```
# Experiments with deep learning neural nets
2
3
   from our_mnist import *
4
5
   import tensorflow as tf
   mnist = read_data_sets('MNIST_data', one_hot = True)
6
7
   sess = tf.InteractiveSession()
8
9
   X = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 784])
10
  Y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32, shape=[None, 10])
11
12
   #**********
                                          ·**************************
   # DO NOT MODIFY THE CODE ABOVE THIS LINE
13
   # MAKE CHANGES TO THE CODE BELOW:
14
15
16
  # a method for initializing weights. Initialize to small random values
   def weight_variable(shape):
17
18
       initial = tf.truncated_normal(shape, stddev=0.1)
19
       return tf.Variable(initial)
20
21
   # a method for initializing bias. Initialize to 0.1
  def bias_variable(shape):
23
     initial = tf.constant(0.1, shape=shape)
24
     return tf.Variable(initial)
25
26 # first layer: fully connected ReLU with 1024 nodes
27
   W_fc1 = weight_variable([784, 1024])
28
  |b_fc1 = bias_variable([1024])
29
  v_fc1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(X, W_fc1) + b_fc1) # v_fc1 ?x1024
30
31
32 | # second layer: fully connected ReLU with 512 nodes and dropouts
33
34 \mid W_{fc2} = weight_variable([1024, 20])
  b_fc2 = bias_variable([20])
35
36
  v_fc2 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(v_fc1, W_fc2) + b_fc2) # v_fc2 ?x512
37
38 | # dropouts for second layer
39
   keep_prob = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
40
   v_fc2_drop = tf.nn.dropout(v_fc2, keep_prob) # v_fc2_drop ?x512
41
   # third layer: readout Layer. Fully connected linear with 10 nodes
42
   W_fc3 = weight_variable([20, 10])
43
   b_fc3 = bias_variable([10])
44
   v_fc3 = tf.matmul(v_fc2_drop, W_fc3) + b_fc3  # v_fc3 ?x10
45
46
47
   predicted_Y = v_fc3;
                                                  # predicted_Y ?x10
48
49
   cross_entropy = tf.reduce_mean(
50
       tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(labels=Y, logits=predicted_Y))
51
52 | # regularization parameters
```

```
lambda_1 = 0
54 \mid lambda_2 = 0
55
  lambda_3 = 0
56 regularizer = (
57
     lambda_1*tf.nn.12_loss(W_fc1) +
58
     lambda_2*tf.nn.12_loss(W_fc2) +
59
     lambda_3*tf.nn.12_loss(W_fc3)
60
61
62
   loss = tf.reduce_mean(cross_entropy + regularizer)
63
64
   train_step = tf.train.GradientDescentOptimizer(0.5).minimize(loss)
   sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
65
66
67
   print("Starting \( \text{Training ..."} )
68
   print("epoch\ttrain_accuracy\ttest_accuracy")
69
   for i in range(3000):
70
71
       batch = mnist.train.next_batch(100)
72
        if i % 100 == 0:
73
            correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(predicted_Y,1), tf.argmax(Y,1))
74
            accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
            test_accuracy = accuracy.eval(feed_dict={
75
76
                X: mnist.test.images,
77
                Y: mnist.test.labels,
78
                keep_prob: 1})
79
            train_accuracy = accuracy.eval(feed_dict={
80
                X: mnist.train.images,
                Y: mnist.train.labels,
81
82
                keep_prob: 1})
83
            print("\%d_{\sqcup}\t_{\sqcup}\%.3f_{\sqcup}\t_{\sqcup}\%.2f" \% (i, train_accuracy, test_accuracy))
84
85
        # TRAIN STEP
86
        train_step.run(feed_dict={
87
                 X: batch[0],
88
                 Y: batch[1],
89
                 keep_prob:0.5})
90
   #end for loop
91
92
   correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(predicted_Y,1), tf.argmax(Y,1))
   accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction, tf.float32))
94
   test_accuracy = accuracy.eval(feed_dict={
95
                X: mnist.test.images,
96
                Y: mnist.test.labels,
97
                keep_prob:1})
98
   print("test_accuracy:_", test_accuracy)
```