NeurIPS'24 & INFORMS Data

Mining Paper Competition Finalist

Cost-Aware Bayesian Optimization with Adaptive Stopping via Gittins Indices

Qian Xie 谢倩 (Cornell ORIE)

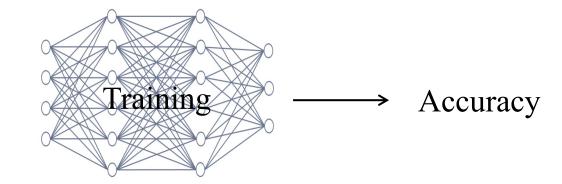
Joint work with Linda Cai (UC Berkeley), Theodore Brown (UCL), Raul Astudillo (MBZUAI), Peter Frazier, Alexander Terenin, and Ziv Scully (Cornell)

INFORMS Annual Meeting 2025 Job Market Showcase

Optimization Under Uncertainty

ML model training:

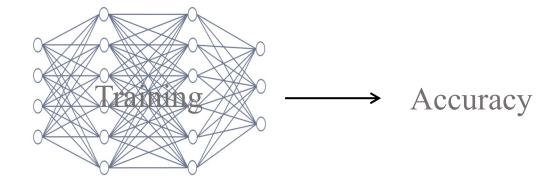
Training hyperparameters (e.g., learning rate, # layers)



Optimization Under Uncertainty

ML model training:

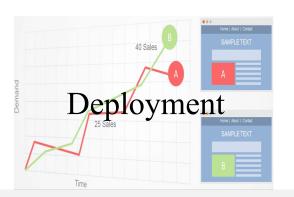
Training hyperparameters (e.g., learning rate, # layers)



Adaptive experimentation:

Decision/design variables

(e.g., layout, pricing level)

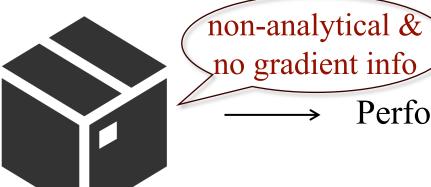


Revenue

Optimization Under Uncertainty

Black-box optimization:

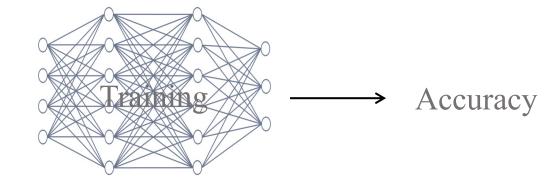
Input *x* —



 $\xrightarrow{\text{Performance metric } f(x)}$

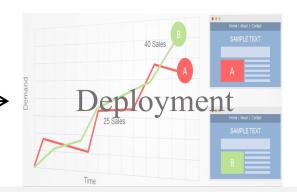
ML model training:

Training hyperparameters (e.g., learning rate, # layers)



Adaptive experimentation:

Decision/design variables (e.g., layout, pricing level)



Revenue

Black-Box Optimization

Input $x \longrightarrow$

expensive-to-evaluate

 \rightarrow Performance metric f(x)



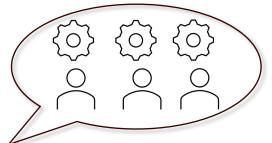
Training hyperparameters (e.g., learning rate, # layers)



Training time

Compute credits





Revenue

Operational cost User experience

Adaptive experimentation:

Decision/design variables

(e.g., layout, pricing level)

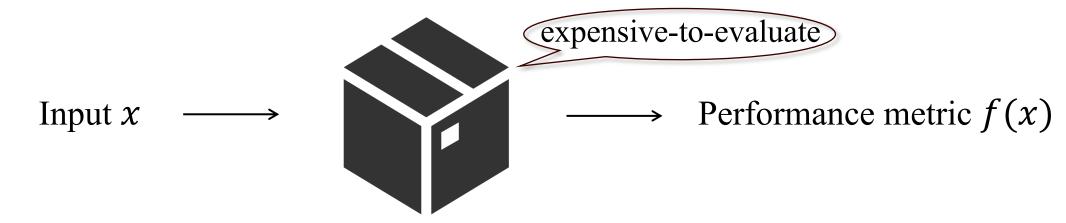


Black-Box Optimization



High-level goal: Choose $x_1, ..., x_T$ to maximize the expected best observed value $\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t)$

Data-Driven Black-Box Optimization



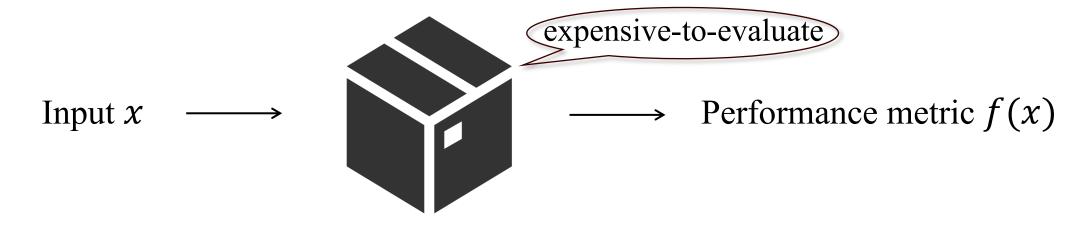
adaptively

High-level goal: Choose x_1, \dots, x_T to maximize the expected best observed value

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(x_t)$$



Data-Driven Black-Box Optimization

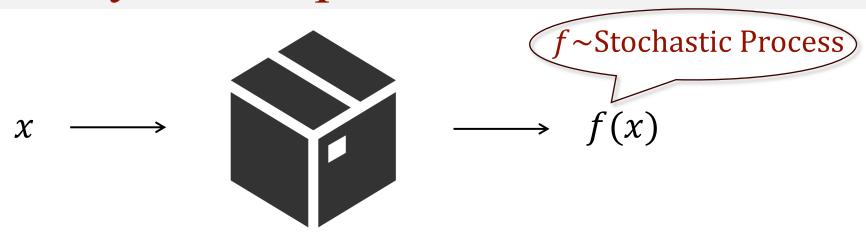


adaptively

High-level goal: Choose $x_1, ..., x_T$ to maximize the expected best observed value $\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t)$

