
BENCHTEMP: A General Benchmark for Evaluating Temporal Graph Neural Networks

Authors' Response to Reviewer J4Uw

Opportunities For Improvement:

W1. The novelty and contributions of this work are somewhat limited. No new evaluation tasks or datasets are developed in this work. The evaluation tasks and settings, including the transductive and inductive settings, have been widely used by previous works. Also, the datasets included in the benchmark were created by previous works.

W2. The experiments section focuses a lot on presenting and discussing individual methods' performance. It'd be better to provide summaries of the state-of-the-art results and the limitations of existing methods, and in light of that, discuss future directions of TGNN research.

W3. This paper defines a temporal graph to be a sequence of temporal "user-item" interactions. However, this is a limited form of a temporal graph as this definition covers only a particular type of bipartite graphs with two types of nodes. I think using a more general definition without such conditions (in both the writing and the code) would be more suitable for a general TGNN benchmark.

W4. Datasets are not that large for efficiency evaluation. Most graphs used in the benchmark are not that large. The GPU memory usage for these graphs are mostly 1-3 GB. Larger temporal graphs would be more desirable for evaluating model efficiency. Constructing synthetic temporal graphs with increasing sizes could facilitate more systematic evaluations of TGNN models' efficiency.

W5. Node reindexing described in Figure 3 is confusing. In the homogeneous graph, why do two different nodes have the same id? For example, in the rightmost graph in Fig 3, there are a user with id 2 and an item with id 2. In general, nodes should have different ids as they are separate entities.

1

2 General Response:

3 We appreciate your great feedback! We have presented new datasets with up to several million
4 edges and nodes. We have carefully through your comments and added *six* datasets (eBay-Small,
5 eBay-Large, Taobal-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Small, YouTubeReddit-Large), including
6 *four large-scale* datasets (eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Large). We have
7 reported the corresponding experiments and detailed discussions in the updated paper. The eBay
8 datasets are a collection of the user transactions on **eBay's e-commerce platform**. We thank our
9 industrial collaborator for sharing their datasets in our research. Considering user privacy and security,
10 eBay datasets could only be shared among collaborators. Any researchers who are interested in the
11 eBay datasets, please email our team (jonnyhuanghnu@gmail.com). For easy access, all datasets have
12 been hosted on the open-source platform zenodo (<https://zenodo.org/>) with a Digital Object
13 Identifier (DOI) 10.5281/zenodo.8267846 (<https://zenodo.org/record/8267846>).

14 We have open sourced the codes of preprocessing large-scale datasets at <https://github.com/qianghuangwhu/benchtemp/tree/master/preprocess> with MIT license.

Submitted to the 37th Conference on Neural Information Processing Systems (NeurIPS 2023) Track on Datasets and Benchmarks. Do not distribute.

16 We have updated the manuscript in section 4.4 to provide summaries of the state-of-the art results
 17 and the limitations of existing methods, and the future directions of TGNN research.

18 We have updated a general definition for temporal graph in section 3.1. A temporal graph can be
 19 represented as an ordered sequence of temporal interactions. Each interaction $I_r = (u_r, i_r, t_r, e_r)$
 20 happens at time t_r between node u_r and node i_r with edge feature e_r . Considering many real world
 21 applications and large-scale temporal graphs, we have added **the inference time** metric to evaluate
 22 the efficiency of methods.

23 We have changed the rightmost graph in Figure 3. In the homogeneous graph shown in Fig 3(b), the
 24 user with id 2 and the item with id 2 are the same node.

25 **We provide our response to each individual comment below:**

Comment 1

W1. The novelty and contributions of this work are somewhat limited. No new evaluation tasks or datasets are developed in this work. The evaluation tasks and settings, including the transductive and inductive settings, have been widely used by previous works. Also, the datasets included in the benchmark were created by previous works.

26

Response:

27
 28 We thank the reviewer for the suggestions! Indeed, the evaluation settings have been widely used
 29 by previous works, which are also adopted by SOTA methods. Our purpose is not to introduce new
 30 settings; instead, we aim at comparing different TGNN models on the same ground.

