "Command": "UPDATE TASK",
       "TaskMode": "MONITORING",
       "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
       "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig",
       "Type": "TransientModel",
       "Resources": {
           "CurrentSourceParams": [{
                    "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "",
                    "OutputMode": "ON",
                    "SetCurrent": 0.001,
                    "VoltageCorner": 10
                    "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "",
                    "OutputMode": "PC",
                    "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                    "VoltageCorner": 2
           ],
           "MeasCardChParams": [{
                   "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "",
                    "Sensitivity": [0.002],
                   "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
   T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                   "AutoRange": false,
                    "RangeIdx": 13,
                    "Uref": 0.5
           ]
   }
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
```

Stop a Monitoring Task [UPDATE_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION]

This section provides a description of the [UPDATE_TASK - MONITORING RESOURCE ALLOCATION] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command":"UPDATE_TASK",
    "TaskMode":"MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}
```

Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter must be the same as in the [START_TASK - MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION] command for the same resource allocation.

Command example:

```
{
    "Command":"UPDATE_TASK",
    "TaskMode":"MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION",
    "ConfigName":"MyTestConfig",
    "TaskAlias":"MyTestConfig"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

TSP Calibration [TSPCALIB]

Before starting a TSP calibration task, you must initiate a resource allocation. The calibration task will run alongside the resource allocation task.

A TSP calibration task can be stopped any time during the calibration, but in this case no results will be returned.

When a TSP calibration task is finished, the results can be downloaded from the T3STER SI. For more information, see Query the Links to the Result Files [QUERY TASK RESULT FILE LIST].

Before starting a new task, you must remove any finished task using the [REMOVE_TASK - TSPCALIB] command.

Start a TSP Calibration [START_TASK - TSPCALIB]

This section provides a description of the [START_TASK - TSPCALIB] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "START_TASK",
    "TaskMode": "TSPCALIB",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task,
    "Type": "TspCalibrationModel",
    "Resources": {
        RESOURCES
    },
    "TspCalibParams": {
            TSP_CALIBRATION_PARAMS
    },
    "SourceTimingControl": {
            SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
    }
}
```

Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter can only contain English alphanumeric characters, hyphens, and underscores.

Note	
The Control Software uses the configuration name, with the _calibration string, for the <i>TaskAlias</i> parameter in TSP calibration tasks. For example, "MyTestConfig_calibration	ı''
Note	
SourceTimingControl is an optional parameter. If omitted, a default power on/off will be performed, with appropriate instrument delays.	

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "START_TASK",
    "TaskMode": "TSPCALIB",
    "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_calibration",
    "Type": "TspCalibrationModel",
    "Resources":{
        "CurrentSourceParams":[
                 "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                 "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                 "OutputMode": "ON",
                 "SetCurrent": 0.01,
                 "VoltageCorner": 10
                 "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                 "UserAlias": "S1Ch1",
                 "OutputMode": "PC",
                 "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                 "VoltageCorner": 2
        ],
        "MeasCardChParams":[
                 "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                 "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                 "AutoRange": false,
                 "RangeIdx": 13,
                 "Uref": 0.5,
                 "UrefSwitching": false,
                 "UrefHeating": 0
        ],
        "ThermostatParams":[
                 "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
                 "UserAlias": "Th0",
                 "SetTemperature": 25,
                 "StabilityCriteria": {
                     "TimeWindow": 15,
                     "DtMinMax": 1,
                     "DtTarget": 2,
                     "Timeout": 600
                 "WaitForStabilityBeforeMeas": false
        ]
    "TspCalibParams": {
        "Tmin": 25,
        "Tmax": 85,
        "Tstep": 10,
```

```
"Mode": "Upwards",
    "ThtIntSensor": true,
    "DutStability": false,
    "EndAction": "StartTemp",
    "CustomTemperature": 25
}
}
Answer message example:
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Stop a TSP Calibration [STOP_TASK - TSPCALIB]

This section provides a description of the [STOP_TASK - TSPCALIB] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_calibration"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Remove a TSP Calibration Task [REMOVE_TASK - TSPCALIB]

This section provides a description of the [REMOVE_TASK - TSPCALIB] command.

A task must be stopped or finished before it can be removed.

```
Command format:
```

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_calibration"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Identification Tasks [IDENTIFICATION]

Before starting an identification task, you must initiate a resource allocation. The identification task will run alongside the resource allocation task.

An identification task can be stopped any time during the identification procedure, but in this case no results will be returned.

When an identification task is finished, the identified parameters can be queried with the transient model [QUERY TASK TRANSIENTMODEL].

Before starting a new task, you must remove any finished task using the [REMOVE_TASK - IDENTIFICATION] command.

Start an Identification Task [START_TASK - IDENTIFICATION]

This section provides a description of the **[START_TASK - IDENTIFICATION]** command. Command format:

```
"Command": "START_TASK",
  "TaskMode": "IDENTIFICATION",
  "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
  "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task,
  "Type": "TransientModel",
  "Resources": {
      RESOURCES
  },
  "TimingParams": {
      TIMING_PARAMS
  },
  "SourceTimingControl": {
      SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
  }
}
```

Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter can only contain English alphanumeric characters, hyphens, and underscores.

 Note
The Control Software uses the configuration name, with the _identification string, for the <i>TaskAlias</i> parameter in identification tasks. For example, "MyTestConfig_identification"
Note
SourceTimingControl is an optional parameter. If omitted, a default power on/off will be performed, with appropriate instrument delays.

Command example:

```
{
       "Command": "START_TASK",
       "TaskMode": "IDENTIFICATION",
       "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
      "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig identification",
       "Type": "TransientModel",
       "Resources": {
           "CurrentSourceParams": [{
                   "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                   "OutputMode": "ON",
                   "SetCurrent": 0.01,
                   "VoltageCorner": 10
               }, {
                   "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                   "UserAlias": "S1Ch1",
                   "OutputMode": "PC",
                   "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                   "VoltageCorner": 2
           ],
           "MeasCardChParams": [{
                   "Sensitivity": [
                       0.002
                   ],
                   "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                   "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                   "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
  T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                   "AutoRange": true,
                   "RangeIdx": 13,
                   "Uref": 0.5,
                    "UrefSwitching": false,
                   "UrefHeating": 0,
                   "DividerAlias": ""
           ]
       },
      "TimingParams":{
           "TransientMode": "Cooling",
           "HeatingTime":15,
           "CoolingTime":15,
           "DelayTime":0,
           "SamplePerOctave":1000,
           "Repeat":1
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
```

Stop an Identification Task [STOP_TASK - IDENTIFICATION]

This section provides a description of the [STOP TASK - IDENTIFICATION] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_identification"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Remove an Identification Task [REMOVE_TASK - IDENTIFICATION]

This section provides a description of the **[REMOVE_TASK - IDENTIFICATION]** command.

A task must be stopped or finished before it can be removed.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_identification"
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Thermal Transient Measurement Tasks [TRANSIENT]

Before starting a thermal transient measurement task, you must initiate a resource allocation. The measurement task will run alongside the resource allocation task.

A thermal transient measurement task can be stopped any time during the measurement, but in this case no results will be returned.

When a thermal transient measurement task is finished, the results can be downloaded from the T3STER SI. For more information, see Query the Links to the Result Files [QUERY_TASK_RESULT_FILE_LIST].

Before starting a new task, you must remove any finished task using the [REMOVE_TASK - TRANSIENT] command.

