

INSTALL HADOOP

1. To install Hadoop, Java JDK 1.8.0 is needed. It can be downloaded at <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/jdk8-downloads-2133151.html>. (need to sign up for an Oracle account)
2. However, download the 64-bit Java version to prevent error with Java when using Hive later.

Java SE Development Kit 8u221		
You must accept the Oracle Technology Network License Agreement for Oracle Java SE to download this software.		
<input type="radio"/> Accept License Agreement <input checked="" type="radio"/> Decline License Agreement		
Product / File Description	File Size	Download
Linux ARM 32 Hard Float ABI	72.9 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-arm32-vfp-hflt.tar.gz
Linux ARM 64 Hard Float ABI	69.81 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-arm64-vfp-hflt.tar.gz
Linux x86	174.18 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-i586.rpm
Linux x86	189.03 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-i586.tar.gz
Linux x64	171.19 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-x64.rpm
Linux x64	186.06 MB	jdk-8u221-linux-x64.tar.gz
Mac OS X x64	252.52 MB	jdk-8u221-macosx-x64.dmg
Solaris SPARC 64-bit (SVR4 package)	132.99 MB	jdk-8u221-solaris-sparcv9.tar.Z
Solaris SPARC 64-bit	94.23 MB	jdk-8u221-solaris-sparcv9.tar.gz
Solaris x64 (SVR4 package)	133.66 MB	jdk-8u221-solaris-x64.tar.Z
Solaris x64	91.95 MB	jdk-8u221-solaris-x64.tar.gz
Windows x86	202.73 MB	jdk-8u221-windows-i586.exe
Windows x64	215.35 MB	jdk-8u221-windows-x64.exe

3. Install the at 'C:\Java\jdk1.8.0_221\' instead of 'C:\Program Files\Java\' to prevent error in file path later on due to the space between "Program Files".
4. Verify the java installation by using cmd and type 'java -version'

```

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.18362.356]
(c) 2019 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\User>java -version
java version "1.8.0_221"
Java(TM) SE Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_221-b11)
Java HotSpot(TM) 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.221-b11, mixed mode)

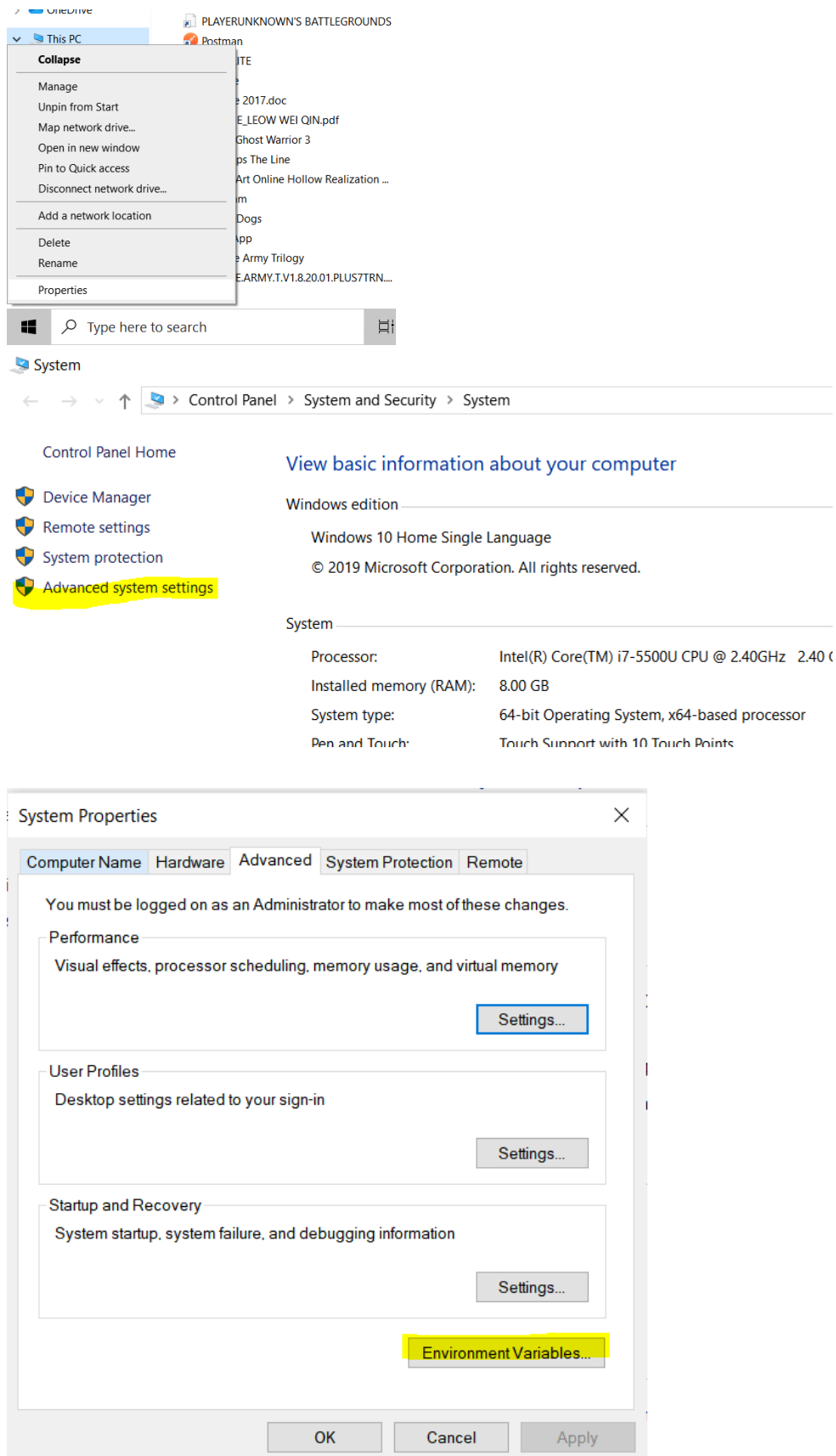
C:\Users\User>
  