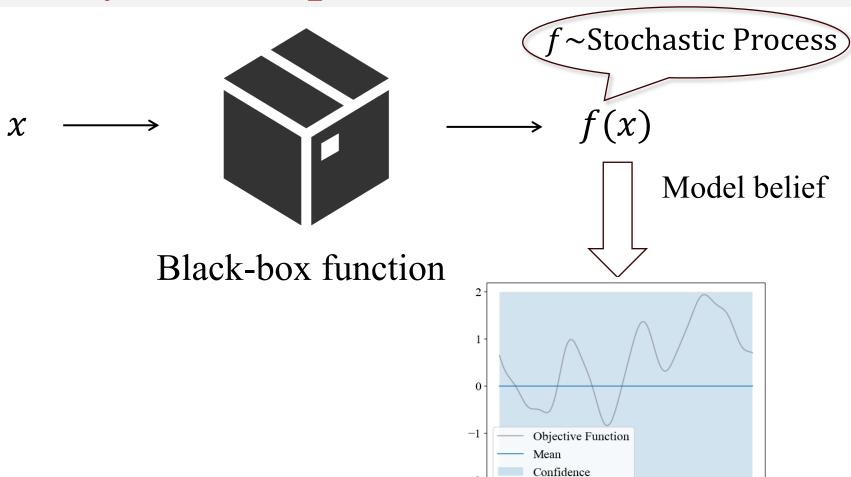


Efficient framework: Bayesian optimization



Black-box function





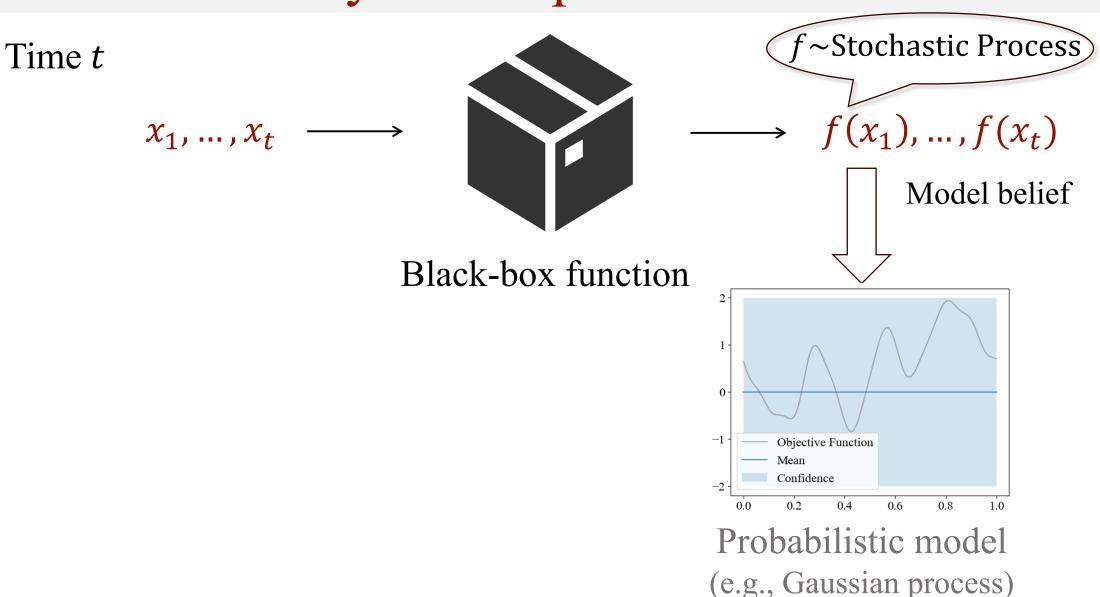
Probabilistic model

0.6

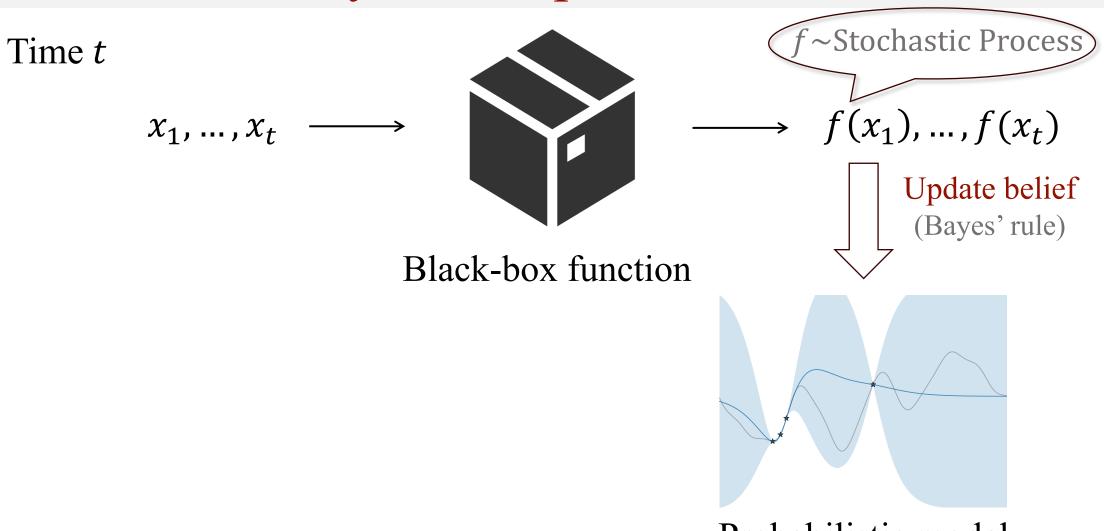
0.4

0.2

(e.g., Gaussian process)

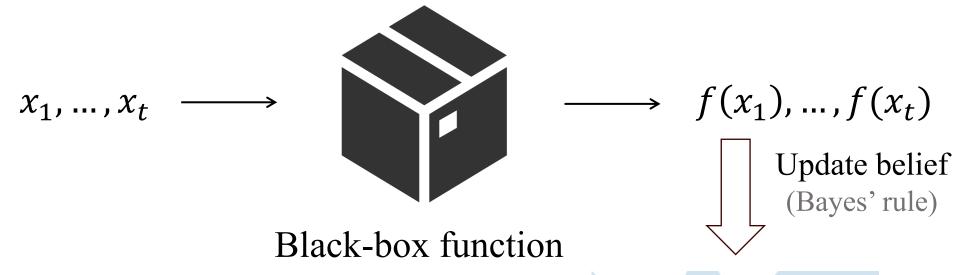


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Probabilistic model (e.g., Gaussian process)

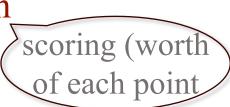


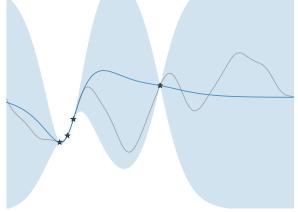




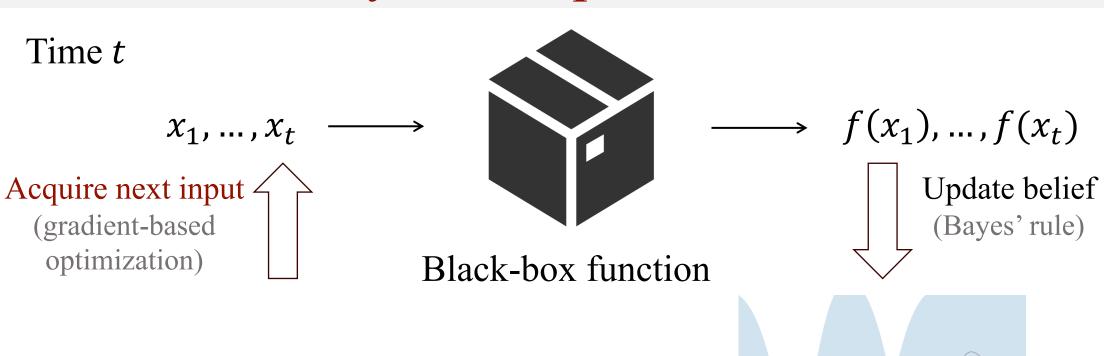
Acquisition function

(e.g., EI, UCB, TS)





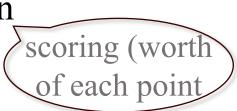
Probabilistic model (e.g., Gaussian process)