Start a Thermal Transient Measurement Task [START_TASK - TRANSIENT]

This section provides a description of the [START_TASK - TRANSIENT] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "START_TASK",
    "TaskMode": "TRANSIENT",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config,
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task,
    "Type": "TransientModel",
    "Resources": {
        RESOURCES
    },
    "TimingParams": {
            TIMING_PARAMS
    },
    "SourceTimingControl": {
            SOURCE_TIMING_PARAMS
    }
}
```

Note

The value of the *TaskAlias* parameter can only contain English alphanumeric characters, hyphens, and underscores.

Note
The Control Software uses the configuration name, with the _transient string, for the <i>TaskAlias</i> parameter in thermal transient measurement tasks. For example,
TaskAlias parameter in thermal transient measurement tasks. For example,
"MyTestConfig_transient".
Note

```
Command example:
   {
       "Command": "START_TASK",
       "TaskMode": "TRANSIENT",
       "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
      "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig transient",
      "Type": "TransientModel",
       "Resources": {
           "CurrentSourceParams": [{
                    "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                    "OutputMode": "ON",
                    "SetCurrent": 0.01,
                    "VoltageCorner": 10
               }, {
                    "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "S1Ch1",
                    "OutputMode": "PC",
                    "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                    "VoltageCorner": 2
           ],
           "MeasCardChParams": [{
                    "Sensitivity": [
                        0.002
                   ],
                    "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                    "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                   "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
   T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                    "AutoRange": true,
                    "RangeIdx": 13,
                    "Uref": 0,
                    "UrefSwitching": false,
                    "UrefHeating": 0,
                    "DividerAlias": ""
           ]
       "TimingParams": {
           "TransientMode": "Cooling",
           "HeatingTime": 15,
           "CoolingTime": 15,
           "DelayTime": 0,
           "SamplePerOctave": 1000,
           "Repeat": 1
   }
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
   }
```

Stop a Thermal Transient Measurement Task [STOP_TASK - TRANSIENT]

This section provides a description of the [STOP TASK - TRANSIENT] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "STOP_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_transient"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Remove a Thermal Transient Measurement Task [REMOVE_TASK - TRANSIENT]

This section provides a description of the [REMOVE_TASK - TRANSIENT] command.

A task must be stopped or finished before it can be removed.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "REMOVE_TASK",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_transient"
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Task Related Queries

This section provides a description of task related queries.

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Query the Status of a Task [QUERY_TASK_STATUS]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_TASK_STATUS] command.

Command format:

```
"Command": "QUERY_TASK_STATUS",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_STATUS",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_transient"
}

Answer message format:

{
    "ActualStep": Actual_step_number,
    "Answer": TASKSTATE,
    "Message": Message,
    "Percentage": Progress_of_task_in_percentage,
    "RemainingTime": Remaining_time_until_finish,
    "Status": Status_description,
    "TaskMode": TASKMODE,
    "TotalSteps": Steps_number
}
```

Variables:

- Answer (also called TASKSTATE):
 - o *RUN*: the task is in progress; runs normally.
 - o *FINISHED*: the task is finished successfully.
 - o STOPPED: the task has been stopped (for example, stopped by the user).
 - o *PENDING*: the task is pending (temporary state).
 - INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES: the task cannot run because it has no access to its resources.
 - o *ERROR*: something unexpected has happened.
 - o *STOPPED_TIMEOUT*: the task has been stopped because a timeout value was reached (for example, thermostat stability timeout).
 - o *STOPPED_INFO*: the task has been stopped due to an error that occurred (the reason why the task was stopped is described in the *Status* field).
 - o *STOPPING*: the stopping sequence has been started for the task; the task will be stopped soon.
 - WAIT_SAFETY_BTN: the task is waiting for the user to push the HV enable button.
 - WAIT_SAFETY_BTN_AND_VOLT_SEEK: the task is waiting for the user to push the HV enable button.
- **TotalStep**: specifies the number of steps the measurement consists of.
- **ActualStep**: number of the step that is currently executed.
- **Percentage**: estimated progress of the task in percentage.
- **RemainingTime**: estimated time (in seconds) until the task is finished.
- **Status**: human-readable status message of the task.
- **Message**: message field, typically empty. In case an error has occurred, this field describes the problem).
- TaskMode:
 - o *MONITORING_RESOURCE_ALLOCATION*: resources are allocated for further measurements.
 - o *MONITORING*: monitoring is in progress.
 - o *TSPCALIB*: TSP calibration is in progress.
 - o *IDENTIFICATION*: identification is in progress.

o TRANSIENT: thermal transient measurement is in progress.

Answer message example:

```
{
    "ActualStep": 2,
    "Answer": "RUN",
    "Message": "",
    "Percentage": 13,
    "RemainingTime": 26,
    "Status": "Heating...",
    "TaskMode": "TRANSIENT",
    "TotalSteps": 3
}
```

Query the Partial Data of a Task [QUERY_TASK_PARTIAL_DATA]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY TASK PARTIAL DATA] command.

This command can only be used in TRANSIENT and TSPCALIB mode.

Command format:

```
"Command": "QUERY TASK PARTIAL DATA",
       "TaskAlias": Name of the task
Command example:
       "Command": "QUERY TASK PARTIAL DATA",
       "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig transient"
Answer message format:
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": "",
        "Result": [
                   "ChAlias": Alias of the measurement channel,
                   "x": [
                      x values
                  ],
                   "y": [
                      y values
             }
        ]
```

Variables:

- x values):
 - o For TRANSIENT: time data in seconds.
 - o For *TSPCALIB*: temperature data in °C.
- y_values:
 - o For TRANSIENT: calculated temperature data in °C.
 - o For *TSPCALIB*: measured voltage data in V.

Query the Last Measured Data of a Task [QUERY_TASK_LAST_DATA]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY TASK LAST DATA] command.

This command can only be used in TRANSIENT, TSPCALIB, and MONITORING mode.

In case you want to issue several queries for new data one after the other, wait at least 500ms between two queries.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_LAST_DATA",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}
```

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_LAST_DATA",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_transient"
}
```

Answer message format:

Variables:

- Alias: alias of a measurement or a thermometer channel.
- **Flags**: issues reported by the Hardware. For more information, see Query the Last Measured Data of a Task [QUERY TASK LAST DATA].
- Noise: calculated noise value for a measurement channel (optional field).
- Voltage: voltage value measured by a measurement channel (optional field).
- **Temperature**: temperature value measured by a thermometer channel (optional field).

Answer message example:

Query the Links to the Result Files [QUERY_TASK_RESULT_FILE_LIST]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_TASK_RESULT_FILE_LIST] command.

```
Command format:
```

```
"Command": "QUERY_TASK_RESULT_FILE_LIST",
       "TaskAlias": Name of the task
Command example:
   {
       "Command": "QUERY TASK RESULT FILE LIST",
       "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_transient"
Answer message format:
   {
       "Answer": "OK",
       "GlobalParameters":[
           {
               "Alias": Name for the file,
               "Filename": Path to file
       ],
       "Message":"",
       "Result":[
           {
               "ChAlias": Alias_of_the_measurement channel,
               "Filename": Path_to_file,
               "PhaseType": "Heating" / "Cooling" / "TspCalib"
           },
       ]
```

Variables:

• **Filename**: link to the results file.

To download the report, attach the link in the **Filename** field to the base URL of your system. For example, if you access the Control Software through *http://* 192.168.0.123:8085, then the report in the example above can be downloaded from the following URL:

```
http://192.168.0.123:8085/measurement/
heating_MyTestConfig_transient_T3STER_1_MS401_SLOT3_CH1.par
```

• ChAlias:

- o For the classic file format, this field describes the alias of the measurement channel.
- o For the single file format (*.parx), this field describes the ConfigName.

• PhaseType:

- Heating
- Cooling
- o TspCalib

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "GlobalParameters":[
            "Alias": "Measurement Parameters",
            "Filename":"/measurement/
measparams_MyTestConfig_transient.json"
    ],
    "Message":"",
    "Result":[
            "ChAlias":"/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
            "Filename": "/measurement/
heating MyTestConfig transient T3STER 1 MS401 SLOT3 CH1.par",
            "PhaseType": "Heating"
            "ChAlias":"/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
            "Filename": "/measurement/
heating MyTestConfig transient T3STER 1 MS401 SLOT3 CH1.raw",
            "PhaseType": "Heating"
            "ChAlias":"/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
            "Filename":"/measurement/
cooling MyTestConfig transient T3STER 1 MS401 SLOT3 CH1.par",
            "PhaseType": "Cooling"
            "ChAlias":"/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
            "Filename":"/measurement/
cooling MyTestConfig transient T3STER 1 MS401 SLOT3 CH1.raw",
            "PhaseType": "Cooling"
            "ChAlias": "MyTestConfig",
      "Filename": "/measurement/cooling MyTestConfig transient.parx",
"PhaseType": "Cooling"
            "ChAlias": "MyTestConfig",
      "Filename":"/measurement/heating MyTestConfig transient.parx",
"PhaseType": "Heating"
    ]
```

Query the Used Transient Model of the Task [QUERY_TASK_TRANSIENTMODEL]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_TASK_TRANSIENTMODEL] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_TRANSIENTMODEL",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_TRANSIENTMODEL",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_identification"
}
```

For the answer message format, see Base of the TransientModel.