```

5. Download Hadoop (version 2.8.0) is used. The file can be downloaded at <http://archive.apache.org/dist/hadoop/core//hadoop-2.8.0/hadoop-2.8.0.tar.gz>. The format of the file is tar.gz. Use Git Bash (must run as administrator) to extract the files by typing 'tar xzvf hadoop-2.8.0.tar.gz' where xxx is the file name.

 hadoop-2.8.0.tar.gz 4/10/2019 8:11 PM WinRAR archive 419,853 KB

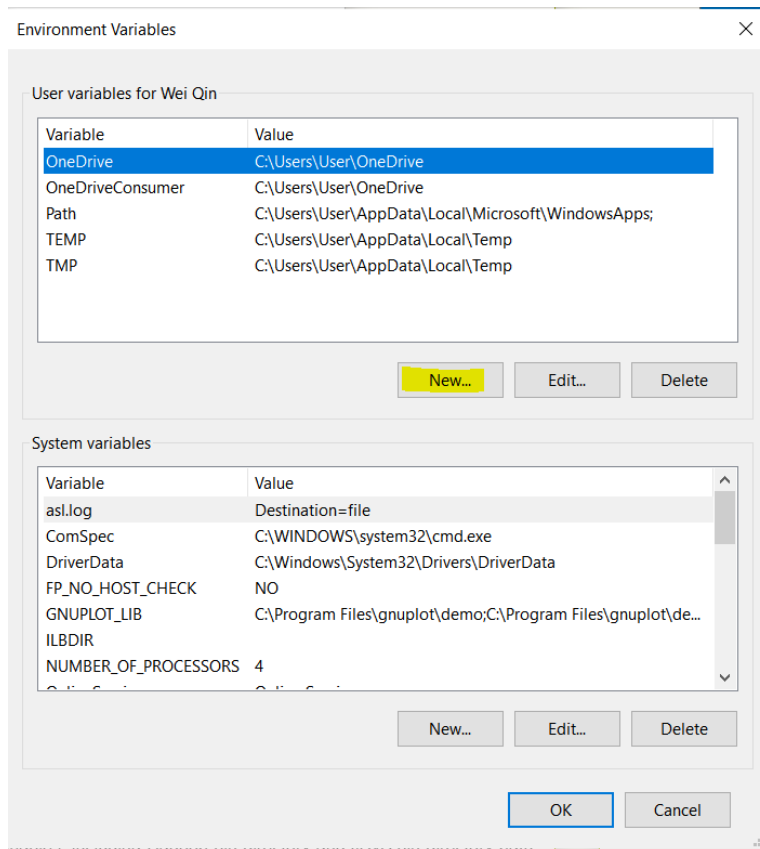
6. After extracting, configure the environment variables. This PC - > Right Click - > Properties - > Advanced System Settings - > Advanced - > Environment Variables

