



UNIVERSITY OF
BIRMINGHAM

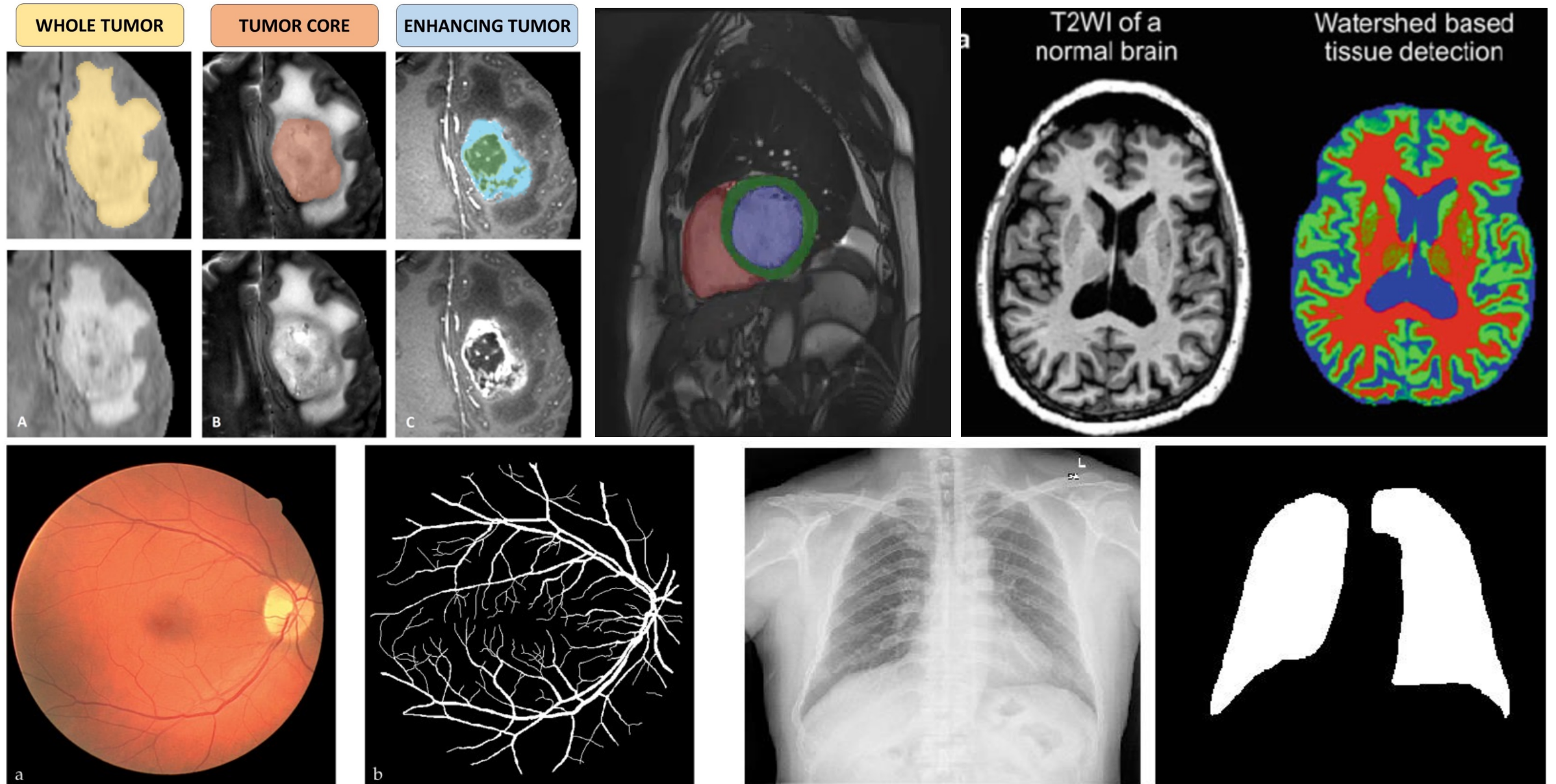
Cross-domain medical image segmentation

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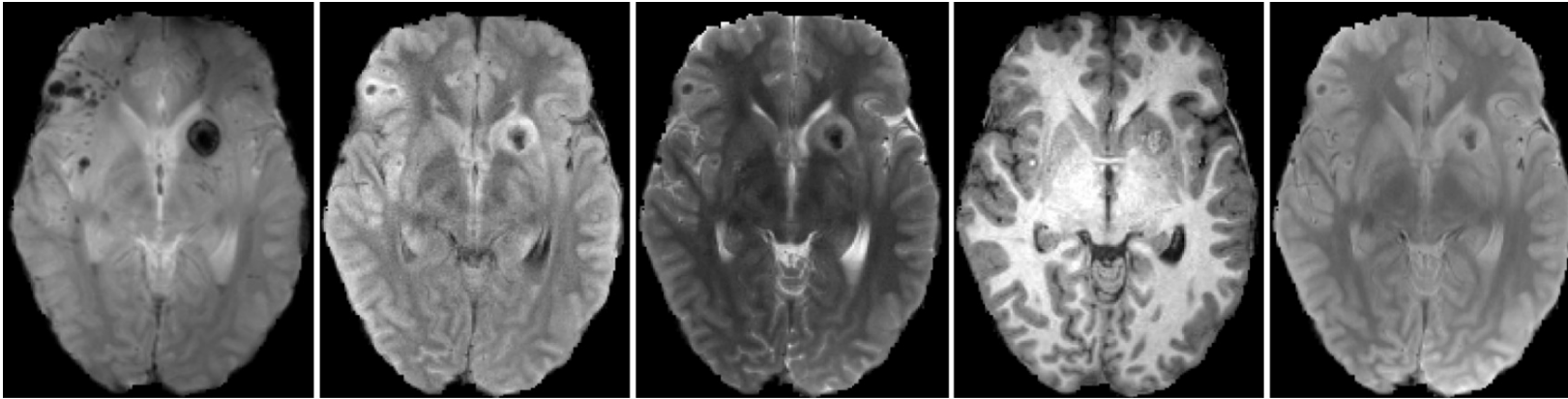
University of Birmingham