```
{
     "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
     "Resources": {
          "CurrentSourceParams": [
               {
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                     "OutputMode": "ON",
                     "SetCurrent": 0.01,
                     "TriggerSource": "",
                     "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                     "VoltageCorner": 10
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                     "OutputMode": "PC",
                     "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                     "TriggerSource": ""
                     "UserAlias": "S1Ch1",
                     "VoltageCorner": 2
          ],
          "MeasCardChParams": [
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                     "AutoRange": true,
                     "DividerAlias": "",
                     "PowerStep": "@POWERSTEP_DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/
CHO; /T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CHO",
                     "RangeIdx": 13,
                     "Sensitivity": [
                          0.002
                     ],
                     "Uref": 0.5,
                     "UrefHeating": 0.5,
                     "UrefSwitching": false,
                     "UserAlias": "S3Ch1"
          ]
     "TimingParams": {
          "CoolingTime": 15,
          "DelayTime": 0,
          "HeatingTime": 15,
          "Repeat": 1,
          "SamplePerOctave": 1000,
          "TransientMode": "Cooling"
     "Type": "TransientModel"
```

Query the Used TSP Calibration Model of the Task [QUERY_TASK_TSPCALIBRATIONMODEL]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_TASK_TSPCALIBRATIONMODEL] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_TSPCALIBRATIONMODEL",
    "TaskAlias": Name_of_the_task
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "QUERY_TASK_TSPCALIBRATIONMODEL",
    "TaskAlias": "MyTestConfig_calibration"
}
```

For the answer message format, see Base of the TspCalibrationModel.

```
{
     "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig",
     "Resources": {
          "CurrentSourceParams": [
               {
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                     "OutputMode": "ON",
                     "SetCurrent": 0.01,
                     "TriggerSource": "",
                     "UserAlias": "S3Ch1",
                     "VoltageCorner": 10
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0",
                     "OutputMode": "PC",
                     "SetCurrent": 0.1,
                     "TriggerSource": ""
                     "UserAlias": "S1Ch1",
                     "VoltageCorner": 2
          ],
          "MeasCardChParams": [
                     "Alias": "/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0",
                     "AutoRange": false,
                     "DividerAlias": "",
                     "RangeIdx": 13,
                     "Uref": 0.5,
                     "UrefHeating": 0,
                     "UrefSwitching": false,
                     "UserAlias": "S3Ch1"
          ],
          "ThermostatParams": [
               {
                     "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
                     "StabilityCriteria": {
                          "DtMinMax": 1,
                          "DtTarget": 2,
                          "TimeWindow": 15,
                          "Timeout": 600
                     },
                     "UserAlias": "Th0"
               }
          1
     "TspCalibParams": {
          "CustomTemperature": 25,
          "DutStability": false,
          "EndAction": "StartTemp",
          "Mode": "Upwards",
          "ThtIntSensor": true,
          "Tmax": 85,
          "Tmin": 25,
          "Tstep": 10
```

```
},
"Type": "TspCalibrationModel"
}
```

Query the List of Existing Tasks [QUERY_TASKLIST]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY TASKLIST] command.

Command format:

For more information on the variables, see Query the Status of a Task [QUERY_TASK_STATUS].

Query the List of Existing Tasks Associated with a Specific Configuration [QUERY_CONFIGS_TASKLIST]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_CONFIGS_TASKLIST] command.

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_CONFIGS_TASKLIST",
    "ConfigName": Name_of_the_config
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "QUERY_CONFIGS_TASKLIST",
    "ConfigName": "MyTestConfig"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": "",
    "TaskAlias": [
        "MyTestConfig",
        "MyTestConfig_transient"
    ]
}
```

The *TaskAlias* will contain an array of the *TaskAliases* of all running tasks on the queried configuration.

Chapter 5 External Devices

This section provides a description of the commands related to external devices.

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Reinitialize External Hardware [REINITIALIZE_EXTERNAL_HARDWARE]

In case you changed a hardware configuration, or added a new external device to the system, you must reinitialize the system with the new setup using the **[REINITIALIZE EXTERNAL HARDWARE]** command.

This section provides a description of the [REINITIALIZE_EXTERNAL_HARDWARE] command

Command format:

```
{
    "Command": "REINITIALIZE_EXTERNAL_HARDWARE"
}
```

Answer message:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Note

All commands related to external device manipulation/query are unavailable during initialization, which may take several seconds.

Note_

This command will start a task with the "HW DISCOVERY" alias. You can check the progress of this task, using the QUERY_TASK_STATUS query.

This is a self-destruct task, so when the initialization is completed, the task will destroy itself. That means that if an initialization task cannot not be found, the task is finished successfully.

Thermostats

Thermostats must be connected to the T3STER SI RS232 port. Other ports are currently not supported.

Note

Currently, only one thermostat can be handled by the system on the RS232 port. The alias of the thermostat must be "/THERMOSTAT/0".

Thermostat configurations contain the following variables:

- BaudRate: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 500000, 576000, 921600, 1000000, 1152000, 1500000, 2000000, 2500000, 3000000, 3500000, or 4000000.
- **DataBits**: 7 or 8
- Handshake:
 - o *NONE*: no handshake.
 - o *XONXOFF*: Software flow control, also: XON/XOFF flow control.
 - o *REQUESTTOSEND*: Hardware handshake, also: RTS/CTS flow control.
 - o REQUESTTOSENDXONXOFF: both Software and Hardware handshakes.
- Parity:
 - o NONE
 - o ODD
 - o EVEN
- StopBits:
 - o SB1: 1 stop bit
 - o SB2: 2 stop bits
- ThermostatType:
 - o JULABO_HE: JULABO HE series protocol.
 - o JULABO_F: JULABO F series protocol.
 - o JULABO_CF: JULABO CF series protocol.
 - o MICREDTHT: MICRED Dry Thermostat.
 - o ARROYO: ARROYO Thermostat.
 - o *ESPEC*: Espec Thermostat.

o *HUBER_PB*: Huber Thermostat with PB commands.

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Get Thermostat Configuration[GET_THERMOSTAT_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [GET THERMOSTAT CONFIG] command.

To read the existing thermostat configuration, use the following command:

```
"Command": "GET THERMOSTAT CONFIG",
       "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0"
Answer message format:
   {
       "Answer": "OK",
       "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
       "SerialTransport": {
           "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
           "DataBits": DATABITS,
           "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
           "InterfaceID": "RS232",
           "Parity": PARITY,
           "StopBits": STOPBITS,
           "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
           "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec
       "StabilityCriteria": {
           "DtMinMax":
  Default value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees,
           "DtTarget": Default value for DeltaT from target in degrees,
           "TimeWindow": Default value for time window in sec,
           "Timeout": Default_value_for_timeout_in_sec,
       "ThermostatType": THERMOSTATTYPE
   }
```

```
{
     "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
     "Answer": "OK",
     "SerialTransport": {
          "BaudRate": 4800,
          "DataBits": 8,
          "Handshake": "NONE",
          "InterfaceID": "RS232",
          "Parity": "NONE",
          "StopBits": "ONE",
          "Timeout": 2000,
          "WriteSleep": 100
     "StabilityCriteria": {
          "DtMinMax": 0.1,
          "DtTarget": 0.25,
          "TimeWindow": 60,
          "Timeout": 1800
     "ThermostatType": "MICREDTHT"
```

Answer message example if the thermostat configuration does not exist:

```
{
    "Answer": "NOT_FOUND"
}
```

Save Thermostat Configuration [SAVE_THERMOSTAT_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [SAVE THERMOSTAT CONFIG] command.

To save a thermostat configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE THERMOSTAT CONFIG",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
    "SerialTransport": {
        "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
        "DataBits": DATABITS,
        "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
        "InterfaceID": "RS232",
        "Parity": PARITY,
        "StopBits": STOPBITS,
        "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
        "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec
    "StabilityCriteria": {
        "DtMinMax":
Default value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees,
        "DtTarget": Default value for DeltaT from target in degrees,
        "TimeWindow": Default_value_for_time_window_in_sec,
        "Timeout": Default value for timeout in sec,
    "ThermostatType": THERMOSTATTYPE
}
```

Note.