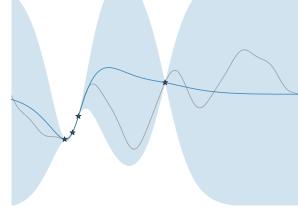




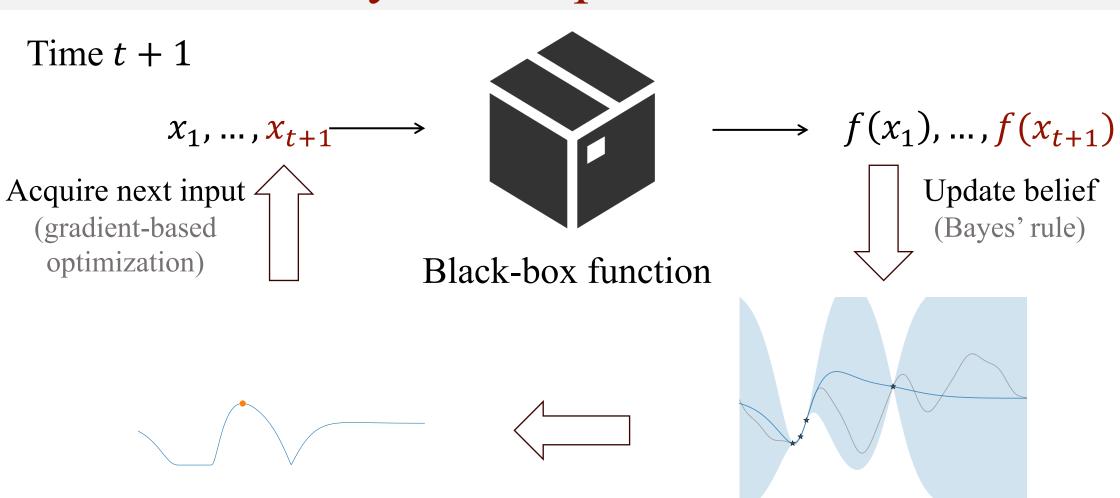
Acquisition function,

(e.g., EI, UCB, TS)





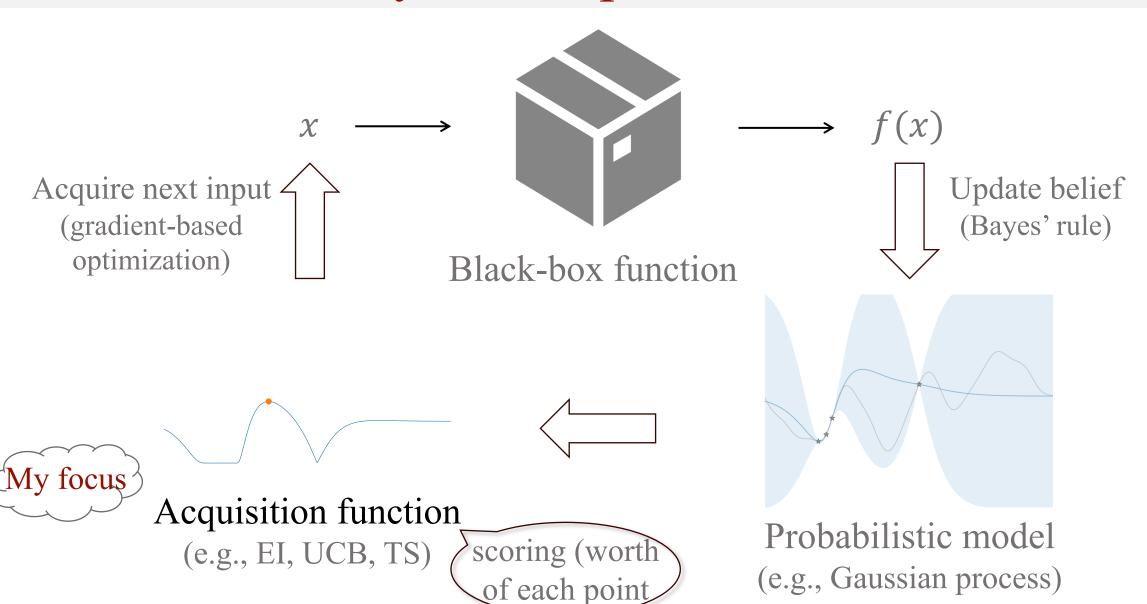
Probabilistic model (e.g., Gaussian process)



Acquisition function

(e.g., EI, UCB, TS) scoring (worth of each point)

Probabilistic model (e.g., Gaussian process)



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Existing Design Principles

- Improvement-based (e.g., EI)
- Entropy-based
- Confidence bounds (UCB/LCB)
- Thompson sampling (TS)

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New Design Principle: Gittins Index

- Improvement-based (e.g., EI)
- Entropy-based
- Confidence bounds (UCB/LCB)
- Thompson sampling (TS)
- Gittins Index

New Design Principle: Gittins Index

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Our Contribution: Gittins Index Principle

- Improvement-based (e.g., EI)
- Entropy-based
- Confidence bounds (UCB/LCB)
- Thompson sampling (TS)
- Gittins Index



- 1. Naturally incorporates side info and practical flexibility
- 2. Performs competitively on benchmarks
- 3. Comes with theoretical guarantees

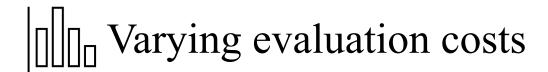
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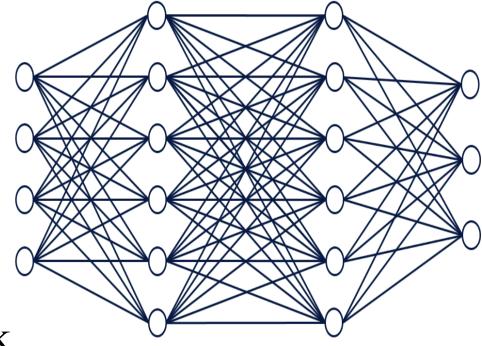
- 1. Naturally incorporates side info and practical flexibility
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- 3. Comes with theoretical guarantees

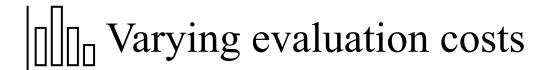
Under-explored Side Info and Flexibility





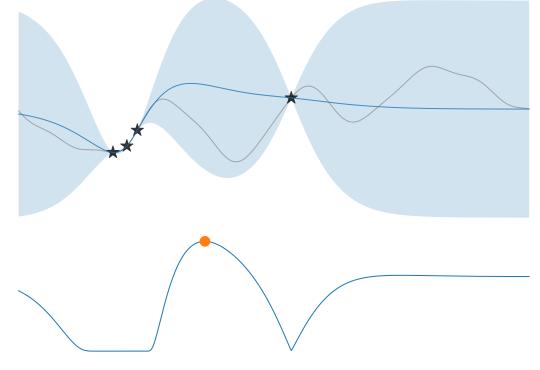
Observable multi-stage feedback



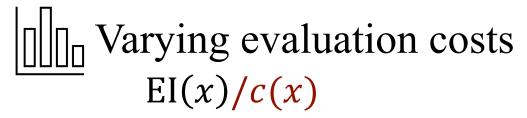






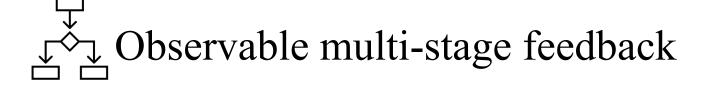


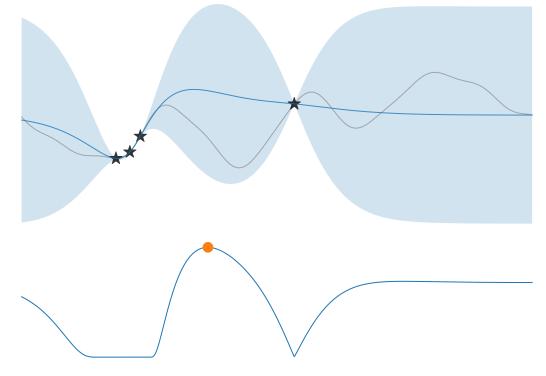
Expected improvement EI(x)