Leow Wei Qin WQD180014 Installing Java, Hadoop and Hive

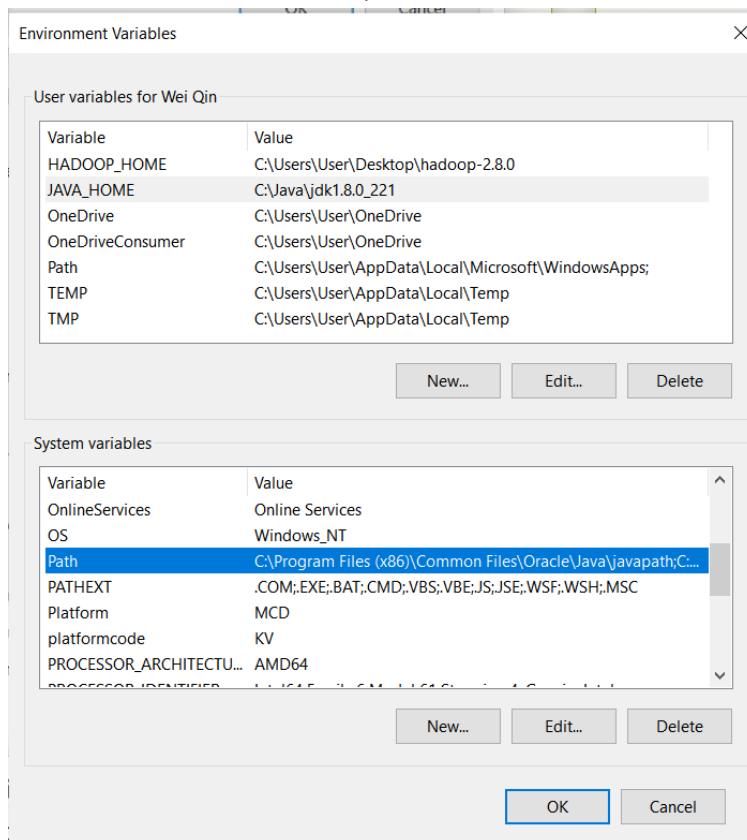


7. Add two new User Variable:
 - a. HADOOP_HOME (path: the directory you extracted the tar.gz file)

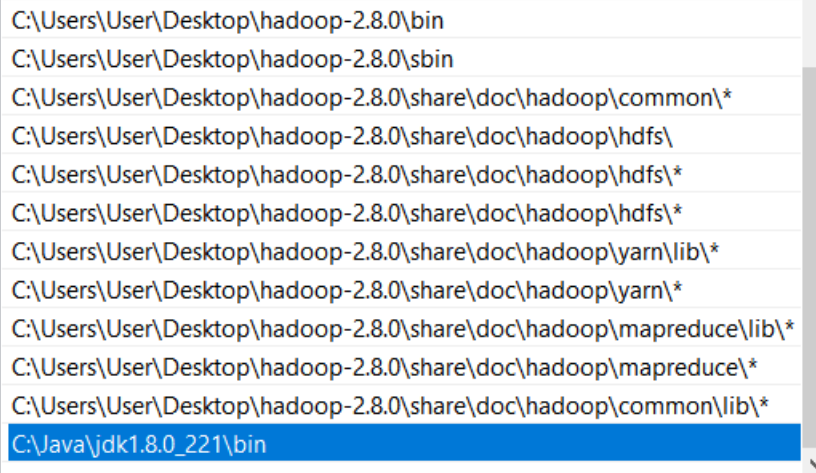
b. JAVA_HOME (path: C:\Java\jdk1.8.0_221)