Medical image segmentation

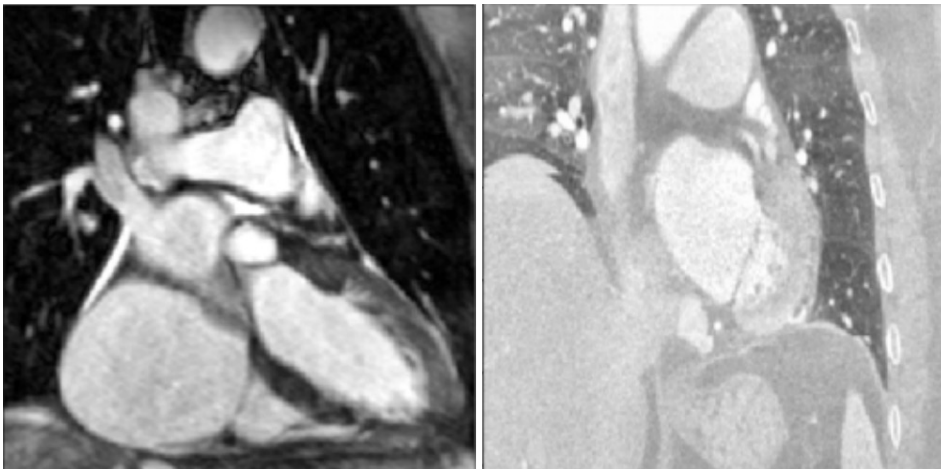


Cross-modality medical image segmentation

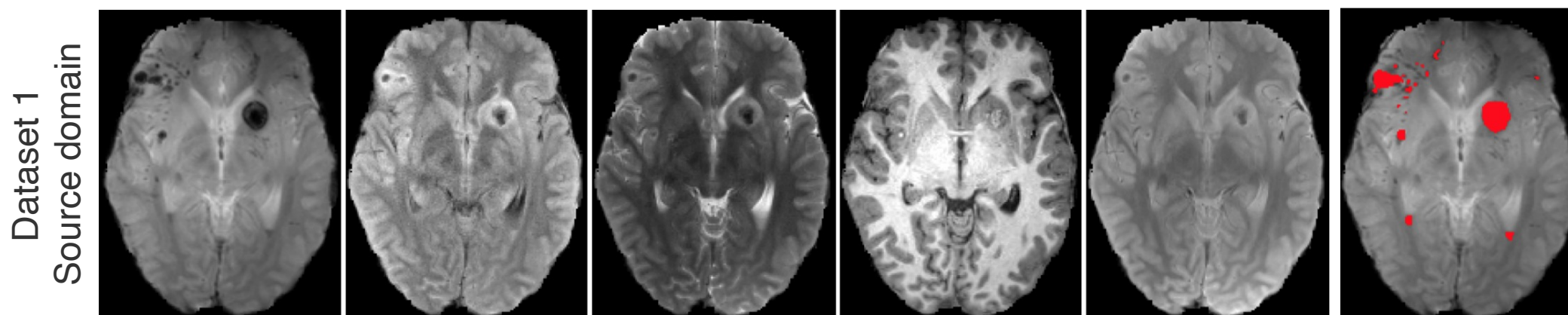
- Multi-model brain lesion segmentation



- MRI to CT cardiac segmentation



Multi-model brain lesion segmentation



Gradient-Echo

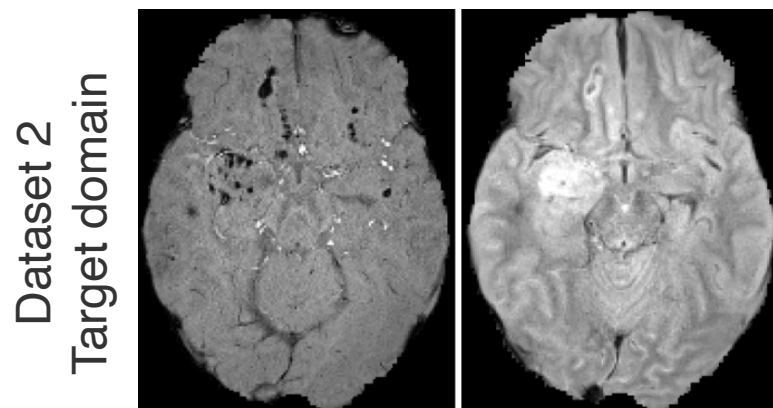
FLAIR

T2
5 modalities

MPRAGE

Proton Density