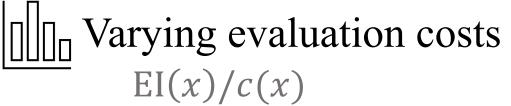


Smart stopping time





Expected improvement EI(x)



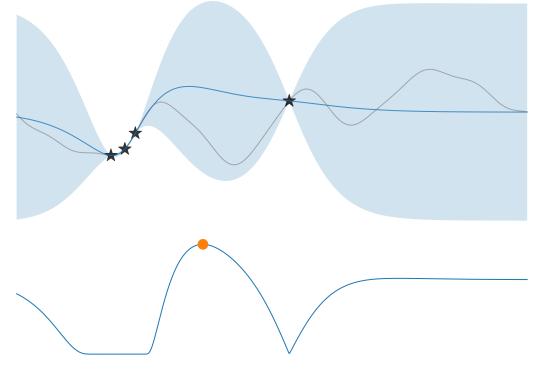


Smart stopping time

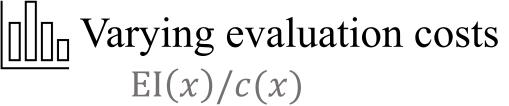
$$EI(x) \leq \theta$$



Observable multi-stage feedback



Expected improvement EI(x)

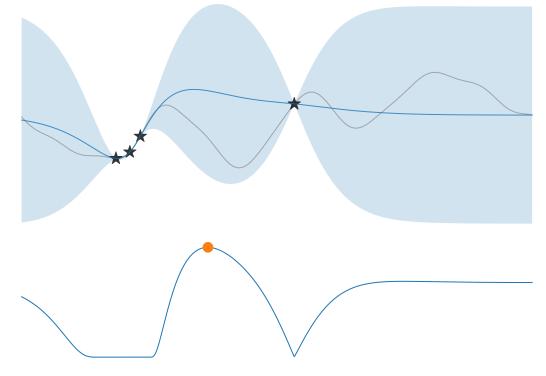




Smart stopping time

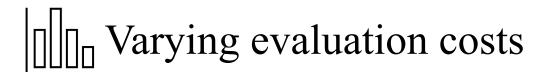
$$EI(x) \le \theta$$
Which threshold?

Observable multi-stage feedback



Expected improvement EI(x)

Under-explored Side Info and Flexibility





Observable multi-stage feedback

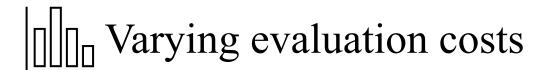
New design principle: Gittins index



Smart stopping time

Observable multi-stage feedback

New design principle: Gittins index





Observable multi-stage feedback

New design principle: Gittins index

Optimal in related sequential decision problems





Smart stopping time

Features in Pandora's box

Observable multi-stage feedback

New design principle: Gittins index

Optimal in related sequential decision problems



Varying evaluation costs

Features in Pandora's box



Smart stopping time

Features in Pandora's box



Observable multi-stage feedback

Features in Markovian bandits

New design principle: Gittins index

Optimal in related sequential decision problems

What is Pandora's Box?





Smart stopping time

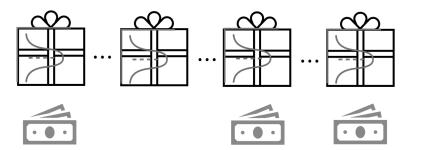
Features in Pandora's box



Observable multi-stage feedback Features in Markovian bandits

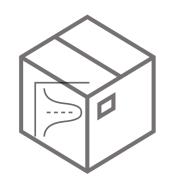
New design principle: Gittins index

Optimal in related sequential decision problems







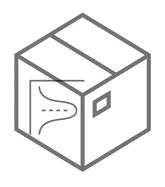




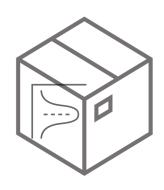
High-level goal: Choose box x_1, \dots, x_T to open to maximize the expected utility

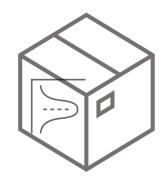
$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$
Flexible stopping time

$$t = 0$$





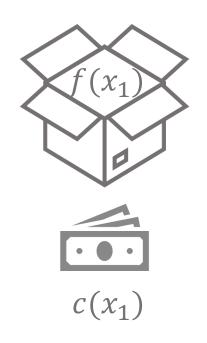




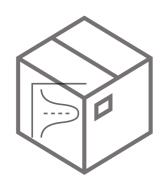
High-level goal: Choose box $x_1, ..., x_T$ to open to maximize the expected utility

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$

$$t = 1$$





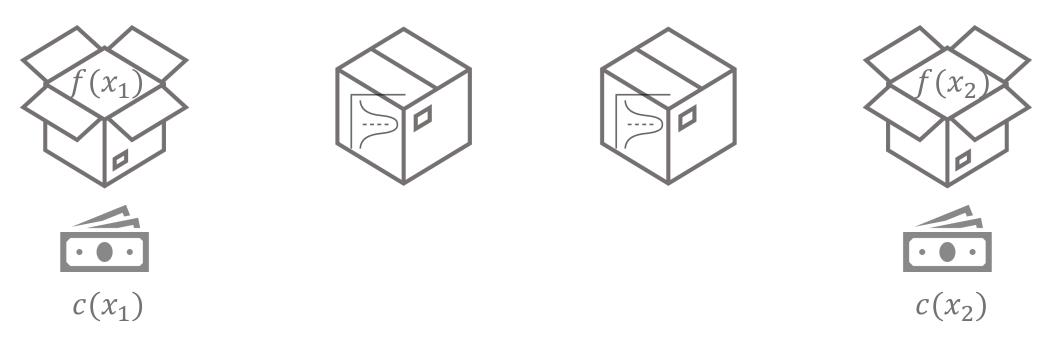




High-level goal: Choose box $x_1, ..., x_T$ to open to maximize the expected utility

