# Documentation: AM2302 Sensor Integration with Flask-Based Water Cooling System

## **Overview**

The project enhances a Raspberry Pi-based water cooling system to monitor temperature and humidity using an AM2302 (DHT22) sensor. The system uses a Flask web app (relay\_webapp.py) to:

- Control a relay on GPIO 16 for 120 seconds to activate the cooling system.
- Display sensor data and relay status on a webpage (index.html) with bilingual labels (English/Amharic).
- Update sensor readings every 5 seconds via AJAX without disrupting the relay countdown.
- Log relay and sensor events to a Logstash server (192.168.6.100:5959).

## **Hardware Setup**

- Components:
  - Raspberry Pi (e.g., Pi 4 or 5, running Raspberry Pi OS, Python 3.11).
  - AM2302 (DHT22) sensor (3-pin: +, -, OUT).
  - Relay module on GPIO 16.
  - 4.7kΩ pull-up resistor (non-polarized).
  - Optional:  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor for noise filtering,  $5k\Omega + 10k\Omega$  resistors for 5V voltage divider (if needed).

- Wiring:
  - + (VCC): Connect to Pin 1 (3.3V) on Raspberry Pi.
  - - (GND): Connect to Pin 6 (GND).
  - OUT (Data): Connect to Pin 7 (GPIO 4).
  - **Pull-up Resistor**: 4.7kΩ between + (VCC) and OUT (Data). Either resistor end can connect to either point (no polarity).
  - Diagram:

• Optional (for long cables >1m): Use Pin 2 (5V) for VCC with a voltage divider  $(5k\Omega + 10k\Omega)$  on Data to step down to 3.3V:

## **Software Setup**

- Dependencies:
  - System Packages:
  - bash

sudo apt update

- sudo apt install -y build-essential python3-dev git python3-pip python3-lgpio
- **Virtual Environment** (due to PEP 668 restrictions):
- bash

cd /home/cooling-automation/qrb/rpi python3 -m venv venv source venv/bin/activate

- pip install flask python-logstash adafruit-circuitpython-dht
- Why Virtual Environment?: Raspberry Pi OS (e.g., Bookworm, 64-bit) enforces PEP 668, preventing system-wide pip installs. A virtual environment (venv) isolates dependencies.
- Verify Libraries:
- bash

## source venv/bin/activate

• pip list

Ensure flask, python-logstash, and adafruit-circuitpython-dht are listed.

## **Code Implementation**

## Python Code: relay\_webapp.py

Located at  $\home/cooling-automation/qrb/rpi/relay_webapp.py$ , this Flask app controls the relay, reads the AM2302 sensor, and serves the webpage.

```
python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from flask import Flask, render template, Response, isonify
import RPi.GPIO as GPIO
import time
import threading
from logstash import TCPLogstashHandler
import logging
import adafruit_dht
import board
# Setup logging
mylogger = logging.getLogger( name )
handler = TCPLogstashHandler(host='192.168.6.100', port=5959)
mylogger.addHandler(handler)
app = Flask(__name__)
# GPIO Setup for relay
RELAY_PIN = 16
GPIO.setmode(GPIO.BCM)
GPIO.setup(RELAY_PIN, GPIO.OUT)
GPIO.output(RELAY_PIN, GPIO.LOW) # Relay off initially
# Sensor setup (AM2302 = DHT22, on GPIO 4)
DHT SENSOR = adafruit dht.DHT22(board.D4, use pulseio=False)
DHT_PIN = 4
# Global variable
relay_busy = False
def read sensor():
  """Read temperature and humidity from AM2302 with retries."""
  for i in range(3): # Retry up to 3 times
    try:
      temperature = DHT_SENSOR.temperature
```

```
humidity = DHT SENSOR.humidity
       if humidity is not None and temperature is not None:
          mylogger.info(f"Sensor reading: Temp={temperature:.1f}°C, Humidity={humidity:.1f}%")
          return round(temperature, 1), round(humidity, 1)
       time.sleep(2)
     except RuntimeError as e:
       mylogger.error(f"Sensor read error (attempt {i+1}): {e}")
       time.sleep(2)
  mylogger.error("Failed to read AM2302 sensor after retries")
  return None, None
def toggle relay():
  """Run relay for 120 seconds."""
  global relay busy
  relay busy = True
  try:
     mylogger.warning("Turning ON")
     print("Turning ON normally-off outlets")
    GPIO.output(RELAY PIN, GPIO.HIGH) # Turn on relay
    time.sleep(120) # Keep on for 120 seconds
     mylogger.warning("Turning OFF")
     print("Turning OFF normally-off outlets")
     GPIO.output(RELAY PIN, GPIO.LOW) # Turn off relay
  finally:
     relay busy = False
@app.route('/')
def index():
  temp, hum = read sensor()
  return render_template('index.html', current_temp=temp, current_hum=hum)
@app.route('/trigger')
def trigger():
  global relay busy
  if not relay_busy:
    threading.Thread(target=toggle_relay, daemon=True).start()
     return Response("Water is running for 120 seconds!", status=200)
  return Response("Relay is busy, please wait!", status=429)
@app.route('/get_status')
def get status():
  temp, hum = read sensor()
  return jsonify({
     'temp': temp,
     'humidity': hum,
     'relay_busy': relay_busy
  })
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
try:
    app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000, debug=False)
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    print("\nProgram terminated by user")
    GPIO.cleanup()
```

## **Key Features:**

html

- Uses adafruit-circuitpython-dht for AM2302 on GPIO 4.
- Reads temperature and humidity with retries to handle timing issues.
- Logs sensor readings and relay events to Logstash.
- Serves / for the webpage, /trigger for relay control, and /get status for AJAX updates.
- UTF-8 encoding (# -\*- coding: utf-8 -\*-) supports special characters (e.g., °C).