Annotations



Susceptibility
Weighted
Image

FLAIR

T2

MPRAGE

Proton Density

Images are used but not presented

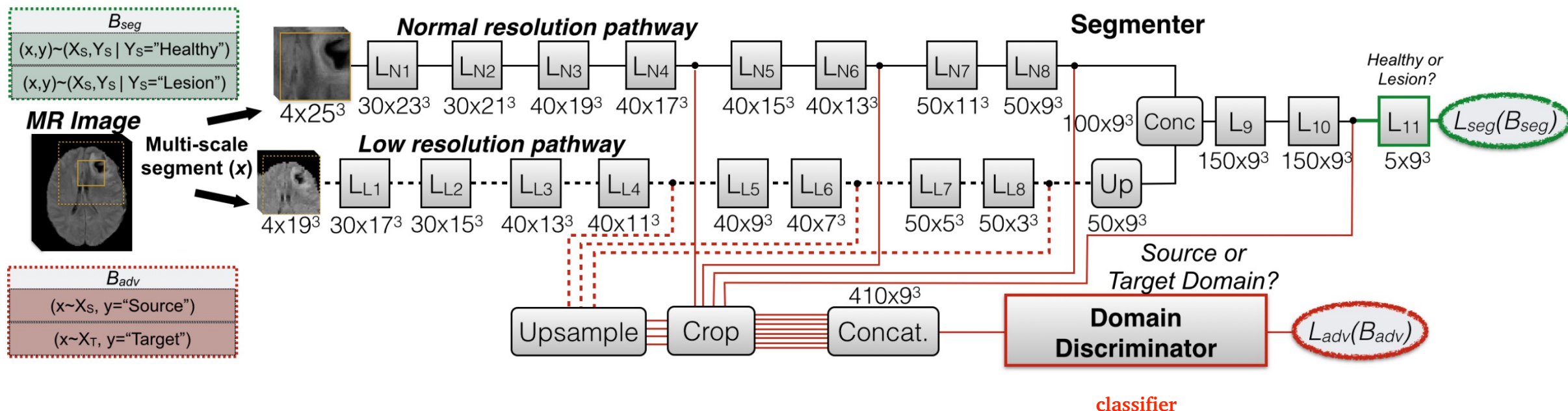
Different modalities:

- Gradient-Echo from dataset 1
- Susceptibility weighted Image from dataset 2

Different scanners:

- 3-T Siemens Magnetom TIM Trio for dataset 1
- 3-T Siemens Magnetom Verio for dataset 2