31 We have included new datasets with up to several million edges and nodes. We have added *six* datasets
 32 (eBay-Small, eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Small, YouTubeReddit-Large),
 33 including *four large-scale* datasets (eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Large).
 34 The statistics of the new datasets are shown in Table 1. For easy access, all datasets have been hosted
 35 on the open-source platform zenodo (<https://zenodo.org/>) with a Digital Object Identifier (DOI)
 36 10.5281/zenodo.8267846 (<https://zenodo.org/record/8267846>). In our paper, we present
 37 BENCHTEMP, a general benchmark for evaluating temporal graph neural network (TGNN) models
 38 over a wide range of tasks and settings. We extensively compare representative TGNN models on
 39 the benchmark datasets, regarding different tasks, settings, metrics, and especially model efficiency -
 40 **inference time**.

- 41 • **eBay-Small** is a subset of the eBay-Large dataset. We sample 38,427 nodes and 384,677 edges
 42 from eBay-Large graph according to edge timestamps.
- 43 • **YouTubeReddit-Small** is a collection of massive visual contents on YouTube and long-term
 44 community activity on Reddit. This dataset covers a 3-month period from January to March 2020.
 45 Each row in the dataset represents a YouTube video v_i being shared in a subreddit s_j by some
 46 user u_k at time t [1]. Nodes are YouTube videos and subreddits, edges are the users' interactions
 47 between videos and subreddits. This dynamic graph has 264,443 nodes and 297,732 edges.

Table 1: Dataset statistics of the new datasets.

	<i>Domain</i>	<i># Nodes</i>	<i># Edges</i>
eBay-Small	E-commerce	38,427	384,677
YouTubeReddit-Small [1]	Social	264,443	297,732
eBay-Large	E-commerce	1,333,594	1,119,454
DGraphFin [2]	E-commerce	3,700,550	4,300,999
Youtube-Reddit-Large [1]	Social	5,724,111	4,228,523
Taobao-Large [3, 4]	E-commerce	1,630,453	5,008,745

- **eBay-Large** is a million-scale dataset consisting of 1.3 million nodes and 1.1 million edges, which comprises the selected transaction records from the eBay e-commerce platform over a two-month period. eBay-Large is modeled as a user-item graph, where items are heterogeneous entities which include information such as phone numbers, addresses, and email addresses associated with a transaction. We select one month of transactions as seed nodes and then expand each seed node two hops back in time to enrich the topology while maintaining consistency in the distribution of seed nodes.
- **DGraphFin** is a collection of large-scale dynamic graph datasets, consisting of interactive objects, events and labels that evolve with time. It is a directed, unweighted dynamic graph consisting of millions of nodes and edges, representing a realistic user-to-user social network in financial industry. Nodes are users, and an edge from one user to another means that the user regards the other user as the emergency contact person [2].
- **Youtube-Reddit-Large** dataset covers 54 months of YouTube video propagation history from January 2018 to June 2022 [1]. This dataset has 5,724,111 nodes and 4,228,523 edges.
- **Taobao-Large** is a collection of the Taobao user behavior dataset intercepted based on the period 8:00 to 18:00 on 26 November 2017 [4]. Nodes are users and items, and edges are behaviors between users and items, such as favor, click, purchase, and add an item to shopping cart. This public dataset has 1,630,453 nodes and 5,008,74 user-item interaction edges.

A Experiments

We conduct extensive experiments on the tasks of *dynamic link prediction* and *dynamic node classification*. The experimental setup is the same as in the paper.

A.1 Link Prediction Task

We run the link prediction task on 7 TGNN models and the new datasets under different settings (Transductive, Inductive, Inductive New-Old, and Inductive New-New). The AUC and AP results for each new datasets are shown in Table 2 and Table 3, respectively. For the four large-scale datasets (eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Large), we observe the similar results as in the paper. Specifically, NAT and NeurTW achieve the top-2 performance on almost all datasets under transductive and inductive settings.

A.2 Node Classification Task

The eBay-Small and eBay-Large datasets have node labels, so we conduct dynamic node classification experiments on both the eBay-Small and eBay-Large datasets. The AUC results are shown in Table 4. We can observe the similar results as in the paper. NeurTW achieves the best performance on both eBay-Small and eBay-Large datasets. NAT performs poorly on the node classification task.

A.3 Efficiency

Considering many real world applications and , we add **the inference time** metric to evaluate the efficiency of models. The inference time comparison per 100,000 edges is shown in Figure 1. According to the figure, we can observe the similar model efficiency results as in the paper. In terms of the inference time, JODIE, DyRep, TGN and TGAT are faster, while CAWN and NeurTW are much slower. NAT is relatively faster than temporal walk-based methods through caching and parallelism optimizations, *achieving a good trade-off between model quality and efficiency*.