8. Edit the Path variable under System Variable



9. Add the following path (edit if your directory you extract the tar.gz file is different) and press ok.



10. Create some dedicated folders -
- Create folder "data" under "C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0".
 - Create folder "datanode" under "C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data".
 - Create folder "namenode" under "C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data".
 - Create a folder to store temporary data during execution of a project, such as "C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\temp."
 - Create a log folder, such as "C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\userlog"
11. Now need to configure four key files with minimal required details –
- core-site.xml
 - hdfs-site.xml
 - mapred.xml
 - yarn.xml

Edit file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\etc\hadoop\core-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

```
<configuration>

  <property>
    <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
    <value>hdfs://localhost:9000</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
```

[2] Rename "mapred-site.xml.template" to "mapred-site.xml" and edit this file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\etc\hadoop\mapred-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

```
<configuration>

  <property>
    <name>mapreduce.framework.name</name>
    <value>yarn</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
```

[3] Edit file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\etc\hadoop\hdfs-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

```
<configuration>

  <property>
    <name>dfs.replication</name>
    <value>1</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.namenode.name.dir</name>
    <value>/C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/data/namenode</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>dfs.datanode.data.dir</name>
    <value>/C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/data/datanode</value>
  </property>
</configuration>
```

[4] Edit file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\etc\hadoop\yarn-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file.

```
<configuration>

  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.aux-services</name>
    <value>mapreduce_shuffle</value>
  </property>
  <property>
    <name>yarn.nodemanager.auxservices.mapreduce.shuffle.class</name>
    <value>org.apache.hadoop.mapred.ShuffleHandler</value>
  </property>
</property>
```

```
<name>yarn.nodemanager.log-dirs</name>
<value>/ C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/userlog</value><final>true</final>
</property>
<property><name>yarn.nodemanager.local-dirs</name>
<value>/ C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/temp/nm-localdir</value>
</property>
</configuration>
```

[5] Edit file D:/Hadoop/hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.cmd as below:

```
@rem The java implementation to use. Required.
@rem set JAVA_HOME=%JAVA_HOME%
set JAVA_HOME=C:\Java\jdk1.8.0_221
```

12. Download Hadoop Configuration Zip from
<https://github.com/MuhammadBilalYar/HADOOP-INSTALLATION-ON-WINDOWS/blob/master/Hadoop%20Configuration.zip>
13. Delete file bin on C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\bin, replaced by file bin on file just download (from Hadoop Configuration.zip).
14. At the cmd prompt, cd into the hadoop directory and type 'hadoop version'

```
C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\bin>hadoop version
hadoop 2.8.0
Subversion https://git-wip-us.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop.git -r 91f2b7a13d1e97be65db92ddabc627cc29ac0009
Compiled by jdu on 2017-03-17T04:12Z
Compiled with protoc 2.5.0
From source with checksum 60125541c2b3e266cbf3becc5bda666
This command was run using /C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/share/hadoop/common/hadoop-common-2.8.0.jar

C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\bin>
C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\bin>
```

If you have the following error: Error: Could not find or load main class M
edit the D:/Hadoop/hadoop-2.8.0/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.cmd by changing %username%
to anything string without space e.g. myuser

```
@rem A string representing this instance of hadoop. %USERNAME% by default.
set HADOOP_IDENT_STRING=myuser
```

15. Execute the namenode by typing 'hdfs namenode -format' Make sure it ended with status 0.
If not, try to read the log to see where the error is coming from.

```
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.threshold-pct = 0.9990000128746033
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.min.datanodes = 0
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: dfs.namenode.safemode.extension = 30000
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.window.num.buckets = 10
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.windows.minutes = 1,5,25
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache on namenode is enabled
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache will use 0.03 of total heap and retry cache entry expiry time is 600000 millis
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO util.GSet: Computing capacity for map NameNodeRetryCache
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO util.GSet: VM type = 64-bit
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO util.GSet: 0.029999999932447746 max memory 889 MB = 273.1 KB
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO util.GSet: capacity = 2^15 = 32768 entries
19/10/04 21:30:10 INFO namenode.FSImage: Allocated new BlockPoolId: BP-1741613157-192.168.0.141-1578195810799
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO common.Storage: Storage directory C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data\namenode has been successfully formatted.
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO namenode.FSImageFormatProtobuf: Saving image file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data\namenode\current\fsimage.ckpt_000000000000000000 using no compression
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO namenode.FSImageFormatProtobuf: Image file C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data\namenode\current\fsimage.ckpt_000000000000000000 of size 324 bytes saved in 0 seconds.
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO namenode.NNStorageRetentionManager: Going to retain 1 images with txid => 0
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO util.ExitUtil: Exiting with status 0
19/10/04 21:30:11 INFO namenode.NameNode: SHUTDOWN_MSG:
=====
SHUTDOWN_MSG: Shutting down NameNode at HPUser/192.168.0.141
=====
```

