A measurement of the inclusive $t\bar{t}$ production cross section in proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s}=13$ TeV using events with one isolated charge lepton and at least one jet

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 - ► Silvano Tosi (chair)
 - Salvatore Rappoccio
 - Michele Gallinaro
 - Gaetano-Marco Dallavalle
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A measurement of the inclusive tf production cross section in proton-proton collisions at \sqrt{s} =13 TeV using events with one isolated charged lepton and at least one jet

Abstract

A measurement of the fl production cross section at $\sqrt{s-1}$ TW is presented using 2.0 ft $^{-1}$ of protoporpoint oscillation data acquired by the CMS detector. Final states including one isolated charged lepton (electron or muon) and at least one jet are selected and categorized according to the multiplicity of jets. From a likelihood fit to the invariant mass of the isolated lepton and a jet identified as shortming from the fragmentation and hadronization to D quark, the cross section is measured to be written to the contract of the

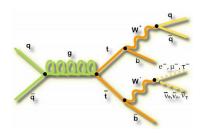
Scope

- We aim to measure the cross section at 13 TeV
 - ▶ how precise can we measure it in the l+jets final state
 - precise measurement of the cross section opens the possibility to perform
 - precision measurements (PDFs, α_S)
 - extrapolating the pole mass http://arxiv.org/abs/1511.00841
 - search for physics beyond the standard model is particularly relevant at Run 2
 - ► A deviation in the ratio of cross section at 13 TeV/ 8TeV

 http://arxiv.org/abs/1206.3557
 - ▶ by setting limit on stop production ▶ http://arxiv.org/abs/1407.1043
 - A deviation in the branching ratios of different final states (test lepton universality in ttbar decays)
 - ightharpoonup For this preliminary result, we shall measure σ only

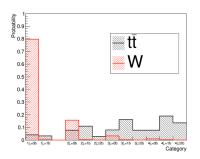
L+Jets Final State

- ▶ The l+jets final state is chosen
- High statistics, moderate background
- ▶ Branching ratio $(t\bar{t} \to l\nu q\bar{q}b\bar{b}) = 30\% + 5.3\%$ from $tau \to l\nu\nu$ decays
- ▶ Expect 1 lepton, \mathcal{F}_T and 4 jets including at least 2 b-tags
- ▶ We start the analysis with 1 jet (next slide)



Analysis Strategy

- We divide the analysis in different categories by counting the jets and b-tags
- ▶ Low jet/btag categories to constrain backgrounds while high jet/btag to fit the signal
- Analysis is also divided according to lepton charge
 - charge asymmetry is expected for W+Jets
- We don't subdivide the simulation per heavy flavor
 - As we are not having the enough statistics
- similar approach of TOP-11-004/TOP-13-004 (SH_YFT, legacy Run-I)



Physics object selection

Muon Selection

- IsoMu20||IsoTkMu20
- Exactly one muon
 - $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.1, \text{ tight ID}$
 - ▶ dB <0.2, dZ <0.5, rellso <0.15
 - ► SIP3D <4
- Loose Muon Veto
 - $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.4, \text{ rellso } < 0.25$

Electron Selection

- Ele22_eta2p1_WPLoose_Gsf
- Exactly one electron
 - Using official electron tight ID
 - $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 2.1$
 - ► SIP3D <4
- Using recommended electron veto ID

Jet Selection

- We require at least one jet
 - LOOSE jet ID is applied
 - $p_T > 30$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.4$, Fall15_25nsV2
- Count number of jets identified as b's
 - CSV Discriminator value >0.800 (medium working point)

Data and MC samples

Data samples	Integrated Luminosity
/SingleMuon/Run2015C.25ns-16Dec2015-v1/MINIAOD /SingleElectron/Run2015C.25ns-16Dec2015-v1/MINIAOD /SingleMuon/Run2015D-16Dec2015-v1/MINIAOD /SingleElectron/Run2015D-16Dec2015-v1/MINIAOD	2.3 fb ⁻¹