Table 2: ROC AUC results of new datasets on the *dynamic link prediction task*. The best and second-best results are highlighted as **bold red** and underlined blue. We do not highlight the second-best if the gap is > 0.05 compared with the best result.

	Transductive						
Model \ Dataset	JODIE	DyRep	TGN	TGAT	CAWN	NeurTW	NAT
eBay-Small	0.9946 ± 0.0002	0.9941 ± 0.0006	0.9984 ± 0.0003	0.9838 ± 0.0006	0.9985 ± 0.0	0.9991 ± 0.0	<u>0.9978 ± 0.0003</u>
YouTubeReddit-Small	<u>0.8519 ± 0.0007</u>	0.8499 ± 0.0012	0.8432 ± 0.0032	0.8441 ± 0.0014	0.7586 ± 0.0031	0.9003 ± 0.0031	0.8259 ± 0.005
eBay-Large	0.9614 ± 0.0	0.9619 ± 0.0001	<u>0.9642 ± 0.0003</u>	0.5311 ± 0.0003	0.9442 ± 0.0003	0.9608 ± 0.0	0.9658 ± 0.0002
DGraphFin	0.8165 ± 0.0024	0.8171 ± 0.0016	0.8683 ± 0.0023	0.6112 ± 0.0165	0.5466 ± 0.0103	<u>0.8611 ± 0.0035</u>	0.8258 ± 0.0001
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.8532 ± 0.0003	0.8529 ± 0.0006	0.8458 ± 0.0025	0.8536 ± 0.0026	0.7466 ± 0.0012	0.916 ± 0.0025	<u>0.8605 ± 0.0009</u>
Taobao-Large	0.7726 ± 0.0005	0.7724 ± 0.001	<u>0.8464 ± 0.0008</u>	0.5567 ± 0.0047	0.7771 ± 0.0068	0.859 ± 0.0091	0.8188 ± 0.001
	Inductive						
eBay-Small	0.9696 ± 0.0007	0.9674 ± 0.0018	0.9913 ± 0.0004	0.9698 ± 0.0006	0.9964 ± 0.0001	<u>0.9982 ± 0.0</u>	0.9998 ± 0.0001
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7582 ± 0.0003	0.7545 ± 0.0009	0.7276 ± 0.0033	0.7436 ± 0.0006	0.7533 ± 0.0016	0.8978 ± 0.0032	0.9876 ± 0.0049
eBay-Large	0.7536 ± 0.0014	0.7515 ± 0.0006	0.7657 ± 0.0026	0.5224 ± 0.0003	0.9459 ± 0.0001	<u>0.9608 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0001
DGraphFin	0.6884 ± 0.0051	0.6876 ± 0.001	0.6439 ± 0.0089	0.5677 ± 0.0184	0.5479 ± 0.009	0.8635 ± 0.0021	<u>0.7955 ± 0.0201</u>
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.7539 ± 0.0005	0.7554 ± 0.0003	0.7243 ± 0.0016	0.7501 ± 0.0019	0.7327 ± 0.0016	<u>0.9128 ± 0.0031</u>	0.9863 ± 0.006
Taobao-Large	0.7075 ± 0.0009	0.7042 ± 0.0006	0.6812 ± 0.0032	0.5222 ± 0.0041	0.7787 ± 0.0103	<u>0.869 ± 0.010</u>	0.9933 ± 0.0008
	Inductive New-Old						
eBay-Small	0.9862 ± 0.0003	0.9836 ± 0.0016	0.9947 ± 0.0009	0.9712 ± 0.002	0.9985 ± 0.0	<u>0.9988 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7695 ± 0.001	0.7655 ± 0.0018	0.7396 ± 0.0034	0.7242 ± 0.0004	0.7573 ± 0.0022	<u>0.922 ± 0.0002</u>	0.9967 ± 0.0014
eBay-Large	0.6109 ± 0.0244	0.5906 ± 0.0087	0.8134 ± 0.0105	0.6363 ± 0.0605	<u>0.9569 ± 0.0007</u>	0.8973 ± 0.0	1.0 ± 0.0
DGraphFin	0.5768 ± 0.0071	0.5735 ± 0.0007	0.5564 ± 0.0021	0.5742 ± 0.013	0.5646 ± 0.0244	<u>0.7702 ± 0.0043</u>	0.8693 ± 0.0066
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.7844 ± 0.0015	0.7894 ± 0.0017	0.7623 ± 0.0031	0.7457 ± 0.0062	0.7511 ± 0.0022	<u>0.9356 ± 0.0004</u>	0.9958 ± 0.0025
Taobao-Large	0.7023 ± 0.0015	0.6953 ± 0.0022	0.6771 ± 0.0055	0.5104 ± 0.0106	0.7674 ± 0.005	<u>0.8458 ± 0.0043</u>	0.9965 ± 0.0005
	Inductive New-New						
eBay-Small	0.9388 ± 0.0009	0.9366 ± 0.0037	0.9838 ± 0.0007	0.9556 ± 0.0007	0.9937 ± 0.0	<u>0.9975 ± 0.0</u>	0.9997 ± 0.0004
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7436 ± 0.0015	0.7436 ± 0.0018	0.7265 ± 0.0055	0.749 ± 0.0011	0.7479 ± 0.004	<u>0.864 ± 0.0071</u>	0.9868 ± 0.0049
eBay-Large	0.7526 ± 0.0013	0.7500 ± 0.0005	0.7639 ± 0.0027	0.5196 ± 0.0002	0.9542 ± 0.0003	<u>0.9615 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0001
DGraphFin	0.7307 ± 0.0007	0.7323 ± 0.0002	0.6843 ± 0.0131	0.5649 ± 0.0248	0.5417 ± 0.0099	0.9051 ± 0.0028	<u>0.7584 ± 0.0323</u>
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.6932 ± 0.0026	0.7022 ± 0.0007	0.6703 ± 0.0024	0.7269 ± 0.0	0.6942 ± 0.0028	<u>0.8716 ± 0.0077</u>	0.9796 ± 0.0103
Taobao-Large	0.7243 ± 0.0001	0.7247 ± 0.0001	0.6885 ± 0.0024	0.5256 ± 0.0054	0.7922 ± 0.0118	<u>0.8906 ± 0.0088</u>	0.9969 ± 0.0002

