## 【第三十周】经典匹配算法: KMP、Sunday 与 Shift-[AndOr] 算法

## KMP、Sunday 与 Shift-[AndOr JS版本

```
function getnext(pattern, next) {
             let n = pattern.length;
             next[0] = -1;
             for (let i = 1, j = -1; i < n; i++) {
                          while (j != -1 \&\& pattern[i] != pattern[j + 1]) j = next[j];
                          if (pattern[i] == pattern[j + 1]) j += 1;
                          next[i] = j;
function KMP(text, pattern) {
             let n = text.length, m = pattern.length;
             let next = new Array(m);
             getnext(pattern, next);
             for (let i = 0, j = -1; i < n; i++) {
                          while (j != -1 \&\& text[i] != pattern[j + 1]) j = next[j];
                          if (text[i] == pattern[j + 1]) j += 1;
                          if (j + 1 == m) return i - j;
             return -1;
}
function sunday(text, pattern) {
             let n = \text{text.length}, m, last_pos = \text{new Array}(256).fill(-1);
             for (m = 0; pattern[m]; ++m) last pos[pattern[m].charCodeAt()] = m;
             for (let i = 0; i + m \le n; i + m \le n;
{
                          let flag = 1;
                          for (let j = 0; pattern[j]; ++j) {
                                       if (text[i + j] == pattern[j]) continue;
                                       flag = 0;
                                       break;
                          if (flag) return i;
             return -1
```

```
// console.log(last_pos)
}
function shift_and(text, pattern) {
    let n = pattern.length, p = 0;
    let code = new Array(256);
   for (let i = 0; i < n; i++) code[pattern[i]] |= 1 << i;
    for (let i = 0; text[i]; i++) {
        p = ((p << 1 | 1) & code[text[i]]);</pre>
       if (p & (1 << n - 1)) return i - n + 1;
    }
   return -1;
}
var s1 = "afsadfgasdgf";
var s2 = "dgf";
console.log(KMP(s1, s2));
console.log(shift_and(s1, s2));
console.log(sunday(s1, s2));
```

