

# SSSC Update

**Meg Schwamb**  
(Queen's University Belfast)  
@megschwamb



Image Credit: Rubin Observatory/NSF/AURA



# 5+ million Solar System objects, 1+ billion observations!

	Currently Known	LSST Discoveries	Typical number of observations
Near Earth Objects (NEOs)	~20,000	200,000	(D>250m) 60
Main Belt Asteroids (MBAs)	~650,000	6,000,000	(D>500m) 200
Jupiter Trojans	~7000	280,000	(D>2km) 300
TransNeptunian Objects (TNOs) + Scattered Disk Objects (SDOs)	~3000	40,000	(D>200km) 450
Comets	~3000	10,000	?
Interstellar Objects (ISOs)	2	10	?



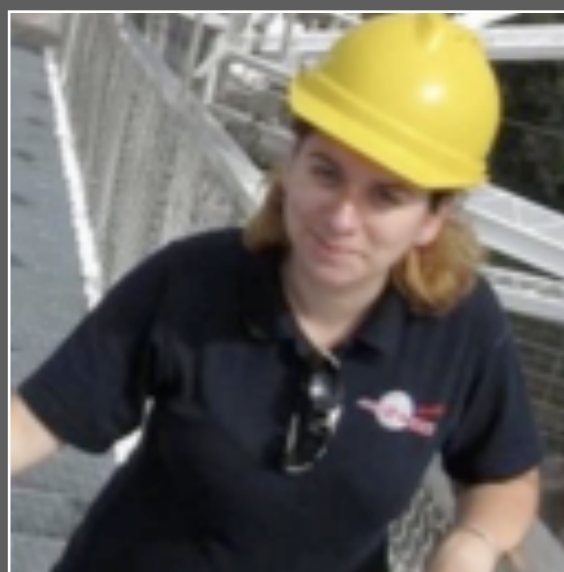
# LSST Solar System Science Collaboration (SSSC)



**Meg Schwamb & David Trilling**  
**SSSC Co-Chairs**



**Darin Ragozzine & Gal Sarid**  
**Publication Coordinators**



**Colin Orion Chandler & Agata Rożek**  
**Early Career Representatives**



**Active objects Working Group (Lead: Mike Kelley):** broadly consisting of all categories of activity in the minor planet populations: short period comets, long period comets, main belt comets, impact- or rotationally-generated active asteroids, etc



**Community software/infrastructure development Working Group (Lead: Henry Hsieh):** broadly consisting of people interested in helping build databases, software packages, etc to be used by the Solar System community on LSST data



**Inner Solar System Working Group (Lead: Bryce Bolin):** broadly consisting of the main belt, Mars/Jupiter Trojans, and Jupiter irregular satellites



**NEOs (Near Earth Objects) and Interstellar Objects Working Group (Lead: Sarah Greenstreet):** broadly consisting of objects on orbits inward of or diffusing inward from the main belt as well as interstellar objects temporarily residing in the Solar System



**Outer Solar System Working Group (Lead: Michele Bannister):** broadly consisting of KBOs, Centaurs, Oort cloud, Saturn/Neptune/Uranus Trojans, and Saturn/Neptune/Uranus irregular satellites



# Working Group Elections Up-Coming

Nominations due earlier this week. Voting later in the Summer



Image credit: ratinasock (Carol Raabus) - flickr - <https://www.flickr.com/photos/ratinasock/4447403222/>



# Responded to the Commissioning Note Call

## **SSSC Commissioning Notes**

In this document, the Vera C. Rubin Observatory Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) Solar System Science Collaboration (SSSC) has compiled a series of commissioning notes, proposing on-sky observing strategies during commissioning that would enhance opportunities for science validation and testing of the Rubin Observatory's data management pipelines. The SSSC has ranked the commissioning notes below into priorities (high, medium, and low) based on the expected contribution to verifying the scientific capability of Rubin Observatory and informing Year 1 LSST operations.

### **PROPOSED HIGH PRIORITY WIDE-FAST-DEEP OBSERVING COMMISSIONING TASKS**

#### **Validation of Incremental Template Generation**

**Proposed by:** Meg Schwamb & Mario Jurić

**Email Contact for Further Information:** [mschwamb.astro@gmail.com](mailto:mschwamb.astro@gmail.com),  
[mjuric@astro.washington.edu](mailto:mjuric@astro.washington.edu)

**RA(s)/Decs(s):** Agnostic to the specific pointing and cadence of observations

**Filter(s) Required:** grizy

**Brief Description of Observing strategy:**

[http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC\\_Commissioning\\_Notes.pdf](http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC_Commissioning_Notes.pdf)



# **Gave feedback on the international in-kind contribution proposals as part of the Rubin Observatory in-kind Contribution Evaluation Committee (CEC)**

<https://project.lsst.org/groups/cec/>

**New CEC representatives**  
**Primary: Henry Hsieh**  
**Alternate: Michele Bannister**





## OPEN ACCESS

# Year 1 of the Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST): Recommendations for Template Production to Enable Solar System Small Body Transient and Time Domain Science

Megan E. Schwamb<sup>1</sup> , Mario Juric<sup>2</sup> , Bryce T. Bolin<sup>3,4</sup> , Luke Dones<sup>5</sup> ,  
Sarah Greenstreet<sup>2,6</sup> , Henry H. Hsieh<sup>7,8</sup> , Laura Inno<sup>9</sup> , R. Lynne Jones<sup>10,11</sup> ,  
Michael S. P. Kelley<sup>12</sup> , Matthew M. Knight<sup>13,14</sup>  [+ Show full author list](#)

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[Research Notes of the AAS](#), [Volume 5](#), [Number 6](#)