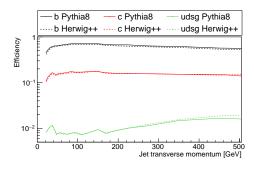
MC samples	Process	Cross section[pb]	Events
/TT_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-powheg-pythia8	t₹	831.76	97994442
/TTWJetsToLNu_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-madspin-pythia8	$t\bar{t}+V$	0.2043	250307
/TTWJetsToQQ_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-madspin-pythia8	$t\bar{t}+V$	0.4062	831847
/TTZToQQ_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnlo-pythia8	t - t+V	0.5297	747000
/TTZToLLNuNu_M-10_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnlo-pythia8	$t\bar{t}+V$	0.2529	394200
/ZZ_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-pythia8	Multiboson	16.523	985600
/WWToLNuQQ_13TeV-powheg	Multiboson	49.497	6996000
/WWTo2L2Nu_13TeV-powheg	Multiboson	12.178	1979988
/WZ_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-pythia8	Multiboson	47.13	100000
/WJetsToLNu_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8	W	61526.7	199037280
/ST_tW_top_5f_inclusiveDecays_13TeV-powheg-pythia8_TuneCUETP8M1	tW	35.6	1000000
/ST_tW_antitop_5f_inclusiveDecays_13TeV-powheg-pythia8_TuneCUETP8M1	tW	35.6	999400
/ST_t-channel_4f_leptonDecays_13TeV-amcatnlo-pythia8_TuneCUETP8M1	t-ch	44.33	3299200
/ST_t-channel_antitop_4f_leptonDecays_13TeV-powheg-pythia8_TuneCUETP8M1	t-ch	26.38	1630900
/DYJetsToLL_M-50_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-madgraphMLM-pythia8	DY	6025.0	247512446
/DYJetsToLL_M-10to50_TuneCUETP8M1_13TeV-amcatnloFXFX-pythia8	DY	18610	76558711
/Multijets (data)			

MC samples are normalized by: $\hat{\textit{N}} = \mathcal{L} \cdot \sigma \cdot \frac{\displaystyle \sum_{i=1}^{N_{ ext{sel }w_i}} {w_i}}{\displaystyle \sum_{i=1}^{N_{ ext{gen }w_i}} {w_i}}$

Correction Factors applied to Simulation

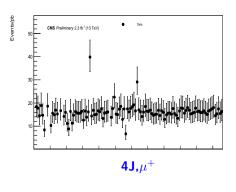
- PU reweighting based on 69 minimum bias cross section
- ▶ b-Tag scale factors (76X)
 - we scale Herwig++
 efficiency to match
 pythia8 and apply the
 BTV scale factors to that
- Lepton SF (Official POG), cross checked in this analysis
- JEC (Fall15_25nsV2)
- ► JES sources

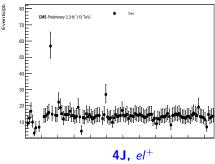
 uncertainties broken in 29 sources
- ► JER → JER twiki



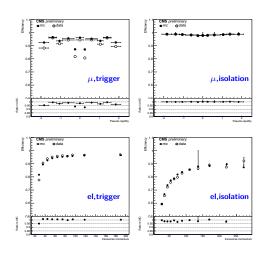
Stability of the Selection

- ▶ The rate of events is very stable as function of run number
- A couple of runs identified with anomalous rates have very low luminosity ($\sim 1 pb^{-1}$)





Trigger Efficiency Measurements



- Using official TnP trees adopted for our selection (Different fitting models tried)
- Results are used as a cross check of the official SFs

Background estimation

Background Estimation: W+Jets

- Modelled from simulation
- Analysis in each lepton channel is sub-divided according to lepton charge
- $ightharpoonup tar{t}$ production is expected to be symmetric
- W production is expected to asymmetric due to PDF composition of protons
- Assign the corresponding uncertainties from the choice of the QCD scales and PDFs.
 - ► The templates are currently derived from the MG5_aMC@NLO
 - Large fraction of negative weights, sufficient statistics to provide positive defined and fairly smooth templates
- ▶ Compared MG5_aMC@NLO with MADGRAPH in different categories
- ► Difference in normalization is observed but the shape of the distributions is fairly similar