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{I} c(x_t)$$

$$t = 2$$

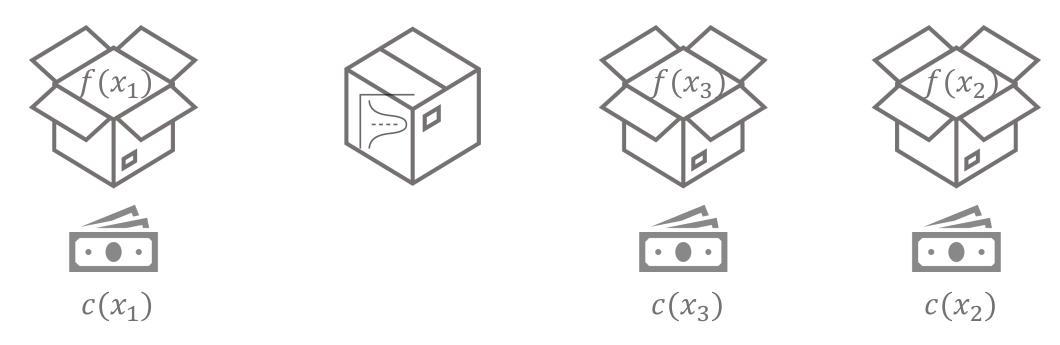


High-level goal: Choose box x_1, \dots, x_T to open to maximize the expected utility

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{I} c(x_t)$$

Pandora's Box

$$t = 3$$

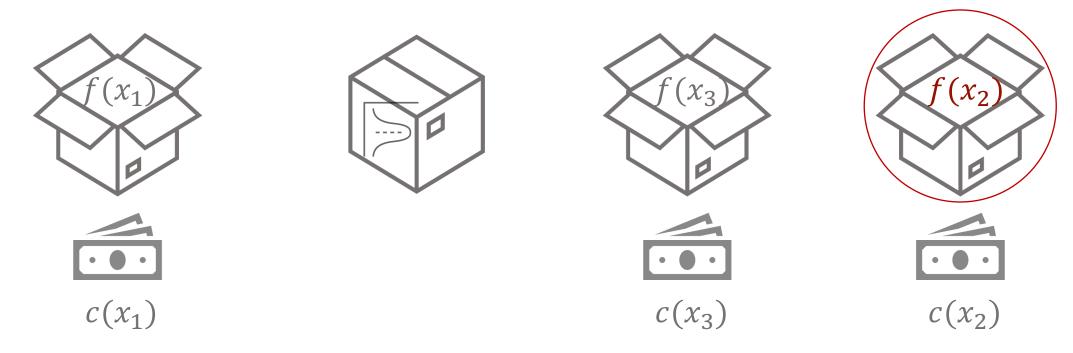


High-level goal: Choose box x_1, \dots, x_T to open to maximize the expected utility

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$

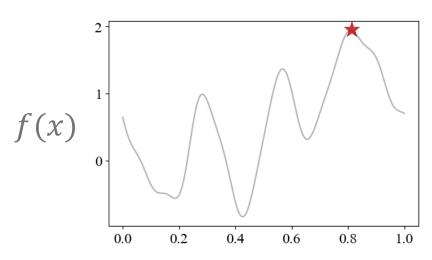
Pandora's Box

t = T, stop



High-level goal: Choose box x_1, \dots, x_T to open to maximize the expected utility

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$



Continuous

Correlated

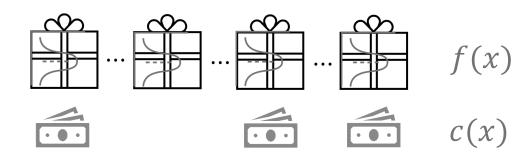
Fixed-iteration

Expected best-observed value

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t)$$

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]

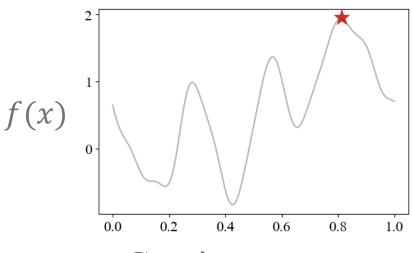


Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected utility $\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$



Continuous

Correlated

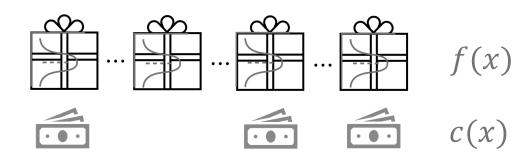
Fixed-iteration

Expected best-observed value

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(x_t)$$

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]

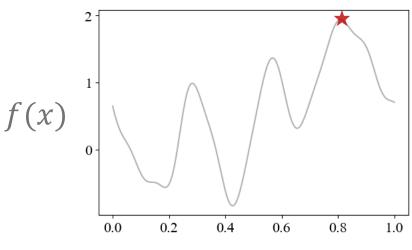


Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected utility cumulative cost $\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$



Continuous

Correlated

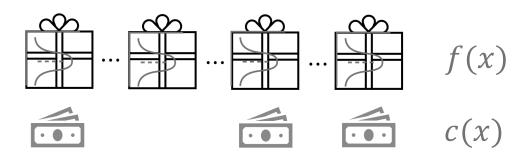
Fixed-iteration

Expected regret

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathcal{X}} f(\mathbf{x}) - \mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(\mathbf{x}_t)$$

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]

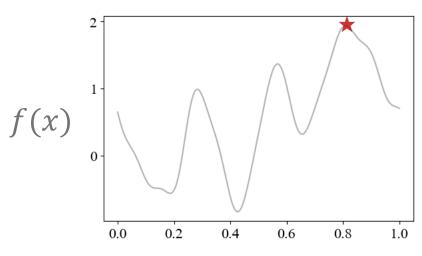


Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected utility
$$\mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,...,T} f(x_t) - \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$



Continuous

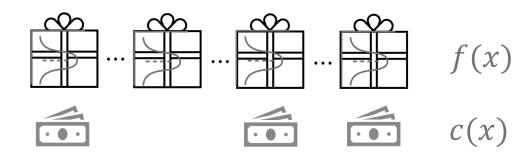
Correlated

Fixed-iteration

Expected regret $\mathbb{E} \max_{x \in \mathcal{X}} f(x) - \mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(x_t)$

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]



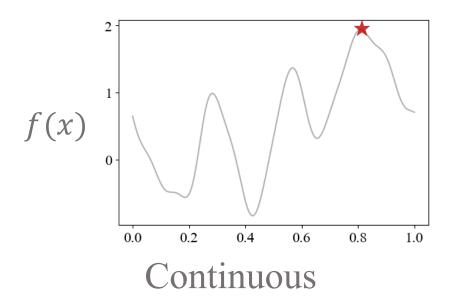
Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret

$$\mathbb{E} \max_{x \in \mathcal{X}} f(x) - \mathbb{E} \max_{t=1,2,\dots,T} f(x_t) + \mathbb{E} \sum_{t=1}^{T} c(x_t)$$
 cumulative cost



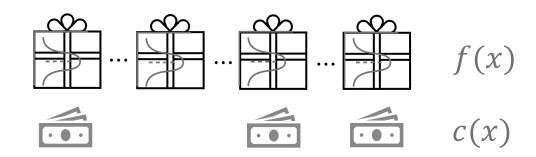
Correlated

Fixed-budget / Flexible-stopping

Expected (cost-adjusted) regret

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]

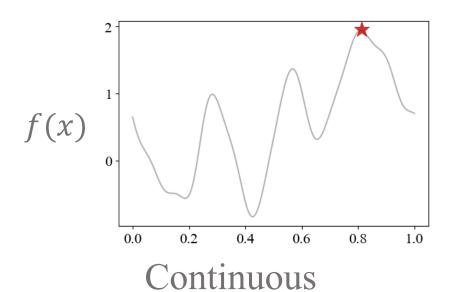


Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret



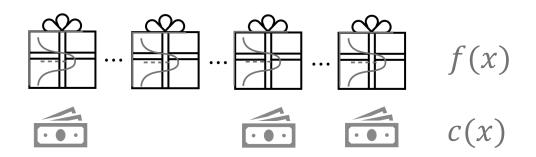
Correlated

Fixed-budget / Flexible-stopping

Expected (cost-adjusted) regret

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]



