变量、Mutability

• Rust默认变量是immutable的,除非在变量名前加一个mut

```
fn main() {
   let mut x = 5;
   println!("The first value of x is {}", x);
   x = 6;
   println!("After changing the value of x, it has {}", x);
}
```

• Constant:

- 与变量申明用 1et 不同, constant前面是加 const. 并且constant是任何情况都immutable的
- o 并且在申明const时要确定其数据类型
- 。 const的声明周期是其所处的scope内

```
const THREE_HOURS_IN_SECONDS: u32 = 60 * 60 * 3;
```

Shadow

- 。 特别要区分的是shadow和mut
- 。 看下面的代码:

```
let a = 5;
let a = a + 1;
{
    let a = a * 2;
    println!("The value of a rn is {}", a);
}
println!("The value of a out of scope is {}", a);
```

outpout:

```
The value of a rn is 12
The value of a out of scope is 6
```

- shadow的实现是通过 let + 同样的变量名,新的值会遮盖前一个值,但当新的值out of scope的时候,旧的值又会重新出来。
- 并且对于 mut a 也是可以shadow的
- shadow遮盖的值数据类型甚至可以不同:

```
// shadow 2
let letters = "abcde";
{
    let letters = letters.len();
    println!("The value of letters rn is {}", letters);
}
println!("The value of letters out of scope is {}", letters);
```

The value of letters rn is 5
The value of letters out of scope is abcde