Currently, only one thermostat can be handled by the system on the RS232 port. The alias of the thermostat must be "/THERMOSTAT/O".

Command example:

```
{
     "Command": "SAVE THERMOSTAT CONFIG",
     "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
     "Answer": "OK",
     "SerialTransport": {
          "BaudRate": 4800,
          "DataBits": 8,
          "Handshake": "NONE",
          "InterfaceID": "RS232",
          "Parity": "NONE",
          "StopBits": "ONE",
          "Timeout": 2000,
          "WriteSleep": 100
     "StabilityCriteria": {
          "DtMinMax": 0.1,
          "DtTarget": 0.25,
          "TimeWindow": 60,
          "Timeout": 1800
     "ThermostatType": "MICREDTHT"
```

Note

After saving a new thermostat configuration, the system must be rebooted, or the Reinitialize External Hardware [REINITIALIZE_EXTERNAL_HARDWARE] command must be called to initialize the thermostat with the new parameters.

Enable Thermostat Circulator[ENABLE_THERMOSTAT]

This section provides a description of the [ENABLE THERMOSTAT] command.

To enable a thermostat circulator, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "ENABLE_THERMOSTAT",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0"
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Disable Thermostat Circulator [DISABLE_THERMOSTAT]

This section provides a description of the [DISABLE THERMOSTAT] command.

To disable a thermostat circulator, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "DISABLE_THERMOSTAT",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0"
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Set Thermostat Temperature [SET_THERMOSTAT_TEMPERATURE]

This section provides a description of the **[SET_THERMOSTAT_TEMPERATURE]** command.

To set the temperature of a thermostat manually, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SET_THERMOSTAT_TEMPERATURE",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
    "SetTemperature": Temperature_in_degrees
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "SET_THERMOSTAT_TEMPERATURE",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
    "SetTemperature": 12.34
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Query Thermostat Status [QUERY_THERMOSTAT_STATUS]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY THERMOSTAT STATUS] command.

To query the status of a thermostat manually, use the following command:

```
"Command": "QUERY_THERMOSTAT_STATUS",
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0"
}

Answer message format:

{
    "ActualTemperature": Actual_temperature_in_degrees,
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Enabled": true/false,
    "HwStatus": Status_string_of_the_thermostat,
    "Message": "",
    "Status": STATUS,
    "TargetTemperature": Target_temperature_in_degrees
}
```

{

```
{
    "ActualTemperature": 25.046,
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Enabled": true,
    "HwStatus": "03 REMOTE START",
    "Message": "",
    "Status": "STABLE",
    "TargetTemperature": 25
}
```

Possible values for the **Status** variable:

- *STABLE*: the thermostat is stabilized around the target temperature.
- *HEATING*: the thermostat is heating up.
- *COOLING*: the thermostat is cooling down.
- APPROACHING: the thermostat is approaching the target temperature by 1°C.
- *NOT STABLE*: the thermostat cannot reach stability before timeout.
- *UNKNOWN*: error status.

Query Unused Thermostat Ports [GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_THERMOSTATS]

This section provides a description of the

```
[GET ALL UNUSED PORTS FOR THERMOSTATS] command.
```

To get a list of all ports which are not used for thermostats yet, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_THERMOSTATS"
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Ports": [
        "RS232"
        "USB0"
    ]
```

Initialize New Thermostat [TRY_INIT_THEMOSTAT_AND_SAVE_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [TRY_INIT_THERMOSTAT_AND_SAVE_CONFIG] command.

To initialize a new thermostat and save the new - or modified - thermostat configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "TRY INIT THEMOSTAT AND SAVE CONFIG"
    "Alias": "/THERMOSTAT/0",
    "SerialTransport": {
        "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
        "DataBits": DATABITS,
        "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
        "InterfaceID": ID of the port,
        "Parity": PARITY,
        "StopBits": STOPBITS,
        "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
        "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec
    "StabilityCriteria": {
        "DtMinMax":
Default value for maximum allowed temperature change in degrees,
        "DtTarget": Default value for DeltaT from target in degrees,
        "TimeWindow": Default value for time window in sec,
        "Timeout": Default value for timeout in sec,
    "ThermostatType": THERMOSTATTYPE
}
```

When this command is issued, the system tries to initialize the thermostat with the specified parameters. If the process is successfully finished, the previous thermostat is removed and released from the system and the new thermostat configuration file is saved.

The *InterfaceID* can be any of the ports listed in the ports array returned by the **[GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_THERMOSTATS]** command (see Query Unused Thermostat Ports [GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_THERMOSTATS]).

Serial Communication Ports

The system has an RS485 and a USB-A port for external devices other than thermostats. Currently, only Simcenter Micred Boosters and TDK Genesys power supplies are supported.

If you want to attach more than one USB devices to the system, make sure that the hub is supplied by its own power supply.

Get a List of All Available Ports for External Devices [GET_ALL_AVAILABLE_PORTS]

This section provides a description of the [GET ALL AVAILABLE PORTS] command.

To get a list of all available ports in the system, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_ALL_AVAILABLE_PORTS"
}
Answer message format:
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Ports": Array_of_available_ports
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Ports": [
        "RS485",
        "USB0"
    ]
}
```

Query Unused Ports for External Devices [GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_EXT_PSUS]

This section provides a description of the [GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_EXT_PSUS] command.

To get a list of all ports that are not used for external devices yet, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_ALL_UNUSED_PORTS_FOR_EXT_PSUS"
}
```

Answer message example:

Search for Devices on a Port [SEARCH_BUSINSTRUMENTS]

This section provides a description of the [SEARCH BUSINSTRUMENTS] command.

To find the attached serial devices (for example, a TDK Genesys power supply) on a port, use the following command with the serial port parameters:

```
{
    "Command": "SEARCH BUSINSTRUMENTS",
    "Ports": [
        {
            "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
            "DataBits": DATABITS,
            "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
            "InterfaceID": ID of the port,
            "Parity": PARITY,
            "StopBits": STOPBITS,
            "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
            "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec,
            "FromAddress": Lowest address number for searching,
            "ToAddress": Highest address number for searching
        }
   ]
}
```

The *InterfaceID* can be any port listed in the ports array of the Get a List of All Available Ports for External Devices [GET_ALL_AVAILABLE_PORTS] command.

The special variables in this command are the same as in thermostat configurations. For more information, see Thermostats.

Command example:

```
Answer message format:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Ports": [
                   "Instruments": [
                             "Address": Address,
                             "InstrumentType": INSTRUMENT TYPE,
                             "Serial Number": Serial number of the device,
                             "Type": Exact type of the device
                   ],
                   "InterfaceID": "RS485"
        ]
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Ports": [
                   "Instruments": [
                        {
                             "Address": 5,
                             "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                             "SerialNumber": "123A456-7890",
                             "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
                             "Address": 6,
                             "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                             "SerialNumber": "123A456-7891",
                             "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
                   "InterfaceID": "RS485"
             }
        ]
```

Possible values of the **InstrumentType** parameter:

- *TDKPSU*: TDK power supply
- *HXMCG*: HXM CG Current generator
- *HXMOS*: HXM OS Output stage
- *HXMDIV*: HXM Divider

Add or Overwrite a Port Configuration [ADD_OR_OVERWRITE_BUS_TO_BUSINSTRUMEN T_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the

[ADD OR OVERWRITE BUS TO BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG] command.

To initialize an external device which was not handled automatically, you must save the port configuration first. The port configuration must contain the serial bus parameters, and the information about the devices on that bus.