W+Jets Normalization and Charge Asymmetry

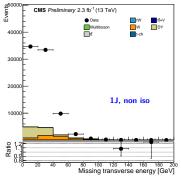
Category	=1 jet	=2 jets	=3 jets	≥4 jets
μ^+	1.112 ± 0.002	1.184 ± 0.006	1.20 ± 0.01	0.96 ± 0.02
μ^-	$1.095{\pm}0.003$	1.170 ± 0.006	$1.19 {\pm} 0.01$	$0.97 {\pm} 0.02$
e^+	1.102 ± 0.003	$1.196{\pm}0.007$	$1.21 {\pm} 0.02$	$0.96 {\pm} 0.02$
e ⁻	$1.288 {\pm} 0.004$	$1.38 {\pm} 0.008$	$1.40 {\pm} 0.02$	$1.09 {\pm} 0.03$

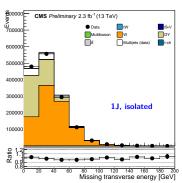
- ▶ Ratio of the events predicted by MG5_aMC@NLO wrt MADGRAPH
- ightharpoonup Predicts $\sim 20\%$ more events wrt to madgraph for Njets <4
- Predicts $\sim 5\%$ less events for Njets >4
- ► As a consequence of this observation, different charge asymmetry is predicted

Background Estimation: QCD Multijets

- ▶ Normalization is determined from events with low $\mathcal{E}_{\mathcal{T}}$ (<20 GeV)
 - Expect to be dominated by QCD
 - ▶ Extract QCD shape from events with rellso >0.4
 - Normalized from:

$$N_{\rm SR}(QCD) = [N_{\rm CR}(obs) - N_{\rm CR}(non - QCD)] \cdot \frac{N_{\rm SR}^{miss} < 20}{N_{\rm SR}^{miss} < 20} (obs) - N_{\rm SR}^{miss} < 20 (non - QCD) \cdot \frac{N_{\rm SR}^{miss} < 20}{N_{\rm CR}^{miss} < 20} (obs) - N_{\rm CR}^{miss} < 20 (non - QCD)$$





Background Estimation: QCD Multijets

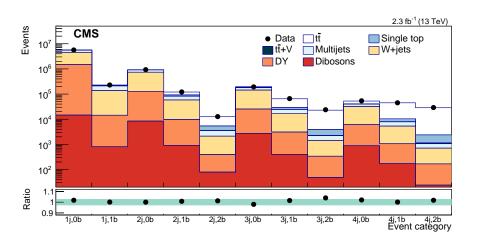
Category	=1 jet	=2 jets	=3 jets	≥4 jets
$\overline{\mu^+}$	1.89 ± 0.09	1.63 ± 0.14	2.77 ± 0.24	2.17 ± 0.23
μ^-	1.59 ± 0.05	1.19 ± 0.05	2.64 ± 0.22	2.01 ± 0.15
e^+	2.71 ± 0.09	2.29 ± 0.10	2.60 ± 0.13	2.14 ± 0.30
e^-	2.50 ± 0.12	2.06 ± 0.05	2.56 ± 0.13	2.03 ± 0.10

- Scale factors to be applied to the control region distributions for QCD to normalize them in the signal region
- Overall the scale factors are approximately constant across the different jet multiplicity categories
- tend to increase for higher jet multiplicities
 - ▶ Due to NON QCD contamination in control region
- Uncertainty is higher in the positively charged lepton sample (as a consequence of charge asymmetry)
- ► All scale factors are close to two, data is triggered by isolated lepton triggers
- We capture only a portion of non-isolated leptons

Control distributions

(pre-fit, stats only uncertainty)