16. Cd to C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\sbin and start hadoop by typing 'start-all.cmd'

17. Hadoop can be verified via browser also as –

- Namenode (hdfs) - http://localhost:50070
- Datanode - http://localhost:50075
- All Applications (cluster) - http://localhost:8088 etc.

The screenshot displays the Hadoop All Applications web interface. The top navigation bar includes links for Cluster, About, Nodes, Node Labels, Applications, Scheduler, and Tools. The main content area shows the following metrics:

Cluster Metrics	Apps Submitted	Apps Pending	Apps Running	Apps Completed	Containers Running	Memory Used	Memory Total	Memory Reserved	VCores Used	VCores Total	VCores Reserved
	0	0	0	0	0	0 B	0 B	0 B	0	0	0

Cluster Nodes Metrics:

Active Nodes	Decommissioning Nodes	Decommissioned Nodes	Lost Nodes	Unhealthy Nodes	Rebooted Nodes	Shutdown Nodes
0	0	0	0	1	0	0

Scheduler Metrics:

Scheduler Type	Scheduling Resource Type	Minimum Allocation	Maximum Allocation	Maximum Cluster Application Priority
Capacity Scheduler	[MEMORY]	<memory:1024, vCores:1>	<memory:8192, vCores:4>	0

Applications Table:

ID	User	Name	Application Type	Queue	Application Priority	StartTime	FinishTime	State	FinalStatus	Running Containers	Allocated CPU V-Cores	Allocated Memory MB	% of Queue	% of Cluster	Progress	Tracking UI	Blacklisted Nodes
No data available in table																	

Showing 0 to 0 of 0 entries

Hadoop Overview Datanodes Datanode Volume Failures Snapshot Startup Progress Utilities

Overview 'localhost:9000' (active)

Started:	Fri Oct 04 21:34:12 +0800 2019
Version:	2.8.0, r91f2b7a13d1e97be65db92ddabc627cc29ac0009
Compiled:	Fri Mar 17 12:12:00 +0800 2017 by jdu from branch-2.8.0
Cluster ID:	CID-e9da61f0-b735-4fce-933d-68450dd86e08
Block Pool ID:	BP-1741613157-192.168.0.141-1570195810799

DataNode on localhost:50010

Cluster ID:	CID-e9da61f0-b735-4fce-933d-68450dd86e08
Version:	2.8.0

Block Pools

Namenode Address	Block Pool ID	Actor State	Last Heartbeat	Last Block Report
localhost:9000	BP-1741613157-192.168.0.141-1570195810799	RUNNING	1s	a minute

Volume Information

Directory	Capacity Used	Capacity Left	Capacity Reserved	Reserved Space for Replicas	Blocks
C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\data\datanode\current	150 B	389.76 GB	0 B	0 B	0

Reference: <https://www.solutionmandi.com/2018/11/hadoop-installation-on-windows-10.html>

INSTALL Hive

1. Download Hive from <https://archive.apache.org/dist/hive/hive-2.1.0/> (version 2.1.0 is used)
2. Download Derby from <https://archive.apache.org/dist/db/derby/db-derby-10.12.1.1/> (version 10.12.1.1 is used)
3. Same as Hadoop, extract using git bash as explained.
4. Download hive-site.xml from <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1qqAo7RQfr5Q6O-GT0m6Rji3TdufP81zd/view?usp=sharing> this will be used to define the metastore to Derby.
5. Drop the downloaded file "hive-site.xml" to hive configuration location
"C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\conf"
6. Go to C:\Users\User\Desktop\db-derby-10.12.1.1-bin\lib and copy every files inside and paste it in C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\lib
7. This PC - > Right Click - > Properties - > Advanced System Settings - > Advanced - > Environment Variables
8. Create new user variable.