Citation Megan E. Schwamb et al 2021 Res. Notes AAS 5 143

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## Abstract

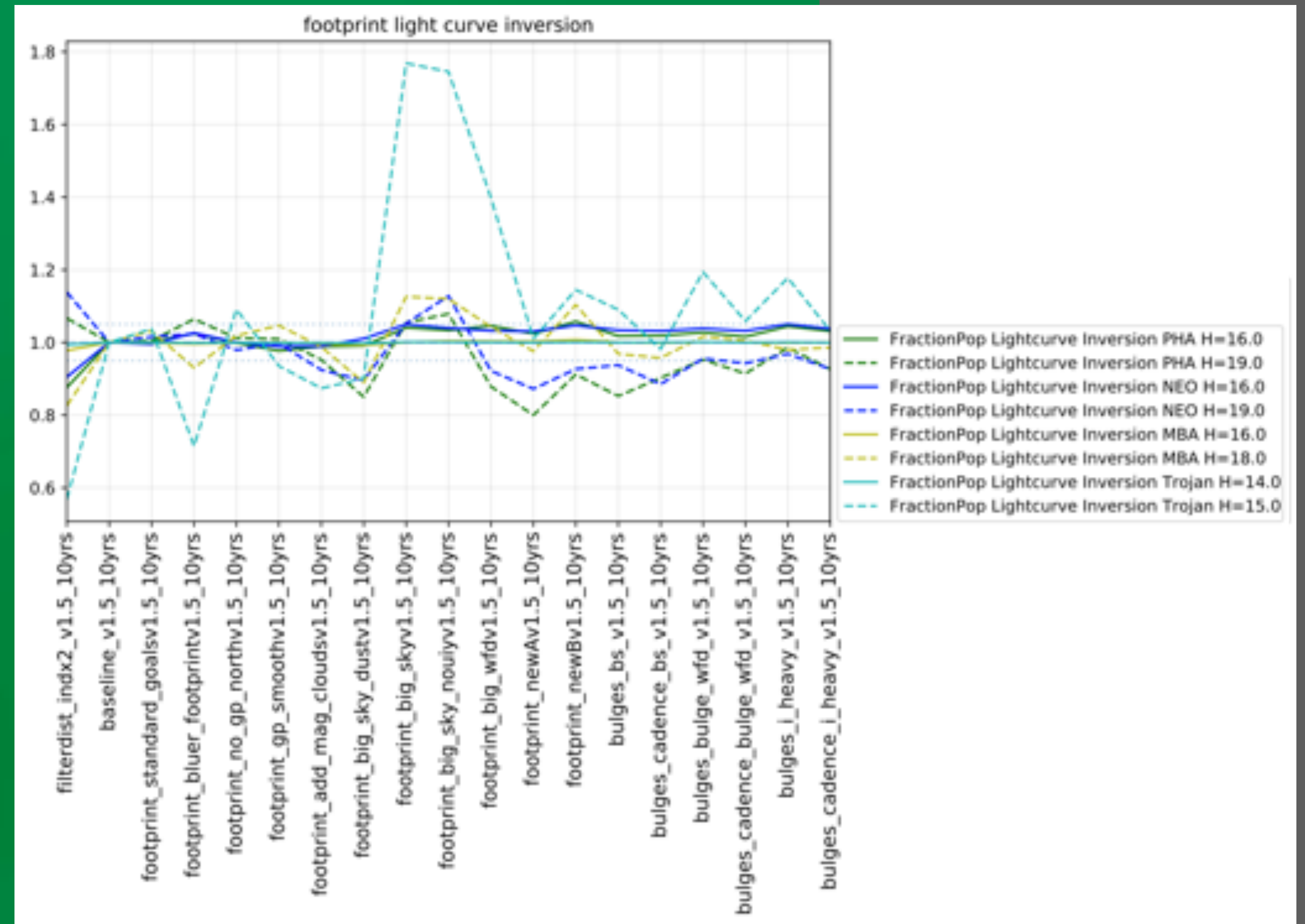
### 1. Introduction

### 2. Recommendations for LSST Year 1 Operations (LOY1) Template Generation

## Abstract

The Vera C. Rubin Observatory Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) will discover ~6 million solar system planetesimals, providing in total over a billion photometric and astrometric

# 2020-2021 Action- Giving Input on LSST Cadence Decision



**SSSC Cadence Note:**

[http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC\\_cadence\\_note.pdf](http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC_cadence_note.pdf)

Image Credit: Lynne Jones; Video Credit: Last Week Tonight with John Oliver



# Responded to the Cadence Note Call

## **Vera C. Rubin Observatory Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) Solar System Science Collaboration (SSSC) Cadence Note**

Meg Schwamb<sup>1</sup>, Michele Bannister, Bryce T. Bolin, Rosemary Dorsey, Henry Hsieh,  
Lynne Jones, Laura Inno, Tim Lister, Colin Snodgrass, Sarah Greenstreet, Cyrielle  
Opitom, Kat Volk, Siegfried Eggl, Michael S. P. Kelley, Steve Chesley, Wes Fraser, Alan  
Fitzsimmons, Mario Jurić, William J. Oldroyd, Robert Seaman, and Michael Solonoi

For the LSST SSSC

[http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC\\_cadence\\_note.pdf](http://lsst-sssc.github.io/Files/SSSC_cadence_note.pdf)



# What is the SSSC doing for early career researchers and supporting a diverse research community?

## EDI Brainstorming Session

**3) Individually watch video to prime the topic (4 minutes):**

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ILYf28E1Bfs&feature=youtu.be>

**4) Discussion Topic:** Increase networking opportunities for minorities, other marginalized students, and early career professionals.

**5) Come up with 1-2 actions the SSSC can take to increase networking opportunities for minorities, other marginalized students, and early career professionals.**

1) Lightning talks - collaboration exchange at a SSSC meeting or sent around every 6 months - collaboration opportunities (including bias discussion before lightning road/slides posted ?

2) Summer internship program with URSI (LSSTC discussion, Google summer of code?)