Multi-model brain lesion segmentation



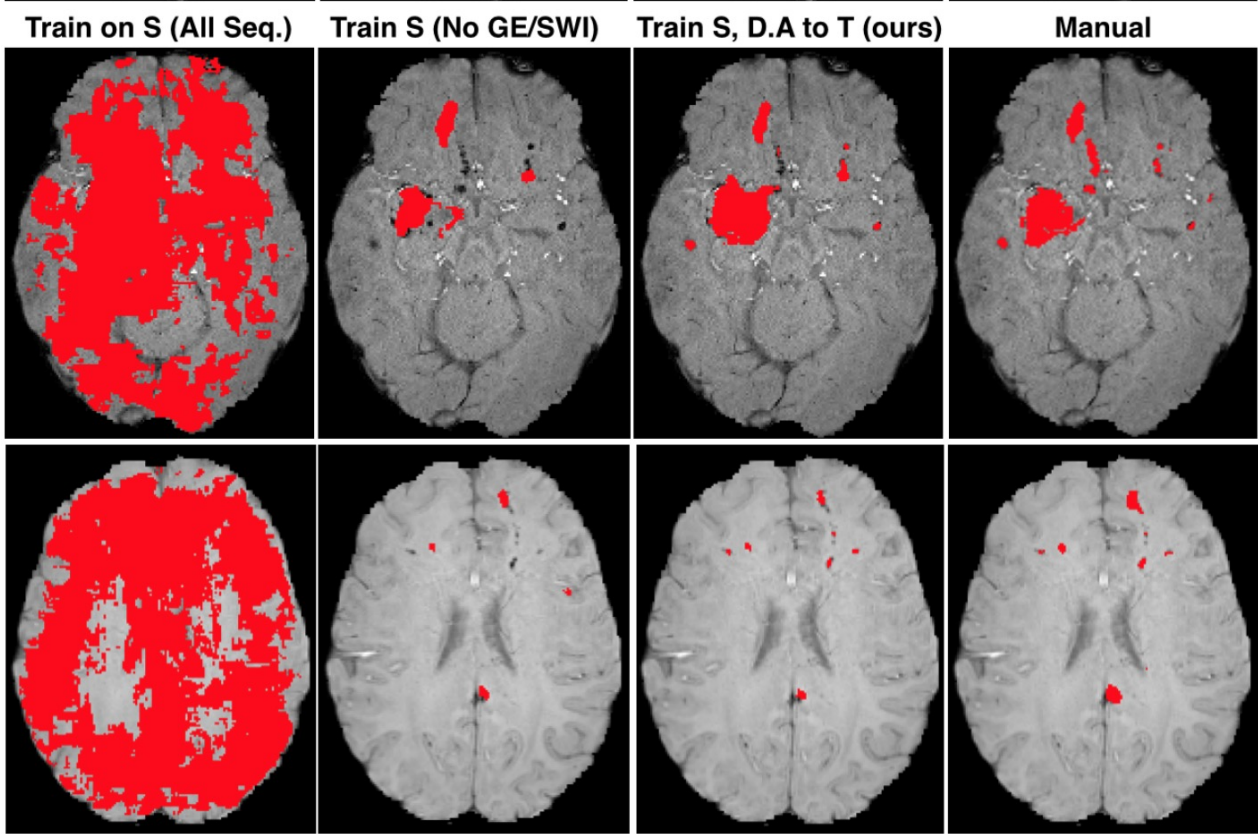
A good example of Adversarial Learning

Minimizing the discriminator's classification loss: \mathcal{L}_{adv}

Minimizing the segmentation loss and maximize the classification loss:

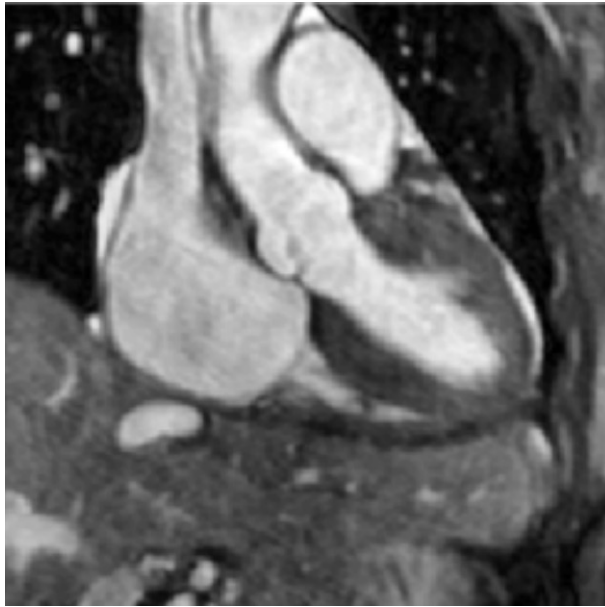
$$\mathcal{L}_{segAdv}(\theta_{seg}) = \mathcal{L}_{seg}(\theta_{seg}) - \alpha \mathcal{L}_{adv}(\theta_{seg})$$

Results



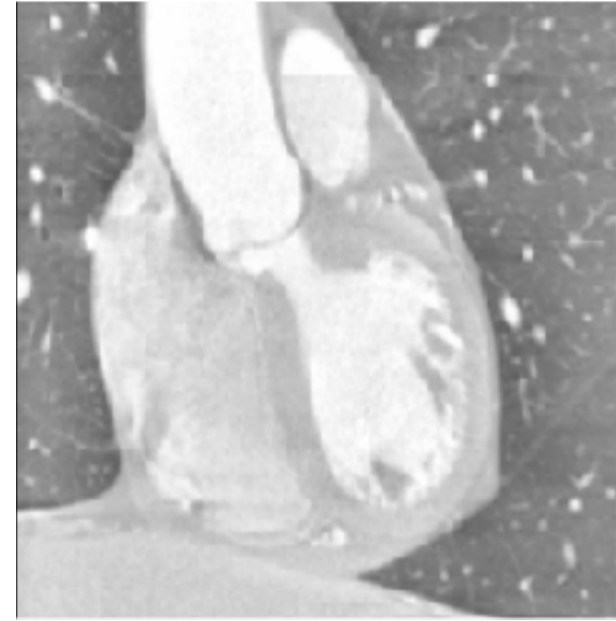
| | DSC | Recall | Precision |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Train on S | 15.7(13.5) | 80.4(12.3) | 09.5(09.0) |
| Train on S (No GE/SWI) | 59.7(22.1) | 55.7(22.6) | 69.7(21.5) |
| Train on S → UDA to T (ours) | 62.7(19.8) | 58.9(21.2) | 71.6(18.4) |

MRI-CT cardiac segmentation



Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI)

Domain shift



Computed **Tomography** (CT)

Benefits:

- High image quality
- Good soft tissue contrast
- No radiation exposure
- ...