Discrete

Independent

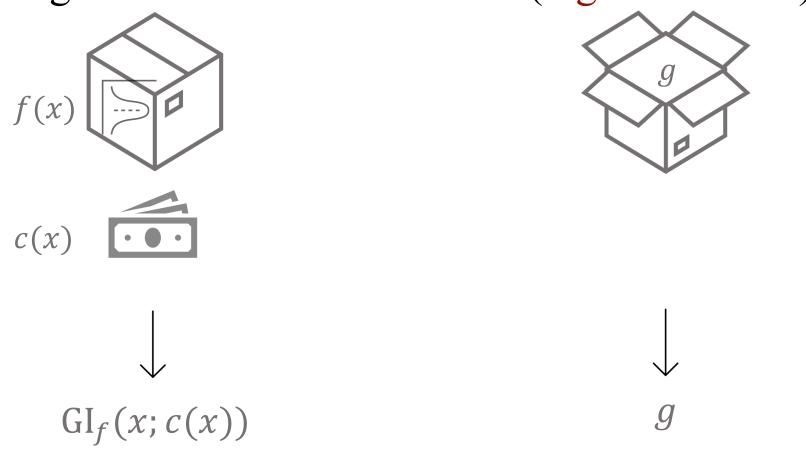
Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret

Optimal policy: Gittins index

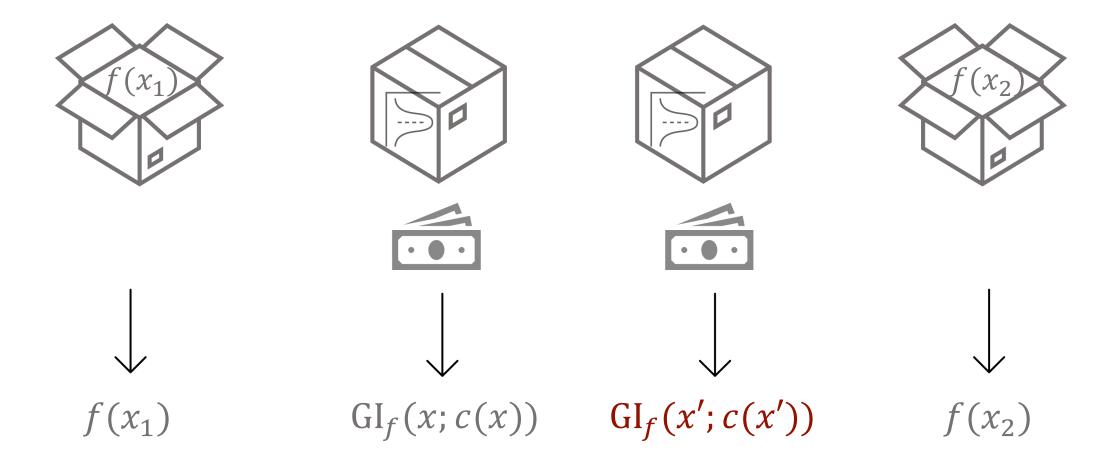
Optimal Policy: Gittins Index

Step 1: Assign each box a Gittins index (higher is better)



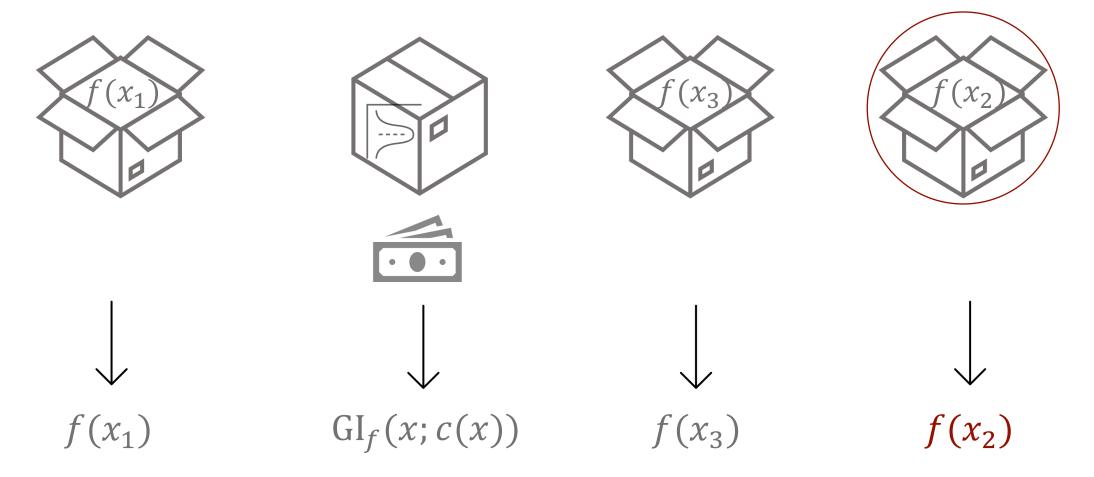
Optimal Policy: Gittins Index

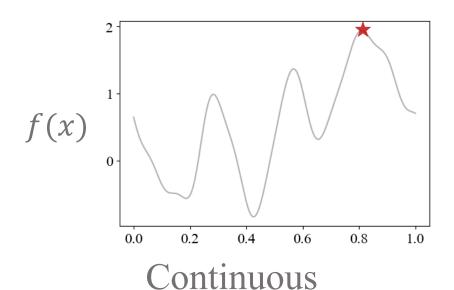
Step 2: Open the box with highest index if it is closed



Optimal Policy: Gittins Index

Step 2': Select the box with highest index if it is opened and stop





Correlated

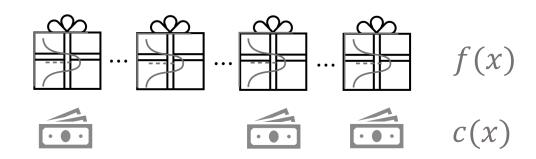
Fixed-budget / Flexible-stopping

Expected (cost-adjusted) regret

Is Gittins index good?

Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]



Discrete

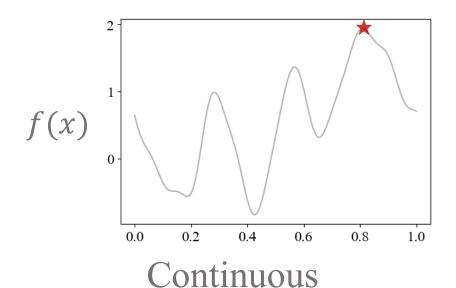
Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret

Gittins index is optimal

47



Correlated

Fixed-budget / Flexible-stopping

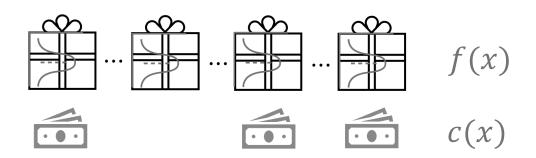
Expected (cost-adjusted) regret

Is Gittins index good?



Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]



Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret

Gittins index is optimal

48

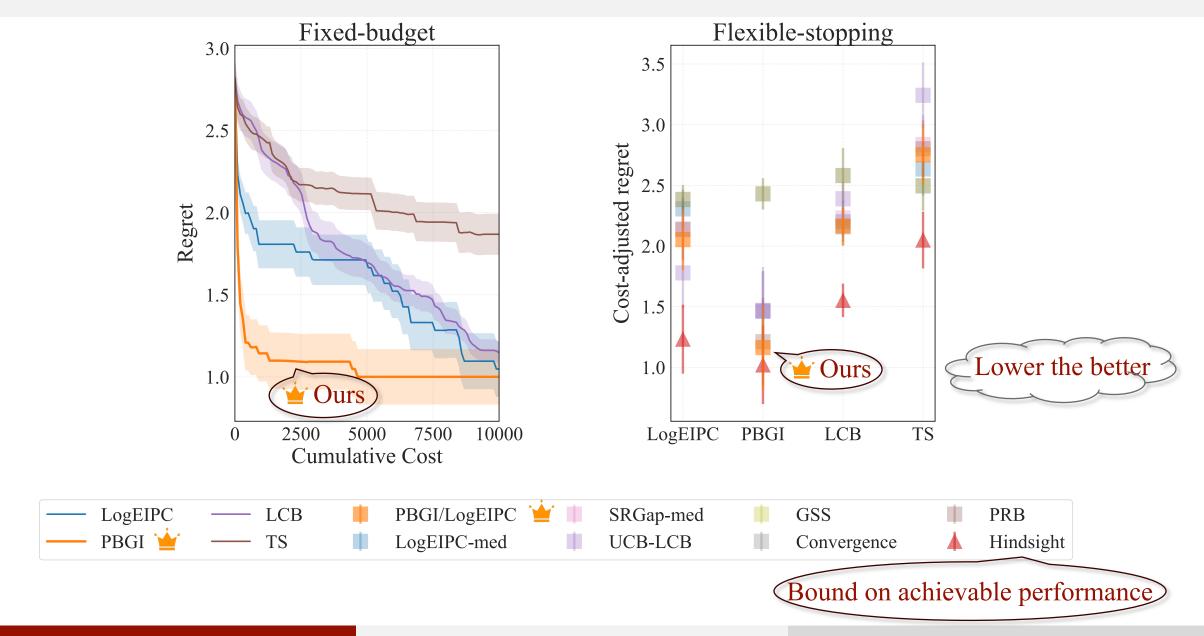
Our Contribution: Gittins Index Principle

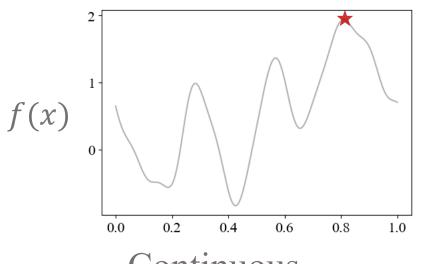
- Improvement-based (e.g., LogEIPC)
- Entropy-based
- Confidence bounds (UCB/LCB)
- Thompson sampling (TS)
- Gittins Index (PBGI)



- 1. Naturally incorporates side info and practical flexibility
- 2. Performs competitively on benchmarks
- 3. Comes with theoretical guarantees

Gittins Index vs Baselines on AutoML Benchmark





Continuous

Correlated

Fixed-budget / Flexible-stopping

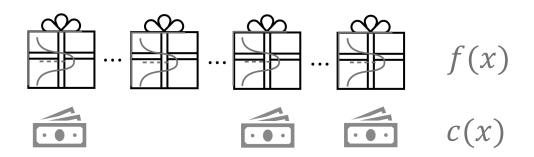
Expected (cost-adjusted) regret

Is Gittins index good?



Pandora's Box

[Weitzman'79]



Discrete

Independent

Flexible-stopping

Expected cost-adjusted regret

Gittins index is optimal

51

Our Contribution: Gittins Index Principle

- Improvement-based (e.g., LogEIPC)
- Entropy-based
- Confidence bounds
- Thompson sampling
- Gittins Index



- 1. Naturally incorporates side info and practical flexibility
- 2. Performs competitively on benchmarks
- 3. Comes with theoretical guarantees

Theoretical Guarantee and Empirical Validation

Theorem (No worse than stopping-immediately)

 $\mathbb{E}[R(\text{ours}; PBGI)] \le R[\text{stopping immediately}]$



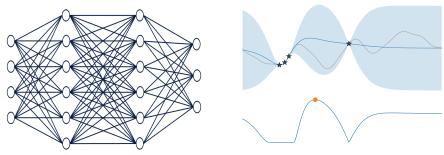
Implication:

- Matches the best achievable performance in the worst case (evaluations are all very costly).
- Avoids over-spending a property many cost-unaware stopping rules lack.





Studied problem





Varying evaluation costs



Adaptive stopping time

Impact





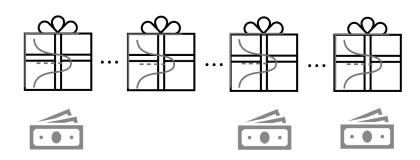


Competitive empirical performance & interests from practitioners



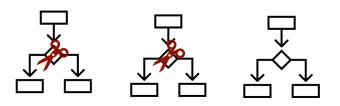
"Cost-aware Bayesian Optimization via the Pandora's Box Gittins Index." NeurIPS'24.

Key idea



Link to Pandora's Box problem & Gittins index theory

Ongoing work

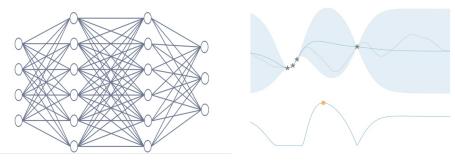


Sharper theoretical guarantees & blackbox optimization w/ multi-stage feedback



"Cost-aware Stopping for Bayesian Optimization." Under review.