New User Variable

Variable name: HIVE_HOME

Variable value: C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin

Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

Edit User Variable

Variable name: HIVE_BIN

Variable value: C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\bin

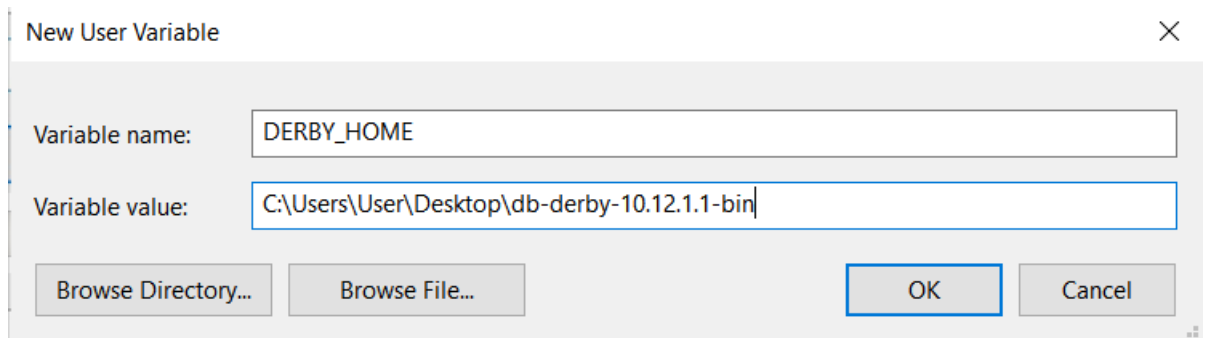
Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

New User Variable

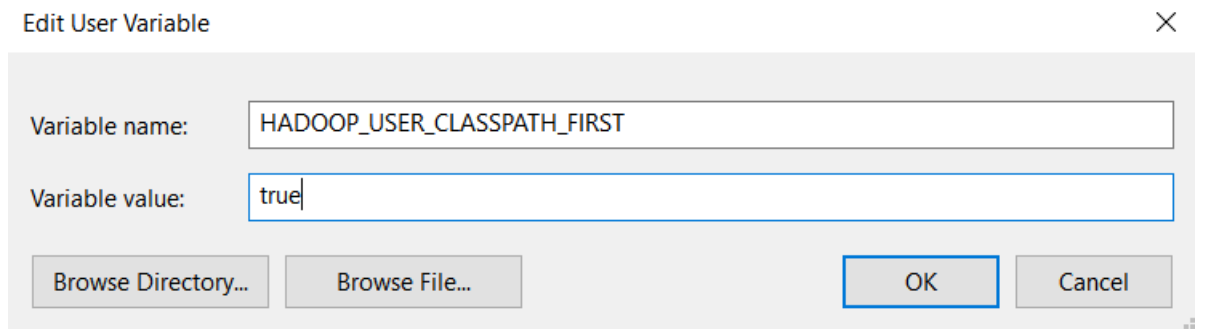
Variable name: HIVE_LIB

Variable value: C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\lib

Browse Directory... Browse File... OK Cancel

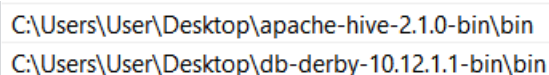


A screenshot of the 'New User Variable' dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button. The 'Variable name' field contains 'DERBY_HOME'. The 'Variable value' field contains 'C:\Users\User\Desktop\db-derby-10.12.1.1-bin'. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Browse Directory...', 'Browse File...', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.



A screenshot of the 'Edit User Variable' dialog box. It has a title bar with a close button. The 'Variable name' field contains 'HADOOP_USER_CLASSPATH_FIRST'. The 'Variable value' field contains 'true'. At the bottom, there are buttons for 'Browse Directory...', 'Browse File...', 'OK', and 'Cancel'.

9. At system variable, edit path, and add 2 path below:



A screenshot of a system variable's 'Path' list. It shows two entries: 'C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\bin' and 'C:\Users\User\Desktop\db-derby-10.12.1.1-bin\bin'.

10. Edit C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\conf\hive-site.xml, paste below xml paragraph and save this file. This is the metastore configuration.