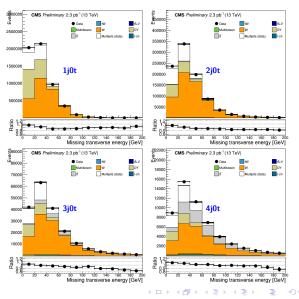
Events count



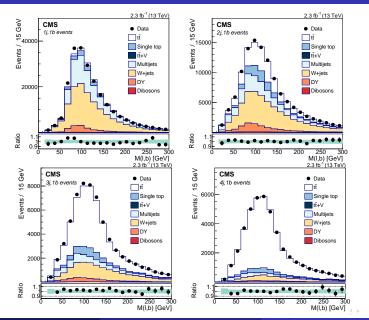
- ▶ e/mu+jets combined for positive/negative charged leptons
- Statistical uncertainty only

MET distributions

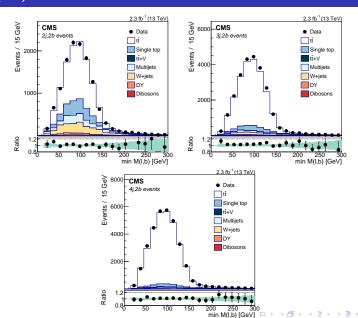
- At pre-approval (74X), we were using these distributions to constrain backgrounds
- Not so well modelled in 76X (electron channel)
 - we count simply the number of events with 0-btags



M(I,b)



minM(l,b)



Fit results and cross section measurement

Cross Section Measurement

▶ The $t\bar{t}$ production cross section $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ is extracted from the following expression

$$\sigma = \frac{(N_{obs} - N_{bkg})}{A\varepsilon\mathcal{L}}$$

- ▶ We make use of Higgs Combination tool ←
- Use all categories to fit the signal and adjust initial background estimation
- ▶ In the fit, uncertainties are included

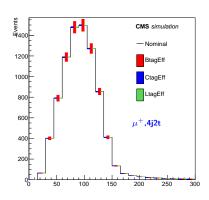
$$N^{bkg}
ightarrow N^{bkg}_{nom} \cdot (1 + heta_{btag}) \cdot (1 + heta_{jes}) \cdot$$

Use the profile likelihood method (PLR) to fit the signal strength

$$\mu = \sigma_{\rm obs}/\sigma_{\rm th}$$



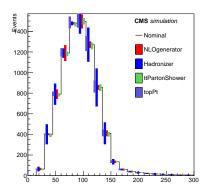
Experimental uncertainties



- b-tagging efficiency is expected to have the largest impact on the signal shapes.
- nuisances are constrained by log-normal distributions

Uncertainty group Name Type Prior JES AbsoluteFlavMap	Range
JES AbsoluteFlavMap	
	1.0-1.14
AbsoluteMPFBias	1.0-1.18
AbsoluteScale	1.0-1.3
AbsoluteStat	1.0-1.2
FlavorPureBottom	1.0-1.084
FlavorPureCharm.	1.0-1.144
FlavorPureGluon	1.0-1.156
FlavorPureQuark	1.0-1.073
Fragmentation	1.0-1.106
Pile UpDataMC	1.0-1.12
Pile UpPtBB	1.0-1.17
Pile UpPtBC1	1.0-1.15
Pile UpPtBC2	1.0-1.13
Pile UpPtHF	1.0-1.12
PileUpPtRef shape+rate InN	1.0-1.14
RelativeFSR	1.0-1.2
RelativeJEREC1	1.0-1.10
RelativeJEREC2	1.0-1.14
RelativeJERHF	1.0-1.17
RelativePtBB	1.0-1.19
RelativePtBC1	1.0-1.11
RelativePtBC2	1.0-1.12
RelativePtHF	1.0-1.13
RelativeStatBC	1.0-1.07
RelativeStatHF	1.0-1.12
SinglePionECAL	1.0-1.1
SinglePionHCAL	1.0-1.12
TimeEta	1.0-1.12
TimePt	1.0-1.20
JER JER shape+rate InN	1.0-1.16
BtagEff	1.0-1.17
b-tagging efficiency CtagEff shape+rate InN	1.0-1.13
LtagEff	1.0-1.16
Luminosity lumi_13TeV rate lnN	1.027
Pileup Pileup shape lnN	
EleEfficiency	0.98-1.027
EleScale	1.0-1.016
Lepton efficiencies EleTrigger shape+rate InN	0.97-1.032
* Musingency *	1.0-1.003
MuScale	1.0-1.045
MuTrigger	1.0-1.003
QCD multijets MultijetsNorm* rate InN	1.0-1.5
QCD Intitugets MultiJetsShape* shape InN	