Table 3: AP results of new datasets on the *dynamic link prediction task*. The best and second-best results are highlighted as **bold red** and underlined blue. We do not highlight the second-best if the gap is > 0.05 compared with the best result.

	Transductive						
Model Dataset	JODIE	DyRep	TGN	TGAT	CAWN	NeurTW	NAT
eBay-Small	0.9938 ± 0.0004	0.9936 ± 0.0006	<u>0.9983 ± 0.0003</u>	0.9819 ± 0.0009	0.9981 ± 0.0	0.9991 ± 0.0	0.9975 ± 0.0002
YouTubeReddit-Small	<u>0.8612 ± 0.0009</u>	0.8594 ± 0.0012	0.8421 ± 0.0041	0.8515 ± 0.0012	0.7625 ± 0.0042	0.9112 ± 0.0021	0.8325 ± 0.0068
eBay-Large	0.9318 ± 0.0002	0.9322 ± 0.0002	<u>0.9357 ± 0.0006</u>	0.5239 ± 0.0002	0.9144 ± 0.0004	0.9307 ± 0.0	0.9398 ± 0.0004
DGraphFin	0.7705 ± 0.0009	0.7705 ± 0.0024	<u>0.8537 ± 0.0009</u>	0.6441 ± 0.0123	0.5431 ± 0.0095	0.8637 ± 0.0014	0.7956 ± 0.0012
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.8622 ± 0.0007	<u>0.8632 ± 0.0004</u>	0.8476 ± 0.0022	0.8591 ± 0.0026	0.7475 ± 0.0017	0.9222 ± 0.0013	0.8628 ± 0.0015
Taobao-Large	0.7164 ± 0.0003	0.7142 ± 0.0008	<u>0.844 ± 0.0011</u>	0.5761 ± 0.0023	0.7616 ± 0.0069	0.8568 ± 0.016	0.7904 ± 0.0008
	Inductive						
eBay-Small	0.9638 ± 0.0007	0.9619 ± 0.0017	0.9898 ± 0.0005	0.9675 ± 0.0007	0.9953 ± 0.0002	<u>0.9982 ± 0.0</u>	0.9998 ± 0.0001
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7866 ± 0.0007	0.7833 ± 0.0009	0.7387 ± 0.0069	0.7551 ± 0.0002	0.7568 ± 0.0031	<u>0.9086 ± 0.0022</u>	0.9872 ± 0.0056
eBay-Large	0.6989 ± 0.0018	0.6973 ± 0.0007	0.7096 ± 0.0030	0.518 ± 0.0002	0.9174 ± 0.0001	<u>0.9308 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0001
DGraphFin	0.6563 ± 0.002	0.6567 ± 0.0009	0.624 ± 0.006	0.5866 ± 0.0123	0.5428 ± 0.0082	0.8626 ± 0.0012	<u>0.7053 ± 0.0185</u>
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.7796 ± 0.0009	0.7818 ± 0.0009	0.73 ± 0.0029	0.7587 ± 0.0025	0.7353 ± 0.0022	<u>0.9192 ± 0.0022</u>	0.9849 ± 0.0071
Taobao-Large	0.6763 ± 0.0011	0.6746 ± 0.0011	0.6664 ± 0.0012	0.5315 ± 0.0027	0.7533 ± 0.011	<u>0.8596 ± 0.0205</u>	0.9941 ± 0.0007