To save a port configuration, use the following command.

```
{
     "Command": "ADD OR OVERWRITE BUS TO BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG",
     "Buses": [
               "Instruments": [
                          "Address": Address,
                          "Alias": Alias,
                          "InstrumentType": INSTRUMENT TYPE,
                          "SerialNumber": Serial number of the device,
                          "Type": Exact type of the device
               ],
               "SerialTransport": {
                    "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
                     "DataBits": DATABITS,
                    "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
                    "InterfaceID": Port name,
                     "Parity": PARITY,
                    "StopBits": STOPBITS,
                    "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
           "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec
}
     1
```

The instrument parameters can be obtained using the Search for Devices on a Port [SEARCH_BUSINSTRUMENTS] command. The instrument alias can be any value, but it is suggested to use the serial number of the device.

Note

After saving a new port configuration, the system must be rebooted, or the Reinitialize External Hardware [REINITIALIZE_EXTERNAL_HARDWARE] command must be called to initialize the new devices.

```
Command example:
```

```
{
     "Command": "ADD OR OVERWRITE BUS TO BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG",
     "Buses": [
               "Instruments": [
                          "Address": 5,
                          "Alias": "123A456-7890",
                          "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                          "SerialNumber": "123A456-7890",
                          "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
                          "Address": 6,
                          "Alias": "123A456-7891",
                          "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                          "SerialNumber": "123A456-7891",
                          "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
               "SerialTransport": {
                    "BaudRate": 19200,
                    "DataBits": 8,
                     "Handshake": "NONE",
                     "InterfaceID": "RS485",
                     "Parity": "NONE",
                    "StopBits": "NONE",
                     "Timeout": 2000,
                     "WriteSleep": -1
     ]
```

```
{
     "Answer": "OK",
     "Message": ""
```

Query an Existing Port Configuration [QUERY BUS FROM BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_BUS_FROM_BUSINSTRUMENT_CONFIG] command. To query an existing port configuration by the name of the port, use the following command:

```
{
       "Command": "QUERY BUS FROM BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG",
       "BusId": Port name
Command example:
   {
       "Command": "QUERY BUS FROM BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG",
       "BusId": "RS485"
Answer message format:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Buses": [
             {
                   "Instruments": [
                             "Address": Address,
                             "Alias": Alias,
                             "InstrumentType": INSTRUMENT TYPE,
                             "SerialNumber": Serial_number_of_the_device,
                             "Type": Exact type of the device
                  ],
                   "SerialTransport": {
                        "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
                        "DataBits": DATABITS,
                        "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
                        "InterfaceID": Port name,
                        "Parity": PARITY,
                        "StopBits": STOPBITS,
                        "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
              "WriteSleep": Sleeping_time_after_every_command_in_msec
   },
        ],
        "Message": ""
```

```
{
     "Answer": "OK",
     "Buses": [
                "Instruments": [
                          "Address": 5,
                          "Alias": "123A456-7890",
                          "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                          "SerialNumber": "123A456-7890",
                          "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
               ],
                "SerialTransport": {
                     "BaudRate": 19200,
                     "DataBits": 8,
                     "Handshake": "NONE",
                     "InterfaceID": "RS485",
                     "Parity": "NONE",
                     "StopBits": "NONE",
                     "Timeout": 2000,
                     "WriteSleep": -1
     "Message": ""
```

Get All Saved Port Configurations [GET_BUSINSTRUMENT_INFO]

This section provides a description of the [GET BUSINSTRUMENT INFO] command.

To query all existing port configurations and their availability, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_BUSINSTRUMENT_INFO"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
     "Answer": "OK",
     "Buses": [
               "Available": true/false,
               "BusId": Port name,
               "Instruments": [
                          "Address": Address,
                          "Alias": Alias,
                          "Available": true/false,
                          "InstrumentType": INSTRUMENT TYPE,
                          "SerialNumber": Serial_number_of_the_device,
                          "Type": Exact_type_of_the_device
               ],
               "SerialTransport": {
                     "BaudRate": BAUDRATE,
                     "DataBits": DATABITS,
                     "Handshake": HANDSHAKE,
                     "InterfaceID": Port name,
                     "Parity": PARITY,
                     "StopBits": STOPBITS,
                     "Timeout": Timeout in msec,
           "WriteSleep": Sleeping time after every command in msec
},
               "Status": "OK"
     ],
     "Message": ""
```

```
{
     "Answer": "OK",
     "Buses": [
               "Available": true,
               "BusId": "RS485",
                "Instruments": [
                          "Address": 5,
                          "Alias": "123A456-7890",
                          "Available": true,
                          "InstrumentType": "TDKPSU",
                          "SerialNumber": "123A456-7890",
                          "Type": "LAMBDA, GEN30-50"
                "SerialTransport": {
                     "BaudRate": 19200,
                     "DataBits": 8,
                     "Handshake": "NONE",
                     "InterfaceID": "RS485",
                     "Parity": "NONE",
                     "StopBits": "NONE",
                     "Timeout": 2000,
                     "WriteSleep": -1
                "Status": "OK"
     ],
     "Message": ""
```

Remove an Existing Port Configuration [REMOVE_BUS_FROM_BUSINSTRUMENT_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the

[REMOVE BUS FROM BUSINSTRUMENT CONFIG] command.

To remove an existing port configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_BUS_FROM_BUSINSTRUMENT_CONFIG",
    "BusId": "RS485"
}
```

Answer message:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Get a List of All Attachable PSUs [QUERY_EXTERNAL_ATTACHABLE_PSUS]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_EXTERNAL_ATTACHABLE_PSUS] command.

To query the list of all available external power supply units, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_EXTERNAL_ATTACHABLE_PSUS"
}
```

Answer message format:

Boosters

This section provides a description of the commands related to the management of Boosters and their associated PSUs.

Note_

{

PWB 240A type boosters are assigned to their power supplies automatically by the system, thus, these boosters cannot be configured manually.

```
      Query all Initiated USB Booster Devices [QUERY_EXTERNAL_DEVICES].
      117

      Save a Booster Configuration [SAVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG].
      118

      Get Booster Configuration List [GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST].
      119

      Get Booster Configuration List with PSU Availability Information
      120

      Remove a Booster Configuration [REMOVE BOOSTER CONFIG].
      121
```

Query all Initiated USB Booster Devices [QUERY_EXTERNAL_DEVICES]

"Command": "QUERY EXTERNAL DEVICES"

This section provides a description the [QUERY_EXTERNAL_DEVICES] command.

To query all initiated USB boosters in the system, use the following command:

Answer message format:

Save a Booster Configuration [SAVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG]

This section provides a description the [SAVE BOOSTER CONFIG] command.

To save a booster configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "ExtPsuAliases": [
        Alias_of_the_PSU_attached_to_first_channel,
        Alias_of_the_PSU_attached_to_second_channel
],
    "SerialNumber": Serial_number_of_the_booster
}
```

Note

If a configuration already exits with the same booster (same serial number), it will be overwritten.

Command example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Get Booster Configuration List [GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST]

This section provides a description the [GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST] command.

To query all available booster configurations, use the following command:

Get Booster Configuration List with PSU Availability Information [GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST_EXTENDED]

This section provides a description the **[GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST_EXTENDED]** command.

To query all available booster configurations with PSU availability, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_BOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST_EXTENDED"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
       "Answer": "OK",
       "BoosterPsuAssociations": [
               "Available": [
                   Availability of the PSU attached to first channel true/
   false,
                   Availability of the PSU attached to first channel true/
   false
               "ExtPsuAliases": [
                   Alias of the PSU attached to first channel,
                   Alias of the PSU attached to second channel
               "SerialNumber": Serial number of the booster
       ],
       "Message": ""
Answer message example:
       "Answer": "OK",
       "BoosterPsuAssociations": [
               "Available": [
                   true,
                   true
               ],
               "ExtPsuAliases": [
                    "/EXTSUPPLY/836A032-1236",
                    "/EXTSUPPLY/836A032-1237"
               ],
               "SerialNumber": "BLD10232"
       "Message": ""
```

Remove a Booster Configuration [REMOVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG]

This section provides a description the [REMOVE BOOSTER CONFIG] command.

To remove an existing booster configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "SerialNumber": Serial_number_of_the_booster
}
```

```
Command example:
```

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_BOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "SerialNumber": "BLD00627"
}

Answer message example:
    {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
}
```

Modular Devices

This section provides a description of the commands related to the management of modular devices.

Save a Modular Device Configuration [SAVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG]	123
Get a List of All Modular Device Configurations [GET_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG_L	IST]
Get Modular Device Configuration List with PSU Availability Information	
[GET_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST_EXTENDED]	125
Remove a Modular Device Configuration [REMOVE HXMBOOSTER CONFIG].	126

Save a Modular Device Configuration [SAVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG]

This section provides a description of the [SAVE HXMBOOSTER CONFIG] command.

To save a modular device configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "Alias": Alias_of_the_configuration,
    "ExtPsuAlias": Alias_of_attached_PSU,
    "SerialNumberCg": Serial_number_of_the_CG,
    "SerialNumberOs": Serial_number_of_the_OS,
    "SerialNumberDiv": Serial_number_of_the_DIVIDER
}
```

Note

If a configuration already exits with the same modular device (same serial number), it will be overwritten.