#### HTML Code: index.html

border-radius: 10px;

width: 90%; max-width: 500px; margin: auto;

color: #333;

} h1 {

box-shadow: 0 4px 8px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.2);

Located at /home/cooling-automation/qrb/rpi/templates/index.html, this displays the interface with bilingual labels and AJAX updates.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Water Cooling System</title>
  <style>
    body {
       font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
       display: flex;
       flex-direction: column;
       justify-content: center;
       align-items: center;
       min-height: 100vh;
       margin: 0;
       background-color: #f0f0f0;
       padding: 10px;
    }
     .container {
       text-align: center;
       background-color: white;
       padding: 2rem;
```

```
margin-bottom: 1.5rem;
  font-size: 2rem;
}
.status {
  font-size: 1.5rem;
  font-weight: bold;
  margin: 1rem 0;
}
.status.on {
  color: #4CAF50;
.status.off {
  color: #e74c3c;
}
.countdown {
  font-size: 2rem;
  color: #333;
  margin: 0.5rem 0;
}
.countdown-circle {
  width: 100px;
  height: 100px;
  margin: 0 auto;
  position: relative;
.countdown-circle svg {
  transform: rotate(-90deg);
}
.countdown-circle circle {
  fill: none;
  stroke: #4CAF50;
  stroke-width: 10;
  stroke-dasharray: 283;
  stroke-dashoffset: 0;
  transition: stroke-dashoffset 120s linear;
.countdown-circle.running circle {
  stroke-dashoffset: 283;
}
button {
  padding: 0.75rem 1.5rem;
  font-size: 1.125rem;
  background-color: #4CAF50;
  color: white:
  border: none;
  border-radius: 5px;
  cursor: pointer;
  margin-top: 1rem;
  width: 100%;
```

```
max-width: 200px;
}
button:hover {
  background-color: #45a049;
button:disabled {
  background-color: #ccccc;
  cursor: not-allowed;
}
.sensor {
  font-size: 1.25rem;
  color: #333;
  margin: 1rem 0;
  padding: 0.5rem;
  border: 1px solid #ddd;
  border-radius: 5px;
  background-color: #f9f9f9;
}
footer {
  margin-top: 2rem;
  font-size: 0.875rem;
  color: #666;
  text-align: center;
@media (max-width: 600px) {
  .container {
     padding: 1rem;
  h1 {
     font-size: 1.5rem;
  .status {
     font-size: 1.25rem;
  }
  .countdown {
     font-size: 1.75rem;
  .countdown-circle {
     width: 80px;
     height: 80px;
  .countdown-circle svg {
     width: 80px;
     height: 80px;
  .countdown-circle circle {
     cx: 40;
     cy: 40;
     r: 35;
```

```
button {
         padding: 0.5rem 1rem;
         font-size: 1rem;
         max-width: 150px;
       }
       .sensor {
         font-size: 1rem;
       footer {
         font-size: 0.75rem;
       }
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="container">
    <h1>Water Cooling system - በውሀ የማቀዝቀዝ ስርዓት</h1>
    <div class="status off" id="status">Powered Off - ዉሀው መፍስስ አቁሚል</div>
    <div class="sensor">
       Temperature - @:中市: <span id="current-temp">{{ '%.1f' % current temp if current temp is not
none else 'N/A' }}°C</span><br>
       Humidity - አርጥበት: <span id="current-hum">{{ '%.1f' % current hum if current hum is not none
else 'N/A' }}%</span>
    </div>
    <div class="countdown" id="countdown" style="display: none:">120</div>
    <div class="countdown-circle" id="circle" style="display: none;">
       <svg width="100" height="100">
         <circle cx="50" cy="50" r="45" />
       </svg>
    </div>
    <button id="triggerButton" onclick="triggerRelay()">Power On - ๆ+หษา ซูติc (120s)</button>
    <em><small>2025 © QRB Labs</small></em>
  </div>
  <footer></footer>
  <script>
    let countdownInterval = null;
    async function triggerRelay() {
       const button = document.getElementById('triggerButton');
       const status = document.getElementById('status');
       const countdown = document.getElementById('countdown');
       const circle = document.getElementById('circle');
       button.disabled = true:
       status.textContent = 'Powered On - ዉሀው እየፌሰስ ነዉ';
       status.className = 'status on';
       countdown.textContent = '120';
```