Studied problem



Varying evaluation costs



Impact





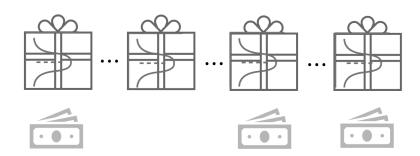


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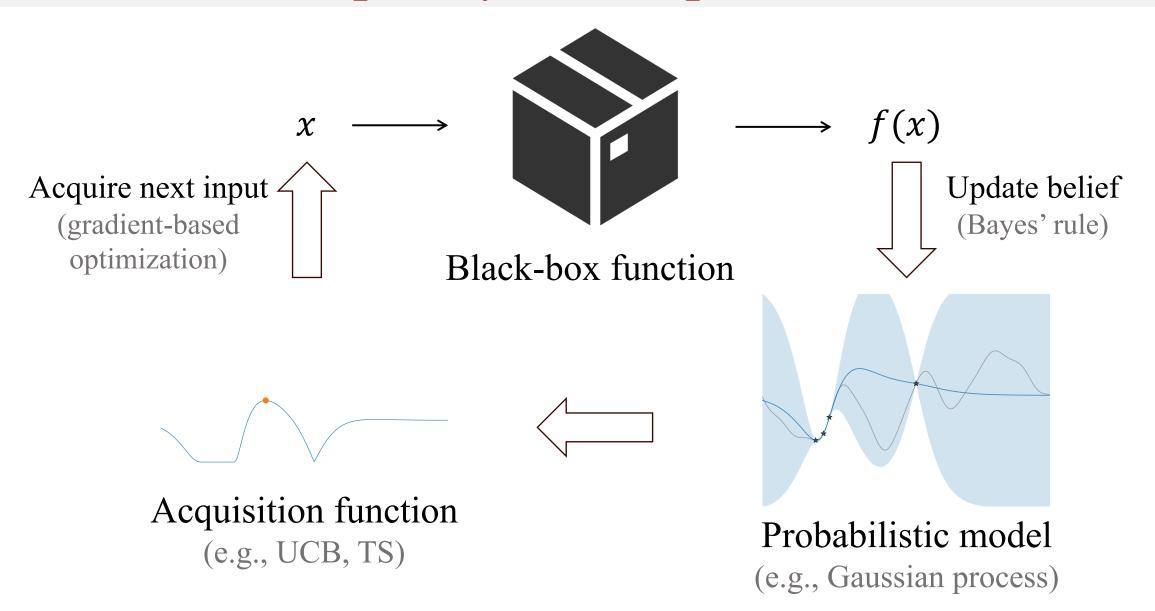


LLM-driven black-box optimization

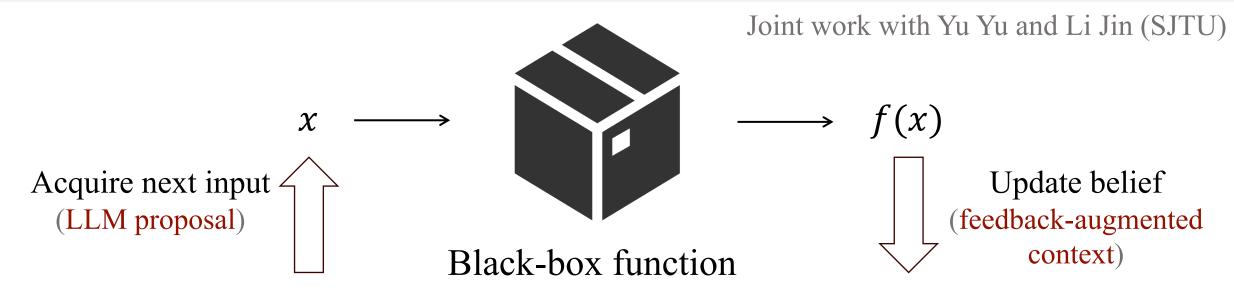


"Cost-aware Stopping for Bayesian Optimization." Under review.

Recap: Bayesian Optimization



56



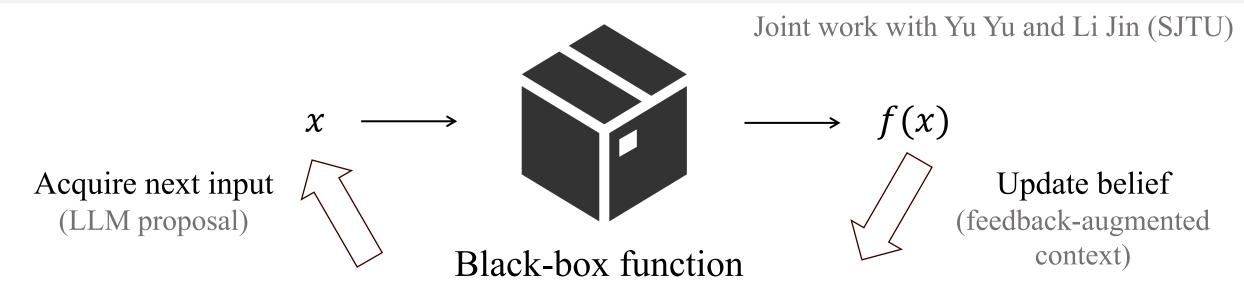


Acquisition function

(e.g., Softmax sampling)

Probabilistic model

(e.g., autoregressive model)







Large language model

Mixed-autonomy traffic control:

Joint work with Yu Yu and Li Jin (SJTU)

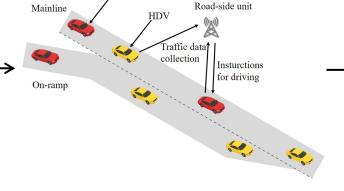
(e.g., Transformer config)

PL state representation

RL state representation

Acquire next input (LLM proposal)







(RL training & evaluation)





Large language model



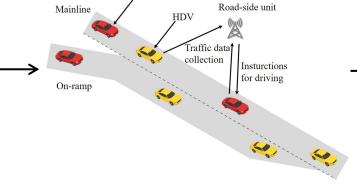
Update belief (feedback-augmented context)

Mixed-autonomy traffic control:

(e.g., Transformer config)

RL state representation

Acquire next input (LLM proposal)



Black-box function

(RL training & evaluation)



™deepseek ***** Claude

Large language model

Joint work with Yu Yu and Li Jin (SJTU)

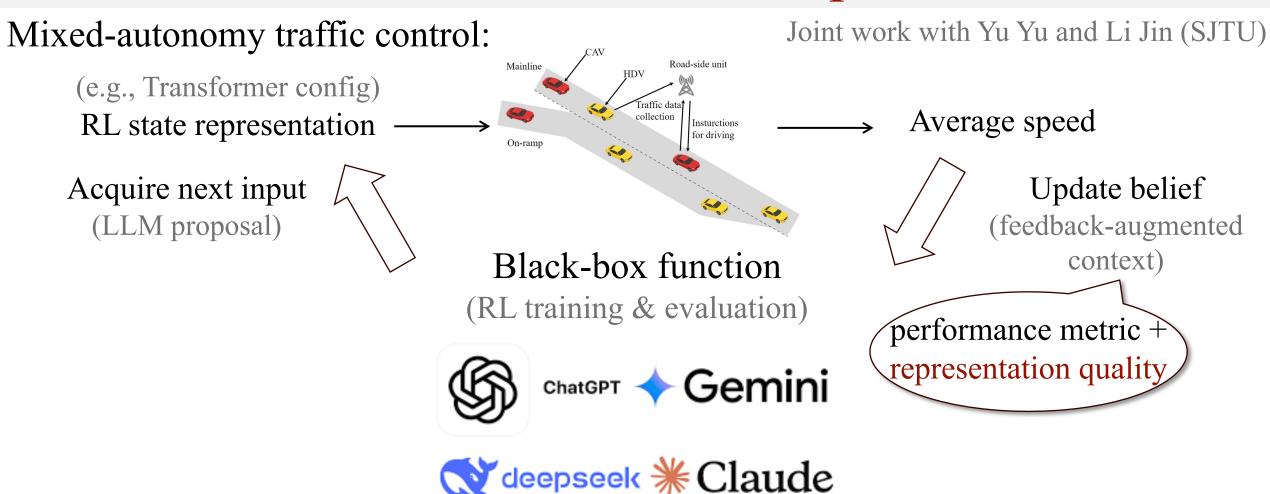
Average speed



60

Can side info help?

Our LLM-Driven Method: Incorporate Side Info



Large language model

Find our papers on arXiv!



"Cost-aware Bayesian Optimization via the Pandora's Box Gittins Index." NeurIPS'24.



"Cost-aware Stopping for Bayesian Optimization." Under review.