Add a new configuration to the end of the configuration list. If a record already exists with the same alias or the same devices, it will be overwritten.

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "SAVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "Alias": "MyModularConfig",
    "ExtPsuAlias": "/EXTSUPPLY/123A456-7890",
    "SerialNumberCg": "HXMCG123456",
    "SerialNumberOs": "HXMOS123456",
    "SerialNumberDiv": "HXMDIV123456"
}
```

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Get a List of All Modular Device Configurations [GET_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST]

This section provides a description of the [GET_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST] command.

To query all available modular device configurations, use the following command:

```
{
       "Command": "GET HXMBOOSTER CONFIG LIST"
Answer message format:
       "Answer": "OK",
       "HxmBoosterAssociations": [
               "Alias": Alias_of_the_configuration,
               "ExtPsuAlias": Alias_of_attached_PSU,
               "SerialNumberCg": Serial number of the CG,
               "SerialNumberOs": Serial number of the OS,
               "SerialNumberDiv": Serial number of the DIVIDER
       ],
       "Message": ""
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "HxmBoosterAssociations": [
                  "Alias": "MyModularConfig",
                  "ExtPsuAlias": "/EXTSUPPLY/211B028-0002",
                  "SerialNumberCg": "HXMCG123456",
                  "SerialNumberOs": "HXMOS123456",
                   "SerialNumberDiv": "HXMDIV123456"
        ],
        "Message": ""
```

Get Modular Device Configuration List with PSU Availability Information [GET_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG_LIST_EXTENDED]

This section provides a description the

```
[GET HXMBOOSTER CONFIG LIST EXTENDED] command.
```

To query all available modular device configurations with PSU availability, use the following command:

```
{
       "Command": "GET HXMBOOSTER CONFIG LIST EXTENDED"
Answer message format:
       "Answer": "OK",
       "HxmBoosterAssociations": [
               "Alias": Alias of the configuration,
               "Available": true/false,
               "ExtPsuAlias": Alias of attached PSU,
               "SerialNumberCq": Serial number of the CG,
            "SerialNumberOs": Serial_number_of_the_OS,
            "SerialNumberDiv": Serial number of the DIVIDER
       ],
       "Message": ""
Answer message example:
       "Answer": "OK",
       "HxmBoosterAssociations": [
               "Alias": "MyModularConfig",
               "Available": true,
               "ExtPsuAlias": "/EXTSUPPLY/123A456-7890",
               "SerialNumberCg": "HXMCG123456",
               "SerialNumberOs": "HXMOS123456",
               "SerialNumberDiv": "HXMDIV123456"
       ],
       "Message": ""
```

Remove a Modular Device Configuration [REMOVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG]

This section provides a description the [REMOVE HXMBOOSTER CONFIG] command.

To remove an existing modular device configuration, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "REMOVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "Alias": Alias_of_the_configuration
}

Command example:

{
    "Command": "REMOVE_HXMBOOSTER_CONFIG",
    "Alias": "MyModularConfig"
}

Answer message example:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Chapter 6 Global System Settings

This section provides a description of the commands related to global system settings.

Identification Settings	128
Get the Identification Parameters [GET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS]	128
Set the Identification Parameters [SET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS]	129
Global GUI Settings	130
Get Global GUI Settings [GET_GUI_SETTINGS]	130
Set Global GUI Settings [SET GUI SETTINGS]	13

Identification Settings

The Simcenter Micred T3STER SI has the ability to determine the appropriate measurement range and reference voltage for DUT measurements.

When the *AutoRange* property is set to **true** for a measurement channel (see Measurement Channels in a Configuration [MeasCardChParams]), an identification will be performed before the measurement with the identification parameters described in this section.

Get the Identification Parameters [GET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS]

This section provides a description of the **[GET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS]** command.

To query identification parameters, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command": "GET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS"
}

Answer message format:

{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Identification": {
        "ExpectedMaxTemperatureChange":
    Maximum_temperature_change_in_degrees,
        "HeatingPulseLength":
    Heating_pulse_length_of_the_identification_in_msec,
        "Margin": Margin_for_overhead,
        "Time1ApproxPoint": Approximation_start_point_in_msec,
        "Time2ApproxPoint": Approximation_end_point_in_msec
    },
    "Message": ""
}
```

Set the Identification Parameters [SET_IDENTIFICATION_SETTINGS]

This section provides a description of the [SET IDENTIFICATION SETTINGS] command.

To set the identification parameters, use the following command:

```
{
       "Command": "SET IDENTIFICATION SETTINGS",
       "Identification": {
           "ExpectedMaxTemperatureChange":
  Maximum temperature change in degrees,
           "HeatingPulseLength":
  Heating_pulse_length_of_the_identification in msec,
           "Margin": Margin for overhead,
           "Time1ApproxPoint": Approximation start point in msec,
           "Time2ApproxPoint": Approximation end point in msec
       },
Command example:
   {
       "Command": "SET IDENTIFICATION SETTINGS",
       "Identification": {
           "ExpectedMaxTemperatureChange": 200,
           "HeatingPulseLength": 20,
           "Margin": 2,
           "Time1ApproxPoint": 10,
           "Time2ApproxPoint": 15
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": ""
```

Global GUI Settings

This section provides a description of the global GUI settings.

The following global GUI settings are available:

• **FileformatGeneration**: generates the measurement results in the specified file format for downloading. It only affects the output before the measurement is started.

The following file formats are available:

- o "Classic": classic format (*.par and *.raw)
- o "Parx": single file format (*.parx)
- o "Both": generates both file formats
- **SwitchToPlot**: switches to *Plot* view automatically when the measurement is started (this is a GUI feature only; it does not affect the API).

Get Global GUI Settings [GET_GUI_SETTINGS]

This section provides a description of the [GET_GUI_SETTINGS] command.

To get the global GUI settings in the system, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command":"GET_GUI_SETTINGS"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "GuiGlobalSettings": {
        "FileformatGeneration": File_format,
        "SwitchToPlot": true/false
    },
    "Message": ""
}
```

Set Global GUI Settings [SET_GUI_SETTINGS]

This section provides a description of the [SET_GUI_SETTINGS] command.

To set the global GUI parameters, use the following command:

For more information on the supported file formats, see Global GUI Settings.

Command example:

```
{
    "Command": "SET_GUI_SETTINGS",
    "GuiGlobalSettings": {
         "FileformatGeneration": "Both"
    }
}
```

Answer message example:

```
{
    "Answer": "OK",
    "Message": ""
}
```

Chapter 7 Miscellaneous Commands

This section provides a description of miscellaneous commands.

Check LP220 Parameters [QUERY_LP220_PARAMETERS_VALIDITY]	133
Query Thermometer Channels Standard Equations	
[QUERY_THERMOMETER_STANDARD_EQUATIONS]	134

Check LP220 Parameters [QUERY_LP220_PARAMETERS_VALIDITY]

This section provides a description of the [QUERY_LP220_PARAMETERS_VALIDITY] command.

Using this command, you can perform an LP220 parameter check with a human-readable error description. The reply contains a merged error list, where the errors are separated by $\rdot r \ n'$.

Command format:

