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neural networks
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Parameters W. Wz, ..., WL

$$\int_{\text{Non-linear}} \int (x) = W_L \sigma(W_{L-1} \sigma(\dots \sigma(W_{N-1})))$$

Three main theory problems

- Representation V
- Optimi≥ation √
- Generalization ?

Overparameterized two layer network

- kernel methods (traditional view)

$$\int_{W,a} (x_i) = \sum_{r=1}^{m} a_r \cdot \sigma(W_r^T x_i)$$

m is huge (overpara..)

Init: Wr(0) ~ N(0.1), then FIX W. (random kernel)

$$\Rightarrow L(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (f_{w,\alpha}(x_i) - y_i)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \|\sigma(Xw^T)\alpha - y\|^2$$

 $= \frac{1}{2} \|\sigma(XW^T)a - y\|_{L^{\infty}}^{2}$ $= \frac{1}{2} \|\sigma(XW^$

Changing Kernels

Fix $a_r = 1$, change w.

Analysis:
$$\frac{\partial L(W(t))}{\partial W_r} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (f(x_i) - y_i) \underbrace{I_{r,i}}_{z} x_i$$

Define a "filter" matrix Zn= In X:

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $\nabla L(w) = Z(f(x) - y).$

Analysis

$$|| f_{W(t)}(x) - y ||_{2} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (1 - \eta \lambda_{i})^{2t} (V_{i}^{T} y)^{i}} \pm \varepsilon$$
(where $H(0) V_{i} = \lambda_{i} V_{i}$)

$$f_{W,a}(X) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{m}} \sum_{r=1}^{m} a_r \sigma(w_r^T x).$$