# What is the SSSC doing for early career researchers and supporting a diverse research community?

In the future more virtual events + the yearly in-person readiness sprint

	# of Attendees	# of women and gender minorities	# of ethnic / race minorities	# of early career
2018 Sprint (Seattle) LSSTC funding	25	5	3	9
2019 Sprint (Chicago)	14	2	1	3
2020 Sprint (Virtual)	53	14	6	20



# Active Objects Working Group

## Team AOWG

Several AOWG-focused cases proposed to the Project in our SSSC Commissioning Notes document: **Bright Comet Stress Test**, **Comet Mix**, **Characterizing Activity... Across the FoV**, **Low Elongation Stress Test**, **Jovian Trojan Rotation and Activity**.

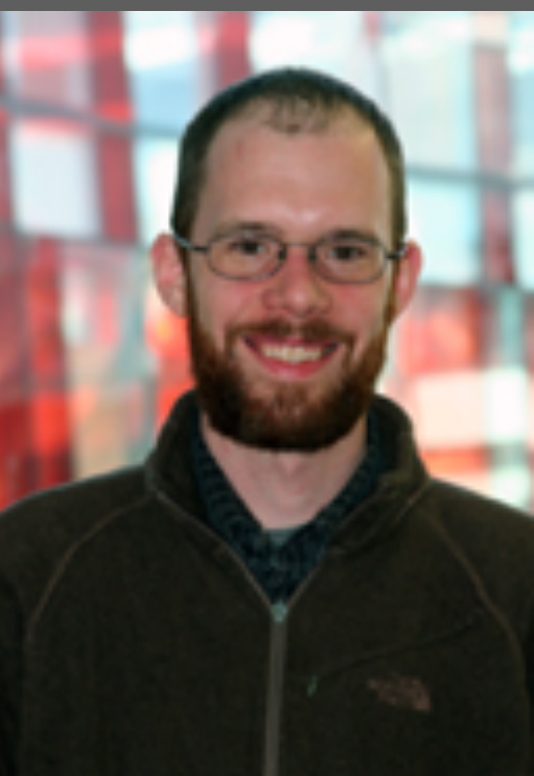
Also, there was great AOWG participation in the SSSC Cadence Optimization Note 🎉🎊🎁

## WG Lead

Pitched ideal broker requirements and a wish list from an AO perspective at the LSSTC Enabling Science 2020 Broker Workshop (see the [agenda](#) for slides).

Assisted Software/Infrastructure Working Group with the evaluation of international in-kind software contributions.

Mike Kelley, UMD  
msk@astro.umd.edu





# Community Software/Infrastructure Development Working Group

- In-kind software contribution discussion on 2021 April 13
  - Some international partners will provide “directable” software development effort to science collaborations in return for data access; will be up to SCs to plan how to use this effort
  - Amount of directable effort currently unknown, so plans need to be flexible
  - SSSC software needs have already been worked out and prioritized ([Schwamb et al., 2019, RNAAS, 3, 51](#); [Hsieh et al., 2019, arXiv:1906.11346](#))
  - Priorities for directable in-kind contributions will likely be based on these documents (where task sizes can be chosen to match amount of available directable effort)
- Planetary decadal survey white paper: [Kelley et al., 2020, “Community Challenges in the Era of Petabyte-Scale Sky Surveys”, arXiv:2011.03584](#)
  - Discusses computational tools and infrastructure needs for large surveys like LSST
- Active object test data set for algorithm testing/development
  - Rubin DR0 test data set will not include comets, so SSSC effort underway to create test data set from archival data (e.g., DECam); contact Colin Chandler and H. Hsieh for more details, to help out, or to specify needs/requirements
- Key NASA funding programs (SSO, SSW, PDART) are no-deadline this year
  - Coordination of SSSC-relevant proposals for software development in progress



Henry Hsieh, PSI  
hhsieh@psi.edu



## Inner Solar System Working Group

- Discussion of creating a real-time asteroid brightness catalogue
- Constraint of Asteroid taxonomy with Rubin Observatory grizy filters with current cadence
- Main Belt Asteroid (MBA) shape light curve inversion algorithms for Rubin Observatory MBA data
- Proper element catalogue of MBAs discovered by Rubin Observatory
  - Inclusion or update of follow-up observations into proper element calculation
- Search for new L5 and Hilda Trojan Lucy mission targets
  - Schwamb et al. <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1808.10099.pdf>
  - Local convergence of Hilda targets in Summer of 2024
  - Somewhat local sky convergence of L5 targets occurring in the fall of 2026
- Monitor MBAs and Trojans for anomalous brightening events/evidence of disruptions/activity

Bryce Bolin, Caltech/IPAC, [bbolin@caltech.edu](mailto:bbolin@caltech.edu)





## NEOs (Near Earth Objects) and Interstellar Objects Working Group

- Twilight mini-survey (TS) recommendations made in Cadence Note:
  - Several WG members discussed TS at SSSC Survey Cadence mini-workshop in Nov 2020:
    - TS in cadence simulations lacked near-Sun component as intended by original white paper (<https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.00466>)
    - Negatively impacted WFD observing and NEO completeness
  - WG discussion held in March 2021 to formalize recommendation:
    - Discussed modifications with Rubin Scheduling Team that achieves IEO/Earth Trojan/sun-grazing comet discovery science goals while giving back time for WFD observations
  - Recommended modifications to TS included as paragraph in Cadence Note