Disadvantages:

- Time consuming
- Expensive
- ...

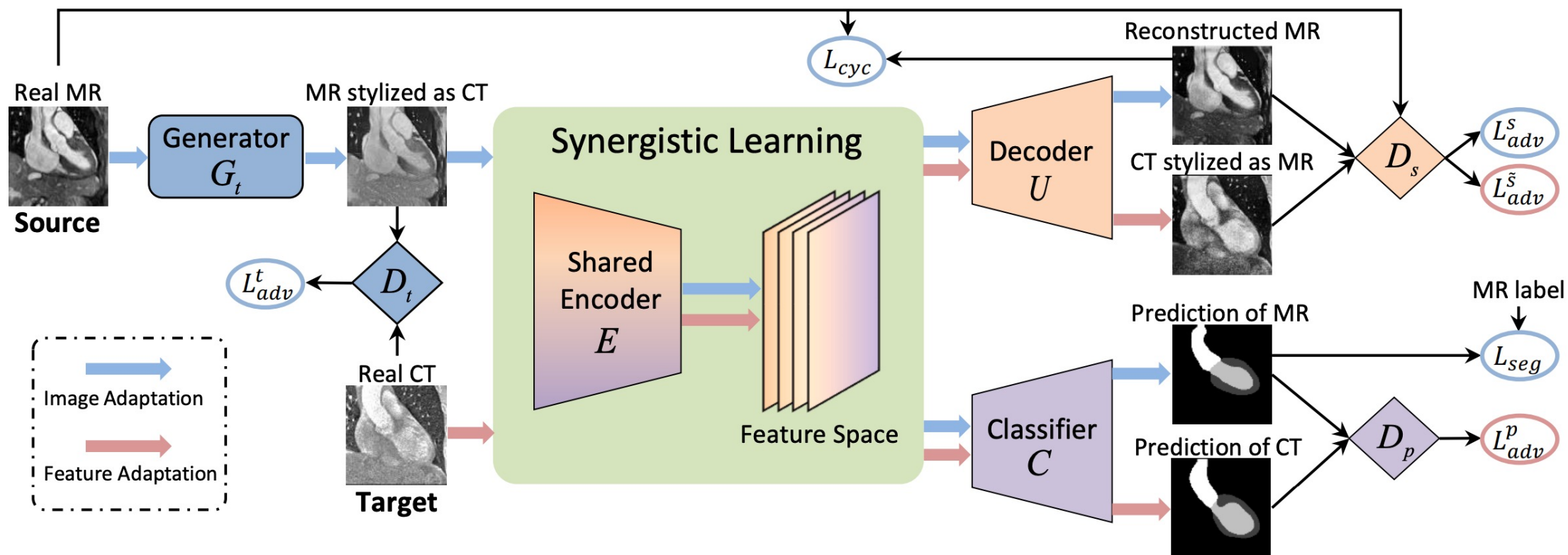
Benefits:

- High speed
- Widely available
- ...