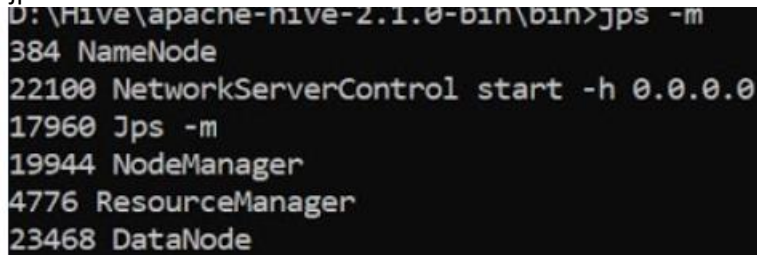
```
<configuration>
<property>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>
<value>jdbc:derby://localhost:1527/metastore_db;create=true</value>
<description>JDBC connect string for a JDBC metastore</description>
</property>
<property>
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
<value>org.apache.derby.jdbc.ClientDriver</value>
<description>Driver class name for a JDBC metastore</description>
</property>
<property>
<name>hive.server2.enable.impersonation</name>
<description>Enable user impersonation for HiveServer2</description>
<value>true</value>
</property>
<property>
<name>hive.server2.authentication</name>
<value>NONE</value>
<description> Client authentication types. NONE: no authentication check LDAP: LDAP/AD
based authentication KERBEROS: Kerberos/GSSAPI authentication CUSTOM: Custom
authentication provider (Use with property hive.server2.custom.authentication.class)
</description>
```

```
</property>
<property>
  <name>datanucleus.autoCreateTables</name>
  <value>True</value>
</property>
</configuration>
```

18. Start hadoop first, at cmd Cd to C:\Users\User\Desktop\hadoop-2.8.0\sbin and start hadoop by typing 'start-all.cmd'

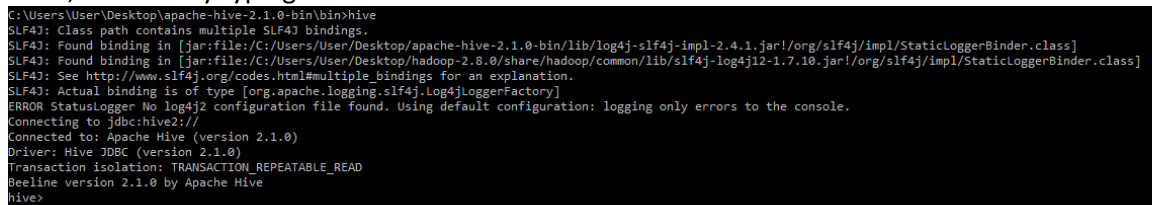
11. Then start Derby server, at cmd cd to C:\Users\User\Desktop\db-derby-10.12.1.1-bin\bin and type "startNetworkServer -h 0.0.0.0" Derby server will be started.

12. Open a new cmd, cd into C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\bin and type "jps -m" to check Network Server Control.



```
D:\Hive\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\bin>jps -m
384 NameNode
22100 NetworkServerControl start -h 0.0.0.0
17960 Jps -m
19944 NodeManager
4776 ResourceManager
23468 DataNode
```

13. Then, run hive by typing 'hive'.



```
C:\Users\User\Desktop\apache-hive-2.1.0-bin\bin>hive
SLF4J: Class path contains multiple SLF4J bindings.
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/C:/Users/User/Desktop/apache-hive-2.1.0-bin/lib/log4j-slf4j-impl-2.4.1.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: Found binding in [jar:file:/C:/Users/User/Desktop/hadoop-2.8.0/share/hadoop/common/lib/slf4j-log4j12-1.7.10.jar!/org/slf4j/impl/StaticLoggerBinder.class]
SLF4J: See http://www.slf4j.org/codes.html#multiple_bindings for an explanation.
SLF4J: Actual binding is of type [org.apache.logging.slf4j.Log4jLoggerFactory]
ERROR StatusLogger No log4j2 configuration file found. Using default configuration: logging only errors to the console.
Connecting to jdbc:hive2://
Connected to: Apache Hive (version 2.1.0)
Driver: Hive JDBC (version 2.1.0)
Transaction isolation: TRANSACTION_REPEATABLE_READ
Reeline version 2.1.0 by Apache Hive
hive>
```

14. Congrats!

Reference: <https://www.solutionmandi.com/2018/11/hive-installation-on-windows-10.html>