```
countdown.style.display = 'block';
       circle.style.display = 'block';
       circle.classList.add('running');
       try {
          const response = await fetch('/trigger');
          const message = await response.text();
          if (response.status === 200) {
            let seconds = 120;
            countdownInterval = setInterval(() => {
               seconds --:
               countdown.textContent = seconds;
               if (seconds \leq 0) {
                 clearInterval(countdownInterval);
                 status.textContent = 'Powered Off - መሀው መፍስስ አቁሚል';
                 status.className = 'status off';
                 countdown.style.display = 'none';
                 circle.style.display = 'none';
                 circle.classList.remove('running');
                 button.disabled = false;
               }
            }, 1000);
          } else {
            status.textContent = message;
            status.className = 'status off';
            countdown.style.display = 'none';
            circle.style.display = 'none';
            circle.classList.remove('running');
            button.disabled = false;
         }
       } catch (error) {
          status.textContent = 'Error: ' + error.message;
          status.className = 'status off';
          countdown.style.display = 'none';
          circle.style.display = 'none';
          circle.classList.remove('running');
          button.disabled = false;
       }
     }
    // Update sensor readings every 5 seconds
     function updateSensor() {
       fetch('/get status')
          .then(response => response.json())
          .then(data => {
            document.getElementById('current-temp').textContent = data.temp !== null ?
data.temp.toFixed(1) + '°C': 'N/A';
```

## **Key Features:**

- Displays relay status (Powered On/Off with Amharic translation).
- Shows temperature and humidity in a styled .sensor div, updating every 5 seconds via AJAX (/get status).
- Includes a 120-second countdown with SVG animation for relay activation.
- Responsive design for mobile devices.

## **Running the Application**

- 1. Activate Virtual Environment:
- 2. bash

cd /home/cooling-automation/qrb/rpi

- 3. source venv/bin/activate
- 4. Run the App:
- 5. bash
- 6. sudo venv/bin/python relay\_webapp.py
  - sudo is required for GPIO access (relay and sensor).
- 7. Access Webpage:
  - Open http://<pi-ip>:5000 (find IP with hostname -I).
  - Expect:
    - Temperature (20-30°C) and humidity (30-60%) updating every 5 seconds.
    - Relay button triggering 120s countdown with SVG animation.
    - Logstash logs at 192.168.6.100:5959 (e.g., Sensor reading: Temp=25.0°C, Humidity=50.0%).

## **Troubleshooting**

Issues encountered and resolved during integration:

- 1. SyntaxError: Non-UTF-8 code:
  - **Issue**: Degree symbol (°C) in mylogger.info caused parsing error.

• **Fix**: Added # -\*- coding: utf-8 -\*- at the top of relay webapp.py.

## 2. ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'Adafruit DHT':

- Issue: Adafruit DHT library wasn't installed.
- **Fix**: Initially attempted Adafruit\_Python\_DHT, but it failed with Unknown platform error.

#### 3. RuntimeError: Unknown platform:

- Issue: Adafruit\_Python\_DHT (v1.4.0) didn't recognize the Raspberry Pi (aarch64, Python 3.11).
- Fix: Switched to adafruit-circuitpython-dht, which supports modern Pis.

## 4. PEP 668 Externally Managed Environment:

- **Issue**: System-wide pip installs were blocked.
- **Fix**: Created a virtual environment (venv) and installed flask, python-logstash, and adafruit-circuitpython-dht.

#### 5. ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'flask':

- Issue: Flask wasn't installed in the virtual environment.
- **Fix**: Installed flask and python-logstash with pip install flask python-logstash.

#### 6. "N/A" on Webpage:

- Issue: Sensor readings failed, showing "N/A".
- **Fix**: Verified wiring (+ to Pin 1, to Pin 6, OUT to Pin 7, 4.7kΩ resistor) and switched to adafruit-circuitpython-dht.

## **General Debugging:**

- Standalone Sensor Test:
- python

import adafruit\_dht

import board

sensor = adafruit dht.DHT22(board.D4, use pulseio=False)

- print(f'Temperature: {sensor.temperature}°C, Humidity: {sensor.humidity}%')
   Run: sudo venv/bin/python test\_dht.py. Expect valid readings.
- Wiring Issues:
  - Recheck connections and resistor.
  - Try 5V (Pin 2) with voltage divider or add 0.1µF capacitor for stability.
- Logs: Check console or Logstash for errors (e.g., Sensor read error).
- **Debug Mode**: Enable app.run (debug=True) for detailed Flask errors.

## **Future Enhancements**

- Alerts: Add JavaScript alerts for high temperature (>30°C) or humidity (>70%).
- Charting: Integrate Chart.js for temperature/humidity trends.
- Automation: Trigger relay based on sensor thresholds.
- Persistence: Log sensor data to a file or database.

## Conclusion

The AM2302 sensor was successfully integrated into the Flask app, displaying temperature and humidity on a webpage with 5-second updates, alongside relay control for the water cooling system. Using a virtual environment resolved PEP 668 restrictions, and adafruit-circuitpython-dht fixed platform compatibility issues. The system is now operational, with robust error handling and logging.

For further assistance or enhancements, contact the developer with error logs or feature requests.