```
"Command": "QUERY LP220 PARAMETERS VALIDITY",
    "CurrentCornerCh0Min":
LP220 first channel current minimum value in ampere,
    "CurrentCornerCh0Max":
LP220 first channel current maximum value in ampere,
    "CurrentCornerCh1Min":
LP220 second channel current minimum value in ampere,
    "CurrentCornerCh1Max":
LP220 second channel current maximum value in ampere,
    "VoltageCornerCh0Min":
LP220 first channel voltage minimum value in volt,
    "VoltageCornerCh0Max":
LP220_first_channel_voltage_maximum_value_in_volt,
    "VoltageCornerCh1Min":
LP220 second channel voltage minimum value in volt,
    "VoltageCornerCh1Max":
LP220 second channel voltage maximum value in volt
```

```
Command example:
```

```
{
    "Command": "QUERY_LP220_PARAMETERS_VALIDITY",
    "CurrentCornerCh0Min": 0.0,
    "CurrentCornerCh1Min": 0.0,
    "CurrentCornerCh1Min": 0.0,
    "CurrentCornerCh1Max": 1.0,
    "VoltageCornerCh0Min": 0.0,
    "VoltageCornerCh0Max": 35.0,
    "VoltageCornerCh1Min": 0.0,
    "VoltageCornerCh1Max": 35.0
}

Answer message example:
{
    "Answer": "OUT OF LIMITS".
```

```
"Answer": "OUT_OF_LIMITS",

"Message": "LP220 CH1: Current 1A is out of limit (the allowed value is 0.5A if voltage is 35V)\r\nLP220 CH1: Voltage 35V is out of limit (the allowed value is 20V if current is 1A)\r\nLP220 CH2: Current 1A is out of limit (the allowed value is 0.5A if voltage is 35V)\r\nLP220 CH2: Voltage 35V is out of limit (the allowed value is 20V if current is 1A)"
}
```

Query Thermometer Channels Standard Equations [QUERY_THERMOMETER_STANDARD_EQUATIONS]

This section provides a description of the

[QUERY THERMOMETER STANDARD EQUATIONS] command.

To query thermometer channels standard equations, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command":"QUERY_THERMOMETER_STANDARD_EQUATIONS"
}
```

Answer message format:

```
{
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": "",
        "ThermometerStandardEquations": [{
           "Name": SENSOR TYPE,
           "Coefficients": [
               list of coefficients, highest index is the highest polynom
   coefficient
           ],
           "Type": "Polynomial"
        }]
Answer message example:
   {
        "Answer": "OK",
        "Message": "",
        "ThermometerStandardEquations": [
                   "Coefficients": [
                        -247.29,
                        2399.2,
                        639.62,
                        1024.1
                  ],
                   "Name": "PT100",
                   "Type": "Polynomial"
             }, ...
        ],
```

Which means:

 $T_{PT100} = -247.29 + 2399.2R + 639.62R^2 + 1024.1R^3$

Appendix 8 Appendix

This section provides a description of power step calculations, enums formats, measurement and thermometer channels range definitions, and application card Hardware flags.

Power Step Calculations	13'
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Application Card Hardware Flags	140
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Power Step Calculations

This section provides a description of power step calculations.

Query Available Power Step Equations [GET_POWERSTEP_EQUATIONS_FORMAT]

To query the currently available power step equations and their formats, use the following command:

```
{
    "Command":"GET_POWERSTEP_EQUATIONS_FORMAT"
}
```

```
"Answer": "OK",
     "Message": "",
     "Powersteps": [
          "0",
"@POWERSTEP DIODE; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourceAlias",
          "@POWERSTEP PASSIVE; MeasChannelAlias0; MeasChannelAlias1; ... ",
"@POWERSTEP THREEPOLE BASE GATE GROUNDED VJUMP;DriveCurrentSourceAlias;Vo
ltageSourceAlias",
"@POWERSTEP THREEPOLE BASE GATE GROUNDED IJUMP; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; D
riveCurrentSourceAlias; VoltageSourceAlias",
"@POWERSTEP THREEPOLE ON STATE; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourc
eAlias",
"@POWERSTEP THREEPOLE DIODE ON STATE HEATING; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; Dri
veCurrentSourceAlias",
"@POWERSTEP RDSON; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourceAlias; RdsonG
eneratorAlias"
     ]
```

Diode Power Step

For simple diode measurements, use the following format:

```
"@POWERSTEP DIODE; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourceAlias"
```

For example:

"@POWERSTEP DIODE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0"

Variables:

- SensorCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{sense}
- DriveCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{drive}

Passive Power Step

For passive elements, the power step is calculated as the sum of the power steps of other measurement channels:

```
"@POWERSTEP PASSIVE; MeasChannelAlias0; MeasChannelAlias1; ... "
```

For example:

"@POWERSTEP PASSIVE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH1"

Variables:

• *MeasChannelAlias0*: the alias of the other measurement channels

3-Pole Base (Gate) Grounded Setup, Voltage Jump Method Power Step

For the 3-pole base (gate) grounded setup, voltage jump method, use the following format:

 $\verb|"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_BASE_GATE_GROUNDED_VJUMP; DriveCurrentSourceAlias; VoltageSourceAlias||$

For example:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_BASE_GATE_GROUNDED_VJUMP;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH1"

Variables:

- *DriveCurrentSourceAlias*: the alias of the I_{drive}
- VoltageSourceAlias: the alias of the V_{CR}

3-Pole Base (Gate) Grounded Setup, Current Jump Method Power Step

For the 3-pole base (gate) grounded setup, current jump method, use the following format:

"POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_BASE_GATE_GROUNDED_IJUMP; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourceAlias; VoltageSourceAlias"

For example:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_BASE_GATE_GROUNDED_IJUMP;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/ CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH1"

Variables:

- SensorCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{sense}
- *DriveCurrentSourceAlias*: the alias of the I_{drive}
- *VoltageSourceAlias*: the alias of the V_{CB}

3-Pole On State Setup Power Step

For the 3-pole on state setup, use the following format:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_ON_STATE;SensorCurrentSourceAlias;DriveCurrentSourceAlias"

For example:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_ON_STATE;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/ SLOT1/CH0"

Variables:

- SensorCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{sense}
- *DriveCurrentSourceAlias*: the alias of the I_{drive}

3-Pole On State Heating, Body Diode Measurement Setup Power Step

For the 3-pole on state heating, body diode measurement setup, use the following format:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_DIODE_ON_STATE_HEATING; SensorCurrentSourceAlias; DriveCurrentSourceAlias"

For example:

"@POWERSTEP_THREEPOLE_DIODE_ON_STATE_HEATING;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/
T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0"

Variables:

- SensorCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{sense}
- *DriveCurrentSourceAlias*: the alias of the I_{drive}

RDS-ON Power Step

For the RDS-ON measurement setup, use the following format:

"@POWERSTEP_RDSON;SensorCurrentSourceAlias;DriveCurrentSourceAlias;RdsonGeneratorAlias"

For example:

"@POWERSTEP_RDSON;/T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH0;/T3STER/0/LP220/SLOT1/CH0;/
T3STER/0/MS401/SLOT3/CH1"

Variables:

• SensorCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{sense}

- DriveCurrentSourceAlias: the alias of the I_{drive}
- RdsonGeneratorAlias: as the V_{DS} is currently measured with a measurement channel, use the alias of the measurement channel, where the V_{DS} is measured.

Enums Format

This section provides a description of the enums format.

Enums Related to Current Sources

OUTPUT MODE:

- "ON": always on
- "OFF": always off
- "PC": switching (ON for heating and OFF for cooling)

Enums Related to Current Sources with Active Load

ACTIVELOAD_PROGRAMMING_MODE:

- "FULL_PARAMS": parameters set manually (requires the OnStateDutVoltage field)
- "AUTO_VOLTAGE_CORNER_SEEK": the **Auto voltage corner seek** option is selected (the on state voltage will be detected automatically; requires the *PulseLengthMs* field)

Enums Related to Trigger Outputs

TRIGGER OUTPUT MODE:

- "High": always in High state
- "Low": always in Low state
- "Switched": High state for heating and Low state for cooling
- "Switched Inverted": Low state for heating and High state for cooling
- "Disabled": disabled (high-Z)

Enums Related to Voltage Sources

OUTPUT MODE:

- "ON": always on (requires the OnStateVoltage field)
- "OFF": always off

• "SWITCHVOLT": switching between two states (requires the OnStateVoltage and OffStateVoltage fields)

Enums Related to TSP Calibration

END ACTION:

- "StartTemp": when the calibration is finished, the thermostat is set to the start temperature of the calibration.
- "EndTemp": when the calibration is finished, the thermostat is set to the last measured temperature during the calibration.
- "CustomTemp": when the calibration is finished, the thermostat is set to the temperature described in the CustomTemperature field.