	Inductive New-Old						
eBay-Small	0.9849 ± 0.0007	0.9836 ± 0.0013	0.9931 ± 0.0008	0.9682 ± 0.0028	0.9985 ± 0.0001	<u>0.999 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7963 ± 0.0013	0.7937 ± 0.0014	0.729 ± 0.0086	0.7296 ± 0.0013	0.762 ± 0.0041	<u>0.9244 ± 0.0015</u>	0.9966 ± 0.0016
eBay-Large	0.5670 ± 0.0186	0.5870 ± 0.0074	0.8024 ± 0.0060	0.6504 ± 0.0385	<u>0.9592 ± 0.0008</u>	0.8458 ± 0.0	1.0 ± 0.0
DGraphFin	0.6005 ± 0.0048	0.5872 ± 0.0059	0.5753 ± 0.0062	0.5927 ± 0.0058	0.5669 ± 0.0269	<u>0.7572 ± 0.0025</u>	0.8184 ± 0.0088
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.808 ± 0.0014	0.8142 ± 0.0019	0.7472 ± 0.0043	0.7526 ± 0.0097	0.7553 ± 0.0025	<u>0.9368 ± 0.0009</u>	0.9953 ± 0.0028
Taobao-Large	0.7009 ± 0.0013	0.698 ± 0.0014	0.6879 ± 0.0008	0.5254 ± 0.0074	0.7597 ± 0.0053	<u>0.8459 ± 0.0103</u>	0.9969 ± 0.0004
	Inductive New-New						
eBay-Small	0.923 ± 0.001	0.9226 ± 0.0024	0.98 ± 0.0007	0.9505 ± 0.0009	0.991 ± 0.0001	<u>0.9973 ± 0.0</u>	0.9997 ± 0.0004
YouTubeReddit-Small	0.7578 ± 0.0015	0.7582 ± 0.0021	0.7564 ± 0.0043	0.7718 ± 0.0023	0.7498 ± 0.004	<u>0.8868 ± 0.0034</u>	0.9861 ± 0.0063
eBay-Large	0.6976 ± 0.0016	0.6957 ± 0.0007	0.7078 ± 0.0031	0.5154 ± 0.0001	0.93 ± 0.0003	<u>0.9318 ± 0.0</u>	0.9999 ± 0.0001
DGraphFin	0.6802 ± 0.0005	0.6811 ± 0.0002	0.6526 ± 0.0098	0.5831 ± 0.0184	0.5379 ± 0.0071	0.8977 ± 0.0014	0.6529 ± 0.0249
Youtube-Reddit-Large	0.7038 ± 0.0024	0.7115 ± 0.0007	0.6979 ± 0.002	0.7414 ± 0.0012	0.6965 ± 0.004	<u>0.8848 ± 0.0023</u>	0.9761 ± 0.0134
Taobao-Large	0.6738 ± 0.0005	0.6742 ± 0.0005	0.6611 ± 0.0011	0.53 ± 0.0023	0.7521 ± 0.0127	<u>0.8738 ± 0.0145</u>	0.9973 ± 0.0001

Comment 2

W2. The experiments section focuses a lot on presenting and discussing individual methods' performance. It'd be better to provide summaries of state-of-the-art results and the limitations of existing methods, and in light of that, discuss future directions of TGN research.