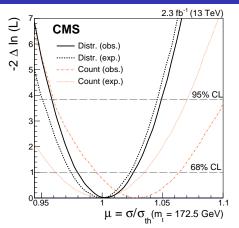
Theory uncertainties



- Distributions for the signal shapes
- Hadronizer is expected to have the largest impact on the signal shapes

Uncertainty group	Name	Туре	Prior	Range
	DYnorm_th		//	1.038
Theoretical cross sections	VVnorm_th			1.2
	Wnorm_th	rate	lnN	1.037
	tWnorm_th			1.054
	tnorm_th			1.044
	Hadronizer	shape+rate	lnN	1.0-1.344
	NLOgenerator	shape+rate	lnN	1.0-1.20
	topPt	shape+rate	lnN	1.0-1.055
tī modelling	Mtop	shape	lnN	
tt modelling	ttCombScale	shape	lnN	
	ttFactScale	shape	lnN	
	ttPartonShower	shape	lnN	
	ttRenScale	shape	lnN	
tW modelling	tWscale	shape+rate	lnN	1.0-1.14
tw modelling	tWttinterf	shape+rate	lnN	1.00-1.30
	wCombScale		lnN	1.05-1.13
W+jets modelling	wFactScale (shape)	shape+rate		1.0-1.039
	wRenScale (shape)			1.0 - 1.15

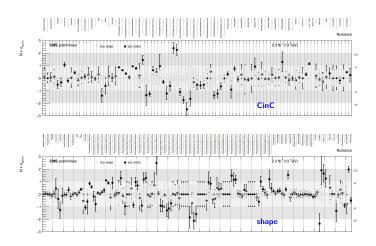
Fit result



Expected/observed for the cut-in-categories and and the shape analysis

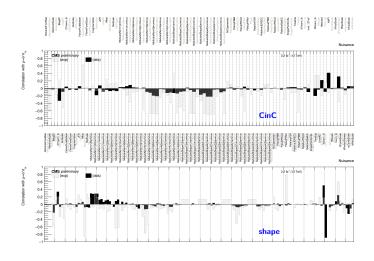
$$\mu = 1.003 \pm 0.003(stat) \pm 0.023(syst)$$
 $\mu = 1.030 \pm 0.004(stat) \pm 0.034(syst)$

post-fit nuisances (expected & observed)



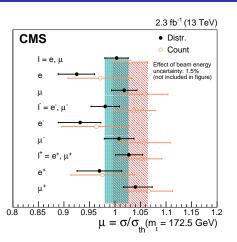
- Largest pulls are observed for the main backgrounds W and QCD multijets
- \blacktriangleright All the rest with in 1 σ
- ▶ Post fit uncertainties smaller in shapes as expected

correlation factor between each nuisance and the signal strength



Largest correlations in main backgrounds W, QCD multijets and luminosity

Fit in different categories



- ▶ Slight tension (1σ) between electron and muon channels
- ▶ Enhanced after combination
- ► Fair agreement between shape and cut-in-categories