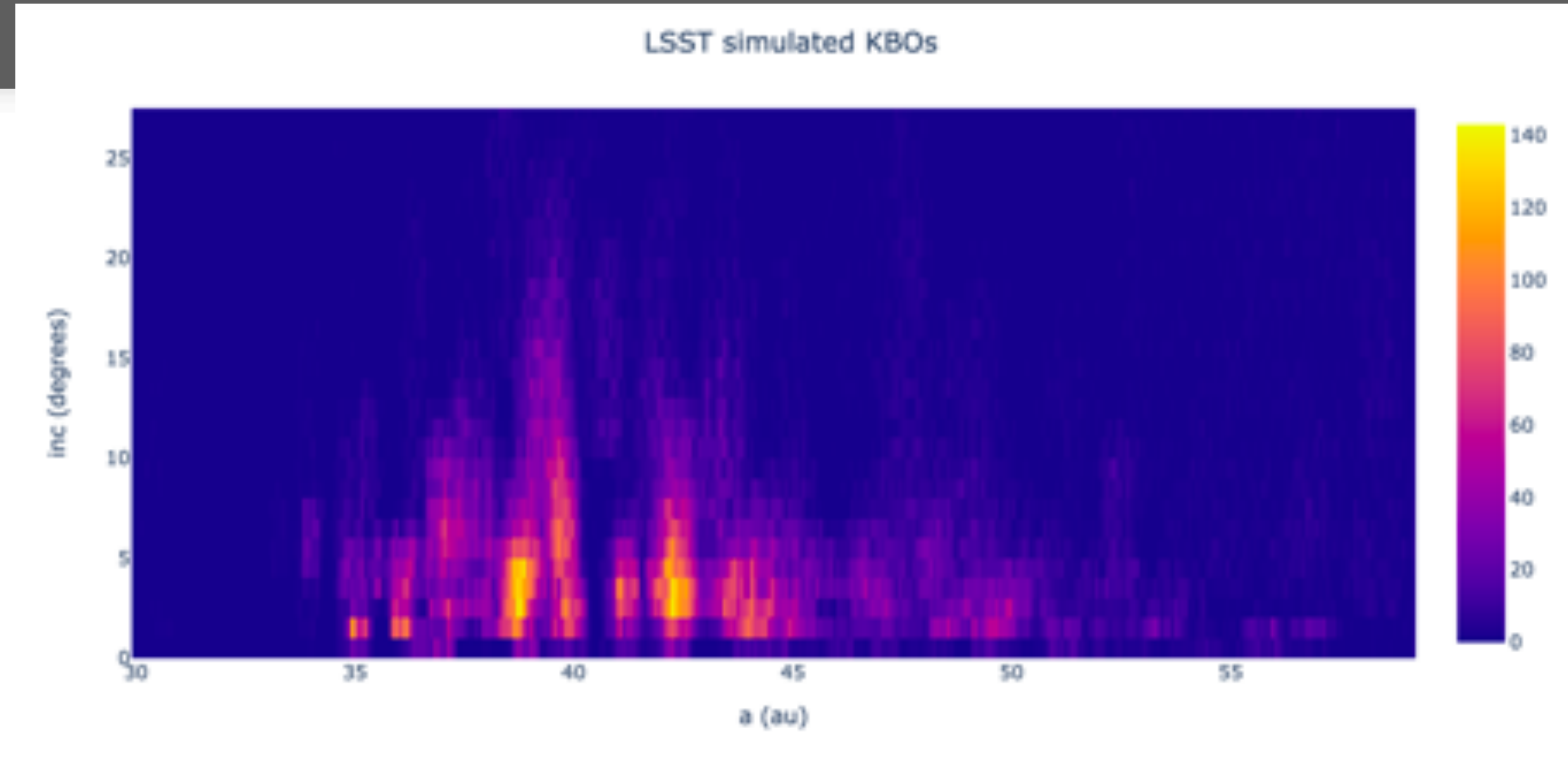
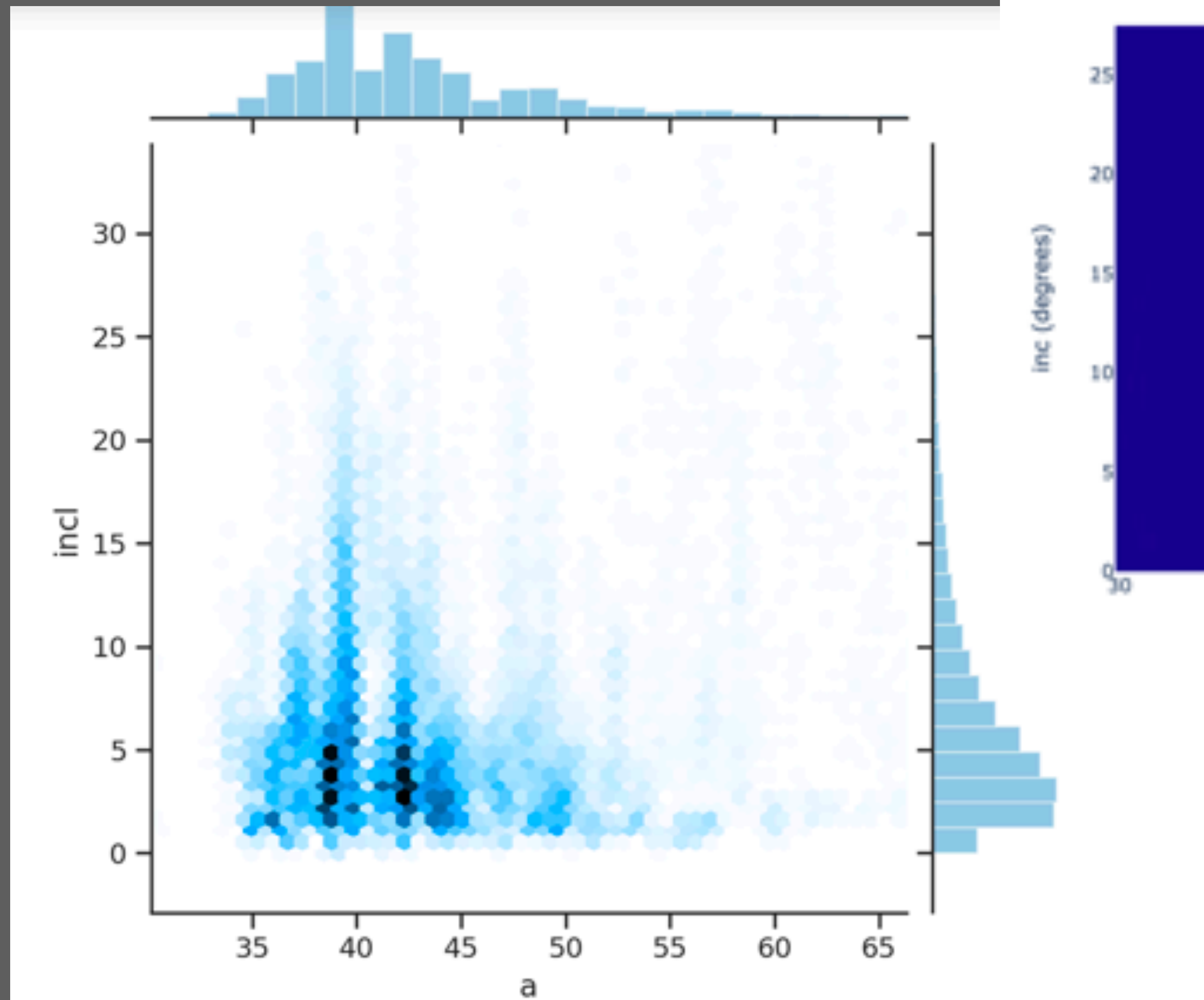
Thanks to all WG members that participated in the Survey Cadence mini-workshop and WG discussions and thanks to the Rubin Scheduling Team for running updated TS cadence simulations for evaluation!

