## About establishing a Stata kernel on JupyterHub

## **Step 1: Activating Stata in your terminal**

Open the terminal on Jupyter and then type the command:

```
nano ~/.bashrc
```

You will be guided to an interface like this:

```
GNU nano 6.2
        manb 0.2
ashrc: executed by bash(1) for non-login shells.
/usr/share/doc/bash/examples/startup-files (in the package bash-doc)
# If not running interactively, don't do anything
# don't put duplicate lines or lines starting with space in the history.
         ash(1) for more options
HISTCONTROL=ignoreboth
  append to the history file, don't overwrite it
shopt -s histappend
\mbox{\tt\#} for setting history length see HISTSIZE and HISTFILESIZE in bash(1)
HISTSIZE=1000
HISTFILESIZE=2000
# check the window size after each command and, if necessary,
# update the values of LINES and COLUMNS.
shopt -s checkwinsize
# If set, the pattern "*" used in a pathname expansion context will
   match all files and zero or more directories and subdirectories.
#shopt -s globstar
# make less more friendly for non-text input files, see lesspipe(1)
[ -x /usr/bin/lesspipe ] && eval "$(SHELL=/bin/sh lesspipe)"
\sharp set variable identifying the chroot you work in (used in the prompt below) if [ -z "${debian_chroot:-}" ] && [ -r /etc/debian_chroot ]; then
    debian_chroot=$(cat /etc/debian_chroot)
# set a fancy prompt (non-color, unless we know we "want" color)
    xterm-color|*-256color) color_prompt=yes;;
# uncomment for a colored prompt, if the terminal has the capability; turned
                  Write Out W Where Is K Cut Replace U Paste
                                                                                                                                     M-A Set Mark M-1 To Bracket M-0 Previous B Back
M-6 Copy 0 Where Was M-W Next F Forward
```

At the end of the file, add the following argument:

```
export PATH="/usr/local/stata-18:$PATH"
```

Please make sure that you haven't made other changes except adding the command to the end of the file. Then you can save the file by ctrl+s and exit by ctrl+x.

Please run the following command to apply the change:

```
source ~/.bashrc
```

Then you will be able to run Stata programs simply by typing stata in the terminal:

```
(base) jupyter-giansigihu@user:/mnt/disk1/giansigihu-dot$ stata
                                           StataNow 18.5
 Statistics and Data Science
                                           Copyright 1985-2023 StataCorp LLC
                                           StataLorp
4905 Lakeway Drive
College Station, Texas 77845 USA
800-782-8272 https://www.s
                                                             https://www.stata.com
service@stata.com
                                           979-696-4600
Stata license: 5-user network, expiring 28 Jun 2025
 Serial number: 501809388172
  Licensed to: Department of Decisions, Operations and Technology; CUHK Business School
                   Hong Kong
Notes:
1. Unicode is supported; see help unicode_advice.
   sysuse auto
(1978 automobile data)
. summarize
                        Obs Mean Std. dev.
     Variable |
          make
                   0 74 6165.257 2949.496 74 21.2973 5.785503 69 3.405797 9899323 74 2.993243 8459948
                                                                                 15906
        rep78
    headroom
                                                                      1.5
                  74 13.75676 4.277404
74 3019.459 777.1936
74 187.9324 22.26634
74 39.64856 4.399354
74 197.2973 91.83722
        weight |
                                                                                  4840
      length turn
displacement |
  gear_ratio |
foreign |
                     74 3.014865
74 .2972973
                                                . 4562871
. 4601885
```

## Step 2: Establishing Stata kernels in Jupyter

We can utilize the library nbstata to build notebook files for Stata programs. First, open the terminal on Jupyter and install the library:

```
pip install nbstata
```

Then run the following command to install the Stata kernel:

```
python -m nbstata.install --conf-file
```

You can access the configuration file with

(base) jupyter-qiansiqihu@user:/mnt/disk1/qiansiqihu-dot\$

```
nano ~/.config/nbstata/nbstata.conf
```

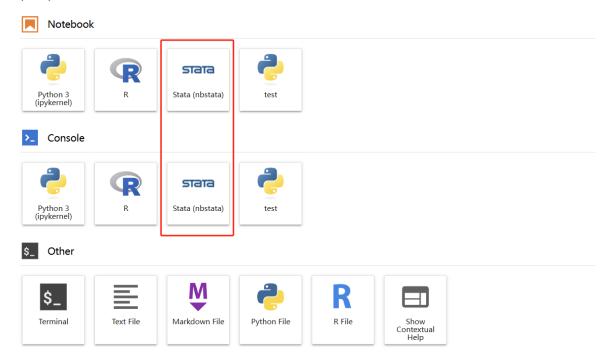
Please check whether the content is consistent with the screenshot below.

```
GNU nano 6.2 /nome/jupyter-qiansiqihu/.config/nbstata/nbstata.conf
[nbstata]
stata_dir = /usr/local/stata18
edition = mp
splash = False
graph_format = png
graph_ormat = png
graph_width = 5.5in
graph_height = 4in
echo = None
missing = .
```

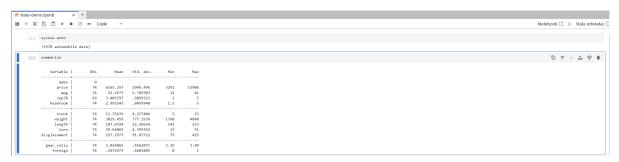
IMPORTANT: Due to the fact that the existing network license only supports 5 users, only the first five people who have expressed their need for Stata in the Google Form can have access to <code>/usr/local/stata18</code>. They will also receive email notifications about the access to Stata. For users who wish to use Stata but have not filled out the form, please declare your need through <code>this link</code>. When the demand reaches a certain number, we will try to upgrade the license.

After properly setting up the configuration file, the Stata kernel will become available.

qiansiqihu-dot



Now you can run Stata programs in notebook files:



Please be aware that if you do not have access to <code>/usr/local/stata18</code>, the output will look like as follows:

[]: sysuse auto

Specified stata\_dir, "/usr/local/stata18", is not Stata's installation path