Systematics

C	Cost in Catalania	C1			
Source	Cut-in-Categories	Shape			
Statistics	0.004	0.003			
Experimental uncertainties					
Jet energy scale/resolution	0.003	0.001			
b-tagging	0.004	0.004			
Other backgrounds	0.004	0.004			
Pileup	0.001	< 0.001			
Lepton efficiency	< 0.001	< 0.001			
Lepton energy scale	0.002	0.001			
W model	0.020	0.020			
QCD multijets	0.018	0.009			
Theory uncertainties					
Top quark mass	< 0.001	0.001			
t t model	0.011	0.002			
Single top quark model	0.008	0.002			
$t\bar{t}$ top p_{T}	0.006	0.005			
Parton shower scale	0.012	0.001			
tī QCD scale	0.004	0.002			
Total	0.034	0.023			

- The impacts of the systematic uncertainties on the likelihood are evaluated using the following prescription:
 - fix the nuisances to their post-fit values
 - ► repeat the fit freezing several times adding at a time a nuisance (or a group of nuisances)

Cross Section Measurement

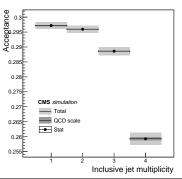
▶ The $t\bar{t}$ production cross section $\sigma_{t\bar{t}}$ is extracted from the following expression

$$\sigma = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bkg}}{\Delta \varepsilon \mathcal{L}}$$

- ightharpoonup Acceptance is estimated from Powheg+Pythia8 $m_t=172.5~{
 m GeV}$
 - central value affected by the MC choice, hadronizer, parton shower scale
 - PDF uncertainties
 - QCD scale choice at ME level
- ▶ Uncertainty on the luminosity is intrinsic to the measurement 2.7 % (LUM-15-001)

Acceptance Measurement

Uncertainty	Procedure	Impact
$PDF+\alpha_s$	RMS of the 100 NNPDF3.0 variations with $\Deltalpha_s=\pm0.001$	± 0.0006
QCD scale	Envelope of the variations (μ_R, μ_F)	± 0.0017
PS scale	Difference between nominal PS scale POWHEG+PYTHIA8 and 2,1/2 variations	
Hadronizer	Difference between PYTHIA8 and HERWIG++	± 0.0039
Integrated luminosity	2.7%	



$$Acceptance = 0.2972 \pm 0.0001(stat) \pm 0.0043(syst)$$

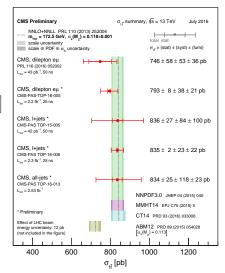
- ▶ Table indicates the uncertainties considered in the extrapolation to full phase space
- Dependence on the mass enhanced by the reqquirement of extra jets

$t\bar{t}$ cross-section summary

$$\sigma = 834.7 \pm 2.5 (stat) \pm 20.7 (syst) \pm 22.6 (lumi) \pm 12.5 (extrapol)$$

$$\Delta\sigma/\sigma=3.98\%$$

 Thanks J.Kieseler for such a nice plot



Conclusion

- ▶ We have presented a measurement of the inclusive cross section in the l+jets channel
 - focus on optimizing the data to understand the signal in the visible region
 - uncertainty in the extrapolation reduced by requiring only one jet in the selection
- We measure:

$$\sigma = 834.7 \pm 2.5 (stat) \pm 20.7 (syst) \pm 22.6 (lumi) \pm 12.5 (extrapol)$$

$$m_{\rm t} = 172.3 + 2.7 / -2.3 \, GeV$$

Acknowledgments

We thank T. Arndt, M. Ivova and A. Anuar for their help with the usage of the tag and probe tool. The cross section and modelling and generators sub-conveners (M. Aldaya, M. Soares, J. Keveaney, E. Yazgan, M. Seidel) are acknowledged for their revision of the current analysis or specific parts of it. J. Kieseler is thanked for helping cross checking the values obtained with TOP++ for the top quark mass dependency of the cross section. A. David is thanked for cross checking our implementation of the model used to parametrize the signal strength as function of the top quark mass in the Higgs combination tool package.

THE END