Sarah Greenstreet  
University of Washington/Asteroid Institute  
[sarah@b612foundation.org](mailto:sarah@b612foundation.org), [sarahjg@uw.edu](mailto:sarahjg@uw.edu)





# 2021 Goals - Software Development with Simulated Solar System Data Products and Precursor Datasets



(More in the next talk)



# 2021 Goals - (This Sprint )

## Thinking about Observing Follow-up



- How can the SSSC be most useful?
- Helping link interested proposers together?
- How do we learn from the astrophysical transients community?
- How do we communicate within the SSSC and within then broader community about time critical observations/results?

Image Credit: Gemini Observatory/NSF/AURA/NOIRLab



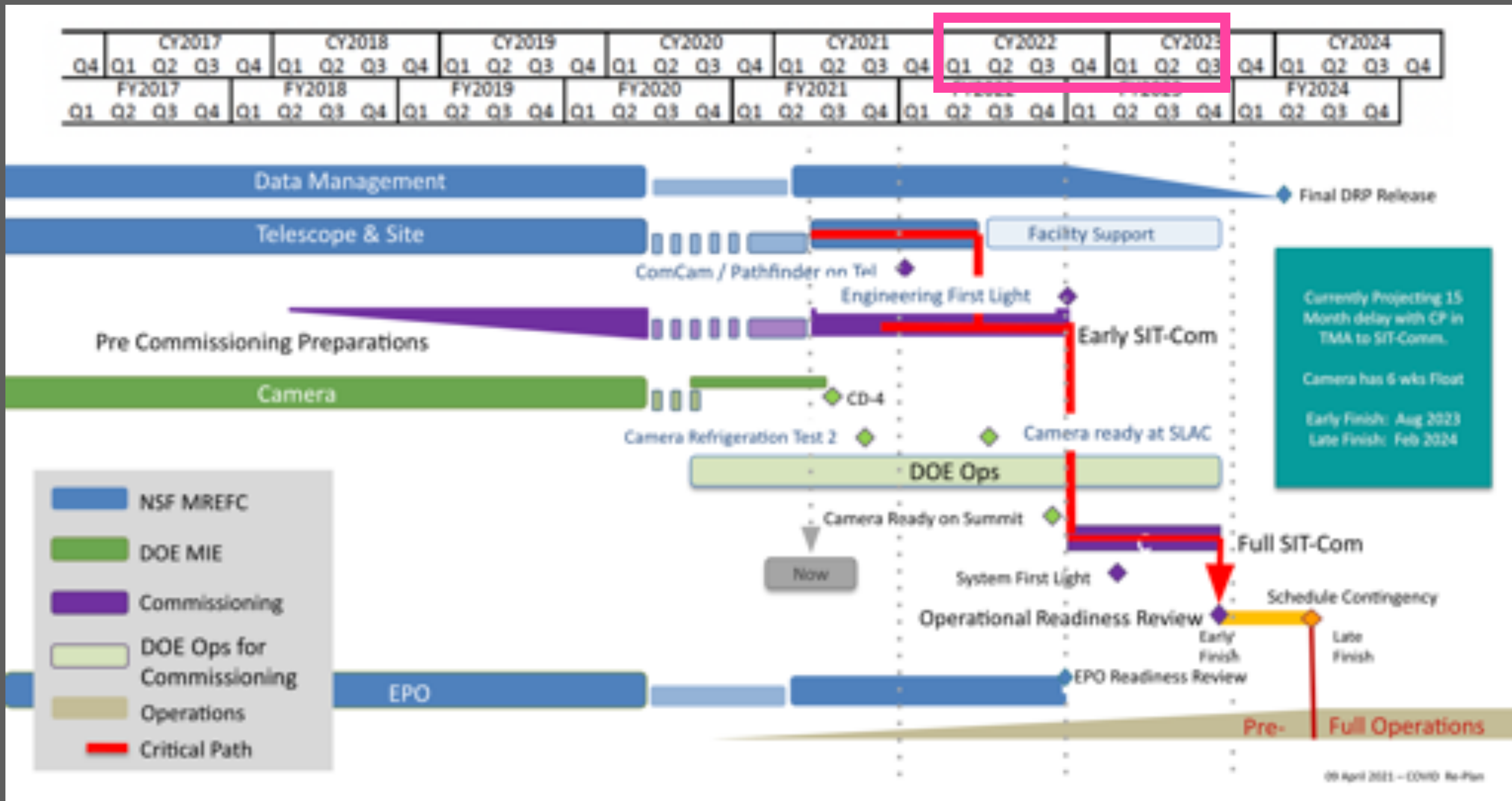
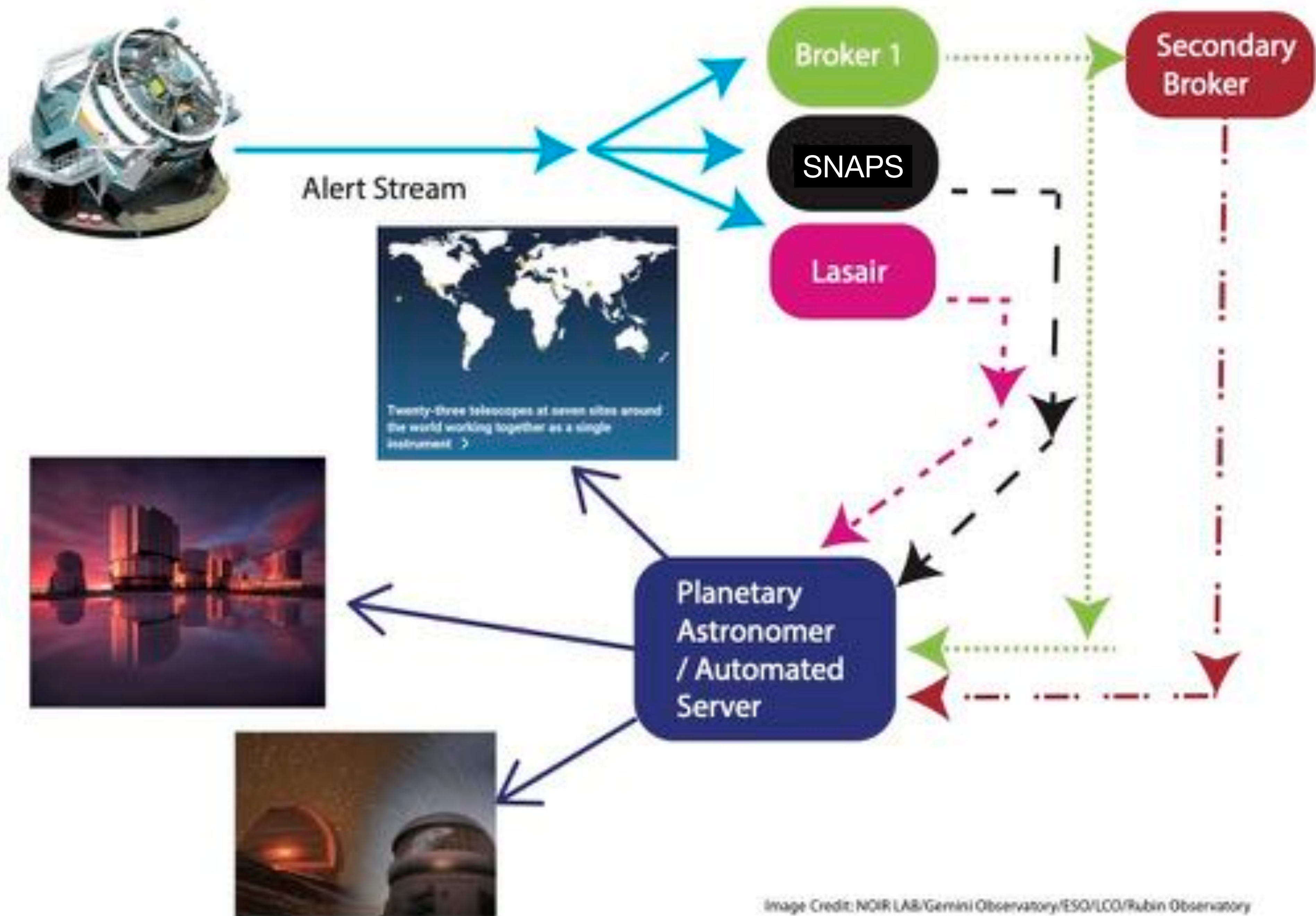


Image Credit: Rubin Observatory/NOIRLab/NSF







# How can we learn from the astrophysical transients community?

## **Data policy**

This document outlines how ePESSTO+ plans to release data products to the public.

ePESSTO+ is an ESO Large Programme. The raw data are public immediately via the ESO archive.

We will provide quicklook (“fastspec”) reduced, calibrated 1D spectra of all new (i.e., previously unclassified) transients to both the ePESSTO+ collaboration and to the public within 12hrs of the end of a Chilean night and/or according to the data rights policies of our collaboration. These will be distributed via the WISeREP spectroscopic database<sup>2</sup>. New classifications that we make with these spectra will also be released, via the ATEL mechanism on the same time-scale, following the same policies. These spectra will be flux and wavelength calibrated using library files, and with quick extractions, and thus may not represent the best reduction possible.

<http://wiki.pessto.org/>



We're using different communication tools (ATels, CBETs, MPML listserv) -will these handle our needs in the next decade?

