Online Contests Solutions

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Chapter 1

HackerRank

1.1 New Year Chaos

You can find the question in this link.

We define $index_i$ as the current index for person i. For example if we have $1, 2, 3, 4$ and 4 bribes 3, the queue looks like $1, 2, 4, 3$. So $index_4 = 3$. Since no body can bribe more than 2 times, $index_i \geq i - 2$ for $1 \leq i \leq n$. Consider person n. No body can bribe that person. So $n - 2 \leq index_n \leq n$. After we retruned that person to his actual place we can consider $n - 1$. So we have $n - 3 \leq index_{n-1} \leq n - 1$ (note that at this moment $index_n = n$).

```
void minimumBribes(vector<int> q) {

    const auto& n = q.size();
    int res = 0;
    for (int num = n; num > 0; --num)
    {
        for (int i = max(0, num - 3); i < num - 1; ++i)
        {
            if (q[i] == num)
            {
                ++res;
                swap(q[i], q[i + 1]);
            }
        }
        if (q[num - 1] != num)
        {
            cout << "Too chaotic" << endl;
            return;
        }
    }
    cout << res << endl;
```

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}