Table 4: ROC AUC results for the *dynamic node classification task* on the eBay datasets. The top-2 results are highlighted as **bold red** and underlined blue.

Dataset \ Model	JODIE	DyRep	TGN	TGAT	CAWN	NeurTW	NAT
eBay-Small	0.9274 \pm 0.0017	0.8677 \pm 0.0356	0.913 \pm 0.0025	<u>0.9342 \pm 0.0002</u>	0.9305 \pm 0.0001	0.9529 \pm 0.0002	0.6797 \pm 0.0115
eBay-Large	0.7244 \pm 0.0002	0.7246 \pm 0.0	0.6586 \pm 0.0129	0.672 \pm 0.0016	<u>0.7710 \pm 0.0002</u>	0.7859 \pm 0.0	0.5304 \pm 0.0011

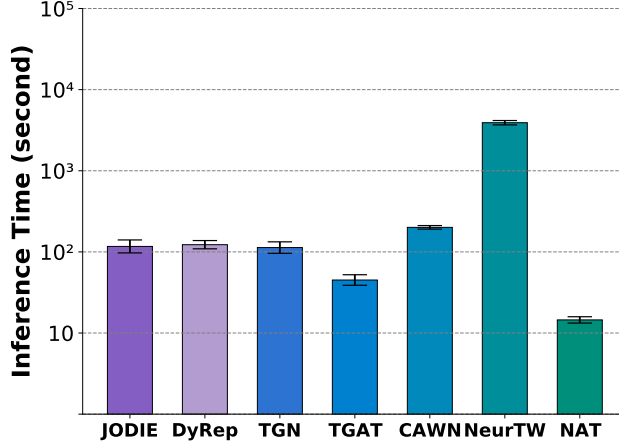


Figure 1: Inference time comparison per 100,000 edges.

89 **Response:**

90 We appreciate this suggestion! We have updated the paper (<https://openreview.net/pdf?id=rnZm2vQq31>) in section 4.4 to provide the summaries of the state-of-the-art results and the limitations
91 of existing methods, and the future directions of TGNN research.
92

Comment 3

W3. This paper defines a temporal graph to be a sequence of temporal “user-item” interactions. However, this is a limited form of a temporal graph as this definition covers only a particular type of bipartite graphs with two types of nodes. I think using a more general definition without such conditions (in both the writing and the code) would be more suitable for a general TGNN benchmark.

93

94 **Response:**

95 Thanks for your comment! We have updated a general definition for temporal graph in section 3.1.
96 A temporal graph can be represented as an ordered sequence of temporal interactions. The r -th
97 interaction $I_r = (u_r, i_r, t_r, e_r)$ happens at time t_r between the source node u_r and the destination
98 node i_r with edge feature e_r .

Comment 4

W4. Datasets are not that large for efficiency evaluation. Most graphs used in the benchmark are not that large. The GPU memory usage for these graphs are mostly 1-3 GB. Larger temporal graphs would be more desirable for evaluating model efficiency. Constructing synthetic temporal graphs with increasing sizes could facilitate more systematic evaluations of TGNN models’ efficiency.

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100 **Response:**

101 Thanks for this valuable comment!

102 We have included new datasets with up to several million edges and nodes. We have added *six* datasets
103 (eBay-Small, eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Small, YouTubeReddit-Large),
104 including *four* **large-scale** datasets (eBay-Large, Taobao-Large, DGraphFin, YouTubeReddit-Large).
105 The statistics of the new datasets are shown in Table 1. For easy access, all datasets have been hosted
106 on the open-source platform zenodo (<https://zenodo.org/>) with a Digital Object Identifier (DOI)
107 10.5281/zenodo.8267846 (<https://zenodo.org/record/8267846>). Furthermore, considering
108 many real world applications and large-scale temporal graphs, we have added **the inference time**
109 metric to evaluate the efficiency of TGNN models. See Section A for details.

Comment 5

W5. Node reindexing described in Figure 3 is confusing. In the homogeneous graph, why do two different nodes have the same id? For example, in the rightmost graph in Fig 3, there are a user with id 2 and an item with id 2. In general, nodes should have different ids as they are separate entities.

110

111 **Response:**

112 We appreciate the suggestion and totally agree. In the homogeneous graph shown in Figure 3(b), the
113 user with id 2 and the item with id 2 are the same node. Therefore, we have updated the Figure 3(b)
114 in the paper by replacing the labels "user" and "item" with "node".

References

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