Forecast-Mauna KeaHORIZONS Web-Int...Planet FourP4: TerrainsP4: RidgesComet Hunters

### 398P/Boattini a new JFC carbon-chain poor comet

ATel #14251; *E. Jehin, Y. Moulane, J. Manfroid, F. Pocaen, M. Ferrais, D. Hutsemekers (STAR Institute, University of Liege)*  
on 7 Dec 2020; 21:22 UT  
Credential Certification: Emmanuel Jehin (ejehin@uliege.be)

Subjects: Comet

Twitter

E. Jehin, Y. Moulane, J. Manfroid, F. Pocaen, M. Ferrais, D. Hutsemekers (STAR Institute, University of Liege, Belgium) report that they obtained with TRAPPIST-North (code=Z53, at Oukaimeden Observatory, Morocco) 0.6-m robotic telescope, three sets of observations of the recently recovered comet 398P/Boattini (= 2009 Q4 = 2020 P2, CBET 4829) on November 10, 15 and 20 UT under photometric conditions using HB cometary narrowband filters (Farnham et al. 2000). All these observations are showing the clear detection of a diffuse CN (390nm) gaseous coma and no detection of the C2 (515nm) and C3 (450nm) gas emission, making 398P a new member of the Jupiter-family carbon-chain depleted comets as confirmed after computing the production rates. On November 20 UT, at a heliocentric and a geocentric distance of 1.40 and 0.47 au respectively, after proper flux calibration and solar dust continuum subtraction, production rates (at 10.000 km and using a Haser Model ( $V_p=V_0=1\text{km/s}$ )(Haser 1957)) of  $(8.62\pm0.27)\text{ E23 s}^{-1}$  for CN and upper limits of  $1.29\text{ E23 s}^{-1}$  for C2 and  $0.50\text{ E23 s}^{-1}$  for C3, were derived. This provides a maximum C2 ratio with respect to CN,  $\text{Log}[Q(C2)/Q(CN)] < -0.82$ , well below the carbon-chain depleted comets limit of -0.18 (A'Hearn et al. 1995, Moulane et al. 2020). No emission from OH (310nm) was detected and an upper limit of  $2.61\text{ E23 s}^{-1}$  was derived. The production rates derived on the two other dates are in very good agreement and provide the same conclusion. A spectroscopic confirmation is welcome as the comet is approaching perihelion. The dust production rate proxy  $A(0)/(\rho\theta)$  was estimated by profile fitting at 5.000 km (A'Hearn et al. 1984) and corrected for the phase angle (Schleicher 2007). On Nov 20 UT, values of  $A(0)/(\rho(RC))=37\pm4\text{ cm}$  for the narrow band red solar continuum filter and  $A(0)/(\rho(RC))=38\pm5\text{ cm}$  for the broad band Johnson-Cousin filter are derived. The dust/gas ratio  $\text{Log}[A(0)/(\rho(RC))/Q(CN)]=-22.41\pm0.20$  is in agreement with the average value for depleted comets of -22.61 and larger than for typical comets (A'Hearn et al. 1995).

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Minor Planet Bulletin 48-3 Available

This is a free PDF download (data provider connection and data fees may apply). The home page has links to download the full issue from the latest back to the f...  
By Brian D. Warner · #36486 · 5:40pm

Re: 2014 UN271: A possible dwarf planet from the Oort Cloud on a tour through the Solar System

I asked around and Dr. Pedro Bernardinelli @pbernardinelli of the DES explained why this just came out now: Yes! We searched the first four years of data betw...  
By Marshall Eubanks · #36485 · Jun 19  
1 person liked this

Re: 2014 UN271: A possible dwarf planet from the Oort Cloud on a tour through the Solar System

Given that the data span from 2014-2018, but this is coming out now, was this object found in a re-analysis of the DES data? Maybe the software filters were tun...  
By Marshall Eubanks · #36484 · Jun 19

2014 UN271: A possible dwarf planet from the Oort Cloud on a tour through the Solar System

Hi all, Some very recent exciting news from the Dark Energy Survey collaboration ( https://minorplanetcenter.net/mpac/K21/K21M53.html ) This new object, 2014...  
By Sam Deen · #36483 · Jun 19  
1 person liked this

Minor planet numbering question

Hi All -- I see quite a few new minor planet numberings have come out recently. But apparently there has been a change (or error) in assigning discovery credit. I'l...  
By Rob Matson · #36482 · Jun 17

New Lightcurve Database Release

A new version of the LCDB is available at <https://minplanobs.org/mpinfo/php/lcdb.php> This supersedes the version of LCLIST\_FUB\_2021JUN.zip uploaded e...  
By Brian D. Warner · #36481 · Jun 16

ESA S2P-NEO Coordination Centre monthly newsletter - June 2021

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50 Most Recent CBETs

Herein are links to the text of the most recently-issued CBETs. The circulars are displayed in reverse chronological order, with the date of issue being shown in YYYYMMDD form after the circular number.

Display CBET number:

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Display CBET index page including number:

Clear

• CBET 4982 : 20210620 : (7792) 1995 WZ\_3

• CBET 4981 : 20210620 : (4337) ARECIBO

• CBET 4980 : 20210619 : JUNE THETA^2 SAGITTARIIDS 2021

• CBET 4979 : 20210617 : COMET P/2021 L1 = P/2006 S4 (CHRISTENSEN)

• CBET 4978 : 20210616 : (31346) 1998 PB\_1

• CBET 4977 : 20210614 : V1674 HERCULIS = NOVA HERCULIS 2021 = TCP J18573095+1653396

• CBET 4976 : 20210614 : NOVA HERCULIS 2021 = TCP J18573095+1653396

• CBET 4975 : 20210609 : COMET C/2021 K2 (MASTER)

• CBET 4974 : 20210603 : COMET P/2021 J3 (ATLAS)

• CBET 4973 : 20210602 : COMET C/2021 J2 (PANSTARRS)

• CBET 4972 : 20210602 : COMET C/2021 J1 (MAURY-ATTARD)

• CBET 4971 : 20210531 : COMET P/2020 H10 = P/2009 U4 (McNAUGHT)

• CBET 4970 : 20210530 : (7307) TAKEI

• CBET 4969 : 20210529 : COMET C/2020 PV\_6 (PANSTARRS)

• CBET 4968 : 20210527 : COMET C/2021 K1 (ATLAS)

• CBET 4967 : 20210527 : (3523) ARINA

• CBET 4966 : 20210512 : COMET C/2017 K2 (PANSTARRS)