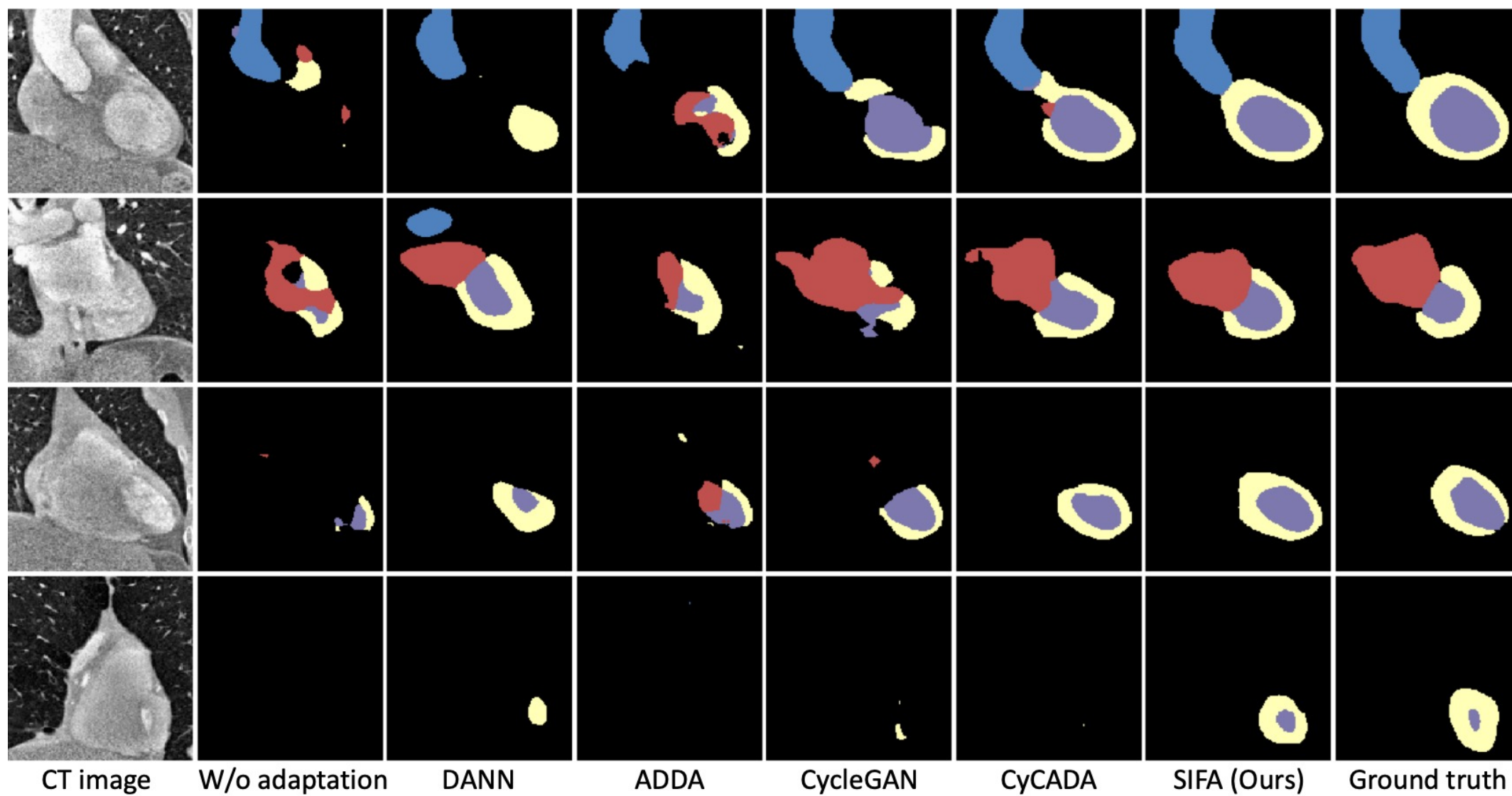
Disadvantages:

- Radiation exposure
- ...

MRI-CT cardiac segmentation



Results



Take-away messages

- Domain shift is very common in general computer vision and medical imaging. It results in the **limited generalizability** of the deep learning models.
- Three main ways to address domain shift: **domain adaptation, data augmentation and test-time adaptation**.
- Medical images are complicated and addressing domain shift is still a **challenging** task.