CALIBRATION_DIRECTION:

- "Upwards": from T_{min} to T_{max}
- "Downwards": from T_{max} to T_{min}

Enums Related to Source Timing Control

TYPE:

- "CurrentSource": addresses a current source
- "CurrentSourceWithActiveload": addresses a current source with active load
- "VoltageSource": addresses a voltage source

Enums Related to Any Source with Delay

DELAY MODE:

- "NOT_SUPPORTED": for this source, the delay option is not supported
- "CONTINUOUS": for this source, delay is only available for the falling trigger
- "CONTINUOUS_RISING_FALLING": for this source, delay is available both for the rising and for the falling trigger
- "DISCRETE": for this source, delay is only available for the falling trigger and it only accepts discrete values
- "DISCRETE_RISING_FALLING": for this source, delay is available both for the rising and for the falling trigger and it only accepts discrete values

Measurement Channels Range Definitions

This section provides a description of the measurement channels range definitions.

Table 8-1. Measurement Channels Range Definitions

Idx	Gain Mux	Gain	Atten	Nominal FS Range [V]	Vin [V] min- max	Total Noise RTI [μV]
0	GainX5_Offset	5	0.125	32	±80	329
1	GainX10_Offset	5	0.125	16	±80	240
2	GainX20_Offset	5	0.125	8	±80	212
3	GainX2_Offset	5	0.25	40	±40	360
4	GainX5_Offset	5	0.25	16	±40	204
5	GainX10_Offset	5	0.25	8	±40	170
6	GainX2_Offset	5	0.5	20	±20	191
7	GainX5_Offset	5	0.5	8	±20	120
8	GainX10_Offset	5	0.5	4	±20	106
9	GainX1_Offset	5	1	20	±10	162
10	GainX2_Offset	5	1	10	±10	81
11	GainX5_Offset	5	1	4	±10	33
12	GainX10_Offset	5	1	2	±10	18
13	GainX20_Offset	5	0.125	1	±10	11
14	GainX1_Offset	5	0.125	160	±80	1307
15	GainX2_Offset	5	0.125	80	±80	678

Thermometer Channels Range Definitions

This section provides a description of thermometer channels range definitions.

Table 8-2. Thermometer Channels Range Definitions

Idx	Sensor Measurement Mode
0	DISABLED
1	RTD_2WIRE_50000_OHM
2	RTD_2WIRE_20000_OHM
3	RTD_2WIRE_10000_OHM

Table 8-2. Thermometer Channels Range Definitions (cont.)

4 RTD_2WIRE_5000_OHM 5 RTD_2WIRE_1000_OHM 6 RTD_2WIRE_1000_OHM 7 RTD_2WIRE_500_OHM 8 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 9 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 12 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_50_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_50OO_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 33 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 34 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 35 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 36 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 37 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 38 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 39 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM	Idx	Sensor Measurement Mode
6 RTD_2WIRE_1000_OHM 7 RTD_2WIRE_500_OHM 8 RTD_2WIRE_500_OHM 9 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 12 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_50_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	4	RTD_2WIRE_5000_OHM
7 RTD_2WIRE_500_OHM 8 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 9 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 12 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	5	RTD_2WIRE_2000_OHM
8 RTD_2WIRE_200_OHM 9 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_20_OHM 12 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	6	RTD_2WIRE_1000_OHM
9 RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM 10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 12 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10OO_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_1000O_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_100O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 33 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 34 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 35 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 36 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 37 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 38 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM 39 RTD_4WIRE_50O_OHM	7	RTD_2WIRE_500_OHM
10 RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM 11 RTD_2WIRE_20_OHM 12 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	8	RTD_2WIRE_200_OHM
11 RTD_2WIRE_20_OHM 12 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	9	RTD_2WIRE_100_OHM
12 RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM 13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_5000O_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000O_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000O_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000O_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 33 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 34 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM 35 RTD_4WIRE_500O_OHM	10	RTD_2WIRE_50_OHM
13 RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM 14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	11	RTD_2WIRE_20_OHM
14 RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM 15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	12	RTD_2WIRE_10_OHM
15 RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM 16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	13	RTD_3WIRE_50000_OHM
16 RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM 17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	14	RTD_3WIRE_20000_OHM
17 RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM 18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	15	RTD_3WIRE_10000_OHM
18 RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM 19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	16	RTD_3WIRE_5000_OHM
19 RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM 20 RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	17	RTD_3WIRE_2000_OHM
20 RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM 21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	18	RTD_3WIRE_1000_OHM
21 RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM 22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	19	RTD_3WIRE_500_OHM
22 RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM 23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	20	RTD_3WIRE_200_OHM
23 RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM 24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM	21	RTD_3WIRE_100_OHM
24 RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM 25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	22	RTD_3WIRE_50_OHM
25 RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM 26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	23	RTD_3WIRE_20_OHM
26 RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM 27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	24	RTD_3WIRE_10_OHM
27 RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM 28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	25	RTD_4WIRE_50000_OHM
28 RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM 29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	26	RTD_4WIRE_20000_OHM
29 RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM 30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	27	RTD_4WIRE_10000_OHM
30 RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM 31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	28	RTD_4WIRE_5000_OHM
31 RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM 32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	29	RTD_4WIRE_2000_OHM
32 RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM	30	RTD_4WIRE_1000_OHM
	31	RTD_4WIRE_500_OHM
RTD_4WIRE_100_OHM	32	RTD_4WIRE_200_OHM
	33	RTD_4WIRE_100_OHM

IdxSensor Measurement Mode34RTD_4WIRE_50_OHM35RTD_4WIRE_20_OHM36RTD_4WIRE_10_OHM37THERMOCOUPLE_J

THERMOCOUPLE K

THERMOCOUPLE T

Table 8-2. Thermometer Channels Range Definitions (cont.)

Thermometer Channels Sample Per Sec Definitions

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This section provides a description of the thermometer channels sample per sec definitions.

Table 8-3. Thermometer Channels Sample Per Sec Definitions

Idx	Sample/sec (SPS)
0	2.5
1	5
2	10
3	16.6
4	20
5	50
6	60
7	100
8	200
9	400
10	800
11	1000
12	2000
13	4000

Application Card Hardware Flags

This section provides a description of the application card hardware flags.

- Generic error for all types of application cards:
 - Internal Appeard Error (CODE)
- MS401:
 - o OK
 - o Open Circuit: the MS401 card's sensor source is in open circuit
 - Overvoltage: the MS401 card's internal voltage protection has been activated
- TH800.
 - o OK
 - Sensor Error: a sensor is either unplugged, or the wrong sensor type was set on the TH800 card (works only with PTX type sensors)

Measurement Example

This section provides a description of a measurement example.

Single Diode Measurement (Python)

This measurement is a simple diode measurement written in Python3 language. Before using this sample measurement, you must install the Python3 environment with the 'websocket-client' package. The 'websocket-client' package is used for websocket communication.

For the installation command, see the header of the code snippet:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# Following modules must be installed:
# py -m pip install websocket-client
```

The Hardware setup is the following:

- MS401 card in Slot3: Ch1 is used for a sensor current source (10mA) and for thermal transient measurement.
- LP220 card in Slot1: Ch1 is used for a drive current source (100mA).

The Python script will print its state to the standard output during measurement, and the thermal transient measurement will be saved in the same folder in which the script runs. The script will save the files in both legacy and in the new file format (*PARX*).

You can download the sample script using the following link (using your T3STER's IP address):

http://<ip_address_of_your_t3ster>:8085/assets/docs/meas_examples/diode transient example.py