• CBET 4965 : 20210511 : COMET C/2021 D1 (SWAN)

• CBET 4964 : 20210511 : COMET C/2020 R4 (ATLAS)

• CBET 4963 : 20210511 : V1405 CASSIOPEIAE

• CBET 4962 : 20210511 : V1405 CASSIOPEIAE



• CBET 4961 : 20210508 : (15107) TOEPPERWEIN

• CBET 4960 : 20210506 : COMET C/2021 E3 (ZTF)

• CBET 4959 : 20210506 : COMET C/2021 G1 (LEONARD)

• CBET 4958 : 20210429 : NEW NUMBERINGS OF SHORT PERIOD COMETS





 **Michele Bannister** @astrokiwi 3m  
2014 UN271:  $a \sim 20\text{k au}$ ,  $e=0.99$ ,  $i=95.4^\circ$ ,  $q=10.9\text{ au}$ ,  $d=20.2\text{ au}$ ,  $H=7.8$  from @theDESsurvey. MPEC: [minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K21/K21M5...](https://minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K21/K21M5...), discoverer  here: [twitter.com/phbernardinelli](https://twitter.com/phbernardinelli)

**Dr. Pedro Bernardinelli** @phbernar...  
Since our announcement of 2014 UN271 got some traction, let me say a few words about its discovery and what we know so far. Here's the MPEC:  
[minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K21/K21M5...](https://minorplanetcenter.net/mpec/K21/K21M5...)

8340010	-C2014	11	27	12148	00	29	57	583	-37	26	52	51	22	71	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2014	12	11	10548	00	27	54	830	-37	17	49	64	21	94	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	01	09	18790	00	24	35	324	-36	50	38	75	22	80	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	08	17	10747	00	44	47	505	-37	27	29	81	22	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	08	17	10883	00	44	47	517	-37	27	29	89	22	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	08	24	14452	00	44	58	465	-37	50	28	61	22	63	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	09	02	13787	00	45	39	194	-38	08	52	30	22	71	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	09	13	19050	00	44	55	843	-38	28	51	62	21	95	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	10	04	17435	00	40	59	774	-39	03	59	84	22	01	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	11	28	12850	00	33	55	078	-39	29	32	57	22	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2015	11	28	13554	00	33	55	010	-39	29	32	48	22	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	01	11	09386	00	29	57	728	-38	50	24	04	22	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	01	11	09524	00	29	57	724	-38	50	25	94	22	89	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	10	01	12889	00	44	40	180	-40	11	31	78	21	43	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	10	01	13036	00	44	40	173	-40	11	32	00	21	94	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	10	03	10444	00	44	20	177	-40	14	24	53	21	91	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2016	10	03	10482	00	44	20	167	-40	14	24	59	22	74	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2017	10	15	17208	00	50	05	746	-43	57	07	30	21	91	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2017	10	15	17777	00	50	04	988	-43	57	11	80	21	73	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2017	10	15	17915	00	50	04	970	-43	57	11	89	21	63	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2017	12	15	18042	00	39	59	827	-44	00	54	40	22	04	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2017	12	15	18180	00	39	59	824	-44	00	54	28	22	04	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2018	10	21	14317	00	55	54	039	-46	47	14	94	21	68	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2018	10	27	17809	00	54	38	204	-46	52	42	84	21	63	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2018	11	08	13513	00	52	05	914	-46	59	29	07	21	63	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2018	11	08	13450	00	52	05	899	-46	59	29	10	21	57	VIEW05	0000
8340010	-C2018	11	08	13789	00	52	05	884	-46	59	29	05	22	73	VIEW05	0000

Show this thread

 **Dr. Pedro Bernardinelli** @phbern... 6h  
The object showed no coma in any of the (5 band) DES images between 2014-2018 (when it moved from 29 to 23 au). The residuals of a scene-modeling photometry of this objects shows consistency with noise (both in each image and in a stack of all 30 something images we have)



2 1 8

Twitter and Slack are great, but what when you want to find this conversation a year later?





# Comet 46P/Wirtanen – Information Input

Time to Close Approach

0 0 0 0  
Days Hrs Min Sec

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## Planned, Scheduled and Completed Observations

### 46P/Wirtanen Observing Record

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The form consists of four sections, but should only take a few minutes to complete.

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[https://wirtanen.astro.umd.edu/obs\\_campaigns.shtml](https://wirtanen.astro.umd.edu/obs_campaigns.shtml)

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- ☐ Far UV
- ☐ Near UV
- ☐ Optical
- ☐ IR
- ☐ Sub-millimeter / millimeter
- ☐ Radar / radiowave
- ☐ Unspecified or other

Striped versions are proposed or planned observations.

## Comet PanSTARRS C/2016 R2 - Observations

### August 2017

	30	31	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	01	02
	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
Robo-31", Michael Kelley																																			
$r_h$				0.0 au						0.0 au								0.0 au																	
$\Delta$				0.00 au, NaNx10 <sup>-10</sup> km						0.00 au, NaNx10 <sup>-10</sup> km								0.00 au, NaNx10 <sup>-10</sup> km																	
Phase				0°						0°								0°																	
Solar elongation				0°						0°								0°																	

### September 2017

	27	28	29	30	31	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S
Robo-31", Michael Kelley																																			
$r_h$																																			
$\Delta$																																			
Phase																																			
Solar elongation																																			



## The Inbound Light Curve of 2I/Borisov

Brett Gladman<sup>1</sup> , Aaron Boley<sup>1</sup> , and Dave Balam<sup>2</sup> 

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[Research Notes of the AAS, Volume 3, Number 12](#)

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The interstellar comet 2I/Borisov is entering the solar system on a strongly hyperbolic trajectory ( $e = 3.4$ ) with perihelion on 2019 December 8.6 UT at a heliocentric distance  $r = 2.0$  au. Since

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